"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; rising temperature Thursday; moderate, variable winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 14.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,899. • • • NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1915.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

PREPARE TO FIGHT RIGGS BANK SUIT

Government Will Go the Limit to Defend Treasury Heads and Preserve Their Powers.

BRANDEIS TO BE COUNSEL

Williams Premature in Announcing Appointment, but Gregory Now to Co-operate Fully.

BANK RENEWS ITS ATTACK

Controller Accused of Falsehoods and Its Own Methods Defended—Bankers of Country Silent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Washington talked of little else today than the injunction suit begun by the Riggs Nation Bank in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia accusing Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Controller of the Currency Williams of conspiracy to ruin the institution in order to vent personal malice against some of its officers.

The case was discussed by President Wilson and his advisers at the regular meeting of the Cabinet this morning, and no doubt remained that all the resources of the Government would be made available to the Treasury Department for its defense. That the litigation would end only in the Supreme Court of the United States was generally believed.

Lawyers in the case gave attention today to the question of whether the Controller had exceeded his powers in certain acts of which the bank complained, and it was maintained that for the sake of precedent to be established this alone would be sufficient to insure a strong defense by the Government. It was recalled that while the courts had consistently declined to interfere with the ordinary exercise of his executive functions by an officer of the Government, the Supreme Court has decided that when an excess of such power was disclosed an injunction might be obtained.

The next open phase of the case will be developed next Friday, when, in accordance with the order issued by Justice McCoy, Secretary McAdoo and Controller Williams must appear before a Justice of the District Supreme Court to show cause why they should not be permanently restrained, in conjunction with John Burke, Treasurer of the United States, from turning back into the Treasury $5,000 due to the bank as interest on Government bonds owned by the bank. This amount was withheld from the bank on the ground that it represented penalties at $100 a day assessed against the bank for failure to make certain reports called for by the Controller of the Currency. The hearing will take place before Justice Siddons.

Louis D. Brandeis Retained.

Attorney General Gregory announced tonight that the Department of Justice had employed Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, special counsel for the Interstate Commerce Commission in the 5 per cent. rate case, to defend Messrs. Williams and McAdoo in the injunction proceedings. He declared his department and the Treasury were in accord and heartily co-operating in these proceedings.

It became known also that Jesse C. Adkins, ex-Assistant Attorney General, who took a prominent part in the negotiations which preceded the dissolution suit under the Anti-Trust act against the New Haven Railroad, also had been retained in this case. Mr. Brandeis and Mr. Adkins were in conference early today with Mr. Williams, and later with the Attorney General. Late today the Attorney General had another talk with Mr. Brandeis and with United States District Attorney Laskey.

The bank has retained as its chief counsel, ex-Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas.

The statement of the Department of Justice follows:

"The Department of Justice has employed Mr. Brandeis as special counsel to assist in the defense of the injunction proceedings brought by the Riggs National Bank. Up to the filing of the suit yesterday the Department of Justice had not had before it for official consideration the controversies between the Treasury Department and the Riggs National Bank, but knew in a general way that these existed and might result in some character of litigation. The Department of Justice and the Treasury Department are in accord and heartily co-operating in this suit."

Considerable surprise had been caused earlier in the day by a denial by Attorney General Gregory of the unequivocal statement contained in Controller Williams's answer to the Riggs Bank charges that Mr. Brandeis had been employed several weeks ago to handle the case. Mr. Williams said in his statement last night:

"The recent investigations of the affairs of the Riggs National Bank disclosed irregularities and unlawful practices on the part of certain officers of sufficient importance to merit their reference to the Department of Justice, and that department engaged the services of Louis D. Brandeis of Boston some weeks ago as special counsel in the case."

Employed by the Treasury.

After today's meeting of the Cabinet the Attorney General was asked about this statement. He replied that while Mr. Brandeis probably would be engaged as special counsel to defend the injunction proceedings he had not been retained to look into the alleged irregularities in the bank. Mr. Gregory said that Mr. Brandeis had been working for the Treasury Department.

"The matter did not come officially to the attention of the Department of Justice," he added, "until the injunction suit was brought, when it became the duty of the department to defend the case. The department has not had at any time under consideration the prosecution of the Riggs National for any irregularities. In saying that Mr. Brandeis is not acting for the Department of Justice at this time, I do not mean to say that I disapprove the action of Mr. Williams in employing him. On the other hand, I approve of it, and would be glad to have Mr. Brandies as special counsel in this case."

A statement was issued by the Riggs Bank this evening in answer to the statement given out by Controller Williams last night. The bank accuses Controller Williams of falsehood in having declared that Attorney Brandeis had been engaged several weeks ago as special counsel, defends the bank for making loans to women, comments on the

Continued on Page 4.

NEWPORT NEWS HEARS KARLSRUHE IS COMING

British Cruisers Outside the Capes Reported to Be Hunting for the German Cruiser.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., April 13.—There was an insistent rumor tonight that another German warship was expected to arrive here in the next few days. It was suggested that it was the Karlsruhe. The rumor was said to have originated in a wireless message, probably to the Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Another version of the story was that while two warships were guarding the Virginia Capes four or five others were searching the Atlantic for another German sea raider, believed to be the Karlsruhe.

Officers of the Wilhelm asserted they did not believe the Karlsruhe had been destroyed. One declared the Karlsruhe had been heard from since she last was reported destroyed.

A member of the crew stated that the Karlsruhe, after her fight with the British cruiser Bristol off the Bahama Islands on Aug. 6, steamed into Bridgetown, Barbados, helped herself to a supply of fuel from the British naval coal station, set fire to the colliery and, after bombarding that part of the city along the water front, put to sea.

"After her running fight with the Bristol and Suffolk, during which she escaped under cover of darkness that night, the Karlsruhe put into San Juan, Porto Rico. She remained but twenty-four hours and took only enough coal to get her to the nearest home port. Despite the fact that three hostile foreign ships were waiting for her outside the harbor, she eluded them and made straight for Bridgetown. This we learned by wireless," said Dr. Peerenon, surgeon of the Wilhelm.

The statement of the surgeon shows that the story of the raid by the Karlsruhe was known only to a few aboard the Wilhelm, as members of her crew said on Sunday that they had not heard from the cruiser since a few days after the fight with the Bristol. During that fight the Kronprinz took to her heels and got away.

PAYS TRIBUTE TO LINCOLN.

President Orders Observance of Fiftieth Anniversary of Death.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—President Wilson tonight signed the following executive order for the fitting observance on Thursday of the fiftieth anniversary of the death of Abraham Lincoln:

"As an evidence of the profound affection of the American people for the memory of Abraham Lincoln, it is hereby ordered that the executive offices of the United States shall be closed, and that the national flag be displayed at half mast upon all Federal buildings and on all vessels of the United States, and that the representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall in like manner pay appropriate tribute to his memory, on Thursday, April 15, 1915, the fiftieth anniversary of his death.

"The owners and masters of all merchant ships of the United States are requested similarly to display the national flag at half mast.

"WOODROW WILSON."

"GOLD" STRIKE AT ISLIP.

Long Island Town Excited Over a Find of Yellow Mineral.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ISLIP, L. I., April 13.—If there's no gold at the bottom of a trench which H. B. Peterson, a local contractor, started digging today as the foundation of a house for Herman Reitz, there are many folk hereabout that are going to be disappointed. The town is excited over it, and men are guarding the trench tonight to keep amateur miners from locating claims.

Peterson took a hand ditch digging himself, and his shovel struck hard pan. This was unusual in the vicinity, but the glittering particles which shone in the dirt he tossed up were more surprising. They say Peterson took the stuff to Jerome V. Jerome, a real estate man with a reputation as an amateur geologist, and that the latter pronounced the yellow specks gold. However, neither Peterson nor Jerome will discuss that now.

Meantime everybody is getting a pick and shovel against verification of the rumor of a gold strike.

SPEED LAW FOR GO-CARTS.

Elizabeth Official Wants Perambulators to Move Faster.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., April 13.—Upon the initiative of Capt. William De Hart, President of the new Police Commission, the Board of Works today was asked to regulate the speed of baby carriages on the street.

The complaint against "push-carts, go-carts, &c.," does not charge them with too much speed, but with too little, it being alleged that strolling mothers who push the carriages of their offspring at a leisurely pace have become so numerous on the principal streets that they obstruct traffic, and that the habit of leaving the babies on the pavement outside of stores while the mothers do their shopping has added further to the congestion. The board is asked to provide a punishment for this and also to require that the baby carriages be pushed "as fast as an ordinary person walks."

It is understood that no complaint has been received except from Capt. De Hart, who is a retired sea Captain and used to navigation in large, open spaces free from obstacles. Members of the Board of Works indicated today that they would take no steps to abate the alleged nuisance, and there is reason to believe that Capt. De Hart will stir the police to take action.

THREE RUSSIANS ESCAPE.

Young Count Tolstoy and Two Princes Elude Austrian Guards.

GENEVA, April 13.—Two Russian Princes and a Russian Count have escaped from the Austrian detention camp at Milowitz. They are Prince Vladimir Jaswill, Prince Michel Wukotic, and Count Tolstoy, son of the writer. They were not on parole. It is believed that they have been successful in reaching the Russian lines.

Count Tolstoy is 23 years old. This is the second time he has attempted to get away. A large reward has been offered for the capture of these Russians.

INDICTS THE SLADES FOR TANZER PLOT

Grand Jury Charges Attorneys and Detective McCullough with a Conspiracy.

TRICK PHOTOGRAPH SCHEME

Plan to Portray J. W. Osborne with Rae Tanzer Alleged—Her Two Sisters Deny Guilt.

David Slade and Maxwell Slade, of the law firm of Slade & Slade, 200 Broadway, who were counsel for Rae Tanzer in the $50,000 breach of promise suit she brought against James W. Osborne, and Albert J. McCullough, a private detective, were indicted twice each yesterday for conspiracy by the Federal Grand Jury. Rae Tanzer was indicted also for having devised and executed a scheme to defraud James W. Osborne.

Maxwell Slade went of his own accord to the Federal Building after 5 o'clock and surrendered. He pleaded not guilty before Judge Cushman and was held in $5,000 bail, which he furnished. His brother, David, he said, was in Massachusetts trying a case.

Similar charges have been preferred against the two lawyers and the detective. The first indictment deals with the allegation of the Government that they induced the hotel clerk, Franklin D. Safford, to identify falsely James W. Osborne as the Oliver Osborne who had stayed at the Hotel Kensington, Plainfield, N. J., with Rae Tanzer, but the second revealed a new phase of the Government's case. So highly do the prosecuting attorneys consider it that it is believed this feature will permit the prosecution of the conspiracy charges without the production of the elusive Oliver Osborne.

Trick Photograph Plot.

From the preamble to the second indictment it appeared that the Slades and the detective were charged with conspiring for "the arranging for the preparation of a false and misleading photograph, which was to be taken in such a manner as falsely to indicate that the said [James W.] Osborne and the said [Rae] Tanzer had willingly been photographed together, which said false photograph they intended to use in any judicial proceedings which were to follow."

District Attorney Marshall said it was impossible for him to discuss this charge at present, but from other parts of the document it appeared that the photographer who was approached with regard to it was Clarence Le Gendre. He had been sent to the Federal Building to get a photograph of Oliver Osborne, who was expected then to present himself at the District Attorney's office. Apparently he made the acquaintance of the Slades, and they are charged with having had a conversation with him at their office.

It is understood that Mr. Le Gendre gave Mr. Marshall the information on which the accusation was based, and that the method suggested to him was concerned with one of the well-known tricks of the photographer's art. By a manipulation of the plate, which he exposes, a clever operator can get on it the likeness of two individuals apparently in proximity, although they were never together in the same place at the same time.

Indicted Detective Missing.

The indictments were returned in the afternoon to Judge Cushman in the Federal District Court after Assistant District Attorneys Roger B. Wood and Samuel Hershenstein had presented the last witnesses to the Grand Jury. Rae Tanzer is now out on bail and can be brought to court to plead at any time. David Slade is expected to appear this morning, although a bench warrant was issued for him, but the whereabouts of McCullough, the detective, are not known. The Grand Jury has not finished with the case, and may return further indictments.

The overt acts enumerated in the indictment against the Slades and McCullough on the charge of conspiring to influence witnesses are, first, the payment by David Slade of $10 to Safford at the Mountain Spring House, Greenwood Lake, on March 22, then the act of McCullough in pointing out James W. Osborne to Safford at the hearing before Commissioner Houghton, next the act of David Slade in pointing out Mr. Osborne to Rae Tanzer on the same occasion, and, lastly, the payment of $14 to Safford by David Slade after the hearing.

To support the indictment charging conspiracy to obstruct justice, which contemplated not only, it is alleged, the making of false photographs, but the secreting of Safford from the officers of the Government, three overt acts are charged. In the first place, it is said the Slades had a conversation with Mr. Le Gendre at their office. In the second place, David Slade is charged with having taken Safford to his own home, and, in the third place, McCullough is charged with having accompanied him to Rockville Centre, outside of the Southern District of New York.

In the indictment of Rae Tanzer she was charged with devising a scheme on Oct. 21 to defraud Mr. Osborne. The ten counts to the indictment are founded upon the mailing of these letters to him:

> Farrington & Evans Co.,
> 392 Fifth Avenue,
> New York, Oct. 21, 1914.
>
> Dear Oliver: It was all a mistake; I got the number twisted it should be Greeley 1130 not 3011 as I said you see I didn't think for the moment as I haven't been with this firm very long.
>
> Found my mistake the next morning and felt terrible over same.
>
> Tried to get Greeley 3011 but was told their phone was discontinued.
>
> Waited for you Tuesday evening until 9:30 thinking you would understand it was all an error but you didn't come I nearly went mad.
>
> You ought to know after Monday that I cared for you and I gave up the doctor for you.
>
> Please let me hear from you soon will wait at home for you every evening.
>
> Yours, RAE.
> 952 Aldus St., Bronx.
> Melrose 4960 Tanzer apt.
>
> Will explain how I traced you when I see you you see I do care.
>
> Tuesday, Oct. 27, 1914.
>
> Dear Oliver: Must see tonight; don't try to avoid me; it will be for the best. Will have to stay home from business; I am a wreck. Know just who you are; in fact, knew all the time. Your RAE.
> 952 Aldus St., Bronx. Melrose 4960.
> Tanzer Apt.
>
> Friday, Nov. 6.
>
> Dear Oliver: See me; will be for the best. RAE.
>
> Monday, Nov. 16, 1914.
>
> Dear Oliver: Am in trouble; want you to protect me; let me see you before I seek help elsewhere. Don't let it come to that. Will wait a few days to hear from you. RAE.
>
> Thursday, Dec. 10, 1914.
>
> Dear Oliver: Will wait a few days to hear from you. Am a very unhappy girl. Know just where to find you if necessary. Yours sincerely, RAE.
> You're mine
> you know I
> love you.
>
> Wednesday, Dec. 16, 1914.
>
> Dear Mister Mann: When you get back from "Birmingham Georgie" There is a little girl that loves and misses her big honey Boy Oh! so much. Very unhappy without you. Sincerely, RAE.
>
> Sunday, Dec. 27, 1914.
>
> Dear Oliver: Trying to change your mind It's too late you have ruined my life and I'll hold you to your promises.
>
> I have kept this trouble to myself but can't stand it any longer therefore I'll

Continued on Page 5.

Baron Berrian's Message to America
First official interview given by the new Minister of Foreign Affairs of Austria-Hungary, in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.
ORDER NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES TODAY.
THE TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

BETHLEHEM STEEL UP 31 POINTS, DROPS 30

Sensational Fluctuations, but Trading in Stock Is Not Excessively Active.

MILLION-SHARE DAY AGAIN

Copper Issues Rise on News of Sales for War Munitions—Public Interest Increases.

Bethlehem Steel surpassed all its previous performances in the stock market yesterday by shooting upward thirty-one points and falling back thirty. Grayhaired brokers said they never before had witnessed so wild a range of fluctuations. Not even in the great bull markets of 1901 was anything seen of the sort, and American Sugar shares in the heyday of their appeal to speculators never approached Bethlehem stock in an up-and-down movement so surprising as this.

The queer part of the show was that trading was not excessively active in Bethlehem Steel. The turnover of approximately 46,000 shares constituted a good day's business, but in the rise from 89 to 117 last Thursday more than 83,000 shares changed hands. It seemed that very little Bethlehem stock was for sale when buyers wanted it the most, and increases or declines of two points between sales were not the exception.

The antics of Bethlehem did not, as on some other days, work to unsettle the whole list. For the second time this year more than 1,000,000 shares changed hands and prices were strong. Certain other issues stood out prominently, although there was no comparison between them and the stock of Mr. Schwab's corporation. Maxwell Motors common gained 8⅝ points, the first preferred went up 3½ points; Utah Copper rose more than 3 points. Amalgamated 2⅜, while gains extending from 2 to 3 points were scattered through the list of specialties.

Bethlehem Steel started at 126½, as compared with a closing price of 124 the night before. Before noon steady buying, in small blocks, for the most part, had carried the quotation to 147. Thereafter moderate fluctuations—moderate for Bethlehem, that is—occurred, until around 2 o'clock a new spurt of buying lifted the price to 155.

At this figure offerings increased, but buying was so eager that the subsequent decline was recorded at a point between sales. From 135 down to 123 the recession was more precipitate, but as soon as selling pressure was removed to the slightest degree the price rebounded. The final price was only one point above the closing figure of Monday, despite the extraordinary range covered during the day.

The fantastic movements of the stock have become so familiar to the Street that little was said about yesterday's display in market gossip. It appeared to be rather firmly fixed in the minds of traders that the supply of Bethlehem Steel had become exceedingly small, and stories went the rounds of private settlements made by shorts who were fearful of holding their position any longer.

The copper stocks were helped apparently by reported heavy buying of the metal for the manufacture of war munitions. Amalgamated also rose under the influence of the oft-told story that the company is to be liquidated. Public participation was said in commission houses to be increasing, and brokerage offices were more crowded than on any day last week.

ACCUSED OF CHECK FRAUDS.

James W. Kingan of New York Arrested in Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 13.—James W. Kingan of 594 Park Avenue, New York City, was arrested here today charged with defrauding persons by forged check. Kingan went into the book store of Paul West, in East Monument Street, and offered a check for $25. Police Capt. Morhiser was notified and arrested the man.

According to Mr. West, several months ago Kingan got him to cash a check for $15, saying he was from the United States Marine Service. The check was returned by the Government with the explanation that there was no one in the service of that name.

Mrs. Noah H. Conklin has identified Kingan as a man for whom she cashed a worthless check for $10. Checks were found in his possession signed James Egerton and indorsed Noah Conklin. His case is to come up in court tomorrow.

A man who said he was James M. Keegan of 594 Park Avenue was arrested on Aug. 14, 1906, charged with passing a worthless check for $25 on Robert D. Crane of 13 West Twenty-seventh Street while posing as Lieut. C. B. Hodges of the Fourth United States Infantry stationed at Fort Slocum. He was turned over to the army authorities for court-martial, as it developed that he had been in the army and stationed at Fort Slocum.

GIRL SAVES OLD FATHER.

Lowers Him from a Burning Factory Building in Brooklyn.

Seventeen-year-old Esther Bradschneider helped her father, Isidor, who is 60 years old, to the roof of the two-story frame building of the Montauk Metallic Bed Company, 13-25 Montauk Avenue, Brooklyn, when a fire started shortly after 6 o'clock last night, and, with the help of Samuel Goldstein, a bookkeeper, lowered him to the roof of the office building of the Crew-Levick Oil Works, where an explosion some weeks ago killed five persons. Bradschneider and John Catatano, watchman for the oil company, then caught the girl, and Goldstein jumped to safety.

How the fire started is not known. It was feared the oil works would catch, and two alarms were sent in. The frame building was practically destroyed, and a brick building adjoining was burned badly. No one was hurt, as all the 150 employes except the Bradschneiders and Goldstein had gone home before the fire started.

Insist on ANGOSTURA BITTERS in your Bronx; splendid tonic, delicious flavor.—Advt.

COLUMBIA STUDENT RUNS AWAY TO WAR

Son of Dr. J. T. Gwathmey, Missing Three Weeks, Writes Home from British Camp.

SENDS FOR BIRTH PAPERS

Ready to Swear Allegiance to King—Expects to be Assigned to the Medical Corps.

William R. Gwathmey, the 22-year-old son of Dr. James Tayloe Gwathmey, a surgeon with an office at 40 East Forty-first Street, disappeared three weeks ago from his room in Livingston Hall, Columbia University, where he was a freshman student.

An anxious search conducted by Dr. Gwathmey ended yesterday when letters from the young man, written in a training camp for British soldiers in County Down, Ireland, came to the father.

Young Gwathmey wrote that he had tired of his studies, had offered his services to Great Britain, and had been accepted on condition that he take the oath of allegiance to the King and present his birth and baptismal certificates.

The boy asked his father to send on the necessary documents at once. While he did not say so, he wrote in such enthusiastic terms about the commission he was expecting in the Ninth Royal Irish Rifles that Dr. Gwathmey concluded that his son had decided to swear allegiance to King George and renounce his United States citizenship.

While the situation was far from pleasing to the father, he finally decided that there was no possible way to make effective protest, or to prevent his boy from becoming a British soldier.

Meant Son to be a Doctor.

Dr. Gwathmey, who makes his home at the New York Athletic Club, had started his son out to follow his own footsteps into the medical profession. He had sent him through a preparatory course with a view of having him take a degree in medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and the boy was finishing his first year as a medical student when the war fever germ became lodged in him. The father and son were accustomed to meet at least once a week for luncheon, at which times they talked over the boy's future.

"The first I knew about his being interested in the army rather than in medicine," said Dr. Gwathmey when asked about the case by a TIMES reporter, "was when Frenchmen in this country were besieging the French Consulate for a chance to go home to fight. That was last Fall.

"My son spoke of caring more for the army than for medicine, and he wanted to go with the French. I chided him about it and told him I was quite sure he would as soon go with the Germans as the Allies if he could get to Germany as easily. He didn't seem to resent the suggestion. A romantic desire for adventure is what I fear carried the boy away.

"I first missed him when he failed to appear for our usual weekly luncheon. Then a classmate brought me word that a note had been intrusted to him by my son that was not to be delivered to me for a week or so. But I was told not to worry, as the boy was all right.

"The note, when I received it, informed me that William was off to the war. That was all I could find out until the letter came today from County Down, Ireland."

Dr. Gwathmey said he was going to make inquiries to learn how an oath of allegiance to King George would affect the boy's American citizenship if he should like to come home after war is over.

"There is no reason why William should be stirred up to defend the cause of either belligerent," Dr. Gwathmey said. "He was born in New York, and our family is of old Virginia stock. I have never heard my son talk of the war in a way to give the idea he was excited over the issues involved."

Recruited on This Side.

The letter received by Dr. Gwathmey indicated that his son crossed the ocean as a steerage passenger on the steamship Arabic. It appeared that he must have got into touch with a recruiting officer on this side, as he mentioned five other boys who were with him. They all carried letters of credentials to British officers stationed in Liverpool, who in turn, the letter said, gave them credentials which admitted them to Camp Ballykinlaw, where recruits for the Ninth Irish Rifles were being whipped into shape.

The commission the boy expected was for service in the Medical Corps. He wrote of vermin that infested the camp beds and of "cannon balls at inconvenient intervals" in the mattresses, but he seemed to be undaunted by the military camp hardships, or even by the food, which he said was far from agreeable. He reported that "it was a disgrace to be seen in civilian clothes in Liverpool," and that the men of the Medical Corps were very kind to him, as they no doubt had been informed in advance that he was a medical student and the son of a surgeon.

Dr. Gwathmey said it was disconcerting to him to read that one soldier in every seven was being killed or crippled, but that, if the boy should come through all right, it would be an experience for him well worth while.

Dr. Gwathmey is the originator of the method of administering ether and chloroform in conjunction with orange essence and in the form of vapor that has passed through a bath of warm water that brings it to the body temperature. He is the anaesthetist at the Skin and Cancer Hospital, Columbus Hospital, People's Hospital, and St. Bartholomew's Clinic.

ENDED WAR BRIDE'S VISIT.

"One of You Must Come Home," Kitchener Wired Newlyweds.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—The following story of Lord Kitchener is told by The Sheffield Daily Telegraph:

"K. of K. heard that a distinguished and recently married officer was being visited by his wife at his headquarters in the field.

"'One of you must come home,' was Kitchener's wire."

OPPOSED TO PEACE BASED ON A DRAW

Englishmen Believe Time Is Not Ripe for Making Terms with Germany.

GERMANS DENY ANY MOVE

Convinced, Rome Hears, That Their Campaign Is Soon to be Resumed with Vigor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—It is generally taken for granted that even if grounds should exist for believing that peace overtures were being or were about to be set afoot. Any official acknowledgment of the fact would be withheld by the Governments concerned. It also is assumed that, pending a definite step toward the discussion of peace terms, all the belligerent Governments would proclaim inability to accept any settlement to which their enemies would agree.

The statement cabled to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday and Premier Viviani's speech at Gueret may be regarded as the official replies of Great Britain and France to what are considered to have been Germany's and Austria's ballons dessai. Democratic Governments, like those of France and Great Britain, however, could not carry on a war if unsupported by public opinion in their countries. In the circumstances THE NEW YORK TIMES thought it of interest to consult some representative men whose opinions might justly be regarded as crystallizing public opinion in the country as distinct from the views taken in official circles. All those questioned are men of the world in the best sense of the word, with wide social and business interests and opportunities of information and discussion, all of which factors contribute to the value of their views.

A Draw of No Value.

J. Annan Bryce, M. P., formerly East India merchant, traveler, bank and railway Director, said:

"Everything depends on the interaction of so many factors—military, political, and economic—that the opinion of any individual can have little value, but personally I am inclined to think that Jacob H. Schiff was not far out in his recent estimate.

"A draw would settle nothing. It would not mean peace, but merely a truce, or rather an armistice during which each side would strive to strengthen its forces for the renewal of the struggle and would in the long run be far more exhausting and more disastrous to the world than a fight to a finish now. If Europe was an armed camp before the war, what would it be during such an armistice?

"The final settlement seems to hinge mainly on the action of the German people itself. If under defeat it revolts against the Hohenzollerns and the military caste and obtains control of its own destiny, then there is a prospect, indeed almost a certainty, under the revival of the moral forces normal in a modern democracy, of its discarding forever the poisonous paganism into which it has been dragooned for a century and a half.

"In that happy event the Allies might be content with comparatively easy terms so long as adequate indemnities were given and free play allowed to the principle of nationality. But in the absence of such a revolution, which I look upon as giving the only hope of enduring peace, the terms must be much more drastic. A conqueror cannot, nowadays, unless he permanently occupy it, dictate to a conquered country how it shall be governed, and if the Hohenzollerns, who have disregarded all treaties, are to remain in power, the only course is to cripple them not only by crushing indemnities, but by docking them of every province or part of a province in which there is a considerable non-German element, such as Schleswig, the Prussian Posen and Silesia, by internationalizing the Kiel Canal, by razing their fortresses and arsenals, and by expropriating their fleet. Such methods will not secure a lasting peace, but they may at least secure peace for a generation.

"To discuss terms of a settlement with Austria and Turkey would take too long a time, and much depends on the action of Italy, Rumania, Greece, and Bulgaria."

German People Must Learn Truth.

Sir Charles Waldstein, teacher and author, said:

"Lord Kitchener, in his speech some months ago, expressed the opinion that the war might last three years. He is also reported to have said that for us the war really would only begin about the month of May. This date is probably determined by the fact that only then will our preparations for the war, which we did not desire or in any way endeavor to bring about, would be completed, while the Germans had reached the comparatively highest point of preparedness before the war began in August. There is, therefore, no reason to assume that we have reached a state of permanent and hopeless deadlock. Great Britain is determined to carry this war to a conclusion, the final aim being the downfall of that German militarism which caused this war, and which, unless finally subdued, will unfailingly produce further wars. No draw which fails in this end is possible.

"The militaristic party in Germany cannot be overcome merely by victories in the field, however essential they may be to the final end, but it will further require the penetration into Germany of the truth concerning the war. A majority of the German population, including the thinkers and learned men of that country, have never had the means of forming a correct judgment concerning the origin of the war, the responsibility for its inception, and the barbarous methods by means of which it is carried on. When once the truth is given a chance in Germany the majority of right-minded people there will themselves break the power of the militaristic minority. At present, I am informed, a fine of 3,000 marks or thirty days' imprisonment is imposed on any person found in possession of a British White Paper, a French Yellow Book, and all other documents essential to the formation of a just opinion. We here have the German White Book in our hands even in an English translation.

"The minimum terms for the conclusion of peace must include the complete restitution of Belgium and compensation, as far as this is possible, for the damage done. What other terms may be decided upon I cannot venture to formulate, but this war, as far as we are concerned, never was conceived as a war of conquest."

A Churchman's View.

Dr. W. R. Inge, Dean of St. Paul's, said: "The Allies are not likely to accept a draw because the peaceful development of European civilization is incompatible with the continuance of the German menace which threatens to plunge us back into the Dark Ages. The German view that power justifies any

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AIR RAID ON LONDON IS SET FOR AUGUST

It Will Be a "Veritable War Expedition" According to Count Zeppelin's Secretary.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 13, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Count Zeppelin's secretary has made the following statement to a representative of the Constance Nachrichten:

"Our air fleet now comprises 1,366 units, of which 36 are dirigibles. We have had far heavier losses than anticipated, nine dirigibles being put out of action since the beginning of the war, but the destroyer units have been replaced by new types, armed with long-range cannon and mitrailleuses.

"By July 15 we are to deliver fifteen airships of a greatly perfected type, each being armored and capable of carrying two tons of explosive. With these we shall be able to undertake safely London expeditions in the thickest fogs and on the blackest nights.

"We have just completed trials of a system for increasing the elevating speed of our dirigibles, which will enable them to attain an altitude two-fifths better than the best hitherto possible. We contemplate an excursion to London, not simply a reconnoissance, like our recent Paris success, but a veritable war expedition.

"We shall attack London with two squadrons of five dirigibles, regardless of possible losses, but we don't expect to undertake this great aerial attack until all the new units are ready. That will be about August, when the great offensive ordered by the Kaiser takes place.

"We shall employ a new process causing atmospheric perturbations, which will make it impossible for enemy machines to cross the German lines without dropping like flies."

TORPEDO BOAT DASHES FAR UP DARDANELLES

Renard Penetrates 10 Miles and Escapes Shells—Battleship Draws Forts' Fire.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—"The British torpedo boat destroyer Renard entered the Dardanelles yesterday on a scouting mission," says a Reuter dispatch from Tenedos, "and ran up the strait at high speed for over ten miles, penetrating the waterway probably further than any of the British ships have yet done. A heavy fire was directed at her, but the destroyer was not hit.

"The British battleship London, which followed the Renard into the strait, drew most of the enemy's fire. The batteries on the Asiatic side, especially the howitzers behind Eren-Keui, were active; but those on the European side were quiet. Possibly the Turks have withdrawn part of their artillery on the European side in order to be able to mass it quickly at any spot the allied armies may choose for a landing.

"The battery bombarded by the Triumph Saturday is apparently out of action permanently.

"The weather is rainy and murky, hindering aerial reconnoissances."

33,000 WOMEN OFFER SPECIAL WAR SERVICE

Would Work in British Armament and Clothing Factories and on the Farms.

LONDON, April 13.—Thirty-three thousand women had registered themselves for special war service up to the end of March. This statement was made tonight by Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, to a deputation representing the various women's societies in London.

Six thousand of the women, Mr. Runciman said, had declared themselves willing to work in armament factories, 4,000 in clothing factories, 1,700 in dairy work, 500 as gardeners, 2,000 in various branches of agricultural work, 1,100 as shop assistants, 500 as leather workers, and 5,000 in clerical work. Six hundred women had received employment at the Board of Trade, Mr. Runciman added.

The Government, the speaker continued, insisted that women employed on Government contract work be paid the same piece rates as men. The Government had arranged to give women willing and qualified to undertake dairy or agricultural work a fortnight's training in agricultural colleges, paying them meanwhile $5 a week as a living allowance.

Sylvia Pankhurst, the militant suffragette, urged that the Government take measures to obtain for women, in whatever capacity they were employed, the same pay as men receive.

ITALY ORDERS OFFICERS TO DULL SCABBARDS

Schools to House Troops and Women to do Men's Work if War Starts.

ROME, April 12, (via Paris, April 13.)—An order is printed in the Military Journal directing all army officers to dull the metal on their uniforms and the scabbards of their swords. This is a measure which usually is adopted on the eve of war.

After receiving a warning from the Minister of War that in case of mobilization the public schools would be used to house troops, the Municipal Council met tonight to discuss what measures would be taken in such an emergency. It was decided to have school sessions continued in hired buildings, substituting women for male teachers who would be called to the colors.

It also was decided that so far as possible street cars and other public utilities would be operated by women provided mobilization resulted in a shortage of male employes.

GENEVA, April 13.—German frontier officials still are detaining all the freight cars belonging to Italian lines whose shipment back to Italy was stopped last week. Reports received here from German and Italian frontier towns say that the tension between the two countries is increasing.

280,000 GERMANS DEFEND HUNGARY

Fighting Desperately to Hold Uzsok Pass Region Against the Russians.

SAY INVADERS ARE CHECKED

Petrograd, However, Reports Continued Advance and Capture of 2,753 Prisoners.

OSSOWETZ AGAIN BESIEGED

Fire Rafts Used Against Fortress—Kaiser Said to Have Ordered Another General Attack in Poland.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—Two gateways into Hungary still remain barred, despite the tremendous hammering by the Russian forces, and as the Beskid Pass is the less important of the two strategically, a further advance into Hungary hangs upon the possession of Uzsok Pass, where the invaders are meeting with the most stubborn opposition, but appear to be making progress.

The official bulletin issued in Petrograd last night said:

"On April 11 and 12 the battle in the Carpathians developed with great intensity from the direction of Bartfeld in the direction of Stryi. Our corps advanced on both banks of the Ondawa, south of Stropko. They captured several heights to the northeast of Telepotch and gained a victory in the direction of Uzsok, where, after extremely desperate fighting, the heights in the regions of the villages of Bukovitz, Beneff, and Vyssokonizy fell into our hands.

"We captured in this section 2,700 prisoners, including 53 officers, and we took one gun and twenty machine guns.

"On the heights south of Volossate, especially in the region of Koziouwka, the enemy delivered impetuous attacks in great strength. All of them were repulsed with enormous losses to the enemy."

The report that Emperor William personally is directing the operations in the Carpathians is doubted, as is also the rumor from Cologne that Field Marshal von Hindenburg has asked for reinforcements to the extent of 300,000 men to undertake another campaign against Warsaw. It is thought to be far more likely that he will attempt to divert the attention of the Russians by a thrust from the direction of Cracow.

The importance of the Carpathian operations is indicated by the half-hearted actions reported from the other sections on the long eastern front, where even the counter-offensive in East Galicia, which evidently was planned to divert the Russian efforts from the passes, seems to have been prosecuted with little energy.

The people of the dual monarchy are said to be greatly cheered by the number of German reinforcements passing through Budapest on the way to the Carpathian front to take part in the operations, which are now believed to be in charge of the German General Staff. The whole campaign in the east pivots on Uzsok Pass, where the Austro-German forces are in such great strength that the efforts of the Russians to reach the Hungarian plains are likely to be prolonged.

Attack Russian Left Wing.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, April 13, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Great masses of German reinforcements are still attempting to save the desperate situation of the Austrian main army. Bavarians who were too late to prevent the Russians from occupying the entire ridge of the middle Carpathians from Mezo Laborcz to Uzsok have joined General Litzinger's army, which now is composed of seven German corps, (about 280,000 men,) supported by Austrians from Transylvania. They have begun a formidable attack on the left wing of the Russian Army which is invading Hungary.

There has been terrific fighting since the end of last week for possession of the mountain section of the Stryi-Munkacz Road. The Russians hold the village of Koziomoka and the immediate slopes nearest the road, but the Germans have recaptured 992 Metre Hill. Close fighting, with great losses, continues here, which is the only section of the Eastern Carpathians remaining in Austrian hands. This local check, however, has not stopped the Russian southern advance.

It is believed that the Kaiser personally assured the Hungarian leaders he would treat their cause as his own. He ordered his troops to yield nowhere. The impatience of the Kaiser in the face of the great strength of the Russian Spring campaign now developing is seen in his insistence that Field Marshal von Hindenburg should attempt another general attack from East Prussia.

SAY RUSSIANS ARE CHECKED.

Carpathian Advance Halted and Broken, Says Austrian Embassy.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The following official War Office bulletin from Vienna was received by the Austro-Hungarian Embassy here today:

"Along the whole Carpathian front there is marked calmness.

"Along the western section of the fighting line, where the Russians recently tried to break through with strong forces in the Ondava and Lanorza Valleys, and completely failed, with very heavy losses, there has not been any fighting for several days.

"The Russian offensive since the fall of Przemsyl, therefore, along the whole Carpathian front has been brought to a standstill, and by counter-attacks by our troops in several places the Russian line has been effectively broken."

VENICE, Italy, April 13.—Messages from Vienna say that the passage of a large number of German troops through Budapest on the way to the Carpathians has somewhat reassured the Hungarian population, which had become alarmed by reports that a Russian invasion threatened.

It is said that the defense of the Carpathians has been largely intrusted to Germans. Viennese journals assert that the German troops have not only succeeded in repulsing the Russians, but have initiated counter-attacks and captured large stores of war munitions.

OSSOWETZ SHELLED AGAIN.

German Besiegers Also Send Fire Rafts Against Russian Fortress.

LONDON, April 13.—The following semi-official statement issued at Petrograd last night is contained in a dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company:

"Ossowetz was bombarded throughout the day Sunday by 8-inch howitzers. The artillery of the forts replied, seriously damaging one of the enemy's siege batteries. The Germans tried to send four fire rafts against the forts, but they were sunk.

"In the region of Jedwabno there was active fighting in the trenches, during which bomb-throwers were used."

FIERCE FIGHT IN BUKOWINA.

Russians Repulse Austrians—Send Troops to Serbia in Steamers.

PARIS, April 13.—A fierce struggle continues in Bukowina, according to a dispatch from Bucharest.

The Austrians are reported to have dispatched two armored trains against the Russians near Bojana yesterday. They were met by a terrific fire from the Russian artillery. One of them crawled back to Czernowitz badly damaged, but the other was blown up. Austrian troops which followed the trains delivered two furious attacks, but are said to have been repulsed.

The dispatch says that four steamers loaded with troops, ammunition, and war materials for Serbia passed Oltenitza, a Rumanian town on the Danube, yesterday. They were loudly cheered by the Rumanians.

DENIES PRZEMYSL REPORT.

Men Did Not Starve While Officers Feasted, German Observer Says.

BERLIN, (via London,) April 13.—Leonard Adelt, correspondent of the Tageblatt at the Austrian General Headquarters, sends to his newspaper a denial of the charge that the fortress at Przemysl at the time of its capitulation was trebly overgarrisoned, and that the officers had plenty to eat while the men hungered.

Herr Adelt, who professes to write on the basis of official information concerning the interval between the first and second sieges, says the garrison during the first siege numbered 85,000 men, as had been contemplated by the ante-bellum arrangements. The experience of the first siege, he adds, showed not only that the fortress could not have been held by fewer men, but that it also demonstrated the advisability of enlarging the works and increasing correspondingly the number of the defenders and workmen in it. This was done during the interval.

The soldiers and officers shared the same rations, Adelt says. Neither bread nor cereals were supplied to any one, even the commander, General von Kusmanek. The most painful deprivation of the men inside the garrison was of smoking materials. This was felt alike by officers and men until a supply of raw tobacco leaves was found and worked into cigarettes.

KAISER DIRECTING ATTACK?

Is Reported to Have Established His Headquarters in Silesia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, April 13, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The Austro-German forces operating in the Carpathians are semi-officially estimated at thirty army corps, seven of which are German. These are probably divided into five armies, which are commanded by German Generals, who are under the personal direction of Emperor William, who is in Silesia.

The front fighting line is now busy with vigorous counter-attacks against the Russian advance. It is composed almost entirely of Germans. They have chosen for their objective point what is called the Rostok direction; that is, the region about Uzsok. There is reason to believe that additional German forces besides the above-mentioned seven corps have been taken by train round by Silesia and Budapest for this purpose. Whether they have been taken from other sections of the Russian front or from the interior of Germany is not quite clear.

The total forces arrayed against Russia was up to last week forty-seven army corps. If the additional German forces now discovered in the Carpathians have come from the interior of Germany this total must be increased. In any case little short of 3,000,000 men are engaged in the attempt to check the stride of Russians. This estimate, of course, takes no account of the Turkish front, where Russians have several hundred miles of front of their own to protect, and the Turco-Persian frontier of still greater extent as well.

The object of the German counter-attacks in the neighborhood of Uzsok Pass, which is still in the enemy's hands, is not clear unless the Germans hope to succeed in bursting through into Galicia. There are no apprehensions on that score here.

ASKS FOR 300,000 MEN.

New Drive at Warsaw by von Hindenburg Expected by Germans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, April 13, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Some Dutch newspapers contain a report from Aix-la-Chapelle stating that news has been received privately at Cologne that von Hindenburg intends to make a new attempt to capture Warsaw.

He is said to have asked 300,000 reinforcements.

MADNESS IN GERMAN ARMY.

Alarming Increase of Cases Commented on by Professor Gaupp.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—A dispatch from Lausanne, Switzerland, dated April 8 says that according to the Suisse Natinale, Professor Gaupp, a nerve specialist of Tubingen, has been drawing attention in the Munchener Medezin Wochenschrift to an alraming increase in cases of madness in the German Army.

At the commencement of the war, he says, the state of nerves of the troops was better than could have been hoped for, but even then numerous cases of overexcitement could be observed manifesting themselves in the shape of insomnia and a tendency to abnormal intoxication.

Since then, and especially since the French offensive of the middle of December, a very large number of gaps have been caused by nervous and mental affections, morbid excitement, and nervous prostration. These breakdowns occur among the unwounded, the explosion of a bomb or the fate of a comrade being sufficient to produce them.

The acute symptoms of these affections, paralysis, convulsions, loss of speech, delirium, or hallucinations often disappear under careful hospital treatment, but in most cases reappear on the return of the men to the front. The suggestion even of a return to the front has often been sufficient to send men mad.

BOMBARD TURKS NEAR GAZA.

French Battleship Shells an Important Encampment of Moslems.

PARIS, April 13.—The Marine Ministry issued this statement today:

"Yesterday a battleship, in connection with French aeroplanes, bombarded the important Turkish encampment in the neighborhood of Gaza."

AUSTRIAN LEADERS SURE OF VICTORY

Confident of the Result Despite the Enormous Sacrifices Entailed.

HOLD RUSSIA RESPONSIBLE

Gave Austria-Hungary Only the Alternative of Suicide or War, Says a High Statesman.

VIENNA, April 13, (via The Hague to London, April 14.)—Confidence regarding the outcome of the war is the watchword everywhere expressed in competent Austro-Hungarian quarters, despite the enormous sacrifices entailed.

The Associated Press correspondent during a month's stay in the Dual Monarchy had an opportunity to meet and talk with virtually all the leading statesmen, including Count von Berchtold, the former Foreign Minister, and Count Apponyi, the Opposition leader, and found none who indicated or intimated the slightest doubt regarding eventual success in the struggle.

Responsibility for the war was put squarely on Russia, which for years, according to the views expressed, had been steadily working toward the destruction of the monarchy, using and encouraging Serbia as a "stalking horse" for this purpose.

"The spark which kindled the war," said a high statesman, "was, it is true, an incident of the saddest nature for us, but the incident represented merely the consequence of a series of deeds and activities aiming at the destruction of Austria-Hungary.

"Americans, who quite naturally paid little attention at an earlier date to the events in Central and Eastern Europe, saw the curtain go up only at the moment when a great power, Austria-Hungary, was about to call little Serbia to account. Their first impression was that of the misuse of our greater strength. The situation in reality was quite different.

"For years it had been openly preached in Serbia that the southern provinces must be torn from our monarchy. It has been proven that the participation of officials and officers in the incitation of murder was not an isolated case. Secret societies which were conducting a propaganda against us and intriguing against us within the monarchy were directed and prompted by men in official positions. Serbia, therefore, was tacitly involved in a state of war against us, which no State in the world could have tolerated.

"Serbia, however, would never have ventured to act so provocatively unless backed by Russia, whose Government used Serbia as an outpost intrusted with the duty of annoying, exhausting, and provoking us until a suitable moment arrived to carry out its Pan-Slavistic plans. Pan-Slavism had been steadily growing in strength for fifty years. The Russian Government recognized the idea as the most suitable means for continuing its policy of conquest, whereby the Russian Emperors have been for centuries enlarging the empire.

"The clearest definition of the cardinal principles of Pan-Slavism is that of the famous Russian author Dostoyevsky, who said: 'All Slav streams must empty into the Russian sea.' While within its own empire Russia oppresses the Slav peoples over whom it rules, it has constituted itself attorney for the Slav races beyond its borders, as a pretext for interfering in foreign affairs not determined by other States.

"Ruthenians, Poles, Czechs, and Slovenes enjoy in Austria-Hungary all national rights, whereas Russia is a prison for the races not of Russian stock. Frightful persecution of the Jews are constantly recurring under the assent and by the tacit encouragement of the authorities. These show to what depths Russian culture descends.

"Russia has long been preparing itself for this war, and in recent years repeatedly carried out a so-called test of mobilization, enabling it to have almost continuously an enormous army ready for operations within a few weeks. It was Russia which incited Serbia, and when Serbian agitation societies went so far as to suborn the murder of the Crown Prince, and we wished to hold the Serbian Government to account, Russia determined to prevent this by proposing a conference at which Russia should appear as the advocate of Serbia, so as to reduce our measures against Serbia to a scale which Russia had decided was permissible.

"This was equivalent to the plain recognition of a condition in which Serbia would have all the rights against us which Russia would authorize, while we would have only such rights against Serbia as Russia should concede to us. In other words, we were no longer safe in our own house, even against murder.

"This subversive work against us proceeded and increased in vigor, for one of the main arguments of the Serbian propaganda was that we were too weak or too helpless to resist. The Russian Government knew very well that it was necessary for us to take steps against Serbia unless we wished to commit suicide, and thus gave us the alternative of suicide or war.

"The war is for us a war of self-defense and existence. For Russia the war is of conquest. Russia always pursues far-reaching plans. She desires domination or a protectorate over all the Slav peoples, and, in addition, since the days of Peter the Great has aimed at Constantinople.

"An old Russian phrase declared that the way to Constantinople was by way of Vienna. Lately this has been modified to read by way of Vienna and Berlin.

"Russia knew that the two central powers would not tolerate the extension of Russian supremacy over Constantinople, which would make her mistress of the Balkan peninsula and the Orient. Russia, like all other powers, has always been able to export products through the Bosporus and the Dardanelles, and the necessity for safeguarding this commercial route is only a new pretext for the old desire to lay hands on the city at the meeting point of the Orient and Occident.

"Russia's policy is a policy of conquest. Her Ministers have openly declared in the Duma that Galicia and Constantinople must become Russian, and the Emperor openly proclaimed the pan-Slav idea at the beginning of the war.

"No one can know how long the war may last. It is no time for prophecies. You may say this, however, that we are firmly resolved and have strength to conduct it to a successful end.

"The war has brought the two States of our monarchy, Austria and Hungary, nearer together than ever before. Every one in both States realizes that the people are bound together for life or death. The questions, too, which exist between the various nationalities will be easier of solution after the war, because the great struggle in which we are engaged has made it clear to all that each must rely on the other.

"Eight months of war also have proved that all know how to fight, and the soldiers of all nationalities have learned to esteem the valor of their comrades. Our troops, it is generally recognized, fight with splendid courage and unshakable obstinacy.

"We hope that Americans will come and see more and more what sort of a struggle we are waging. Austria-Hungary is by nature that which the United States has gradually become, although not to such an extent by immigration, namely, an entity composed of many races, which, nevertheless, wish to preserve their nationality and individuality. At the same time all would suffer if torn asunder.

"The resemblance which to a certain extent exists between the United States and Austria-Hungary is increased by the fact that the principle of self-government is here carried to its limits. Thanks, perhaps, to this resemblance, our emigrants feel particularly at home in the United States, despite the extraordinary gulf between the very old and quite new forms of government, and great numbers of them have remained there for years or have even adopted it as their new home.

"Emigration in the next few years presumably will fall off because the work to be done after the war will require at home very many of the hands which now seek employment across the ocean. Our relations with the United States will indubitably show steady growth. Shipping communication will be more frequent, and our commerce will grow, because it is to be assumed that after the war Austria-Hungary will experience a period of powerful economic development."

TO FIX WILHELMINA PRICE.

Referees to be Named by Ambassador Page and Sir Edward Grey.

LONDON, April 13. — Announcement that the British Government had agreed to purchase the cargo of the American steamer Wilhelmina, and to compensate the owners for loss, was made today, confirming the Washington report of yesterday. An agreement to this effect was reached between the W. L. Green Commission Company of St. Louis and the Government.

Under the agreement Great Britain agrees to pay the price the owners would have realized on the cargo had it gone to Hamburg, and also to compensate the owners for the loss sustained in consequence of the ship being stopped. The Government will also pay for delay to the ship, so far as this has been caused by the British authorities.

A referee to be named by Walter H. Page, the American Ambassador, and Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, will determine the total amount of the payment due to the owners. The transfer of the cargo will take place as soon as this referee has been agreed upon. The owners will unload the cargo and deliver it to the British Government. The ship herself will then be free to proceed immediately, as there is no action against her.

Norvin R. Lindheim and Charles A. Towne, counsel for the owners of the cargo of the Wilhelmina, announced yesterday that the case had been settled, the British Government agreeing to buy the cargo and compensate its owners for loss of anticipated profits in Germany.

NEW NEUVE CHAPELLE LIST.

Total of British Losses There Now Reported Is 7,835 Men.

LONDON, April 13.—The casualty list issued today of further losses in the fighting at Neuve Chapelle totals 395 men, of whom 119 were killed and the remainder wounded.

This is the seventh list of losses given out by the British authorities on the Neuve Chapelle battle, and it brings the total up to 7,835 men, of whom 2,422 were killed and the rest wounded.

THE OFFICIAL REPORTS OF WAR OPERATIONS

England.

LONDON.—On the morning of April 9 we successfully exploded a mine in the neighborhood of Armentieres. As a result the loop-holed walls of a house held by the enemy were destroyed. Twenty-nine dead Germans were counted. The enemy replied by bombarding our positions, but without inflicting damage.

Early on the morning of April 7 the Germans exploded two mines on our right, but failed to damage our trenches. A similarly harmless explosion took place opposite our left on the evening of April 9.

France.

PARIS.—(*Night Report*)—The day was calm along the whole front. We maintained and consolidated our positions at the different points where we had made progress during the last eight days.

Our aviators successfully bombarded military hangars at Vigneulles, in the Woevre, and dispersed, not far from Vigneulles, a battalion on the march.

(*Day Report*)—Between the sea and the Aisne there is nothing to report except a few artillery duels. To the east of Berry-au-Bac we gained the possession of a German trench.

In the Argonne there were mining operations and engagements of bomb and grenade throwing between our own and the enemy's trenches.

Between the Meuse and the Moselle our forces succeeded at several points in coming in contact with the wire entanglements of the enemy's defense.

Germany.

BERLIN.—The French yesterday attacked near Berry-au-Bac, and between the Meuse and the Moselle; near Maicery, which is east of Verdun; near Marcheville, which is southeast of Maicery; on the front between Maicery and Marcheville, and south of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf. Everywhere they were repulsed.

The French are reported to have thrown 150 bombs upon the station and the foundry at Bruges, according to their own announcement. In reality nine bombs fell in the eastern suburbs of Bruges, and two near Bruges itself, without doing any damage.

German troops have thrown large quantities of bombs into Poperinghe, Pazebruck, and Kossel, towns occupied by British troops.

At a point northeast of Suitpes the enemy again has made use of projectiles developing an asphyxiating gas.

There has been fighting day and night in the Forest of Le Pretre in which the Germans slowly gained ground.

There has been no change on the eastern front.

Austria.

VIENNA.—The Russian offensive, which began on March 20, has now been arrested. When the attempted eruption during the Easter holidays in the Laboroza and Ondawa valleys failed, the enemy again atempted to advance in the wooded mountain regions on both sides of Uzsok Pass, but all attacks during the last few days were repulsed with heavy Russian losses.

On the remainder of the front the situation is unchanged.

Russia.

PETROGRAD.—In Bukowina on an extended front in the direction of Zale Szczyky, north of Czernowitz, the enemy on the night of April 11 delivered furious attacks in an impenetrable darkness and torential rain, but everywhere our infantry, who met the attack with the bayonet, maintained the upper hand.

On the front west of the Niemen we repulsed several German attacks. In the other sectors along the whole of our front collisions between reconnoitring detachments have become more frequent.

The report also gives details of fighting in the Carpathians which is printed in another column.

$1,650 FOR QUEEN'S FAN TWICE SOLD AT AUCTION

First Purchaser at $950 Offers it Again to Swell British Red Cross Fund.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—The crowning incident of today's Red Cross auction at Christie's was the sale and resale of a fan presented by Queen Mary.

The production of the fan by the auctioneer was the signal for applause from the crowded room, and this increased in volume as the bidding rose rapidly from $50 to $950. At this figure it was knocked down, but the purchaser, amid applause, at once offered it for further auction, expressing the hope that it would fetch more than she had given for it.

Somebody began the second bidding for the Queen's gift at $500, and amid an enthusiasm unusual in the auction room it went up to $700, at which price the hammer fell.

The much-coveted treasure, which had realized $1,650 for the fund, was a tortoise shell fan set with her Majesty's monogram in diamonds surmounted by a gold crown.

An Italian fan, with mother of pearl sticks overlaid with figures in gold, which was presented by Mrs. Lewis Harcourt, realized $50, while $200 was obtained for a brooch with star and crescent in brilliants, given by Sultan Abdul Hamid to the late Lady Glenesk.

The jewelry sale produced an interesting competition between dealers and the public, and occasionally the former, with their keen perception of intrinsic values, had the brisk contest all to themselves. The best jewelry turnover of the day, $800 for a necklace of 233 pearls, was started at $24 before some of the intending buyers had time to think.

The day's sale realized $11,810, making a total of $31,085 for the first two days of this memorable auction.

TO PAY ITS BELGIAN BILLS.

Germany Will Establish a Bank to Arrange Financing.

BERLIN, April 13, (by Wireless Telegraphy to Sayville, L. I.)—Among the items issued today by the Overseas News Agency were the following:

"General von Bissing, the German Military Governor of Belgium, has ordered the establishment of a credit bank which will advance money on the requisition bills given in payment for the large quantities of goods seized by the authorities. Payment in full has been delayed by unforeseen circumstances.

"The amount of the collections by Roman Catholic Churches for the assistance of war invalids, delivered by Cardinal Hartman, Archbishop of Cologne, to Emperor William, was 575,000 marks, ($115,000.)"

ENGLAND WANTS FACTS OF GERMAN REPRISALS

Is Anxious About Fate of Her Officers Punished for British Submarine Policy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13. — The Foreign Office cabled to the State Department at Washington today asking that an investigation be started immediately into reports from Berlin that thirty-nine English officers have been put into a military prison as reprisal for England's declining to accord full privileges to German submarine prisoners.

The Foreign Office asks Washington to ascertain if the reports are true, and the intimation is given that a speedy reply will be appreciated.

Until Washington's reply is received no action will be taken by Great Britain relating to the alleged humiliation of her prisoners.

Ambassador Page called today on Sir Edward Grey, and it is understood he officially presented Germany's protest against submarine prisoners being treated differently than other prisoners of war. The protest was cabled here from Washington yesterday. No comment was made on it at the Foreign Office.

LONDON, April 13.—The text of the note presented by the German Foreign Office to James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador to Germany, on the subject of submarine prisoners is contained in a dispatch received from Berlin today by Reuter's Telegram Company. It is as follows:

"The German Government has learned with astonishment and indignation that the British Government regards officers and crews of German submarines not as honorable enemies and, accordingly, treats them not as other prisoners of war but as ordinary prisoners.

"These officers and crews acted as brave men in the discharge of their military duties, and, therefore, they are fully entitled to be treated like prisoners of war in accordance with international agreements. The German Government therefore enters the strongest protest against a measure which is contrary to international law and sees itself, at the same time, regretfully compelled immediately to execute the reprisals announced by it and subject to similar harsh treatment a corresponding number of English army officers who are prisoners of war.

"When, moreover, the British Government sees fit to remark that the German navy in contrast with that of the British failed to save shipwrecked men we can only reject it with the loathing insinuation that such a rescue was possible for German ships, but was willfully neglected.

"The undersigned begs the Ambassador to convey this information to the British Government and to also take steps to secure for the members of the American Embassy in London an opportunity personally to inquire into the treatment of German submarine prisoners at present and to report concerning the details of their lodging, maintenance, and employment.

"Further proceedings regarding the British officers who have been provisionally placed under officers' arrest will depend upon the treatment of the German prisoners."

POPE WITH ITALY IF SHE ENTERS WAR

Said to be Ready to Espouse the National Cause, Failing in Efforts at Vienna.

CLERICAL PARTY SHIFTS

Momentous Consequences for Church and State—Italy Agrees to Serbia's Seaport Claims.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHIASSO, Swiss-Italian Frontier, April 12, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—One of the most important points among the perplexities of the present Italian situation is the attitude of the Pope in case of war with Austria. It is known the Clerical Party is in favor of neutrality, but lately a change of tone has been noticed in the Clerical press, and the people have wondered whether a mot d'ordre had come from the Pope.

I have made a special inquiry in Vatican circles and am now able to state that the Pope is animated by a warm patriotic feeling and is ready to espouse the national cause.

This attitude may have momentous consequences on the future relations between Church and State in Italy. Only last month the Pope moved all his influences in Vienna, especially at the court, in order to persuade Austria to make territorial concessions and avoid war with Italy. When he became convinced that all his efforts were vain because all that Austria was apparently ready to concede was the parish of Trent and the city, and not even the whole province. Then the Pope took up a sympathetic attitude toward the Italian Government, and even allowed it to be understood that he was disposed to a reconciliation. Since then the Pope has not tried to conceal his feelings.

Ten days ago a Bishop informed Benedict XV. that certain priests and friars who were preaching to soldiers in Friuli near the frontier were warning them to prepare themselves to do their duty bravely to the fatherland. The Bishop remarked that such preaching should not be permitted, it being against the spirit of neutrality. The Pope then interrupting him said: "No, no, that is enough of neutrality. Why, we are all Italians and must speak to our soldiers with an Italian heart."

ITALY GUARDS ART TREASURES

Calls Attention of Hague Rule While Making Ready for War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 13.—With all the preparations for war, the national art treasures have not been forgotten. Many meetings have been held to discuss the best way to protect them against an enemy, and if possible without removing them from their present quarters or even closing the galleries and museums to the public for the present.

One great meeting has been held, at which over 300 academies, museums, institutes, &c., sent representatives, also academies of science, letters, art, and international associations. A note was composed which was sent to all such bodies abroad, drawing their attention to Article 27 of The Hague Regulations regarding works of art in times of war, with the request that they communicate with their embassies or legations accredited to Italy. This will, it is hoped, provoke a kind of international protest against vandalism in the present war, and be a diplomatic barrier to such acts in the future.

Meantime arrangements have been made to remove most of the precious works of art to safe and secret storehouses the moment they are menaced, but the buildings cannot be moved and must take their chances. Pessimists already see the Doges' Palace, St. Mark's, and Milan Cathedral blown into dust, to say nothing of what might be the fate of St. Peter's and the Coliseum. Scarcely a small village exists in Italy which does not contain a gem which the whole world would mourn were it destroyed.

BERLIN WARNING TO ITALY.

Prof. Diehl Says Germany's Future Lies from Antwerp to Bagdad.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 13.—From Berlin comes a note of warning to Italy with regard to Austro-German plans and hopes for the future. The correspondent of the Messaggero says thinkers in Germany, finding the press censored and thus closed to them, expose their views in pamphlets. One of the most interesting is that of Professor Diehl, who, in advocating the accord of Germany and Austria-Hungary, argues that as they will be unable to live within their present confines without outside help, they must extend their frontiers.

"The German future may be summed up in three words—Antwerp to Bagdad. Partisans of Italy's participation in the war lay emphasis on her fate should such a program, which is no secret in Germany, be even partially effectuated. Thus they argue that Italy should strain every nerve to defeat plans which will reduce her to a third-rate power, even if victorious. A powerful Russian navy in the Mediterranean would be less disastrous. Thus Italy is obliged to join the Allies to save herself."

OPPOSED TO PEACE BASED ON A DRAW

Continued from Page 1.

aggression is as barbarous as the massacre and pillage of non-combatants and the wanton destruction of private property which are admittedly a part of her method. The very foundations of civilized society are subverted when the law of nations is openly repudiated by a great power.

"With regard to the terms of peace my countrymen are anxious to secure two objects only, first, ample compensation to Belgium, France, and Poland for the devastation of their territory, and second, security against another wanton breach of the peace by Germany. I find that many English Liberals are opposed to any annexation of territory at Germany's expense and hope that all German colonies will be restored in return for the heavy indemnity to be paid Belgium. This would, I believe, be sound policy, for the loss of territory is seldom forgiven by a proud nation, and we must do everything in our power to awaken the slumbering conscience of Germany. Humiliating terms of peace would only complete the transformation of a once noble nation."

German Fleet Must Be Destroyed.

Sir William Bull, M. P., didn't think there was any possibility of the Allies accepting a draw, adding:

"I don't think the Allies will be vindictive. One hundred years ago, after twenty years of war, Great Britain would neither accept money nor territory after Waterloo, although we had piled up a national debt which we have not yet repaid. On the other hand, it is perfectly clear that we should have to insist upon the destruction of the German fleet whatever the war indemnity was."

Commander Bellairs, R. N., recently elected to Parliament, said: "To act in a state of affairs based on Germany's maximum of effort would be absurd. The strength of the Allies is growing from day to day. However much we may regret it a stricken field always leaves its aftermath of evil, and the settlement will not escape it. Idealists are very busy redrawing the map of Europe, but what is there more certain than that the national aspirations for which huge sacrifices have been made will swamp every other consideration? Alsace and Lorraine are for France a minimum. Russia's minimum is ice-free ports, an untrammeled exit from the Black Sea, and the creation of Polish and Slavonic kingdoms under Russian protection. The British dominions will not tolerate the return of any German colonies, and public opinion in Great Britain will demand the cession of Heligoland. Belgium desires restitution in the present and security in the future.

"A stalemate has no relation to any state of affairs likely to exist before next October. When that time is reached it may be that with the loss of the great industrial area of Silesia and serious invasions in other parts of the German kingdoms and States may not be united in policy, and the war will end in a collapse, which is nowhere evident today. If, on the other hand, the unity of Germany is maintained in the face of failure, as it has strengthened during fifty years of success, then the war will go on, for the policy of permanently crippling the military power of Germany is one from which the Allies will not turn back."

One of the best known men in England, almost equally widely known in America, who would not allow his name to be published, said simply:

"Every one I meet is resolute on this war being fought to a finish."

GERMANS DENY PEACE TALK.

Expect Campaign to be Resumed Soon with Fresh Vigor.

ROME, April 12, (via Paris, April 13.)—Information obtained from the highest German sources in this city is to the effect that there is absolutely no basis for the report that peace negotiations under certain conditions are being considered in Berlin. These reports, it is said, are based upon ignorance of actual conditions in the German Empire. The assertion is made that both Germany and Austria, particularly the former, have within their borders supplies of everything necessary to prolong the war indefinitely.

Well informed Germans in Rome declare the determination of the central empires to carry the conflict to the end will become apparent soon when the campaign is resumed with fresh vigor on both fronts according to plans mapped out by the General Staff during the Winter. The same sources of information are authority for the statement that not only can Germany provide enough food to supply her people, but that she has on hand a plentiful store of supplies for manufacturing arms and ammunition.

Carasso Effendi, a member of the Turkish Chamber of Deputies, and Midhat Bey, a former Secretary of the Turkish Committee of Union and Progress, who arrived here last week, have left for Constantinople by way of Venice and Vienna after interviewing Italian statesmen. They denied emphatically that their mission was in relation to a separate peace for Turkey.

Their mission here, they declared, was to study Italo-Turkish relations in the hope that the common interests of the two countries might be guarded now and in the future. Before leaving Carasso Effendi said:

"Turkey entered the war knowing what she was doing and is determined to go on to the end."

GERMANS TALKING PEACE.

Public Willing to Call It a Draw, Returned Traveler Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—The Daily Mail publishes an interview with W. C. Davison of New York, a Rhodes scholar, who has just reached England from Serbia by way of Austria and Southwestern Germany. Mr. Davison, who assisted in establishing a hospital at Krushevamz, said:

"Whatever the German General Staff wants, the common people of Germany undoubtedly are ready for peace. The military authorities have not admitted to the public at large that the great objectives of the campaign have not been attained and are unattainable, but the people seem to have come to realize, all the same, that Germany has shot her bolt, and they will be satisfied if they can hold what they have. They think they can do that—that those portions of Belgium, France, and Russia in the German Army's hands will be retained, at least until the peace settlement.

"It would be going too far to say that Germany is disconsolate and hopeless about the war; that she is not, but one nowadays gets the distinct impression that she would be satisfied with something like a draw. You will hear people say: 'We cannot be defeated, but we know now we cannot overthrow our enemies; it would be best for us if the war were to stop now.'

"Men are still going to the front, but with unmistakably less of the hurrah spirit than they had at the beginning. Troops march away to the fighting area now as a matter of inevitable duty; the enthusiasm is manifestly cooled off."

NO WORD FROM THE POPE.

President Wilson Says He Has Had No Formal Communication.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Commenting on a published statement of Pope Benedict that the latter had indicated a desire to support any move the United States might make for peace, President Wilson declared to-day that intimations of this character had been frequently conveyed to him through different persons. He said, however, no formal communication had come to him on the subject.

Asked whether the United States recently had learned officially or unofficially of the terms upon which the belligerents might be ready to make peace, the President said regretfully there had been no basis whatever so far as he knew for the rumors to that effect.

While the United States Government was not consulted in connection with the International Women's Peace Conference at The Hague, the President indicated to-day that the movement had his sympathetic support.

The meeting has no official status, and Mr. Wilson said he understood the delegates had not asked for official authority because they preferred to act unofficially.

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MASSING NEAR METZ TO OPPOSE FRENCH

Germans Are Increasing Their Forces in That Region to Meet Expected Advance.

LOSS OF ST. MIHIEL FEARED

Berlin Reports the Foe Still Attacking, but Paris Minimizes the Operations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, April 13, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The Germans are moving up considerable numbers of reinforcements in the region of Thionville and Metz, as they fear a French advance on Metz.

A German retreat from St. Mihiel is being taken into consideration by the German Army commanders as a consequence of the constant French pressure.

LONDON, April 13.—Judging from the Paris war bulletins the French troops in the Woevre district are for the moment well satisfied with their recent successes. Practically all they report is that they have come in contact with the German entanglements in this region.

The official German reports, however, assert that determined attacks by the French have been repulsed along this sector. The report which reached London today said on this point:

> Between the Meuse and the Moselle the French continued their attack at certain places with great fierceness, but without success. Three attacks during the early morning at Maizerey, near Verdun, broke down under our fire with very heavy losses.
>
> Attacks were commenced during the afternoon and evening at Marchéville, southwest of Maizerey, during which the enemy brought up strong columns. They came to an end with the same result. An attack was begun at daybreak against the front between Maizerey and Marchéville, but was repulsed with very considerable losses to the enemy.
>
> In the Forest of Le Prêtre fighting at close quarters took place throughout the day and night of yesterday, during which we gained ground slowly.

The same report says that "to the northeast of Suippe shells developing asphyxiating gases were again used against us."

BRITAIN REJECTED TURKS' PEACE OFFER

Moslem Advances Made Recently—Abdul Reported Being Groomed for Revolution.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, April 13, (Dispatch to the London Daily Chronicle.)—At a meeting of the Young Turk Committee, held a fortnight ago in Constantinople, the question was raised as to what the Turkish fleet would do in the event of the forcing of the Dardanelles by the allied fleet. In the discussion that followed no decision was reached, it being fully agreed to await instructions from Berlin.

At the same sitting it was proposed and agreed that an attempt should be made by third neutral parties to obtain from the Allies their terms of peace. An attempt was made, but Great Britain rejected the proposals put forward, and nothing came of the effort.

In Government circles in Constantinople fears are entertained of an internal rising. It seems that Abdul Hamid, the ex-Sultan, whose movements have been the subject of so much rumor, is at present at Smyrna in the house of a former leading British inhabitant, which has been occupied now for some time by Perter Pasha, the military commander.

My informant tells me that Perter was recently seen to kneel on the balcony and kiss the hands of a very old man, apparently Abdul. At any rate it is certain that a Turk of Perter's high rank would only pay such respect to a very exalted personage.

This lends color to a report received in Athens from a reliable source that Abdul is being cherished with sedulous care, so that use may be made of his personality in the event of a revolution and the collapse of the present régime.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, April 13, (Dispatch to the London Daily News.)—At Adrianople 20,000 Turkish Bashi Bazouks are repairing and putting up fortifications under the direction of General von Sander. These repairs are intended, it is supposed, to offer resistance to an advance on the part of the Russians.

Poincare Visits King Albert.

DUNKIRK, April 13.—President Poincaré and the Minister of War, M. Millerand, left today for Paris, after a visit of three days with the French and Belgian troops here. The French President had a long conversation with King Albert of Belgium at Belgian headquarters. He was received also by Queen Elizabeth.

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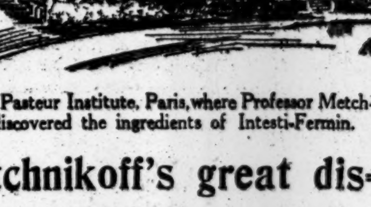

The Pasteur Institute, Paris, where Professor Metchnikoff discovered the ingredients of Intesti-Fermin.

A Typical Bulgarian Peasant.

Metchnikoff's great discoveries now procurable in tablet form

The world of science has long known of the beneficial effects of the famous Bulgarian sour milk ferments—has long known that the Bulgarians themselves attain remarkable ages (frequently 125 years) because of their habitual use of sour milk as a food. It is only recently, however, that the active principle underlying these ferments, as discovered and utilized by Professor Metchnikoff, has been scientifically prepared in a form that makes its general use possible—and even pleasant—

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Like the recent announcement of the Freiburg method of painless childbirth, more popularly called the Twilight Sleep, the offering of Intesti-Fermin is believed to mark one of the most important hygienic advances of the last decade. The ingredients contained in Intesti-Fermin represent the fruition of a life's work on the part of Professor Metchnikoff, formerly the associate of Pasteur and now director of Pasteur Institute.

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Intesti-Fermin is a concentrated corrective food tonic derived from Bulgarian sour milk. In the lower digestive tract it directly attacks the poisons which are responsible for the gradual breakdown of bodily health and the approach of premature old age.

Intesti-Fermin tablets contain the Bacillus Bulgaricus—the active principle of Bulgarian sour milk ferments—combined with a supporting element, Glyco-Bakter, which doubles the efficiency of the tablets by insuring the long life of their chief ingredients in the human system.

The development of Glyco-Bakter and its combination with the Bacillus Bulgaricus mark the very latest achievement of science in its ages-old war upon human ills. In Intesti-Fermin this combination has been scientifically made in accordance with the precepts and instructions of Professor Metchnikoff.

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CAPTAIN ASKS TIME FOR THE WILHELM

Wants Three Weeks to Make Temporary Repairs and Seeks to Go Into Drydock.

INSISTS HE WILL GO OUT

Says That Crew Will Die, If They Must, to Advance Honor of Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., April 13.—Capt. Thierfelder of the German converted cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm today formally requested Collector of Custom Hamilton to be allowed to go into the shipyard here for repairs to the sea raider. The time asked by the Captain was kept secret, but it is said to be three weeks. The Captain's communication will be forwarded to the proper officials and the Navy Department will make its survey immediately.

The Wilhelm, according to every indication today, will be placed in the dry dock tomorrow.

Capt. Thierfelder persists in saying that he will make a dash for the sea as soon as his ship is in a seaworthy condition.

"I am nil, these 200 or more men are nothing, and what is a mere life as compared with the advancement of the honor of Germany," declared the Captain today. "It is imperative that I repair and put to sea at once."

Despite the declaration of the Captain and the exchange of official documents tending to lead one to believe that the Wilhelm will put to sea as soon as possible, it is the general opinion here that the ship's procedure will be an almost exact duplication of that of the Eitel, which ended with the internment of the ship.

United States Health authorities today investigated the beri beri epidemic aboard the ship. Dr. Joseph Goldberger arrived from Washington this morning and made a thorough investigation. His findings were not made public, but it is known that the epidemic is well under control and the patients improving under the vegetable diet. If the men continue to improve as they have since their arrival here none will be sent to local hospitals. Beri beri is a disease that physicians of this country have had little opportunity to study in its various stages, and medical men are much interested in the patients aboard the ship.

Declaring that everything of interest that had happened on the voyage had been told and published, and that what had not happened had been told as well, Commander Thierfelder has issued strict orders to his men and officers that they are not to give out anything more concerning the ship. However, through the courtesy of Boarding Officer C. F. Krause of the Customs force, THE TIMES correspondent spent an hour as the guest of Chief Surgeon Perrenon. Dr. Perrenon proved a genial host. He explained, with a certain degree of satisfaction, that the excellence of his wines and the flavor of his cigars were due to the generosity of the French, to say nothing of quantity, of which there seemed no limit.

With the aid of a diary, the surgeon was able to give an interesting account of his 255 days' voyage at sea.

"One of the most amusing incidents of our voyage," he said, speaking in faultless English, "occurred when we captured and sank the British steamer Hemisphere. When the boarding party went aboard the steamer they found her Captain wildly stamping back and forth across the bridge and exclaiming, 'Where is our great navy? Where have all our ships gotten to?'

"We captured the Hemisphere in latitude 30.16 west and longitude 4.37 south on Dec. 28. Transferring the 5,750 tons of coal from the steamer to the Kronprinz was slow work, and it was not until Jan. 9 that we finished and sent the steamer to the bottom.

"When we took the steamer Indian Prince on Sept. 1, our first prize, the Captain of that ship became enraged when told that the steamer would be sunk and angrily told us 'I hope it will be your turn next.'

"On Jan. 14 we overtook the British steamers Wilfred and Highland Brae, and, so close were the ships together, that for a time we were at a loss to know which one to capture first. We decided upon the Highland Brae. As a boarding party went on the steamer, the Master greeted them with the query: 'Why do you take us first?' We didn't have time to explain and soon also had the Wilfred alongside."

"Some of the ships tried to escape after being ordered by us to stop, and on several occasions we had to fire across their bows to bring them to. The French passenger steamer was one of these, and gave us a little trouble. However, the prize was well worth it, and that reminds me, the last beer we got was from the Guadelupe. There were twenty-eight or thirty kegs, and it was very good. We still have some of it.

"I notice from the papers that some of the Englishmen we put ashore yesterday say that we fired five shots at the steamer Tamar, trying to sink her, and that two of them went wild, even though we were but 300 yards away. That is not so. We fired four shots at the waterline, and all of them were perfect hits. The fifth we purposely sent into the saloon. It was fine work by our gunners. We were short of ammunition, and on three occasions rammed our prizes when we got ready to sink them. The Norwegian sailing ship Semantha was one of them. We sank her on a beautiful moonlight night. We backed off and put on full speed ahead. The bow of our ship cut through her hull like a knife through cheese, and we cut her cleanly in halves. We hardly felt the jar. The same procedure was followed in sinking the French steamer Montagel and British steamer Wilfred."

Concerning the comment in a number of newspapers that the Kronprinz Wilhelm did not salute the American ships when she passed through the Atlantic fleet coming into Hampton Roads Sunday morning, First Lieut. Hoffman today said that it is not customary for naval ships to salute under such circumstances. He said salutations were exchanged by means of signals, and when the ships passed, their crews and officers stood at attention. This, he said, was done when the Wilhelm passed up Hampton Roads. He said the crews of the American battleships were drawn up in similar array, all standing at salute.

"It was one of the most imposing experiences of my life, and I shall never forget the solemnity of the occasion," declared Lieut. Hoffman.

One French and one British cruiser were sighted today off the Virginia Capes by pilots who brought ships into port. The pilots brought a report they received from merchantmen that the British knew the Kronprinz Wilhelm had steamed north from the equator several weeks ago and that she was believed to be in American waters. Vigilance outside the capes seems to be greater for outgoing than for the incoming vessels, they said.

Special to The New York Times.

WASINGTON, April 13.—The German Embassy today presented to the State Department a formal request for a survey of the converted cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm, now at Newport News, for the purpose of ascertaining how much time she will require for repairs. The request will be referred to the Navy Department, and naval officers will make the inspection, as was done in the case of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

The fact that the Kronprinz Wilhelm left New York after war was declared is not regarded here as making her status different from the Prinz Eitel, which was allowed four weeks for repairs, and then interned. Acting Secretary of State Lansing said this afternoon that facts so far disclosed indicated that, from the viewpoint of international law, the case of the Kronprinz Wilhelm was identical with that of the Prinz Eitel, with the single exception that the Prinz Eitel sank an American ship, the William P. Frye.

SURE THE SHIP WILL INTERN.

British Naval Expert Says Repairs Cannot Be Made Here.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—The naval correspondent of The Times says:

"The Kronprinz Wilhelm will be interned. After Captain Thierfelder's admissions there can be no question about it. His damages are due to acts of war and whatever else may be done in the way of giving him assistance the repair of such injuries as those caused by these acts cannot be included.

"By no construction of international law can the rebuilding of a ship in a neutral port be permitted, particularly when structural repairs have been necessitated by an act of belligerency. Although, therefore, Thierfelder may continue to announce, as his comrade of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich did, that he proposes to go to sea again, there is no doubt that his ship must be interned."

PRIZE COURT DELAYS CASES.

American Cargo Claimants Must Wait Until June for Hearing.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—The Norwegian steamers Kim, Alfred Nobel, Björnstjerne Björnson, and Fridland, sailing under American charter, were before the London prize court today. These vessels were seized as prizes by British warships early in the war. They were carrying mixed cargoes from New York to Copenhagen. The cargoes were shipped chiefly by American firms, including the Armours, the Chicago packers. The Armours, with five other American firms, were claimants before the prize court today.

The Crown authorities ask that both ships and cargoes be condemned. The Attorney General told the court the quartet of vessels constituted probably the most complicated cases ever before the court. There was nothing in the records, he said, resembling them for complexity. In the case of one vessel there were no fewer than 159 bills of lading. The Kim and the Fridland, it was suggested, were carrying false papers and their cargo consignments of rubber were ingeniously described as gum.

For the Armours and the other American owners, Sir Robert Finlay, ex-Attorney General, requested the court's immediate decision. It was pointed out that rubber was commonly known in America as gum, or "gummy." The court held that the cases required very close investigation by the Crown and fixed June 7 for a full hearing.

British Steamer Detained.

LONDON, April 13.—The British steamer Joseph W. Fordney and her cargo have been thrown into the prize court at Kirkwall. The Admiralty charges that the steamer attempted to evade search while bound with a cargo of forage for Malmo, Sweden. The Fordney sailed from New York, March 20, for Malmo and was taken into Kirkwall April 8. A British prize crew took charge of her off the Norwegian coast.

The Swedish steamer Hilding, from New York, March 10, for Copenhagen, which was detained at Kirkwall March 31, was taken to Leith April 9. The Admiralty alleges that the vessel had copper in her cargo which was not on her manifest.

The Norwegian steamer Sorland, which sailed from New York, March 17, for Gothenburg, Sweden, and was detained at Kirkwall April 7, was taken to Hartlepool last Sunday. The steamer will discharge several shipments in her cargo for investigation by the prize court.

$401,000 EVELYN CLAIM PAID.

Treasury Warrant Sent to Owners of Ship Sunk by Mine.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Government War Risk Insurance Bureau paid its first claim today for losses due to the European war. A Treasury warrant for $401,000 was drawn in favor of Harriss, Irby & Vose, of New York, owners of the American steamer Evelyn, sunk off the coast of Holland, supposedly by a mine, on Feb. 20.

The Evelyn was the first American boat lost during the war. Of the amount paid $301,000 was for her cargo of cotton and $100,000 for her hull. Necessary proof of loss reached the Treasury Department on April 1.

The bureau to date has earned premiums amounting to $1,453,000 out of a total of premiums paid up to April 7, amounting to $1,733,000. The Government is expected to salvage some of the Evelyn's cargo and thereby reduce its net loss.

American Officers Sail for Home.

THE HAGUE, (via London,) April 13.—Capts. Samuel G. Shartle and Samuel D. Rockenbach, who have been acting as American Army observers with the German forces, left Rotterdam tonight aboard the steamer Rotterdam for New York.

THE WAR SITUATION

For the first time in some weeks the Germans have initiated an offensive movement. The objective is, as so many times before, the railroad from Warsaw to Petrograd, which runs through Grodno, the base of operations of the Russian line, near the East Prussian border. The point of attack has been the little town of Ossowetz, which some time ago so ably withstood the bombardment of the German 42-centimeter guns. The importance of Ossowetz to the German campaign in this section may be seen from a study of the general plan of the recent German offense against the Niemen line. This plan involved an advance of three large German bodies against the Russian line between the Niemen and the Narew Rivers. The idea seems to have been to pierce the left wing of this line, between Ostrolenka and New Georgievsk.

The principal points of interest in the Russian fortified line between the Niemen and the Vistula are Kovno, which is directly on the Niemen at the bend where it turns south; Grodno, which is about eighty miles south of Kovno and at which the Niemen crosses the Warsaw-Petrograd Railway; Ossowetz, southwest of Grodno on the Bobr River, and Lomza, Ostrolenka, Pultusk, and New Georgievsk, the latter being strongly fortified towns along the valley of the Narew River. The Russian line along the East Prussian frontier is, it must be remembered, solely a defensive line, defending the railroad. Therefore, the elements of this line must be looked at from the standpoint of their defensive value. This will show the value of Ossowetz to the Russian line and ipso facto the importance to the Germans of its capture.

The Niemen River at Kovno is very much the same type of stream as the lower Missouri, wide, sluggish and carrying a great volume of water. It is, therefore, a considerable obstacle itself and forms an excellent part of the general defensive line. Grodno, being on the railroad which is the main Russian objective, cannot therefore play any direct part in this defensive line. It is, in fact, the principal base from which this line operates.

Near Grodno rises the Bobr River, on which Ossowetz is located. This river, which is small, flows through a wide marsh, which is crossed by only one railway. At this crossing is Ossowetz. The Bobr River flows south for about twenty miles below Ossowetz, through this wide marsh for the whole distance and finally empties into the Narew. Ossowetz, then, is one of the strongest features of the Russian defensive line.

To depart for a moment from this new German attack against Ossowetz, consider the present situation in the Carpathians, which seems to be a coordinate part of the German offense in the north.

The Russian attack on the passes seems to be, temporarily at least, checked. The Czar's troops appear to hold Dukla and Lupkow Passes. Possibly Rostock Pass is also in their possession. This pass, to which reference is frequently made, is between Lupkow and Uzsok. It is twenty miles west of Uzsok, thirteen miles east of Lupkow, and six miles south of Cisna. The town Orosz Ruszka is directly in Rostock Pass. It is of minor importance, however, as it is nothing more than a wagon road through the mountains. But Uzsok, the most important of all the passes in the East Beskids, is still held by the Austro-German forces, in spite of Russia's heavy and continuous attacks. Russia must take this pass in order to be able to invade Hungary.

This is appreciated by both Russia and the Germanic allies. And not only that. To withdraw now after eighty days of the hardest fighting of the war, fighting into which Russia has thrown every available resource, would be the most serious setback the Triple Entente could have at the present time. It would not only completely nullify the military advantage of the capture of Przemysl, but would vastly heighten the morale of Germany, and, what is of much greater moment, of Austria, and would correspondingly lower the morale of Russia, would depress the Allies in the west, and would, for some time at least, negative any idea Italy and Rumania might have of entering the war on the side of the Allies.

Appreciating this, Russia, finding herself checked by the great influx of German and Austrian reinforcements, would naturally seek to add additional reinforcements, drawing from other parts of her line. The renewal of the German offensive against the Niemen line in the north, being coincidental with the check of the Russians in the south, naturally therefore would give rise to the supposition that the Germans are determined to put Russia in a position where no additions to the Carpathian forces can with safety be made at the expense of her northern line. A month ago it was Russia who was preventing, by an offensive move against East Prussia, German assistance from reaching Austria in the south. By this latest move Germany has completely reversed the situation.

GERMANY DEFENDS SINKING OF FALABA

Not 10 But 23 Minutes Given to Enter Boats, Says a Semi-Official Statement.

BERLIN, April 13, (via Amsterdam to London, April 14.)—A semi-official account of the sinking of the British steamer Falaba by a German submarine on March 28 was made public here today. It follows:

"On receiving the signal 'Stop, or I fire,' the Falaba steamed off and sent up rocket signals to summon help, and was only brought to a standstill after a chase of a quarter of an hour.

"Despite the danger of an attack from the steamer or from other vessels hurrying up, the submarine did not immediately fire, but signaled that the steamer must be abandoned within ten minutes. The men of the Falaba quickly entered the boats, although the launching took place in an unseamanlike manner. They failed to give assistance, which was possible, to passengers struggling in the water.

"From the time of the order to leave the ship until the torpedo was discharged not ten but twenty-three minutes elapsed, prior to which occurred the chase of the steamer, during which period time might have been used to get the boats ready.

"The torpedo was fired only when the approach of suspicious looking vessels, from which an attack was to be expected, compelled the commander of the submarine to take quick action. When the torpedo was discharged nobody was seen on board the ship except the Captain, who bravely stuck to his post.

"Afterward some persons became visible who were busy about a boat.

"Of the crew of the submarine, the only ones on deck were those serving the cannon or those necessary for signaling. It was impossible for them to engage in rescue work, because the submarine could not take on passengers.

"Every word is superfluous in defending our men against malignant accusations. At the judicial proceedings in England no witness dared raise accusations. It is untrue that at any time the submarine displayed the English flag. The submarine throughout the affair showed as much consideration for the Falaba as was compatible with safety."

SOLDIERS LOST ON FALABA.

Officers Were Going to Join Expedition Against German Colony.

Private advices were received here yesterday from London to the effect that among the 111 persons who lost their lives by the sinking of the British steamer Falaba were a number of British Army officers. From the same source it was learned that Great Britain was preparing for an expedition against the German colony of Kamerun, Western Africa.

This information was contained in a statement issued in London by the Elder Dempster Company, owner of the Falaba, shortly after the vessel was sunk by a German submarine in St. George's Channel on March 28. The statement says that "some military officers" went down with the Falaba, and that the liner had among her passengers "some thirty officers going to join an expedition against Kamerun, and seventy colonial officers."

HALIFAX, April 13.—Help for the passengers of the British steamer Falaba, more than 100 of whom lost their lives after the vessel was torpedoed in St. George's Channel on March 28, was turned away by a warning sent out by wireless that German underwater craft were prowling about, according to officers of the Allan Line steamer Pomeranian, which arrived from Glasgow today.

The Pomeranian was only ten miles from the Falaba when she picked up the S O S calls sent out by the stricken craft, but a moment later was warned that German submarines were in the vicinity, and fled from the danger zone to escape the Falaba's fate.

It was only today that the officers of the steamer learned that lives were lost on the torpedoed ship. They expressed surprise, because, they said, her wireless calls for help were brief and were not, apparently, insistent.

The Pomeranian's voyage was prolonged by damage to a propeller.

GORGAS WOULD NEED FREE HAND IN SERBIA

Success Depends on How Much Authority Government Would Give, Says American Worker.

FOR 'SANITARY REVOLUTION'

Otherwise Half of Population and Greater Part of Austrian Prisoners Will Perish.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—The report that Surgeon General Gorgas of the United States Army will lead the Rockefeller Foundation expedition to combat the typhus epidemic in Serbia, attracted much attention here. The Manchester Guardian editorially said that if General Gorgas maintained his past record this American should be of more value to Serbia than any man could be at this moment and other papers equally warmly commend the appointment.

General Gorgas's task, according to Wilbert C. Davison of New York, a Rhodes scholar on the medical side at Oxford, who has just returned from Serbia, where he worked on the American relief expedition, will depend for its success simply upon the question whether he is invested with sufficient authority by the Serbian Government.

"Only ability and authority," said Mr. Davison, "are required to clean up Serbia and arrest the epidemic which otherwise will carry off half the population of the country, not to speak of the Austrian prisoners of war. General Gorgas or whoever undertakes the task will need to have plenary powers.

"Only a complete sanitary revolution can avail. Wells will have to be stopped up, houses torn down, and towns and villages thoroughly cleansed. Insanitary conditions are indescribable. Good drinking water can be got from mountains, but it is brought in water carts which go uncleaned for years.

"Sir William Osler estimated that among doctors in the Irish typhus epidemic 50 per cent. contracted the disease; in Serbia the proportion is likely to be much greater. The American expedition lost two men—Dr. Donnelly at Jevigelya and Dr. Cook at Valjevo, and three others were sick when I left Serbia at Jevigelya, and Dr. Cookingham and Dr. Nesbit at Valjevo were also down.

"Between 40 and 50 per cent. of the cases were proving fatal, and unless practically the whole people can be got out of their present unsanitary surroundings and got under canvas, given fresh air, and otherwise thoroughly cleaned up the estimate made by Dr. Ryan, the American doctor at Belgrade, that half the population would die will probably prove correct.

"Austrian prisoners are suffering worse even than the Serbians. At Nish I walked among Austrian prisoners, sleeping on the bare ground. One of them said to me: 'I surrendered because I thought I'd be better off as a prisoner than fighting the Russians, but I didn't know what I was going to find here.' In another place I found sixty-five Austrians herded in a single room.

"Serbia had at one time 45,000 to 50,000 prisoners of war; she hasn't so many now. At Kinshevatz we lost 200 a day; at Nish, sixty a day; the rate was higher at Valjevo. In some places the Austrians have hospitals of their own, but the difficulties of adequate treatment are immense.

"In one I found one orderly for forty patients. 'Why not more?' I asked. 'We did have more,' I was told, 'but they're dead.' Neither the Serbian nor Austrian doctors believe in the treatment of typus by baths which we Americans gave to keep the temperature down, with good results."

Mr. Davison predicted that the outbreak of cholera was more than a likely possibility when warm weather came. Conditions of filth in Serbia were incredible, and drastic measures such as General Gorgas could only have recourse to if he had unlimited authority were, in his opinion, the only way of coping with the epidemic.

SAILINGS FOR WAR ZONE.

Two More Grain Cargoes Shipped from Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—The following ships left this port today for the war zone:

The Levenwood, British, for St. Nazairre, with a cargo of grain.

The Baldersby, British, for St. Nazairre, with a cargo of grain.

Issues Bills for $75,000,000.

LONDON, April 13.—Another £15,000,000 ($75,000,000) of six months Treasury bills were placed today at the rate of 3¾ per cent. Tenders at £98 2s. 4d. received 78 per cent. of their applications. Tenders above this amount were paid in full.

REPLY TO BERNSTORFF WILL BE POINTED

Likely to Discuss Way His Note Was Made Public as Well as the Matter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Great care is being used in the preparation of the American reply to the memorandum presented by Count von Bernstorff, complaining of the attitude of the United States in regard to neutrality. When asked today about the matter, President Wilson would say nothing except that the State Department was at work on the document.

It is thought that not only the body of the note presented by von Bernstorff, but the manner of its publication may be discussed in a pointed way in the American reply. The publication of the memorandum by the embassy and the giving out in advance of publication of a detailed summary of its contents have been explained on the ground that the memorandum was simply an aide memoir of a conversation between the Ambassador and an official of the State Department.

It was learned today, however, that the memorandum did not refer to a conversation, and was to that extent original. The memorandum, as received at the State Department, was undated, unsigned, and unaddressed, being inclosed, in the form published in the press, in a short note.

Officials of the embassy state that the memorandum conforms to instructions from the German Foreign Office, but it is not said specifically that its language was framed in Berlin. But nothing in the memorandum or the inclosing note suggests such instructions, and the American reply will probably make some inquiries on this point.

Officials at the German Embassy have sought to justify the publication of the Ambassador's memorandum on the ground that the State Department made public in somewhat the same way the text of its reply to the German war zone proclamation. This is stated to be incorrect. The German Government made public its own communication as to the war zone. When the State Department replied a copy of the document was given in confidence to the German Ambassador, and he was asked whether he would object to its publication. No objection was offered and the text of the reply was made public.

"Will the American reply be made public when completed?" an official of the State Department was asked this afternoon.

"Perhaps," answered the official, with a little smile. "We shall wish to inquire if the German Government has any objection to its publication."

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, who was in New York yesterday, stated previous to his departure for Washington that the memorandum recently handed to the State Department by the German Embassy was not simply an expression of his own personal views.

"The communication was, of course, delivered by order of my Government," said the Ambassador, "and it simply expressed the opinion of the German Government and the opinion prevalent in the German nation. I was no more responsible for this communication than to act as the messenger who delivered it. The status of the communication is in no way changed by the fact of its having been delivered as a memorandum of the embassy."

APPLAUDS OUR RESENTMENT.

London Times Not Surprised at Reception of Bernstorff Note.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—Commenting on Count von Bernstorff's memorandum to the United States Government, The Times says:

"This latest example of German methods has stung the self-respect of the American people.

"Englishmen who understand the temper of their American kindred better than do the Germans cannot affect surprise at this display of indignation and resentment. It was not for them to speak until Americans had spoken, but we may now say that they would have been astonished had men of their own blood and with their own traditions submitted tamely to the unprecedented treatment which the German Ambassador has thought good enough for the Republic."

"Count von Bernstorff has silenced the 'poor Germany' argument so skillfully and so laboriously machined by Dernburg.

"We doubt whether the comments of Cardinal Gibbons upon the papal utterances to the German-American 'interviewer' or the eager haste of Archbishop Moller of Cincinnati to declare that the first step toward peace should be to forbid the export of munitions of war will do anything but strengthen the existing suspicion that the 'interview' itself was the result of a Teutonic intrigue."

WON'T HELP GERMANY'S CASE.

Bernstorff Note, Paris Temps Thinks, Will Affect Americans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 13.—Discussing the American anger over the recent German note as revealed by quotations it makes from newspapers of the United States, the Temps suggests that this result is hardly conducive to a favorable reception by America of the alleged German proposals. It regards Count von Bernstorff's course as the one more proof of German "arrogance" and ignorance of the sentiments of other nations.

Referring to the talk of Colonel E. M. House's having a mission to pave the way for mediation, the Temps says:

"Had Mr. House consulted the allied representatives he would have got the impression that neither France, England, nor Russia was inclined to accept any one's good offices to end a war which they had done their utmost to avoid, but now intended to continue until the complete defeat of the aggressors.

"Viviani's words yesterday reiterated our determination. Germany's behavior toward America will help Americans to appreciate his sentiments, now that they have had an example of German contempt for the independence of free peoples.

"Once for all, let the pacifists understand that their hopes and efforts are vain. Peace is impossible until our victory is complete. Viviani spoke not only for France, but also expressed for the Allies their invincible determination."

The majority of Paris newspapers print extracts from The New York World interview with the Pope, nearly all describing the correspondent as a German official press agent and instancing previous interviews.

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The new diamond-weave tartans, plaids or stripes, light, medium or dark.

One, two or three button models, and coats fastening with a link.

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Every Suit silk-lined and made by the famous Saks Tailoring Organization, the surest guarantee of quality and workmanship in New York. **Fifth Floor**

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Fancy and plain Neckwear of the high Saks standard. Reduced from several higher prices.

Poplins, Crepes, Grenadines, Repps and Armures,

in both neat and striking designs, figures and stripes. A wide range of colors,

also a fine assortment of our regular stock 50c to 55c scarfs reduced to 35c

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a very special price

Plain white crepe trimmed with blue, tan or gray. Also beautiful soft, mercerized cotton fabrics or mercerized linene in stripes. Reinforced seams, silk loops, and the best of buttons.

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Soft or Derby, $3.00

Mallory Hats, being Cravenetted by the process of the famous Priestley, have longer life than the average Hat. A little rain will often seriously affect an ordinary Hat, especially a Derby, while a thorough wetting may mean complete ruination. *Not so with a Mallory.*

The Spring styles in both Soft Hats and Derbies are all here. Shapes, proportions of crown and brim, and colors to meet all requirements. **Main Floor.**

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Thread Silk Hose, double sole, heel and toe; black, white, Palm Beach and gray; an unusually good quality; satisfactory wear guaranteed.

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Thread Silk Hose, ingrain dyed; made with new high-spliced heel; double soles and toes; black, white, tan, suede, light gray, navy, Palm Beach, green and purple.

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The Weber and Heilbroner "Special" Thread Silk Hose; new high-spliced heel, double soles and toes; black, white and 8 plain colors; recommended for exceptional wear as well as appearance.

$1.00 a Pair

French Lisle Hose—as fine as silk in weave, and of that light, sturdy quality which gives desirable sheerness without loss of strength; in fashionable French shades, clocked in contrasting colors.

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"Cardinal," Kolozsvary	35.00
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FINDS THE BRITISH CALMLY CONFIDENT

Mr. Grasty Thinks Part of the Calm Is Due to Suppression of News.

WAR "FOUGHT IN THE DARK"

Censorship Lets Butchery Be Known, but Forbids Inspiring Recitals of Bravery.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY,
Formerly Editor of The Baltimore Sun.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 2.—The first impressions of an American arriving in England in war times cannot be taken too seriously. When I disembarked from the New York the other day, however, I was immediately struck by the same thing that had impressed me six months ago—the placidity of everybody. In July and August last Summer I was staying at a hotel at St. Andrews in Scotland. Among the fifty or more guests I was the only American—and I was the only person who got at all excited over the situation.

After six or eight months I found the same ox-eyed placidity. There are at least two explanations—one internal and temperamental, the other arising from external conditions. The English are not an excitable people. They pride themselves on their restraint and reserve, and with reason. Their temperament is not one of expression or of art. But there is something very fine about it. At its best the British reserve touches the stars. Certainly nothing could have reached a nobler height than the example of it that Capt. Oates gave when he bade his comrades a casual good morning as one going out for a stroll. He was going out of sight to die where it would not distress his freezing tentmates. Akin to that impulse was the one which brought "Tipperary" to the lips of the men of the Hogue as they sank in the cruel North Sea.

So these shy people, hating a row or a scene, though deep in their feeling, go on giving the impression of not caring. That is the explanation furnished by temperament. The other reason is objective and external. The big public has not yet grasped the realities of the almost unthinkable cataclysm. They do not know because the censorship doesn't let them know. The clock of progress, in the all-important matter of publicity, has been turned back from 1915 to 1457. But that is another story.

⁂

London at night was not so gruesome as I expected to find it. It is about as light, thanks to illumination masked on top, so as to keep it dark to the Zeppelins, as the average small town in Pennsylvania or Kansas. With the coming of day the streets seemed to have the usual crowds. The effect here is remarkably small when it is considered that there are now 3,000,000 Englishmen in khaki. The return to almost normal conditions as compared with proximate paralysis in September is thus explained: At first the injunction, "Stop, look, listen," was universally put into effect. Nobody spent a penny unnecessarily. Presently it was realized that the world hadn't come to an end after all. Later it was found that incomes were pretty much the same. Then things righted themselves all around. London in many ways is going on pretty much as usual. I have had occasion personally to ascertain that apartments (they are called flats over here if the rooms are all on the same floor) are scarcer and dearer than a year ago, that furniture has gone up, that dressmakers are busy, and that drygoods shops are crowded. Attendance at the theatres is picking up. In no quarter have I run across any real pinch as of dire poverty and suffering as a result of war.

⁂

I have tried to get at the common impression as to the effect of the war on living and business. Expert and scientific authority is divided. The next best thing is "the spirit of the hive." The papers are telling people all the time that there will be a terrible bill to pay, but that view has not sunk in as yet. A friend of mine here who, while he is not a professional economist, is well informed, thus sizes it up:

"Assuming that the Allies will eventually win and leaving out of the calculation any financial equivalent for human lives lost in action, England will be no worse off for the war. It will cost £700,000,000 to August, yes; but that is the amount of England's surplus of earnings and income for four months. We shall lose our German market. Against that credit us with a portion of the world market hitherto served by Germany.

"The poor? Why, they are better off than before. Take the wife of the private. Let us say that she has three children. The Government allows her twenty-three shillings a week. She gets about four from the husband, making, say, twenty-seven shillings. For practical purposes that would be equal to forty shillings if the husband had to be taken care of. Now, that is much better than being on a peace basis, especially when one remembers that war has solved temporarily the problem of unemployment.

"The burden will fall where it can best be borne. Capital after the war must content itself with a smaller profit, owing to increased taxes and the greater demands of labor growing out of habits of comparative extravagance based on war income."

⁂

The opinion about prosperity in America is all one way among people I have met. They think that the theories of Adam Smith will be overturned by the new data of this war, and that the offsets and compensations for destruction of wealth in Europe will more than make the United States even. The only two per contras that I have heard have been as to the labor question and railroad rates. We may get the same demand that will be made in England for a larger share in the joint production of labor and capital; and as to the railroad question, the best thought here is that the 5 per cent. increase recently granted is only a beginning in what will be required to make existing railroad investment as a whole profitable and safe and future investment attractive to private capital.

⁂

The apparent apathy and indifference among the great middle class of England, in so far as they are a mere outward manifestation, I have attributed to the British temperament. It cannot be denied, however, that there exists something more concrete than reserve of manner, and that something is due to ignorance. The common people of England are but vaguely aware of the deeply serious nature of the war. The English-speaking race has never been overnice in respecting the rights of others in territory where they stood in the way of empire, but the tradition of truth telling has been deeply embedded in the British mind. And that has been the saving grace of Britain. Of the Britisher, as of Jim Bludsoe, it may be said that his faults have been many and grievous, but—

He never funked and he never lied;
I reckon he never knowed how.

The tradition of truth at any cost has been thrown overboard in this war. In the Boer war the power and privileges of publicity were pretty flagrantly abused by the press. The Generals couldn't fight for the pushing and shoving of the "pressmen" who crowded at their elbows and looked over their shoulders. Everything was exploited beyond measure in the papers, and undoubtedly an enormous amount of injury was done. When Lord Kitchener took charge of the present war he remembered all that and laid down as Rule 1 that this should be a Generals', and not an editors and correspondents', war.

⁂

To the grim, and perhaps somewhat undiscriminating, policy of suppression adopted by Lord Kitchener there was joined another influence, long lying in wait for a chance at the much-despised press. There are in Parliament and elsewhere in and out of England a number of people who think themselves super-journalists. The representatives of this large class, whose superiority consists largely in their own ignorance, rushed to the fore to squelch newspaper management as constituted and substitute a better article.

It is probable that there would have been a saner solution of the whole problem of how to keep the public properly advised without spoiling strategy and tactics, but for the ridiculous breakdown of the superior beings, who, under protection of the censorship, first put into practice the counsels of perfection in respect to journalism. The whole business was so amateurish and unreliable that the Government fell back on a brutal and wholesale suppression. Only recently has it seemed to occur to those in authority that there were consequences even more grave than the betraying of campaign plans to the enemy involved in such suppression as has been forced on the press and public of England. Such measures, if persisted in, would undermine the traditions, the institutions, the very character, of the people.

Meanwhile the greatest war in history is being fought in the dark. There is the butchery, but not the inspiration. A Gettysburg comes off once a week, but nobody knows about it. A London date line no longer means reliable news to the whole world, but takes its chance beside Paris and Petrograd in the common disbelief. And the British masses have not yet been brought up standing by the naked, terrible, and glorious truth from Flanders. Whenever the men who know how to describe battles and write war history are put to work and the essential facts are published day by day, British spirit will leap up like a flame.

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One of the finest things in the whole war has been the spirit of France. If she was tarnished in 1870, surely she has been washed clean in 1915. Best of all is her ability, shining in its contrast to what has been fastened on England by the censorship, to stand up and look the truth in the face. Under the humiliations of 1870 she flinched. In the Dreyfus affair she bent to the temptations of military "glory" as against truth and justice. But no one can read what Joffre dares to say without feeling that the old France has come back. "Mons lost by ill luck? No! By English mistakes? Again, no! By what, then! By French blunders—blunders of command. Wornout Generals failed to grip the opportunity. They were my best friends, many of them, but I have kicked them out, and now younger, liver men are running things." It's fine to hear such talk from the French General in command.

And then the devotion of the French people! True, there is in it that always dangerous emotional quality, but the French have risen to the occasion like the great people they are.

⁂

From a well-informed quarter I have it that the ablest commander developed in this war is the French General with a German name, Foch. It hasn't been emphasized in England that Foch is in general command of the northern armies, including the English forces. It is believed in Paris that when the Allies get well stocked up with munitions there will be some artillery initiative on a tremendous scale—days and days of it until something breaks.

⁂

Constantinople may have fallen by the time this letter is published, but in the best circles here there is considerable anxiety lest a brand new start may have to be made. The fleet has "bitten granite" in the attempt quickly to reduce fortifications that probably consist of modern guns in sheltered places, many of them movable. It may take land forces in very large numbers to do the trick. The Allies have put a good many eggs in one basket out there.

⁂

The action of Greece has been a great disappointment here. There is thought to be a woman in the case. The Queen of Greece is a sister of the Kaiser and a loyal Hohenzollern. She has probably been telling a none too masterful King what he thought.

⁂

Whatever may be the economic effect of the war in cold dollars and cents, it will make a tremendous deficiency of males. The scientific experts are already discussing ways and means of repairing it. They hold, with every show of expertness, that Nature will come to the front with an excess of male births, that love and marriage will have an extensive boom, and that large families will come back into fashion. And there seems to be general agreement that the war will upbuild the emotional and spiritual side of human nature and bring people back to religion.

PICK MUNITIONS COMMITTEE

Lloyd George to Head Board to Organize England's Output.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—The Times says this morning:

"An important step has at last been taken by the Government toward the solution of the supreme problem of the moment—the organization of the national output of munitions of war. A strong committee has been appointed, with full power to deal with the question. It is to be representative of not merely one department, but of the Treasury, Admiralty, War Office, and Board of Trade, in short, of the whole Government, with all its resources and authority.

"The Chancellor of the Exchequer is to be Chairman, and the first meeting will be held today.

"The work before the committee is nothing less than the organization of the whole resources of the nation for the production of materials of war. Hitherto, in spite of many warnings and some half-hearted attempts at organization, there has been no central coordinated authority.

"It is an open secret that it was during Lloyd George's visit to France at the beginning of the year that he first appreciated the scientific organization of labor, which our Allies had already achieved. Not content with utilizing and extending the existing armament plant, the French have long since diverted several temporarily irrelevant industries to the main business of waging war."

With reference to the drink problem The Times says:

"While the Government is apparently considering the expropriation of all the licensed houses in the kingdom, this far-reaching proposal has not at present gone beyond the stage of inquiry and consultation, and it is tolerably certain that it will go no further unless it is assured of no serious opposition in the country.

"The parliamentary opposition, the leaders of which have been consulted in a general way, are believed to stand by the principle which they followed since the war began, namely: They are not prepared to quarrel with any measure which the Government regards as necessary for the active prosecution of the war so long as no injustice is done to established interests."

PREPARE TO FIGHT RIGGS BANK SUIT

Continued from Page 1.

Controller's criticisms with reference to loans made to officers of the bank, and, in one instance, accuses Mr. Williams of a "gross perversion of the truth."

Controller Williams explained tonight that Mr. Brandeis actually was retained in February following a conference between Secretary McAdoo and Attorney General Gregory. At that conference it was agreed that the Department of Justice should engage Mr. Brandeis in the event of litigation with the bank, then in contemplation. Mr. Brandeis at once went to work under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury and has been employed on the Riggs case since. He did not formally become associated with the Department of Justice until his arrival in Washington this morning.

Both the attorneys for the bank and the Controller asserted that they were fully prepared to thrash out the questions at issue in the hearing on Friday. On both sides a determination was expressed to push the case to completion as soon as possible and to oppose delays. If the Controller does not take the stand for the department he will be called by lawyers for the Riggs Bank as a hostile witness in order to permit them to subject him to a grilling examination.

Mr. Williams would not make any answer to the statement issued by the bank this evening. He said he was willing to rest his case on what he already had said.

Both from representatives of the bank and the Treasury Department it was learned that developments more sensational than any yet may be expected when the suit comes to trial. The names of several Government officials connected with previous Administrations may be brought into the case. Hints were given tonight that allegations of a criminal nature would be made.

Following is the statement issued tonight by the Riggs Bank:

Gregory Quoted Against Williams

"The Controller's remarkable statement handed to the press last night begins with a falsehood, according to the assertion made by the Attorney General today and reported in the afternoon papers. With a view to creating the impression that the methods of the Riggs National Bank were regarded as worthy of legal action, not alone by himself, but by the Department of Justice as well, Mr. Williams said in his statement:

"'The recent investigations of the Riggs National Bank disclosed irregularities and unlawful practices on the part of certain officers of sufficient importance to merit their reference to the Department of Justice, and that department engaged the services of Louis D. Brandeis of Boston some weeks ago as special counsel in the case.'

"Attorney General Gregory stated at noon today that Mr. Brandeis had not been engaged by the Department of Justice. He said he had no objection to retaining Mr. Brandeis if it was desired by the Treasury officials, but that the statement that he had been engaged by the Department was incorrect. Mr. Gregory added that he had understood that the Treasury officials had been consulting Mr. Brandeis, but that his department had had nothing to do with that.

"In the Controller's next paragraph he characterizes as 'temerity' the course of the bank in appealing to a court of justice for protection against this unlawful exercise of his authority, which is typical of the entire personal and official attitude of Mr. Williams. The Controller declares that the bank is solvent, but no one can read the balance of his statement without knowing that he would never have made that admission except for the fact that the bank is so absolutely solvent that the ingenuity of malice could not suggest otherwise. But he attempts to take credit for this satisfactory condition of the bank and for the safeguarding of its depositors by saying that, if the methods and practices complained of had been permitted to continue, the results would have been serious. All this he says in face of the withdrawal of hundreds of thousands of dollars of public and other deposits affected by and through him through the Summer and Autumn of 1914, at a time when financial conditions were exceedingly uncertain in this country because of the great war in Europe.

"And he claims this credit in face of the fact that, although early in the controversy he was requested, first by the Directors of the bank and then by the attorney of the bank, to specify the practices to which he objected, he persistently refused or failed to do so, responding to such a formal request by the Board of Directors. 'Your artless inquiry is understood and appreciated,' and making no response whatever to the request of the attorney of the bank, transmitted through the National Bank Examiner.

Loans to Women Legitimate.

"The Controller complains that the bank is loaning more than $1,000,000 to women and adds that much of it is on highly speculative stocks. The truth is that the $1,000,000 loaned to women was secured by excellent collateral, with a value of about $2,000,000. Descending into particulars, we will say that, notwithstanding the fact that for nine months the Controller has been searching this bank for subjects of criticism and of possible legal action, and although he has on more than one occasion referred to these plans to women, he has ventured to criticise but one loan of that class, and the bank promptly reduced it on its books by charging off a portion of it, although the Controller did not so direct, and the collateral behind this loan today is worth 50 per cent. more than the amount at which the loan is carried on the books.

"The Controller does himself no credit and his Department no credit by criticising this bank because it has loaned to women. We can see no reason why a woman of sufficient credit or with ample credit should not receive accommodations at this bank; and the fact that such a large sum of money is loaned to women is due to a condition peculiar to the City of Washington, of which the Controller cannot possibly be ignorant, for we have heretofore advised him of it. There is perhaps no city of its size in the world where there are so many women with fortunes ranging from a moderate competence to the millions, who, both in law and in morals have a right to transact their own business and make their own contracts. They seldom request a loan without tendering ample collateral, and this bank is not only glad to accommodate them, but it cheerfully testifies that its losses on loans to women have been negligible.

"Another example of the Controller's effort to mislead the public can be found in his statement that the stock brokerage business which certain of the officers of the bank formerly conducted in their individual capacities has tempted young men and women to ruin in speculation. The Controller knows or at least ought to know that such a charge is utterly unfounded.

"The Controller's unjust and determined efforts to create a false impression regarding 'the policy and methods' of this bank are strikingly illustrated by his quotation from his letter of July 22, 1914, of his comments on a loan to a Washington business man and his omission to accompany those comments by the reply made by the bank on July 29, which was as follows:

Not Tempted to Buy Stock.

"'Your citation of the case of Mr. —— is characteristic of your methods through this entire correspondence. Mr. —— was neither tempted nor persuaded by any officer of this bank to buy the stock in question. On the contrary, he was advised against its purchase. The fact that his purchase turned out badly is a misfortune which he refused to contemplate and for which he alone is responsible. Your malice consists in this, that you are endeavoring to make the propriety of the business conducted in the manner stated in this correspondence by the officers of this bank depend upon the result of an investment voluntarily made by a customer of the bank. This criterion has never been applied, either in law or morals, even to the business of a broker, and it is apparent that you have for ulterior purposes of your own used Mr. ——'s case, not as an illustration, but as a fallacious and misleading argument.'

"A malicious representation in the Controller's statement to the public is his reference to a loan to the cashier. In order to create a general suspicion that the officers of the bank have been in the habit of borrowing money on speculative collateral, Mr. Williams selects one loan made to Henry H. Flather, cashier, and enumerates certain stocks which he describes as 'speculative.' The unfairness of his insinuations will become apparent when we explain that, in addition to the stocks named by the Controller, the loan was secured by other collateral, which he does not list, having a ready market value of more than $57,000.

"Likewise he criticises a loan to Vice President Flather because among the collateral by which that loan was secured were '415 shares of Greene-Cananea Copper stock.' The Controller omits to state that this loan was also secured by other collateral as follows: Seventy-six shares American Telephone and Telegraph stock, 130 shares Lanston Monotype stock, 118 shares American Security and Trust Company stock, and 185 shares Washington Railway and Electric Company preferred stock.

"If the Controller had been pursuing his investigations into the character of collateral along other lines than those by which loans to officers were secured he might have discovered in the collateral to a particular loan, otherwise well and adequately secured, $5,000 Georgia & Florida Railroad Company bonds of little or no market value, of which road he was formerly the President and which bonds he was instrumental in marketing.

"Gross Perversion of Truth."

"The fact is that the officers of this bank have never advised or encouraged any person, man or woman, young or old, to speculate in stocks or to buy stocks for investment, and the Controller's insinuation to the contrary is a gross perversion of the truth, of which no officer of the Government ought to be guilty with respect to any matter, and least of all should the Controller of the Currency be guilty of it for the purpose of injuring a bank in the public estimation.

"The brokerage business conducted by certain officers of the bank in their individual capacity, they holding seats on the Washington Stock Exchange was discontinued by these officers early in the Summer of 1914.

"There was no provision of the National Bank act forbidding an officer of a bank to act as a broker on a Stock Exchange, but a section of the Federal Reserve act possibly makes this course one of doubtful legality, and it was in anticipation of the putting of that act into full force and effect, which was done on Nov. 16, 1914, that officers of the bank, prior to July 28, 1914, discontinued the buying and selling of securities as brokers. It should be borne in mind that the Washington Stock Exchange has among its membership and has had for many years, many bank officers and Directors, and that prior to the going into effect of the Federal Reserve act on Nov. 16 last these officers and Directors had the lawful right to earn commissiones and to keep such commissions if they saw fit to do so. Those officers of the Riggs National Bank who owned or held seats on the Stock Exchange preferred to give to the Riggs National Bank their individual earnings, and did so. They had the right to do that, as, indeed, they had the right to keep them or dispose of them in any other manner.

"So, too, with respect to real estate commissions which these officers earned. They had the right as individuals to earn those commissions, to keep them, or otherwise dispose of them as they saw fit, and there was no law which questioned this right until the provisions in the Federal Reserve act to which reference is made as above. That they chose voluntarily to give their individual earnings in these two classes of business to the bank, rather than keep them for themselves, cannot be questioned in law, and certainly not from an ethical standpoint."

The Bank's Private Wire.

The statement was made tonight in behalf of the Riggs Bank that the private wire complained of by the Controller in his letters was discontinued by the bank when James B. Colgate & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, discontinued their Washington office, following the closing of the Exchange on July 31 last.

It was explained that a great many messages were sent to the Riggs Bank by the National City Bank, relating mostly to inquiries made to the National City Bank by its correspondents, who were desirous of knowing the amount of circulation to which they were entitled. The two banks considered the matter of installing a private telephone line, but were deterred by the expense involved. Thereupon Colgate & Co. offered to transmit as a courtesy any messages which the banks might want to send. To facilitate this interchange a loop was run from Colgate's Washington office into the Riggs Bank, and from the New York office into the National City Bank, and operators were placed in each bank.

BANKERS SLOW TO SPEAK.

Don't Want to Mix in Controversy—Criticise Treasury Anonymously.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—The ears of John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, should have burned today because of the comments passed by Philadelphia bankers on the clash between the Treasury Department and the Riggs National Bank of Washington. Bankers here in nearly all cases took the side of the Riggs National in the controversy, but they were careful not to allow themselves to be quoted. They said a-plenty, but they wanted it reported anonymously.

"I have no desire to get my fingers in the buzzsaw," the President of one bank said. "I am glad the Riggs National has called a halt on unnecessary inquisitions into banks' private records. I hope this action may bring the present Administration to its senses on the matter of bank regulation. But don't say I said it. It could be made too unpleasant for our bank, and I am not hunting trouble."

This was typical of the attitude of other bankers seen. It has been an open secret for a long time that bankers resented what they regarded as unnecessary burdens thrust upon them in the way of an extraordinary number of reports regarding all phases of their business in the last year or two. In some of the large banks the preparation of some of these reports called for a great deal of time and labor with resultant expense to the banks.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—The Baltimore financial district was in a furore today over the Riggs National Bank suit. Conflicting views of the matter are held by local bankers. None is willing to express an opinion for publication. Some say the Riggs Bank has occupied a favored position in Washington in the past in the way of receiving Government deposits and in special ways securing advance information of all bank matters. This, they hold, may have made this bank somewhat arbitrary in its course, and may have led it into practices which the present Administration cannot approve.

Other bankers say that the policy of the present Controller's office has been too inquisitorial. To some of the policies the banks here may have had a quiet resentment, but nothing has ever been openly said because so far as they were concerned the Controller kept within his proper functions in the discharge of his duties.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 13.—While Atlanta bankers refuse to speak for publication, they privately state that they think the Riggs bank has grounds for its action. The banks here and throughout Georgia have chafed for months under the methods of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Controller of the Currency. They have bitterly resented the tone adopted by these officials in their communications to the banks. The feeling against Secretary McAdoo is sharper than that against Controller Williams. The banks feel that they have been reflected upon in many statements which the Secretary has given to the press. While they feel this way, the bankers refuse to be quoted.

"It would only result in trouble for us," they say.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Chicago bankers generally decline to be interviewed on the Riggs bank suit. Nevertheless, there is apparent a deep undercurrent of feeling against the Treasury heads, irrespective of politics.

The heads of the big banks of Chicago at no time have been cordial to Mr. McAdoo, or sympathetic with his policies.

"While I do not care to enter into the pros and cons of the Riggs Bank matter," said one prominent banker, "it is quite conceivable that, with a hostile Controller of the Currency and a Secretary of the Treasury friendly to the Controller, it would be possible to wreck the biggest national bank in the country, irrespective of its condition or soundness."

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, April 13.—Cleveland bankers tonight branded as unfounded reports that national bankers throughout the country believed that they had been unfairly dealt with by Treasury officials at Washington in the use of inquisitorial methods to obtain from banks their intimate records.

"The charges are wholly unfounded in so far as the Cleveland National Bank is concerned," said President Frank W. Wardwell.

"I have heard no criticism of the conduct of Treasury officials and I do not concur in the allegation," said John Sherwin, President of the First National Bank.

George H. Worthington, President of the Union National Bank, said he had no cause to criticise the Treasury Department, either had he heard of criticism in Cleveland banking circles.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 13.—Boston bankers are not willing to discuss the Riggs bank suit. Many were seen tonight, but not one would express himself.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., April 13.—Several officers of the national banks in Richmond were questioned tonight relative to the suit of the Riggs bank, but they declined to express their views.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 13.—Bankers here refuse to discuss the Riggs bank suit, saying it is no concern of theirs.

RIGGS ASKS MORAL SUPPORT.

It's Their Fight, National Banks Are Told in Circular Letter.

The Riggs National Bank of Washington has sent to each of the national banks of this city, and presumably to each of the 7,500 national banks of the country, a letter appealing for moral support in the contest against Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Controller Williams. The letter was received here yesterday morning, together with a pamphlet containing the charges upon which the bank's action is based.

"The Riggs National Bank," said the letter, "is making this fight for every national bank in the country. It is an attempt to defeat the gross usurpation of authority by the Controller, and if successful will establish a precedent and barrier that will serve as a permanent protection to the banks in the future. If, on the other hand, the bank is defeated in the courts, which it does not anticipate, or if by means of the prestige and power of the Controller's office its business can be materially diminished, the occupant of that position will be able to exercise despotic power in the future.

"In this connection, it is worthy of note that in his first and only report the present Controller of the Currency prayed Congress to confer on him the authority to remove, at his discretion, any officer of a national bank, and, without trial or judicial procedure, to fine personally any officer of a national bank who disobeyed any regulation of the office of the Controller of the Currency.

"Under the circumstances, the bank feels that it has a fair claim upon all bankers, and particularly members of the national system, for their confidence, indorsement, and moral support."

The letter outlined briefly the chief contentions of the allegations made against the Controller, reciting, among other matters, the withdrawal of about $1,200,000 Government and quasi-Government deposits from the Riggs National, and adds:

"Notwithstanding the withdrawal of public deposits and the fact, currently known, that the administration of the Treasury Department was hostile to this bank, a fact which might be expected to have considerable influence in this city and locality, the other deposits of the bank have increased, and are larger now than they were when the Controller instituted his attacks."

Bankers who received the letter declined to comment on it. In fact, in national banks there was little said about the step taken by the Riggs National, although it was evident that the bankers were pleased.

"The difficulties between the Treasury Department and the banks," said a leading officer of one institution, "had to come to a head some time. The friction was becoming unbearable. The Riggs National acted independently in bringing its suit, for it had borne by far a greater burden of the Controller's nagging than had banks further away from Washington. But we have all had much work and unnecessary detail forced upon us, and it will be a relief to have a 'showdown.'"

At the National City Bank it was said, as on the preceding day, that there was absolutely no connection between the National City and the Riggs National, and that the former was not interested in the court action in any other way than the thousands of other national banks throughout the country. A current story that a relationship existed between the banks through the ownership of Riggs National stock by National City interests was denied. It was said that close business relations existed between the two institutions, as was well known, as the Riggs acted as correspondent for the National City in Washington, while the National City stood in the same capacity in New York for the Riggs National.

Prior to 1911 a large block of Riggs National Bank stock was held by the National City Company, a concern that was an adjunct of the bank, but when the City Company disposed of its bank stock holdings that year the Riggs shares were disposed of. Selling of the bank stocks was caused by sentiment that went abroad at the time against a bank holding an interest in other banks in any form. It was supposed when the sale occurred that the leading stockholders of the National City Bank had bought the Riggs stock, but this was not verified. City Bank officials declined to talk yesterday about the disposition of the shares of the Washington institution.

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Municipal Civil Service Commission

BEVERIDGE SAYS U. S. WILL LOSE BY WAR

Tells Sphinx Club Democracy Is Making Tremendous Advances in Europe.

TOO MATERIALISTIC HERE

Ex-Senator Declares It a People's, Not a Rulers', War, and That Socialism Is Striding On.

Ex-Senator Albert J. Beveridge, in talking upon the European war as he found it in personal trips along the German and French battle fronts, told members of the Sphinx Club at a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel last night that the United States may easily come off the worst loser by the war. He told of a personal meeting with the Kaiser, and detailed many conversations with leaders on both sides. He said he ate dinner on one occasion with a German commander at the front, and then dined a little later with the French commander whose army was facing that of his first host.

"We are too sordid and material," he said, "in looking upon the situation. I went to Germany, and then to France, with the ideas that we Americans pick up from our newspapers. They were all wrong ideas. My experience over there was simply a case of dropping one preconception after another. When I tell you that we may come off the worst loser by this war, I do not give you my own opinion merely. Some of the soundest thinkers in Europe expressed that same idea to me.

"Well, I hurried over there because I was sure the war would end before April. In Poland I reached a battle line and saw just one little segment of a battle. On the side I was with were 300 guns and 120,000 men, and on the other side were 200,000 men and 200 guns. That was just a little segment. If you rolled up all the battles of Napoleon into one and added to the pile all the battles of Caesar and of Alexander you wouldn't get nearly so big a conflict as this war has made up to this time.

"And this is why America stands to lose by the great conflict: We are not rising as are the people in every country there, to a sense of business as a way to make a living, and then of accomplishments, in this living, that are much greater than business.

"It is a foolish and a fake cry that this is a rulers' war. It is a war of peoples. I tried everywhere to find Socialists who were against the war, but they were all for it, and of 1,500,000 workmen in Germany who were Socialists there were practically 1,500,000 volunteers to serve. But in spite of this the great gain of the war in Europe, whoever wins and however the issues come out, will be the tremendous advance of democracy. The advance, in fact, has already come. It has come so quickly and has extended so far that the United States today even may be trailing in the rear as the most sordid and reactionary Christian nation in the world, and these advances in Europe have come to stay in most cases.

"For instance, there was not a banker in England who would express to me an idea that the railroads would ever go back to private ownership. The private owners would not use them for all the people—for exactly the national welfare. So Parliament passed the greatest and most significant law in all of its history on March 10.

"The sewing machine maker in England would not obey the King's order to turn to making guns. And the Parliament confiscated his factory, and it orders him now to make guns, or to mind any kind of business it wishes him for the nation's welfare.

"I attended a great meeting of workmen the day after the Commandeering bill was passed. They were demanding that the food supply be confiscated by the Government also, because this was no time for one part of the population to live upon the other parts, exploiting them. The workmen said that raising prices meant private profits that represented a brutal individualism. And their point of view gained sympathy on all sides.

"The nation said that the most precious asset of the Commonwealth was the new born babe, and so they decided to protect the working mother, for four weeks before the expected birth of a child and for four weeks afterward.

"Here is the wonderful miracle in Germany and in France: No man or woman is thinking of himself or herself, or even of his or her family. One and all the people are thinking of how they can serve the State or help the soldiers at the front. All the sermons ever preached on peace from the pulpits have done less than this war has to produce a spirit of self-sacrifice or devotion to the common cause.

"And in this country our best men have almost forgotten patriotism in the quest for business advantage. Every idea I went to Europe with was knocked out of me. The war will not end soon. The people in every country are devoted to it, and in their devotions have built up machines to do work, the like of which were never seen in times of peace. Why, in the Poland campaign of the Germans I found more men than are employed on the pay rolls of New York City, just finding out where the good roads lay and advising the commanding General over what routes he could best direct his heavy wagons and artillery.

George W. Perkins, who introduced Mr. Beveridge, said his failure to be re-elected to the Senate was "a national calamity, because Mr. Beveridge realized so keenly the folly of continuing to keep in force the Sherman law in an era when every natural tendency cried out for a co-operative spirit in industry."

Mr. Perkins appealed to the business men of America to band together to "seize from the politicians the power to make political revisions of the tariff every four years and to thwart the course of co-operation in business by the Sherman law."

ASK $61,000 OF H. S. HARPER

Executors of His Father's Estate Sue for Balance Due on Note.

What was said to be a friendly suit was started yesterday in the Supreme Court by the executors of the estate of Joseph W. Harper, for many years head of the publishing firm of Harper & Brothers, against Mr. Harper's son, Henry Sleeper Harper, for $61,452 said to be due on a note. The answer of the defendant accompanied the complaint. Justice Hendrick appointed George C. Holt as a referee in the proceeding.

The bond was originally for $148,000 and represented half of Joseph W. Harper's interest in the firm when it was reorganized in 1894. The defendant said his father was anxious he should have an equal share in the business so that it might run along under its old name. His father was ill and wanted to shift some of the burdens of the business to younger shoulders. To carry out his desire the bond was drawn and signed by the defendant, who said he received nothing in return for it. The defendant's share of the business was used to pay off the note and it was gradually reduced to the sum sued for. In his answer the defendant said:

> Relying upon the statements and the representations made by Joseph W. Harper and in connection with the represented value of the said half interest in the said co-partnership, the defendant executed and delivered the bond. But at the time the bond was of no value to the defendant, as the said co-partnership was at the time and during its continuance insolvent. No value was given or received by the defendant for said bond.

Further on in his answer the defendant said:

> About the time of the execution of the bond referred to the said Joseph W. Harper was, on account of his age, bad health, and the precarious condition of the said co-partnership, desirous of withdrawing from the said co-partnership and avoiding thereby the obligation of paying and the liability to pay individually the large indebtedness of said co-partnership or any part thereof.

The plaintiffs also ask interest at the rate of 6 per cent., which brings the amount sued for to more than $100,000. Olin, Clark & Phelps are the attorneys for the executors, and Agar, Ely & Fulton represent the defendant.

The present Harper & Brothers is a corporation and is not involved in any way in the suit.

FRANCE TO PICTURE WAR.

Takes "Movies" of Operations for the World's Information.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 13.—In order that the world in general, and neutral countries in particular, may learn something of the work of the French Army, the French War Office is organizing an expedition of cinematograph operators throughout the whole French lines.

Many remarkable films already have been taken, and they will at once be multiplied and circulated. The demand for German war films in the United States and other neutral countries proves the great interest attaching to photographic reproductions of war.

CANADA'S LAST MAN PLEDGED TO ALLIES

No Time Now to Talk Peace, Declares Parliamentary Opposition Leader.

QUOTES LINCOLN FOR WAR

N. W. Rowell Stirs Dominion's Sons at Dinner Here—Quotes Germans' Hatred of Peace.

Newton Wesley Rowell, Leader of the Opposition of the Ontario Parliament, fired the members of the Canadian Club of New York last night with a ringing speech on "Britannic and Germanic Ideals of Empire—a Contrast," delivered at a club dinner in the Biltmore Hotel.

In contrasting the ideals of the two Governments, the speaker was often interrupted with applause, and when, in his peroration, he shouted that the Allies did not want peace now, that they did not want peace until "the oppression of Germany in Europe" had been ended, the diners rose and cheered for several minutes.

Mr. Rowell began his address by saying that the Germans and English differed fundamentally in their conception of the State, and to show the difference he quoted from Professor Hugo Münsterberg and other German authors. Attributed to Treitschke, he read this:

"States do not arise out of the people's sovereignty, but they are created against the will of the people; also, "It will always redound to the glory of Machiavelli that he has placed the State on a solid foundation and he has freed the State and its morality from the moral precepts taught by the Church, but especially because he has been the first to teach that the State is power.

Von Bülow, as quoted by Mr. Rowell, said:

"The Social-Democratic movement is the antithesis of the Prussian State," and Bernhardi was quoted as saying: "Christian morality is personal and social in its nature and cannot be political."

"The Kaiser himself," Mr. Rowell said, "has given us his idea of the State. 'We Hohenzollerns,' he said 'take our Crown from God alone, and to God we are responsible in the fulfillment of our duty.'"

To show the German idea of war, he again quoted from German writers, his most striking citation being attributed by him to "one of the leaders of Young Germany, the Germany of the Crown Prince." The quotation, he said, was printed in 1913 in the official organ of "Young Germany," and read:

"War is the noblest and holiest expression of human activity. For us, too, the glad, great hour of battle will strike. Still and deep in the German heart must live the joy of battle and the longing for it. Let us ridicule to the utmost the old women in breeches who fear war and deplore it as cruel and revolting. No, war is beautiful. Its august solemnity elevates the human heart beyond the earthly and the common. In the cloud palace above sit the heroes, Frederick the Great and Blücher, and all of the men of action—the Great Emperor, Moltke, Roon, and Bismarck are there as well, but not the old women who would take away our joy in war.

"When here on earth a battle is won by German arms and the faithful dead ascend to heaven, a Potsdam lance corporal will call the guard to the door, and old 'Fritz,' springing from the golden throne, will give the command to present arms. This is the heaven of Young Germany."

Coming to the conclusion of his address, the speaker said:

"There is talk of peace now, and I do not wonder that the people of the world are sick of the horror of war. But wait before you ask for peace now.

"You are marking this week as the fiftieth anniversary of the assassination of your President, Abraham Lincoln. When that great man stood on the field at Gettysburg, did he ask the men before him for peace? No. He called upon them to take up their arms and renew the fight that government by the people and for the people might not perish from the earth.

"And so we say now, do not tell us to have peace. Tell us to take up our arms and finish the work we have undertaken. We do not want peace until we have driven back the power that has overun Belgium and is ruining France.

"So I bring you this message from Canada—and I know I speak for all of the dominions of the British Empire—that to the last man and the last dollar, by all the strength and courage God has given us, we are in this fight to see it through, to fight until liberty has been gained, not only for England, but for all of Europe."

Other speakers at the dinner were George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Robert J. Flaherty, commander of the Sir William Mackenzie expeditions. John Emery McLean, the President of the club, was the toastmaster.

INTRUDED ON EX-EMPRESS.

German Soldiers Finally Warned Off Refuge of Maximilian's Widow.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTH OF FRANCE, April 13, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Not far from Brussels is a mansion in the midst of a park—the Château of Bouchout. It is the asylum of ex-Empress Charlotte of Mexico, widow of Maximilian, who was executed by Mexican troopers forty-eight years ago.

When in 1866 she realized that her husband was doomed at the hands of the revolutionists under Juarez she came to Europe to implore Napoleon III. and the Emperor of Austria to save her husband, but fate was inexorable and the Emperor was shot at Queretaro. She lost her reason through grief.

Since then she has occupied several retreats. The latest is Bouchout. One might have thought the Germans would have respected her misfortune and her rank, but despite the Austrian flag which floated over the gateway of the park no day passed without soldiers or officers trespassing on the grounds.

So serious became the annoyance that the diplomatic representatives of the neutral powers asked the German authorities to see that the 78 years of the Empress and her misfortune were respected. Here is the text of the warning which the Governor of Brussels has just had placed at the entrance to the grounds:

> This habitation, the property of the Belgian Crown, is occupied by her Majesty of Mexico, Archduchess Maximilian of Austria and sister-in-law of Emperor Francis Joseph.
>
> I instruct German soldiers passing here not to ring the bell and to leave the place intact.

ALL SAFE AT KOBE FROM STRANDED SHIP

Transfer of 100 Passengers from the Minnesota Made Without Accident or Panic.

HARRISON FAMILY ABOARD

Vessel in No Danger and Will Be Floated by Lightering Part of the Cargo.

KOBE, April 13.—There was no panic on board the steamship Minnesota when she ran on a rock off Iwajima, at the entrance to the inland Sea of Japan, Sunday night, according to passengers brought here by the steamer Oanfa. The night was calm, but the weather was thick and foggy, when a grating sound was felt at 8:45 o'clock. It was found that the vessel had grounded three miles out of her course.

Some of the women aboard became hysterical, but excellent order was maintained, and many of the passengers even returned to their berths upon the assurances of the officers that there was no danger. The Oanfa, which the Minnesota previously had passed, arrived about 1 A. M. to render aid in response to distress signals.

About 100 passengers were transferred to the Oanfa without accident and arrived at Kobe today. Among them was Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison, wife of the Governor General of the Philippines, who said they had suffered little inconvenience as the result of the accident. She spoke in the highest terms of the kindness of the Oanfa's officers and crew, who placed the entire vessel at the disposal of the Minnesota's passengers and did everything possible to make them comfortable. The German governess of the Harrison children was detained aboard the Oanfa with two other German passengers because of the war regulations, which require special permits for Germans to enter Japan.

At the request of the American Embassy, however, the Foreign Office has granted permission for the governess of the Harrison children to land, and the other German passengers also will be permitted to do so if they desire.

FIGHTS SUBWAY CONTRACT.

Prendergast Charges Cranford Has Been Overpaid $145,000.

Controller Prendergast has fallen foul of the financial arrangements made by the Public Service Commission in reference to the contract for the construction of the subway under the old Astor House, and has recommended that the Board of Estimate refuse to grant the $363,024.67 which the commission requested on Dec. 29, 1913, to meet the cost of certain extra work. He contends that Frederick L. Cranford, Inc., the contractor, has not only received $145,723 too much for this work, but he has received certain unexpected benefits which have saved him money and should now be taken into account.

The Controller explains in brief how benefits accrued to the contractor. Cranford, he says, obtained $86,000 too much for the construction of a retaining wall. He was paid $59,299 for tunnel work which was really done by the open-cut method. He had the free use of the Astor House site as yard and working base. He was permitted to excavate this area, although it was expressly forbidden by the original contract. He received $15,026.67 for delay in starting his work on account of the negotiations with the Astor estate, although the contract specifically forbade any such allowance.

Mr. Prendergast also calls attention to the fact that on account of the plans of the Astors Mr. Cranford has been saved from the expense of backfilling a portion of the Astor property.

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2% The New GIMBEL Rate except for minimum charges on a few low valuations.
In the Fire-proof GIMBEL Building.
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16,200 Pairs of Women's
SILK GLOVES
From the Greatest Silk Glove Maker in the World
So-Called "Seconds," Therefore at
An Average of ⅓ Less Than Regular

These Gloves have the double finger tips originated by this famous maker, and were put aside for little defects that would be overlooked in many other silk gloves sold as perfect.

This is the maker's entire collection of "seconds"—and some samples—for this season's business, and is the largest offering of his gloves ever made, to our knowledge, in New York.

2-Clasp Silk Gloves
In Colors, Black and White

29c Pair	44c Pair	59c Pair
Usually 50c	*Usually 75c*	*Usually $1*

12 & 16-Button Silk Gloves
In Black and White

59c Pair	69c Pair	$1.15 Pair
Usually 75c and $1 *12 and 16 Button*	*Usually $1 and $1.25* *16 Button Embroidered*	*Usually $1.50 to $2.50* *16 Button Embroidered*

Children's 75c White Silk Gloves, 12-Button, 49c Pair

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Removal (11) Specials

15 to 33⅓ Per Cent. Off Regular Prices

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"Waterberry"
TRADE MARK
Raincoats

First choice of the smartly dressed woman; suitable for all seasons and countless occasions.

Made from Priestley's silky, light weight fabric in navy, tan and black. Sizes 14 years to 44.

Regularly $15.00. 9.50

NOTE—This coat is entirely controlled by Arnold, Constable & Co. for the United States, and cannot be duplicated at any price anywhere.

1000 Women's New
Summer Dresses

FRENCH LINEN in white, rose, brown, blue and green; white piqué collar and cuffs; velvet belt. COLORED STRIPED TISSUE in Copenhagen, lavender, black and white.	4.50
STRIPE CREPE AEOLIAN—White grounds with hairline stripes; black, blue and helio. WHITE STRIPE FLAXON—Messaline tie and belt.	3.75
STRIPED MADRAS in black, blue and lavender. WHITE PIQUE and HOLLY BATISTE in hairline checks.	3.00
PERCALE in plain colors, shepherds check, polka dot and stripes.	1.85
PERCALE in plain pink, light blue and cadet; also in stripes, trimmed with white.	1.50

Silk Petticoats

"The Petticoat has had its rebirth," says Lucile. 2.95 *"Welcome to the Petticoat,"* says Worth.

Regularly $3.50 to $5.00.

A very special new collection of the latest flare and circular models in Messaline, Milanese Jersey, Crepe de Chine and Crepe Taffeta, in plain and fancy effects, featuring fashionable Spring colorings.

Oriental Rugs—15 to 20% off

$50,000 stock of Rugs in the following well known weaves—Hamidan, Moussoul, Daghestan, and Kirmanshah. Averaging in size 2.6x 3.4 to 4.0 x 7.6. Now at $8.00 to $150

Oriental Carpets—¼ to ⅓ off

A $150,000 stock of Oriental Carpets in the following weaves—Kirmanshah, Sarouk, Ispahan, Persian, India and Turkish. Averaging in sizes from 6 x 9 to 19 x 28. Now at $85.00 to $5,000

Men's Bath Robes
For Spring and Summer, all fine washable materials. Values exceed all previous offerings.

SPECIAL TOWELING, BEACH AND BATH ROBES—Stripes and plain scroll designs in tans, lavender and blue. Regulation collar and girdle; high grade finish.	*Value $3.95 and $4.50* 2.65
TRAVELLING AND SUMMER BATH ROBES of the finest mercerized madras, cheviot, poplin and pongee. NOVELTY TERRY BEACH AND BATH ROBES in stripes on jacquard grounds; small, medium and large sizes. TRAVELLING BATH ROBES of the finest mercerized Bedford Cord in plain colors; heavy imported woven cheviots, heavy wale plain mercerized fabrics—all exclusive and custom made.	*Value $5.50 to $8.50* 4.95

Men's Hosiery Event
8000 Pairs Half Hose

In pure silk, silk and fibre and other mixtures; in black, white, plain colors and accordion weaves. *Regularly 38c and 50c pair.* 3 prs. for 70c; 6 prs. for 1.35 — 25c

Men's Shirts
2000 Shirts ⅓ Under Value

1,000 SILK MIXED AND FANCY FABRICS in a large assortment of newest color effects. *Regularly $3.00.* 3 for 5.50; 6 for 10.00	1.95
800 WHITE AND FANCY TWILLED SILKS—Neat conservative stripe, on white grounds. Also White Silk Sport Shirts. Sizes 14 to 17. *Regularly $3.95.* 3 for 8.50; 6 for 16.50	2.95
200 PURE SILK CREPE DE CHINE—Handsome self or satin stripes on clear white grounds; graduated sleeve lengths. *Regularly $6.50 to $7.50.* 3 for 11.50; 6 for 22.50	3.95

Men's Handkerchiefs
Regularly $2.75 Dozen.

Superior grade pure Irish linen, with ¼ and ½ inch hem. (1.95) From a recent importation and offering exceptional value at this price.

Pure Silk Umbrellas
For Women and Men

Made from an exceptional quality twilled silk and finished in the finest manner. Natural handles for men and various smart shapes for women, in carved, plain and natural woods. *Regularly $2.95.* 1.85

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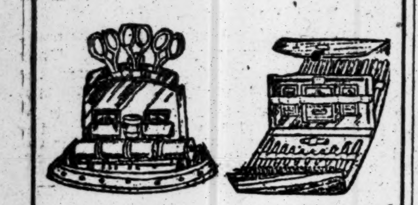
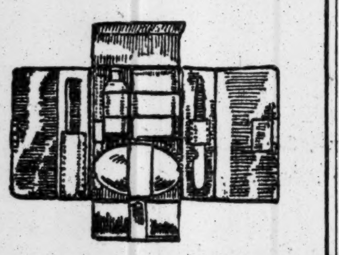


Sewing Stand—(at left) Morocco leather in colors, fitted with: four spools of thread on rack in front, bodkin, two packages of needles, and thimble; velvet pin pad around base of stand; three pair gilt-handled scissors on removable moiré silk easel; 5⅞ x 7 x 3½ inches; formerly $5.25, now $3.75

Needle and Pin Case—(at right) In red morocco and tan pigskin, folding design, containing: hair pins and safety pins in all sizes; centre flap fitted with needles, safety pins, extra pocket with headed pins; measures folded, 6 x 3¼ inches; formerly $3.50—$4.25, now.............$2.75

Tie Case—In red, green, blue or purple morocco, with watered silk lining to match, or in black grained patent leather with red, blue or tan silk lining; ties protected by two end flaps and held by sliding loops and straps; 12 x 7 inches folded; once $8.00—$10.00, now.............$6.75



Toilet Case—For men; black hide, unlined, fitted with ebony military brush, black celluloid soap box and tooth powder holder, black rubber comb, steel nail file, tooth brush and guard; measures folded, 5 x 7 x 2 inches, compact and light-weight; formerly $6.50, now..................$4.75

Bridge Case—Envelope design, fitted with two score pads and pencils, and two packs of regular playing cards; in red, green, blue, or purple morocco, with lining to match, or in black grained patent leather, with red or blue lining; 7¾ x 4½ x 1½ inches; formerly $8.75—$9.50, now.......$7.50

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MATAMOROS SORTIE DRAWS VILLA SHELLS

Carranza Deals a Heavy Blow to Besiegers, Who Reply with Cannon.

AMERICAN TOWN ESCAPES

U. S. Officers on the Bridge Watch the Attack and the Return to the Trenches.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, April 13.—In a sortie by 1,500 of the Carranza garrison at Matamoros today a heavy blow was inflicted upon the Villa army besieging them. General Saulo Navarro, second in command of the Villa troops, was brought to Brownsville tonight dangerously wounded, and the Carranza Consulate here reported the Villa dead numbered 300.

The sortie drew from the Villa forces their long-promised shelling of Matamoros, but the firing ceased when the Carranza garrison returned to the trenches with the positions of the armies practically unchanged.

During the bombardment eight shells passed completely over Matamoros, and four others dropped in the city, where they did little damage and caused no known casualties. The shelling demonstrated that so long as the Villa cannon retain their present positions to the extreme west of Matamoros, Brownsville probably is safe from shell fire.

The last shots from the Villa artillery were fired late today when a train of freight cars armed with machine guns attempted to leave Matamoros in the direction of the Villa lines. The Villa guns dropped two shells close to the train, whereupon the engineer backed into Matamoros.

Both factions refused all day and tonight to permit persons to cross the river from Brownsville to obtain direct news of the fighting, and both claimed to have won the fight. Villa officers said the sortie first drove in the Villa outposts, but that the Carranza troops retreated when the Villa cavalry brought up its main force.

The Villa troops were known to have some dead and wounded, but they denied the number was 300.

Colonel A. P. Blocksom, in charge of the United States border patrol here, arranged to guard the American side of the river closely tonight. Extra forces were sent to the International Bridge.

There was no rush of refugees across the river from Matamoros today. General E. P. Nafarrate, the Carranza commander, forbade any person entering or leaving Matamoros, except the American Consul and the Carranza Consul here.

Apparently, however, the sortie was aimed at capturing some of the Villa cannon in the woods about half a mile west of the trenches. There was heavy firing in these woods. Outside of Brownsville, to the west on the American side, bullets fell so frequently that several Mexican families in that section abandoned their homes.

The rifle battle in the woods continued hot until an hour after the sortie, when the Villa field pieces opened fire. Then, from the international bridge, the Carranza forces were seen returning toward their trenches. Their retreat was leisurely. A dozen riderless horses were observed, also three or four wounded carried on horses. The rear guard, however, brought no wounded, and its actions indicated the Villa cavalry were not pressing it closely.

It was announced that one Villa cannon was captured, also train containing a large part of the Villa provisions, and a considerable number of prisoners, and that a few wounded also had been brought in.

Permission to enter Matamoros and confirm the reports was refused. American army officers with glasses, however, said they saw Carranza troops bringing into the trenches what appeared to be a cannon.

SAN ANTONIO, April 13.—Major General Funston, commander of the Southern Department, today said he probably would leave here for Brownsville tonight to take personal command of the border situation at that point now that the Villa artillery attack on Matamoros had commenced.

200 REPORTED EXECUTED.

Carranza Leader Says Prisoners "Have Been Disposed Of."

LAREDO, Texas, April 13.—Mexican soldiers in Nuevo Laredo today declared General Maclovio Herrera had caused two hundred Villa prisoners to be executed yesterday after the Villa defeat near Huisachito, twenty miles south of here. The Carranza commander's only reply to Americans who questioned him regarding the report was: "The prisoners have been disposed of."

In his official report to Carranza regarding the battle, Herrera was said not to have mentioned any such executions. Americans familiar with the situation were little disposed to believe the stories, although they apparently were taken for true across the border from here.

Hundreds of residents of Nuevo Laredo went to the Huisachito battlefield today to watch the burning of dead killed in yesterday's battle, in which it was said more than 200 Villa troops were killed.

Americans returning from the Huisachito battlefield said they saw bodies of dead Villa soldiers which apparently had been bayoneted after being shot. These same Americans said soldiers on the field told them that many prisoners were executed yesterday.

It was said that Herrera's losses yesterday were 25 killed and 42 wounded. He flanked the Villa troops with about 1,000 soldiers, 500 on either side, and simultaneously the Carranza soldiers opened up on the Villa troops with machine guns from an armored train.

BRITISH PROTEST TO VILLA.

New Mining Regulations Called Confiscatory—Some Relief Promised.

LONDON, April 13.—The Foreign Office has instructed the British Chargé d'Affaires at Mexico City to lodge a protest with General Villa against the new mining regulations promulgated by the Villa régime.

The Foreign Office took this action upon the receipt of advices from the Chargé to the effect that the mining regulations in question amounted virtually to confiscation of foreign mining interests.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Secretary Bryan has protested against the provisions of the Guadalajara percentage tax, pointing out that it works an undue hardship on the mercantile, industrial, and manufacturing establishments owned by foreigners. Commenting on the new mining law decreed by the Villistas the State Department authorized this announcement today:

"With reference to the new mining law, the department is informed that it is not the intention of the authorities at Chihuahua to injure all legitimate mining industries and that each company or individual may make representations to the Minister of Fomento at Chihuahua and secure exemption from the provisions of the recent decree if such exemption is thought to be justified. It is stated that the law is intended to prevent the purchase of mining properties that are now dormant by speculators who would hold them to sell at immense profits."

CHURCH RIGHTS IN MEXICO.

Has Avoided Politics and Will Accept Legitimate Ruler, Says Father Kelly.

PITTSBURGH, April 13.—Declaring that "murder has been one of the minor faults of the revolution in Mexico," and that "its story is far worse than the story of the first revolution in France," the Very Rev. Francis O. Kelly of Chicago, President of the Catholic Church Extension Society, today discussed "Mexico and the American Church" before an important gathering of clergymen here. The occasion was the dedication of the Synod Hall and Chancery Building of the diocese of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Kelly said that present-day difficulties in Mexico were largely because of three serious questions: The rights of conscience, land, and education. Mexico, he said, had been without anything like freedom of conscience for over fifty years. Church property had been confiscated to the State by Juarez and had never been returned. Religious schools were closed and orders of teachers disbanded. No outward manifestation of religion was permitted, even distinctive dress of clergymen being prohibited in the streets. In the large cities schools were supplied by the State, but outside such communities Mexico practically had no schools. The State has never been able to supply them, and the Church was not allowed to do so.

"The Church has avoided interference in political affairs," said Dr. Kelly, "and churchmen are notoriously timid, even about their own defense. The Church accepted Juarez, Diaz, and Madero. She will accept whatever legitimate ruler comes out of the present chaos.

"The story of the present revolution in Mexico is far worse than the story of the first revolution in France. It is horrible in the extreme. Murder has been one of its minor faults, relatively speaking. Though attempts were made to deny outrages against the sisters, they are now admitted; but the worst of this story has never been told. One hundred and fifty sisters once left Mexico City for Vera Cruz during the American occupation. The train arrived empty. They were taken off by the revolutionists on the way. If the United States is to be the friend and sister of Mexico, to the advantage of both, our citizens must rid themselves of a multitude of inherited prejudices and substitute a spirit of understanding for a spirit of greed. There is more to be had in Mexico than oil and mining concessions. I have no wish to condemn business enterprise, but it is poor business that depends for success on machine guns."

OBREGON NEAR IRAPUATO.

Advance Guard in Contact with Villa—Attacks at Ebano.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, April 13.—An official announcement says General Obregon's advance guard is in contact with Villa near Irapuato. The Villistas were unsuccessful in repeated attacks today at Ebano, losing a number of men.

CARNEGIE DEFENDS HIS FUND

Denies Teaching Foundation Is Poor or Mismanaged.

Andrew Carnegie and officials of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching yesterday denied the statement that the Foundation was facing bankruptcy, and that its management was inefficient—a charge which was made on Monday night at the dinner of the Church Club in Pittsburgh by Monell Sayre, Secretary of the Clergy Pension Fund of the Episcopal Church.

Mr. Carnegie referred inquirers into the solvency of the Foundation to its officers. Clyde Furst, Secretary, said that the Treasurer's report for the year ended Sept. 30, 1914, which had not yet been published, showed a balance of more than a million dollars.

"Mr. Sayre was connected with the Carnegie Foundation for six years, and is a very good friend of mine," he said. "I should say that probably he has gone too far in his statements on account of his devotion to the system of pensions to which the beneficiaries are contributors, such as is exemplified by the Clergy Pension Fund."

The probable source for further revenue for the Foundation as further revenue is needed is indicated by the fact that the President, Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, is one of the Trustees of the Carnegie Corporation, which has back of it almost unlimited resources. To refute the charges of mismanagement and explain the connection between the Foundation and the corporation Mr. Carnegie issued a statement which shows that the charter of the corporation provides for eight Trustees, of whom five are ex officio, the Presidents of the five institutions—the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh, the Carnegie Institution of Washington, the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, the Carnegie Hero Fund, and the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

PEACE DELEGATES LEAVE.

Forty Women Off for The Hague on the Noordam.

The Holland-America liner Noordam sailed from here yesterday for Rotterdam with a large white "Peace" ensign at her foremast head in honor of forty American delegates to the Women's International Peace Conference at The Hague who were aboard. The flag was designed and made by Miss Madeline Doty of 83 Washington Square, one of the delegates.

The Noordam was delayed an hour on account of her large cargo, consisting chiefly of food supplies. She had 100 first, 30 second class, and 150 third class passengers.

Miss Duncan's Final Appearances.

Isadora Duncan announced yesterday that with this week she would conclude her engagement at the Century Opera House. The programs selected for the final appearances are "Iphigenia" this evening, "Orpheus" to morrow evening and Saturday afternoon, and on Friday and Saturday evenings the first performance of her production of "Oedipus Rex" of Sophocles. Those to be heard in the principal speaking rôles will be Margaret Wycherly, Augustin Duncan, Oswald Yorke, Ivan Simpson, Lewis Sealy and Brandon Peters. A new version of the tragedy will be used, for which Percy Mackaye has written the lyric choruses. Miss Duncan's dancers and her orchestra will assist. In the same program she will dance to Beethoven's Fifth Symphony.

CARRANZISTAS HERE ON SECRET MISSION

Bound for Washington, Says Colonel Breceda, Who Brings News of a Villa Defeat.

HUERTA MAKES NIGHT TRIP

Leaves Hotel for Auto Ride After Day of Seclusion—Watched by Secret Service Men.

While General Victoriano Huerta was landing in New York on Monday and hotels were competing for the patronage of the ex-President of Mexico there arrived at the McAlpin a mission sent by General Carranza, and headed by Colonel Alfredo Breceda, formerly Carranza's private secretary. Colonel Breceda, who came here by train from Vera Cruz, by way of Havana, with Antonio Espinola, Alfonso Breceda, and Antonio Samariz, his staff, denied last night that there was any connection between his mission and the visit of General Huerta.

"It is merely a coincidence," said Colonel Breceda through his secretary, Señor Pesquierra, brother of General Pesquierra, at the McAlpin. Mine is a confidential mission, and I am not at liberty to discuss my object.

"General Carranza is now at Vera Cruz, our present capital, and we are in control of the railway up to within a few miles of Mexico City. Villa is pursuing the same tactics once followed by Huerta, a policy of making denials. I shall visit Washington, and I expect to remain in the United States about three weeks. I am not on a mission to ask for recognition of Carranza. I have just received a telegram that a battle has been fought at Matamoros, opposite Brownsville, Texas, where Villa has not only been defeated, but put to flight, General Nafarrete, the commander of the Carranza forces, being now in pursuit of him. This telegram I have confirmed by long distance telephone to Washington.

"Carranza now holds more than half the population of Mexico and fully half the territory."

"And how long do you figure it will be before you will have quieted the country down?" Colonel Breceda was asked.

"The revolution has now got to a point where it is no longer a menace to the country," he replied. "The fire of revolt is not yet extinguished and may take some months yet, but the outcome is settled."

Has No Fear of Huerta.

Colonel Breceda declined to consider seriously the arrival of General Huerta in New York.

"I do not consider him at all," he said. "He is a sick man; at least that is a charitable thing to say of one who is contantly drinking strong liquors. I do not think he will attempt any movement of a revolutionary nature, and if he did it would not amount to anything.

"Carranza has a wonderful program for the future of Mexico, for he has not been giving his attention wholly to making war. He has had commissions of all kinds up here studying American State and municipal government. He has already promulgated a divorce law, and is carrying out a plan of local self-government for municipalities."

General Huerta remained in his suite at the Ansonia all day, and did not emerge until about 8 o'clock at night, when, accompanied by Señor Delégado, his private secretary, and Abraham Ratner, his companion and adviser, he took an automobile ride about the city, at least that was given out as his program for the evening. Mr. Ratner denied that General Huerta had an appointment to meet any of his former political or military advisers.

The first thing General Huerta did on awakening was to announce to the hotel management that he was not at home to the scores of Mexicans and others who called to see him. Only a few trusted friends were admitted to his rooms. He was said to be busy preparing a statement he expects to give to the newspapers Friday afternoon.

Among the strangers who journey to the Ansonia were two or three men who were said to be agents of the United States Government, with instructions to keep an eye on Huerta and his party and to see to it that no plots are hatched in New York. Carranzista and Villista agents were also among those seen about the hotel. A member of the Madero family denied that Villa or any of his friends had any intention of trying to effect a working alliance with Huerta and his supporters.

Insists Blanquette Is Here.

At the Carranzista Consulate General in State Street it was stated again that General Aureliano Blanquette, who was Minister of War in General Huerta's Cabinet, and his right hand man during all the months of his stormy dictatorship, was in New York. Mr. Ratner said on Monday that General Blanquette was in Madrid. Not only Blanquette, but others who were prominent in Mexican affairs during the Huerta regime, are in New York, according to the Carranzistas, among them being General Rubio Navarette, Frederico Gamboa at one time Huerta's Foreign Minister, General Quiros, and perhaps Dr. Urrutia, who has been among Porfirio Diaz's, as well as Huerta's, most loyal supporters. General Huerta met General Quiros at the pier and also talked with him yesterday.

It was said General Huerta might visit the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco before returning to Spain.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—President Wilson has been given no information regarding the plans of General Huerta, he told callers today. The President said he was not in the confidence of the former Mexican provisional President and did not know whether he would come to Washington.

FUNERAL OF MGR. McMAHON.

Catholic Societies to Attend Services Today at Church of Epiphany.

Funeral services for the late Mgr. Denis J. McMahon will be held at 10 o'clock this morning at the Church of the Epiphany, Second Avenue and Twenty-first Street, where for many years he served as pastor. Arrangements have been made for the attendance of many delegations from Catholic charitable institutions.

At a meeting yesterday of the Board of Directors of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children resolutions were adopted in praise of Mgr. McMahon, and copies were ordered sent to Cardinal Farley and to the immediate relatives of Mgr. McMahon.

LINE UP FOR WILSON.

Speakers at Philadelphia Jefferson Dinner Laud President's Course.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—National Democratic leaders in a vigorous defense of the accomplishments of the Administration at the annual dinner of the Jefferson Club of Philadelphia, held here tonight, started an educational propaganda for the 1916 campaign and in a series of speeches, laudatory of President Wilson, put him in the field as an active candidate for re-election.

Secretary Bryan said, amid the cheers of the 500 diners, that he doubted seriously whether the American public would not continue to indorse the doctrines crystallized into law during the last two years.

Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York, discussed the attitude of the Administration toward the business interests, and asserted that President Wilson had laid the foundations for an unprecedented prosperity, which would have been here today but for the European war.

Ex-Representative Palmer, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General James Blakslee, and George Norris of this city were other speakers.

236 Killed in Japanese Coal Mine.

TOKIO, Japan, April 13.—A fatal accident in a coal mine near Shimonoseki has resulted in the loss of 236 lives.

UNVEILS BITTER'S STATUE.

University of Virginia Dedicates Memorial to Jefferson.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., April 13.—Founder's Day was celebrated at the University of Virginia today by the unveiling of a bronze statue of Thomas Jefferson, done by Karl Bitter, and presented to the university by Charles R. Crane of Chicago.

President Alderman announced a gift of $100,000 for a new laboratory, half from John Blackwell Cobb of New York and half from a donor whose name was withheld. Mrs. Charles H. Senff of New York has given $10,000 to improve the university grounds. Fairfax Harrison, President of the Southern Railway, was the chief speaker of the day.

Secretary David F. Houston of the Department of Agriculture made the presentation address when the statue was unveiled.

Refuses Retrial for Shillitoni.

Judge Malone denied yesterday in General Sessions a motion for a new trial for Oresto Shillitoni, who was convicted of the murder of John Rizzo. Martin W. Littleton, Shillitoni's counsel, based the motion on five affidavits of eye witnesses, who recanted their testimony of Shillitoni's trial. Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel opposed a new trial on the ground that the witnesses had been intimidated.

Why make all your mortgage investments on New York property? The mortgages securing our Bonds are all first mortgages and are distributed among growing cities of the West and South, thus insuring against depression in any one city.

MORTGAGE-BONDS
Netting About 5½%
THE MORTGAGE-BOND CO. OF NEW YORK
GEORGE A. HURD, President
55 Liberty Street

CELESTINS
VICHY
Relieves DYSPEPSIA and HEARTBURN
Ask your Physician

Suits for Men
AT
$25.00

At the Brill "Store of Style"

With better fabrics, finer tailoring, wider variety and above all infinitely more STYLE than you can find in any other clothes, anywhere, at $25.00.

Imported English Flannels—gray, blue, brown or green, single or double breasted, skeleton models, with silk sleeve linings, silk back waistcoat and slim, shapely trousers.

Blue serges of fine quality, single or double breasted with patch pockets or flaps, half lined with silk; silk sleeve linings and silk back waistcoat and a choice assortment of handsome fancy mixtures.

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
"The Store Where Style Reigns Supreme"

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps in the Forenoon—Single Stamps in the Afternoon

Usual Complimentary S&H Green Trading Stamps Free Today
Distribution in Our Main Building.
As many sets of these S&H Green Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any one date good in any one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

Most Extraordinary Series of Sales

Here Are Economies That Simply MUST Appeal to Those Who Want the Most for Their Money

Merchandising movements in all departments of our two buildings such as will turn crowds of shoppers from everywhere towards "The Big Store."

THE VERY LINES OF GOODS MOST WANTED NOW—Spring and early Summer necessities of all kinds. Everything to wear, everything for your home, for the outdoors. And DON'T FORGET YOUR TABLE SUPPLIES.

Every Department Is Brimming With Bargains

And whatever you need may be purchased at Greenhut's to-day at prices which, compared with offerings elsewhere, represent MOST REMARKABLE ECONOMIES.

ANNEX BUILDING—HOME FURNISHINGS

"Adam" 5-Piece Bedroom Suite $59
In Walnut, Mahogany or Ivory Finish, Today,

The biggest value we have ever offered in furniture of this kind and character.

The suite consists of
Full-Size Bed.
40-inch Dresser (This has 22x28-inch French plate mirror).
32-inch Chiffonier (with 14x18 French plate mirror).
34-inch Toilet Table (with two 6x20-inch French plate mirrors and one 14x22 French plate mirror).
Night Table, 18x18 inches.

A perfectly made suite. Legs have heavy ferrules with brass casters. Exceptionally good handles.

If desired, we will sell separate pieces as follows:

Dresser	$17.75	Dressing Table	$15.00
Chiffonier	$17.00	Night Table	$4.50
Bed	$15.00		

We Have Also Underpriced a Number of
Dressers, Chiffoniers and Beds in Various Woods and Finishes.

ANNEX BUILDING—HOME FURNISHINGS

This 100-Piece Porcelain Dinner Set *Extraordinary Sale Today, at* $6.95

It is complete for 12 persons and comes in a dainty and attractive spray design. It includes Soup Tureen, 3 meat platters, etc. Every piece finished with gold at edge.

48-Piece Cottage Dinner Set, $2.89
Choice of 2 neat, dainty floral designs. Very tasteful and attractive.

18-Piece Blown-Glass Table Service (Initialled) *Today for* 98c

This set will not be sent C. O. D.

Set comprises 6 large goblets, 6 seltzer tumblers and 6 whiskey tumblers. IT IS SOLD FOR LESS THAN THE COST OF PLAIN GLASSWARE and will be initialled in Old English lettering to your order.

Seamless Wilton Rugs at Big Price Reductions

You'll find the name of this prominent maker on every rug, though we promised not to mention his name in this advertisement.

They are discontinued patterns, but absolutely perfect. We offer a choice of artistic styles in beautiful Oriental designs and colorings. THEY ARE ONE-PIECE, SEAMLESS RUGS.

Size	Former Price	Sale Price	Size	Former Price	Sale Price
8 ft. 3 x 10 ft. 6	$34.50	$23.50	9 x 12 ft.	$36.50	$25.50

Curtains, Couch Covers & Portieres
Today's Special Offerings

$2.50 Pair Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains	$1.95
$3.50 Pair Irish Point Lace Curtains	$2.95
$1.50 Pair Nottingham Lace Curtains	$1.19
$3.25 Tapestry Couch Covers	$2.25
$4.75 Figured Armure Portieres	$3.75
$6.50 Matting Covered Utility Boxes	$5.50

Lawn Rollers; 150 lbs.; 2 sections; 15 inch diameter; 16 inches long	$7.20
Lawn Rollers; 225 lbs.; 2 sections; 15 inch diameter; 20 inches long	$9.50
Water Weight Lawn Rollers; weight 75 lbs. empty, 300 lbs. filled (water); 500 lbs. filled with sand	$9.75

Everything for Lawn and Garden

Wheelbarrows; substantially made; well bolted	$2
Garden Barrows; removable sides; painted inside and varnished outside; No. 2, $3; No. 4, $3.75; No. 5	$4
Garden Spades; riveted back; "D" handle; well and strongly made	65c
3-Piece Garden Sets; well made; ladies' size; set consists of spade, rake and hoe	95c

Malleable Iron Rakes; 14 teeth, 20c; 16 teeth	30c
Steel Garden Rakes; 12 teeth, 55c; 14 teeth, 60c; 16 teeth	65c
Riveted Hoes	25c
Field Hoes	25c
Weeding Hoes	25c and 30c
Pruning Shears; extra quality	40c

Oil and Gas Stoves

Blue Flame Oil Stoves; well constructed; good size oil tank; 2 burner, $3.35; 3 burner	$4.75
New Perfection Blue Flame Wick Stoves; 2 burner; turquoise blue cylinder	$6.25

Mrs. Potts' Irons
3 irons, 1 cold handle and 1 stand.... 64c

Steinfeld Heart-Shaped Cedar Polish Mops
Complete with long handle and can of cedar oil; at.......... 49c

J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY—WE GIVE S&H GREEN TRADING STAMPS

KILL THEATRE BILL BY A SNAP VOTE

Senators, in Committee, Act Promptly After J. J. Shubert Calls on Friends in Albany.

LEADER WALTERS EXPLAINS

He Used to Know the Shuberts in Syracuse—So Did Lieutenant Governor—Bill's Merits Not Discussed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—Within a few hours after Jacob J. Shubert, the New York theatrical manager, and two of his attorneys had visited the Capitol the Mills bill, making it a misdemeanor for theatrical managers or their representatives to exclude any person within the jurisdiction of the State of New York from their playhouses "without just cause or excuse," was surreptitiously killed by the Senate Codes Committee, of which Senator Charles D. Newton of Steuben is Chairman. The vote was four to one against reporting the bill.

The action of the Codes Committee was taken at a "snap" meeting, of which no notice had been given from the Senate rostrum, as is the custom. Only five members of the nine on the committee—a bare quorum—were in attendance. There was absolutely no discussion regarding the merits of the measure on the part of those recorded against it, and no statement setting forth the grounds on which they objected to its passage.

Senator Mills, the introducer of the bill, was not invited to appear before the committee and explain the bill. He was not even informed that there was to be a meeting. In fact, both Senator Mills and THE TIMES correspondent at the Capitol had been told by Senator Newton a couple of hours before the secret meeting was held that the bill would not be taken up until tomorrow night, when the Codes Committee is to hold its last meeting for the session.

The bill was introduced by Senator Mills after the theatrical critic of THE TIMES had been notified that he would no longer be admitted to any of the playhouses under Shubert management. What the bill provided for was to give a person excluded from a playhouse his day in court and to place upon the theatrical manager the burden of proof as to the justice of the "cause or excuse" which led to his exclusion.

Senatorial comity, which has been invoked so often in the past as a good and sufficient reason for passing vicious legislation or putting meritorious measures to death, figured heavily in the case of the Mills bill. Senator J. Henry Walters of Syracuse, one of the most powerful cogs in the Republican machine in the Senate, and Lieut. Gov. Edward Schaeneck, both of whom were playmates of the Shuberts in Syracuse many years ago, are credited with killing the Mills bill. Senator Walters, who is a lawyer, but who on various occasions has been financially interested in theatrical ventures both in New York City and up-State, conducted an active lobby among his fellow-Senators, aided by William Rubin, a Syracuse lawyer, who is on the Shubert staff, through the forenoon. When he was told tonight by THE TIMES correspondent of the action taken by the Codes Committee, he laughed.

"Why I had that bill beaten before the committee met at all," he said.

A Grill Room Conference.

Jacob J. Shubert, the theatrical manager, came to the capital late last night, accompanied by William Klein, one of the New York lawyers in the employ of the Shuberts, and William Rubin of Syracuse. Mr. Shubert was not in evidence at the night session of the Legislature. After midnight Mr. Shubert was the centre of an animated group which gathered about a table in the Ten Eyck grill room. In the company were Senator Walters, Lieut. Gov. Schoeneck, Assembly Clerk Fred W. Hammond, also a native of Syracuse, and Assistant Clerk E. W. Moses of the Assembly, who comes from Livingston County. Senator Mills happened in and was invited to join the Shubert party.

Such talk as was not conducted in whispers was of a reminescent nature. It was like an Old Home week celebration. The Lieutenant Governor and Senator Walters and the Shuberts discussed boyhood memories when they were not talking about the undesirability of passing the Mills bill. At one stage of the celebration Lieut. Gov. Schoeneck slapped Senator Mills on the back, and pointing to Mr. Shubert said:

"Why, Senator, I used to know this boy when he handed out theatrical programs in Syracuse many years ago; I want you to do what you can to help him."

Senator Walters, too, dilated on his boyhood memories when he was asked tonight if he could give any good reason for leading such an active opposition to the bill.

"Why," he said, his face brightening with smiles, "Jake Shubert and I used to sell newspapers together on the streets of Syracuse when we were kids. We used to wear the same kind of patches on our dads' made-over trousers."

Senator Newton gave an apt illustration of the "clubbiness" in the Senate which led to the Mills bill's defeat at the secret meeting of his committee late this afternoon, when he told Senator Mills that his bill would not be reported unless Senator Walters gave his consent. Senator Walters is not even a member of the Codes Committee. "See Senator Walters," he said to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent in response to a later query as to whether he thought the bill would be reported by the Codes Committee.

Senator Walters's Views.

Senator Walters in a talk with THE TIMES correspondent said that entirely aside from his friendship for the Shuberts, his own experiences in the theatrical business led him to oppose the bill.

"I think it would be a bad principle to give a reporter—you may call him a critic—the power to do thousands of dollars worth of damage to a costly production—a valuable piece of property representing a large investment."

"But if the reporter insists upon telling the truth for the benefit of the readers as he must in duty to his newspaper and is excluded on that ground, wouldn't it be good policy and in the interest of protecting the public to amend a law that gives a manager such arbitrary power?" Senator Walters was asked.

"No, I don't admit that it would—I won't even admit that the public has concern in this matter, where, under the Metcalf decision, the manager is assured of certain rights of which this bill would deprive him," Senator Walters replied. "You can't make a public utility out of a theatre and subject it to regulation, aside from what is necessary to insure the safety of persons visiting theatres. To the best of my belief it should not be done. It certainly cannot be done in this Legislature. It would be against the public interest anyhow to prohibit a theatrical manager from excluding whom he pleases from his place of amusement."

In talking with Senator Mills and some other lawmakers, Mr. Shubert bemoaned the hard times in the theatrical world and asserted that the Mills bill, if passed, would provide the newspapers with a lever to extort advertising at high rates from theatrical managers under threat of doing their productions to death by unfavorable criticism. This argument was used by Senator Walters in his talk with some lawmakers whom he brought around to oppose the bill.

Newton's "Protests."

Senator Newton said that in his capacity as Chairman of the Codes Committee he had received a number of protests from cities up-State against the passage of the Mills bill.

"I have stacks of letters as high as this," said the Senator, holding his hand several inches above his desk. "Yes, you are welcome to see the letters. Go down to the committee room and tell my clerk."

The clerk of the Codes Committee, when asked for the correspondence, went to the files, but failed to find either the copies of the bill that should have been there or any correspondence opposing the bill.

"I think Senator Newton must be mistaken," said the clerk. "I handle the correspondence and I cannot recall any letter opposing the bill to which you have refenence, unless they were sent to Senator Newton personally."

The Senator, who sat at the head of the table in the committee room at the time this conversation occurred, pushed across the table a letter written on the Shubert firm's stationery and marked "Personal." In it opposition was voiced not against the Mills bill, but against an Assembly bill for the regulation of theatrical ticket agencies, against which Mr. Shubert and his retinue of lawyers and law-makers lobbied with the same deadly effect that marked their activities against the Mills bill during their brief stay at the Capitol. The bill was killed in the Assembly today.

The meeting of the Codes Committee was held late this afternoon. There were present at the meeting Chairman Newton and Senators Alfred J. Gilchrist and William B. Carswell of Brooklyn, Senator Irving J. Joseph of New York, and Senator George A. Slater of Westchester. Senator Joseph made a motion to report the bill favorably, and gave his reasons briefly. Without any discussion the three other Senators declared that they were opposed to the bill. When a vote was taken, Chairman Newton joined with them in voting against the bill. As recently as yesterday Senator Slater had expressed himself in favor of reporting the Mills bill.

"I did not like to vote against the Mills bill," said Senator Newton tonight, "but the issue was raised that it was special legislation. I could not possibly lend my vote as a Senator of the State of New York to the passage of a law to redress a particular grievance."

Senator Newton said that Senators Gilchrist and Slater had opposed the bill on the same ground.

Senator Gilchrist when asked to explain his vote insisted that the Mills bill had not been up for consideration at the meeting of the committee. When memory was refreshed on the subject, he said he did recall the bill being moved.

"I did not know anything about it," he said. "Some one said it wasn't a good bill and for that reason I voted against it."

In some quarters it was believed that the haste displayed in killing the Mills bill was due to a knowledge on the part of certain Senators that Governor Whitman was taking an interest in the bill.

TO ATTACK CANNING BILL.

Many Organizations Will Oppose Measure at Governor's Hearing.

The hearing to be given by Gov. Whitman on the Canning bill permitting the employment of women and minors for seventy-two hours a week has aroused much interest throughout the State. The canners, it is said, will be well represented. In opposition to the measure representatives will attend from the Consumers' Leagues, the New York and National Child Labor Committees, the American Association for Labor Legislation, the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, the State Federation of Labor, the Woman's Trade Union League, the Woman's Suffrage Party, and the International Child Welfare League.

Among those who, it is expected, will speak urging the Governor to veto the bill are Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Abram I. Elkus, Mornay Williams, Mrs. Florence Kelley, and Mrs. Frederick Nathan of this city.

The New York Child Labor Committee, which, with the Consumers' League, has led in the fight against the Canning bills, gave out yesterday a statement through its Secretary, George A. Hall, regarding the bill in which it said: "The New York Child Labor Committee regards the Bewley Cannery bill now in the Governor's hands as one of the most reactionary pieces of labor legislation passed by any Legislature during recent years."

TO CHECK METROPOLITAN.

Assembly Passes Bill Directed at the Insurance Company.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—The Assembly today passed the Simpson bill, which would prevent the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company from compelling borrowers to go to a particular broker for fire insurance. The bill was general in its terms, but its advocates admitted that it affected only the Metropolitan.

The bill was backed by appeals from 10,000 insurance brokers of the State, who charged that the Metropolitan discriminated against them in favor of a firm controlled by persons interested in the company.

NOT TO CUT SCHOOL BOARD.

Regents' Bill Is Withdrawn by Commissioner Finley.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—The New York City School Board of forty-six is safe for another year so far as the Legislature is concerned. State Commissioner of Education Finley today agreed to withdraw the Regents Educational bill, which would cut the board in half, as well as dictating the size of educational boards throughout the State and recodifying the education laws.

The Commissioner took his action on the ground that the measure was not generally understood, and that it would have better chance of passage a year hence.

TOO MANY SERVICE ORDERS.

Hayward Appointed to Revise Those Issued by Commission.

Commissioner Hayward brought up yesterday at the meeting of the Public Service Commission the question of the service orders which the commission had adopted from time to time. He thought that it would be better for the commission to have ten orders which it was able to enforce than 100 that it could not insist upon.

"Yes," remarked Commissioner Cram, "there is that order about car fenders for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit. It calls for a fender which has never been invented and never can be invented."

Chairman McCall agreed with the idea of a thorough revision of the orders, and appointed Commissioners Hayward and Williams a committee to go over them and report.

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Buy "Miller" Lighting Fixtures and Lamps.
Electric, Gas or Oil. If you are Building
Come and See the Goods
We are confident you will like our styles—all kinds.
Buy "Miller" Lamps
for your home and for
WEDDING PRESENTS
They have selected Art Glass in the Shades, so are Beautiful and Useful.
Buy them from dealers or
Edward Miller & Co. Established 1844 New York.
68 & 70 Park Place, near Woolworth Bldg.

TO LET—Private Summer Houses on OCEAN FRONT.
MODERN PLASTERED HOUSE,
8 chambers, 2 baths, large living room, open fireplaces; splendid ocean view from all windows, broad piazzas, bathing beach, garage, pure water supply; 50 acres.
MODERN PLASTERED HOUSE,
5 chambers, 1 bath, large living room, open fireplaces, broad piazzas with splendid ocean view. Fine sand bathing beach, pure water supply, garage, etc.; 50 acres.
Fishing, Bathing, Golf, Tennis, Sailing.
N. A. ELDRIDGE, Chatham, Mass.

IF SKIN IS TENDER
POSLAM SOAP
Poslam Soap will be found grateful for Toilet and Bath. Sense its delightful wholesomeness. Try it one month.
At all druggists. 25 cents and 15 cents.

STATE'S BILLS GROW TO $66,000,000 TOTAL

Assembly Gets the General Appropriation Measure, Which Shows $2,225,000 Increase.

HARRIS OUSTER INDORSED

Lower House Passes Measure Aimed at Critic of Governor's Direct Tax Mathematics.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—Despite Republican promises of economy, the final draft of the General Appropriation bill, which was submitted to the Assembly by the Ways and Means Committee today, carried $32,471,000, which is $2,225,000 more than the general bill of 1914, when the State administration was in the control of the Democrats. By a resolution of Chairman Alexander Macdonald of Franklin the Ways and Means Committee was disbanded for the session following the submission of the bill.

The Appropriation bill of $32,500,000 brings the total contemplated expenditures of the administration nearly to $66,000,000, as follows:

General	$32,500,000
Construction	4,500,000
Supply bill	5,200,000
Sinking Fund	9,000,000
Canal bill	8,600,000
Highway bills	6,000,000
Total	$65,800,000

This is estimated to be from $11,000,000 to $14,000,000 more than was appropriated by the Democrats last year. The difference in the total appropriations of the two years can almost all be accounted for in the Highway, Canal, and Supply bills. The Canal bill is new, the Highway bill is more than twice, and the Supply bill more than three times as large as that of last year.

Alfred E. Smith, minority leader of the Assembly, said that the administration was trying to justify Gov. Whitman's claim of a shortage of $18,000,000 remaining from the Democratic administration, and that unnecessarily large appropriations were being made to discredit the opposition party. There has been wholesale reorganization of almost all State departments for the announced purpose of economy, yet the size of the Appropriation bill makes it evident that the advocates of economy are to have just as much money to spend as the men described by them as the "extravagant and wasteful Democrats of the last four years."

In discussing the Appropriation bill Mr. Macdonald presented an interesting arithmetical problem:

"The bill is really $2,000,000 less than that of last year," he said. "It carries $2,000,000 more on its face, but it carries enough to guarantee that there will be no emergency supply bill next year. We have to pass this year a supply bill carrying $5,200,000, because of the items cut out by the Democrats last year. This will not have to be done next year under our appropriation bill for 1915. Now, take from the $5,000,000 supply bill $1,000,000 for the Constitutional Convention and for the State census and you have a clear reduction of $2,000,000. That is what we are saving to the State of New York."

One of the striking increases is in the appropriation for the payment of employes on the Barge Canal. The appropriation last year for this item was $606,000. This year's bill carries $1,240,000 and the supply appropriation measure $306,000 for canal lock tenders and other workmen. The Republicans say the suply item is to make good a Democratic deficit in the Department of Public Works.

Leader Smith charged that revenge was the motive of the Republicans in passing a bill in the Assembly today ousting Edwin S. Harris, Appraiser of Canal Lands. It was Mr. Harris who supplied the New York City authorities with figures to attack Gov. Whitman's claim that a direct State tax of $18,000,000 would have to be levied. Mr. Harris was an employe in the Controller's office until Mr. Glynn made him Canal Land Appraiser in the final days of his Administration. The ouster bill, which was fostered by Majority Leader Hinman, abolishes the office of Canal Lands Appraiser and gives his work to the Superintendent of Public Works. Mr. Smith said that the office held by Mr. Harris had been authorized by the referendum vote for the $101,000,000 canal bond issue, and that the Legislature had no power in the premises.

"But what difference does that make," said Mr. Smith, "when you want to drop a head into the basket—especially a head with something in it? You know what you are doing. You don't want Harris's head so much as you want to deter others who know anything against the Administration's from saying it. In olden times when a man dared oppose the Governor-General he was sent for and beheaded in the public square as a warning to others.

"The State will remember the scene in our public square today. It means you threaten with political death any man in the State Administration who dares to speak his faith if that faith does not suit the Governor-General.

"Two months ago we heard we were $18,000,000 shy. In the consternation that followed what happened? A man who knew showed that the Executive Chamber's experts had got the right total, but they had added the wrong figures. They grabbed hold of the right knob, but got into the wrong room. And now his head has got to fall to warn others to keep mum while this Administration is in power, on pain of death. The people will see that we get a chance next year to put this man and others back."

"I thought the gentleman from New York would be Sheriff next year," said Majority Leader Hinman in rising to defend the ouster measure. After the laugh had subsided Mr. Hinman said:

"So far as the man who holds this position goes, I would not believe him under oath if he told me the sun was shining. He has saved the State lots of money on paper but when we looked closer it was all green goods."

Mr. Smith and Mr. Hinman then got into an altercation over State finances. Mr. Smith had the last word when he shouted:

"Before you get through you'll take this Capitol down to New York and hock it. All that will be left for the Legislature to sit on will be the pawn ticket."

The Harris ouster bill was passed by a party vote of 83 to 45.

PASSES BUILDINGS BILL.

Assembly Indorses Measure in Face of Likely Veto.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—In the face of a probable veto by Mayor Mitchel, the Assembly today passed the Lockwood-Ellenbogen bill putting building inspection in New York City in charge of bureaus to be established in each borough. The measure now goes to the Mayor.

Assemblyman Mequistion of Kings proposed an amendment which would leave the Tenement-House Department undisturbed. He said this would win the signature of the Mayor.

"There is in New York City needless and burdensome duplication of building inspection, but it is useless to pass a measure that is sure to receive the veto of the Mayor," Mr. McQuistion said. "By amending this bill to meet his approval it can at least be made effective to that extent. In addition to that argument, every civic and philanthropic organization in the city is pleading for the retention of the Tenement House Department."

Representatives of large real estate interests have made a hard fight for the bill. There is practically no chance for the measure to become a law this year. Its advocates have enough votes to pass it over the Mayor's veto, but as the Mayor has two weeks to act on the bill, and as it will not go to him for several days, he can kill it by taking the time limit. He has said he will not sign it in its present form.

As passed the measure provides for a Bureau of Buildings in each of the five boroughs under a head to be appointed by the Borough President. These bureaus would have all building inspection powers. The Borough Superintendents of Buildings would constitute a Board of Standards, with the power to make rules and regulations.

HEALTH BILLS CRITICISED.

Dr. Jacobi Says Present Law Doesn't Need Hinman Amendments.

Homer Folks, Secretary of the State Charities Aid Association, gave out yesterday a statement from Dr. Abraham Jacobi in opposition to the Hinman Public Health bills now before the Legislature at Albany.

"The present public health law is just beginning to develop its possibilities for good, but our American restlessness will not afford it the time to show proper results," said Dr. Jacobi. He expressed resentment against a provision requiring that the Public Health Commissioner devote his whole time to the duties of his office. He said the Commissioner of Health ought to be free to spend the hours remaining after eight hours of duty for the State in seeing patients or in any manner he might choose. He opposed the bill diminishing the number of sanitary districts from twenty to ten, with the provision that each sanitary superintendent devote his whole time to his work at an annual salary of $2,500.

"I am quite sure that no honorable and well-informed medical gentleman will do this," said Dr. Jacobi, "although you may find a man willing to do this who is a hack, but not a physician whom the people would respect any by whom they would wish to be guided."

"I suggest," said Dr. Jacobi in conclusion, "that Leader Hinman try to sing and see if he can sing like Sembrich. He is as likely to succeed as to serve well the Health Department with his present equipment of knowledge as to its requirements."

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CALLS ROOT LEADER OF PARTY IN NATION

Senator Brown Stirs Albany Gathering to Outburst for State's ex-Senator.

HINT OF BOOM LAUNCHING

Whitman Joins in Praise and Then Defends the Work of His Administration.

ALBANY, April 13.—With the acclaim of the most powerful members of the Republican organization in this State, ex-Senator Elihu Root at a dinner given in his honor tonight by the Republican Senators was hailed as the "leader of his party not only in the State, but in the nation."

It was Senate Leader Elon R. Brown who thus extolled the guest of the evening. A little later, when Gov. Whitman arose to speak he asserted that "there was nothing in the gift of the people that Senator Root could not have if he were willing to accept it."

For many weeks word has come to the Capitol through leaders of national prominence that Mr. Root was their first choice for the Presidential nomination. In view of this fact many persons here insisted upon regarding tonight's dinner as the formal launching of a Presidential boom for him. Republicans of high rank attended the dinner. Gov. Whitman and all the elective State officers were there, the Governor occupying the seat to the left of Lieut. Gov. Schoeneck, who was toastmaster. Fred C. Tanner, Chairman of the Republican State Committee was present. So was William Barnes, the former State Chairman and still the great power in the Republican State organization.

Lemuel E. Quigg, who came fresh from a long conference with Gov. Whitman, was a conspicuous figure. A score or more members of the Republican State committee, mostly members of the Republican Old Guard, also were present.

Senator Brown was the first speaker of prominence. After discussing the legislative program, he launched into warm eulogy of Mr. Root.

"Senator Root," he said, "stands for that sort of courage which ought to actuate the party today. Beyond any question the leader of his party in this State, Senator Root is also the leader of the party in the nation."

At this utterance of the Senate leader there were cheers in all parts of the room.

Gov. Whitman, who followed Senator Brown, said nice things about Senator Root, but devoted most of his brief speech to a justification of what had been done at Albany during his administration. He said that all the various measures which the Democrats have denounced as "ripper" legislation were put through merely in fulfillment of solemn pledges made to the people during the campaign.

"We have no excuses, no explanations to make," said the Governor. "We have no need of any defense. We were elected to do these things, and we have done them.

"Is there an honest person in this State," the Governor exclaimed, "a person who really wants honest government, who is honestly desirous of an honest enforcement of the law, who can honestly find fault with the work of the Legislature this year? I think not."

Senator Root was greeted with shouts as he arose. He began by asserting that he was a stanch believer in old-fashioned Republican principles—that he was a Republican. He followed this utterance with a caution against pronounced partisanship, involving the Constitution of the State of New York.

"If I can avert it, no party shall have any partisan advantage in the building of our next Constitution," he said.

The only thing that had ever led to Republican defeat in all the party's history, Senator Root continued, was internal strife and dissension.

"We lost in 1912, and we deserved to lose," he said, "because we had encouraged individual attempts of men trying to climb to personal success by putting down the party that made them. But we have learned that lesson, and I think we have learned our lesson well, and now there is every reasonable ground to believe that nothing will prevail against our party in 1916."

Senator Root then urged the Senators who were his hosts to free their minds from little personal considerations in making laws. He foreshadowed his own purpose to advocate in the Constitutional Convention a plan to deprive the Senate of the power to confirm or disapprove Gubernatorial appointees to administrative places.

"Legislators should have less concern with personal questions, questions of patronage, and the like," said Senator Root. "The Legislature of the State of New York has a great function to perform, and it should not fritter away either its time or its strength on questions of purely personal or local import."

In closing Senator Root referred to the European war, and expressed his belief that it would have been impossible under a democratic form of government.

"I am an optimist," said Mr. Root. "I have absolute confidence in the principles of democracy. I take no discouragement from little obstacles or temporary hindrances. I am a profound believer in the capacity of the people for self-government and for the solution of all the great problems that arise in connection with it. I believe in the institution of representative Government as the greatest heritage our great democracy has received for the freedom o fall the world."

BANK TELLER DIES ON WITNESS STAND

George Feuerstein Under Strain Testifying Against A. Mandel, His Old Employer.

TESTIMONY MAY BE VOIDED

Scores of Depositors See Tragic End of One Who Received Deposits Lost in Banker's Failure.

Scores of depositors in the Adolf Mandel Bank at 155 Rivington Street, which was taken over by the State Banking Department last Summer, were present in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court yesterday morning when Mandel's trial began for receiving deposits after he knew the bank was insolvent.

The depositors listened to Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel's outline of the case and then to the testimony of Mrs. Esther Morgenstein, who testified that on July 28, 1914, she deposited $100 in the Mandel bank, although, the prosecution alleges, the bank was insolvent at that time.

George Feuerstein, formerly receiving teller of the bank, then took the stand. He said he was 37 years old and lived at 1,015 Kelly Street, the Bronx. When Mr. Wasservogel began his questioning, those in the courtroom noticed that the witness was very pale and that he showed great nervousness.

The former receiving teller admitted that he had received the deposit from Mrs. Morgenstein and identified an entry in the ledger of the bank.

The witness leaned forward to hand the ledger back to the Assistant District Attorney. Suddenly he fell against the railing of the courtroom. Frank Connes, the court interpreter, caught him as he fell.

The excited depositors jumped up in the courtroom and started forward, but the court attendants ordered them back to their seats. Justice Davis saw that Feuerstein was in a serious condition and ordered that he be carried to the Justices' chambers. Dr. Perry Lichtenstein of the Tombs was sent for, and a call was sent to the Hudson Street Hospital.

Dr. Lichtenstein tried to resuscitate the stricken man, but in vain. Dr. Sinton arrived soon afterward from Hudson Street Hospital, and he said Feuerstein was dead. He added that Feuerstein probably had died instantly when he fell forward. Heart disease was the cause of death, the physicians said.

After Feuerstein had been carried from the courtroom and the excitement had died down the trial was continued. The former receiving teller had already given the most important part of his testimony. It is possible that his testimony will be stricken from the records, since there was no cross-examination.

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TYPOTHETAE 50 YEARS OLD.

New York Society Celebrates with Dinner and Addresses.

The golden anniversary meeting of the New York Typothetae was held in the Banquet Room of Luechow's, Fourteenth Street, last evening. Edmund G. Grees, associate editor of The American Printer, spoke on "Fifty Years of the New York Typothetae." Henry L. Bullen, librarian of the Typographical Library and Museum of Jersey City, spoke on the subject of "Printing in New York Fifty Years Ago."

Souvenirs of the work of the printers of New York were on exhibition. They were selected by Mr. Bullen from the collection of the Typograpnical Museum, among them being the first American textbook of printing, "The Printer's Guide," by C. S. Van Winkle, printer to the University of New York, 1818.

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The AEOLIAN-VOCALION

THE element most needed by the phonograph has been *tone-control*—some practical method by which you could vary the music—put a little of your own personality into it. Manufacturers have all recognized this need, and in an attempt to meet it have brought out a variety of needles, provided doors, and other mechanical devices for changing tone volume.

Everyone who has ever owned a phonograph realizes the need. Even the finest Records, if always played in the same way, eventually lose much of their original charm. They lack the shades of feeling, the subtle changes in expression with which the great artists themselves always vary their performances.

The Graduola

The Aeolian-Vocalion is equipped with a device which provides an absolute control of tone. This device is *the Graduola*.

The Graduola makes the music of the phonograph your own—you may vary the expression, introduce tone-shading and accents as you choose. You supply the personal element which vitalizes the interpretation—adds the interest of novelty.

And the fascination of thus actually playing—of expressing yourself in music—by means of the phonograph cannot be described. It is almost as though the talent of the artist who made the record were your own. You have a wonderful voice to sing with—an incomparable mastery of violin or 'cello—you lead the orchestra or direct the band—and always with certainty and beautiful results, for you follow always the example and suggestion of a master artist.

Tone— Not only does the Aeolian-Vocalion provide music filled with the sparkle of life and personality, but for sheer beauty and richness of tone it is the pre-eminent instrument of the phonograph type. Its tone is the purest recorded tone of the voice, the violin, or other instrument, undistorted, unmarred by distracting "scratch" or other mechanical sounds.

The Aeolian-Vocalion may be used as any other phonograph—you need not use the Graduola unless you wish. For dance music it is a revelation, far surpassing in effectiveness, in clearness and volume of tone any phonograph hitherto produced.

The Aeolian-Vocalion plays all the Standard and most popular Records. It may be obtained in a variety of beautiful models at a wide range of moderate prices, and it is sold on small monthly payments. Other phonographs taken in exchange.

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SEXTON KILLED BY CAR.

Rooney Had Paid Insurance Premium Just Before He Met Death.

Clutching two insurance books on which he had just paid a small premium, Matthew Rooney, for many years assistant sexton of St. Stephan's Roman Catholic Church in East Twenty-eighth Street, was run over and killed by a north-bound surface car at Third Avenue and Thirtieth Street last night.

Rooney had lived for many years with his aunt, Mrs. Mary Clark, 76 years old, at 237 East Twenty-sixth Street, whom he supported.

KAISER VISITS BRUSSELS.

Later, with the Crown Prince, He Visits Hoboken Submarine Works.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—Emperor William and Crown Prince Frederick William visited Brussels Saturday, and later went to Antwerp and inspected the German submarine works at Hoboken, according to The Daily Telegraph's Boulogne correspondent.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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Daghestans, Mosuls, Shirvans, Kurdistans, etc., running in size from about 3 ft. 6 in. x 5 ft. to 4 ft. 2 in. x 6 ft. 6 in.
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LEWIS SAYS WILSON SAVED THE NATION

Illinois Senator Eulogizes the President at Jefferson Day Dinner.

REPLIES TO ELIHU ROOT

Calls Him Chief of Calamity Howlers in Denouncing Republican Policies That Led to Unrest.

The return of prosperity in the United States in spite of the European war and "Republican calamity howlers" is due to the foresight and wisdom of the present Administration, according to Senator J. Hamilton Lewis of Illinois and Congressman J. Thomas Heflin of Alabama, who spoke last night at the dinner of the National Democratic Club, celebrating the one hundred and seventieth birthday of Thomas Jefferson, at the Hotel Savoy.

Placing ex-Senator Elihu Root at the head of the "calamity howlers" because he recently was quoted as saying the conditions of the present were comparable to the hardships of the civil war, Senator Lewis attacked the Republican Party, which he said had brought the nation to the verge of "civil riot and national insurrection." Mr. Heflin also trained his guns on Mr. Root.

The toastmaster was John M. Riehle, President of the club, and seated on either side of him were Morgan J. O'Brien, Charles F. Murphy, Senator Ollie James of Kentucky, Senator Lewis, Lindley M. Garrison, Secretary of War; Senator Charles F. Johnson of Maine, Congressman Heflin, and Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President. Mr. Tumulty said he was not representing the President, and brought no message.

Says Nation Was in Peril.

Senator Lewis spoke on the subject, "The Republic," and said in part:

"Senator Elihu Root of New York is quoted as saying that the conditions of the present—in government—are equal in hardships to the civil war. I answer—that which the nation knows—that if Democracy had not been put in power in 1912 in some form, whether through Wilson or Roosevelt, this nation would have been thrown into civil riot and national insurrection.

"The people had been aroused to the conditions of their Government. From the highest sources of editorial authority and public speech they were informed how criminal monopoly had entrenched itself in every place, dictating the price of existence, the terms of living, and denying opportunity and oppressing competition, until the citizen, the merchant, the manufacturer, and the honest corporation were forced to surrender their privileges of profit to the competitor or be driven to bankruptcy and penury.

"The Nation was on the eve of riot, rebellion and public robbery, all under the guise of resentment, retaliation and revenge. This was the deplorable condition to which Republican policies had brought the Nation and which Republican secessionists confessed was her plight. Only by the belief of the American people that the Democracy would right these wrongs by laws, would reëstablish liberty and equality, would end oppression and persecution on the part of the powerful, and would again re-establish liberty to the country by law and enforce justice between man and man, was our nation saved from a destiny little less than such a revolution as accursed France under Rousseau.

Wilson's Election an Assurance.

"The installation in power of President Wilson and the high-minded men of Christian character and noble souls which surrounded him as his aids gave guarantee to the nation that its institutions would now be administered with equity. This assured the citizenship. Then tumult was quelled, every riot hushed, every insurrection suppressed, and in quietness and tranquility they again acquiesced in a peaceful government through constitutional methods."

Senator Lewis said if the old tariff law had remained in force the nations of Europe, instead of purchasing their supplies from this country, "would have retaliated against us for our embargo on their products" by buying from South America, Australia, and the Orient. Had the country not been protected with the new banking laws, "we would have had the greatest panic" in our history. Toward the close of his speech Senator Lewis said:

"I now make bold to say that President Wilson has never had in his mind the selfish object of taking a reward for the execution of his promises to the people by seeking renomination as a compensation or asking for re-election as a return for the discharge of his obligation to his party and his duty to his country. Speaking of my own sentiments, I dare say that if the President can have all the policies to which he is pledged to the people executed into laws and could be then left to his free will, he not only would not be a candidate for re-election, but in justice to the sacred grief which has afflicted him and the sweet and tender obligations which still rest upon him, would abandon public office for the private refuge of home, family, and friends."

Secretary Garrison spoke on "Democracy." Senator Johnson of Maine, speaking on "Neutrality with Honor," defended the course of President Wilson, and pointed out that Jefferson had taken the same stand when France was at war.

TREASURY BILLS FOR WAR.

British Government Adopts New Method for Raising Funds.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—The Daily News says:

"What promises to be a very important innovation in the methods of raising loans for national purposes is contained in an announcement in last night's London Gazette. The notice is to the effect that from today until further notice the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury will issue Treasury bills at fixed rates of discount, which rate of interest will be subject to variation from time to time without previous notice.

"Hitherto the terms of borrowing money on Treasury bills have been determined by competition by tenders from bankers. This system of tendering is to be done away with and the Government acting on the advice of the Treasury and the Bank of England will be able to place loans just as it wishes.

"There is a glut of loanable credit in our money market, and as a consequence the rates for discounting bills of exchange have weakened to the detriment of our international financial position. Thus the rate of exchange on New York is abnormally low and threatens to endanger our revenue of gold to a serious degree. Of course in the natural order of things the United States would have to pull on our gold stocks, because of heavy purchases of material there unaccompanied by any correspondingly large contra-trade movement, but the cheapness of loans on our money market has undoubtedly aggravated the effect of that natural movement.

"Now, the objective of the Government is to lessen the superabundance of money on our market and thus stiffen discount rates, which stiffening process must react on foreign exchanges. It can hardly be expected that the remedial measures proposed will completely alter the position, but they will at least ameliorate what promises to become a very dangerous situation."

Admiral Pond to Head Pacific Fleet.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Secretary Daniels today designated Rear Admiral Charles F. Pond, now superintendent of the Twelfth Naval District, with headquarters at Mare Island, Cal., to succeed Rear Admiral Robert M. Doyle as Commander in Chief of the Pacific Reserve Fleet. Admiral Doyle will be retired for age May 5 next.

LOST $5,000,000 DURING BIG STRIKE

Western Union Official Tells Industrial Commission Why the Union Is Not Dealt With.

MEN FORCED INTO EXILE

Telegrapher Tells of Being Unable to Obtain Employment Because He Attended Open Union Meeting.

CHICAGO, April 13.—The commercial telegraph business, which is under inquiry by the United States Commission on Industrial Relations, in session here, was presented from widely divergent angles today. The witnesses were S. J. Konenkamp, President of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, who completed his testimony; Belvidere Brooks, Vice President and former General Manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company; Henry Lynch, a telegraph operator who claimed that his unionism forced him into exile; H. B. Perham, President of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers; Edgar G. Barrett, a Western Union employe, who confessed himself a former special agent, or "spotter," and Edward G. Reynolds, General Manager of the Postal Telegraph and Cable Company.

Mr. Brooks made plain his opposition to the Commercial Telegraphers' Union as at present constituted.

"I will not say that we object to the present officials, but that inference may be drawn," he remarked. "Thirty years ago our company opposed the union, but just prior to 1907, when a strike was called which cost us $5,000,000, the union became rejuvenated, and we made no protest. Then came strike talk, and we offered arbitration. An agreement was supposed to have been reached, but the very next day a strike was called in San Francisco, which eventually spread all over the country. Since then we have not cared to employ men interested in the union. We cannot deal with an organization like that, as we could do with one headed by a man like Mr. Perham or Commissioner Garretson."

The witness said he did not consider wages high enough.

Mr. Perham took the stand to explain that when the strike was called, S. J. Small, the President of the union, was on the Pacific Coast and could not be reached with news of the agreement, and that the men in San Francisco walked out in ignorance of it. Commissioner Aishton asked if it would be possible for Mr. Perham's Executive Committee to make so important an agreement and leave him in ignorance of it. The witness said he thought not.

Mr. Reynolds said that the welfare of the employes of the Postal Company was his personal and special consideration. There is a union within the company, he said, officers of which take up grievances with the head of the company. Vacations with pay are allowed, and there is a benefit system.

"In 1907 members of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union were employed by us, but the strike was foreshadowed when the union men began coercive tactics. They made errors for the purpose of placing non-union companies in a bad light, and when they struck they did so without having made a single complaint or demand to the company," said the witness. "We were merely informed that they had been ordered out. It damaged the company greatly, and would have wrecked it had not some old-timers like myself been able still to send the Morse alphabet."

Mr. Reynolds disagreed with the Western Union witnesses on the wage question.

"They are paid as much now as they would be able to earn in any other line of endeavor. Our men are satisfied, absolutely," he concluded.

Barrett said that while engaged as a "spotter" he visited various cities, but Oklahoma City was the only place where he found union men, and so reported to the company. To get the information he joined the union. He said that he was at present employed by the Western Union, and held membership in the Order of Railroad Telegraphers. At this Mr. Konenkamp nudged Mr. Perham in the side, and the latter grinned, whispering audibly, "I don't know him."

Mr. Lynch said he was dismissed by the Postal Telegraph Company, where he had an unblemished record, for attending an open union meeting. He applied again and again for work with the Western Union, where, he said, he had a previous good record, but was put off until he concluded employment in the United States was impossible.

Additional telegraph witnesses will be heard tomorrow.

Robert T. Lincoln, Chairman of the board of the Pullman Company, has been excused from testifying on the employment situation relating to his company. Frank P. Walsh, Chairman of the commission, announced today that he had received a letter from Mr. Lincoln stating that the trip from his home in Washington would endanger his health. Mr. Lincoln wrote, however, that he had no objection to testifying, and Chairman Walsh said his opinions would be heard when the commission meets in the national capital on May 4.

GERMANY SENDS A LAWYER.

Washington Puzzled Over Appointment of Swede Said to be for Eitel.

COPENHAGEN, (via London,) April 13.—The German Government has retained Martin Waldenstroen, a Swedish lawyer of Malmo, to go to the United States and act as counsel for the defense in a law suit connected with the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, which is now interned at the Norfolk Navy Yard.

M. Waldenstroen will leave for the United States this week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Copenhagen dispatch stating that Germany is sending a Swedish lawyer here to conduct the defense in a suit connected with the Eitel, puzzled officials, who stated that no suit had been filed in connection with the German auxiliary cruiser of which they have any knowledge. It was suggested the lawyer might be coming in connection with the suits of the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, but an official pointed out that the Cecilie suits were started by private individuals and companies.

The only Government litigation involving German vessels are the cases of the Berwind and Lorenzo at New York, in which indictments have been brought by the United States Government, alleging conspiracy to defraud the Government; the case of the Sacramento, which is pending before a Grand Jury at San Francisco, and the Government's suit in which it seeks to libel the German steamer Odenwald at San Juan, Porto Rico.

May Reorganize London Standard.

LONDON, April 13.—A petition for the compulsory winding up of the company which owns The Standard, an old established newspaper of London, was adjourned today for one week at the request of some of the shareholders. These interests said that a plan for the reorganization of the company was now under consideration.

FINDS SECRET NAVAL BASE.

Mexican Officer Says Warships Coal in Magdalena Bay.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 13.—British, Japanese, and Australian warships and auxiliaries are using Magdalena Bay, Lower California, as a coal and supply base, according to Capt. A. Sommellera of the Mexican auxiliary cruiser Ensenada, which reached port yesterday from Magdalena by way of Turtle Bay.

"Warships of the allied fleet in the Pacific have been using Magdalena Bay as a base for a number of months," said Capt. Sommellera. "According to the fleet of foreign warships and auxiliaries, mostly British and Japanese, at anchor in the bay. The warships were all stripped for action, and looked as if they had been steaming on long voyages.

"The Ensenada entered Magdalena Bay early in March. At that time a two-funneled cruiser, painted lead color, with decks cleared for action, was anchored about two miles from the entrance of the bay. She flew no ensign, but from her appearance she seemed to be a Japanese vessel. She remained forty-eight hours, and then in the dead of night steamed out to sea. Later the Japanese cruiser Chitose entered Magdalena, coaled from a British collier, and proceeded.

"The Japanese cruiser Asama is still aground where she struck on Dec. 31. Attempts to salvage the cruiser have been going on without interruption since she struck, but the work was stopped about a week ago to await the arrival of a salvage steamer. During the operations a fleet of British and Japanese warships was anchored in Turtle Bay, their crews assisting in the salvage attempts. The Japanese cruisers Idzuma and Iotara departed for Honolulu a week ago."

PREPARE FOR BARNES TRIAL

Fences in Syracuse Court House Will Restrain Crowds.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, April 13.—Barricades are being erected in the corridors of the Court House to guard the approaches to the room where the trial of the libel suit brought by William Barnes against Col. Roosevelt will begin on Monday. A fence with a gate has been placed a little distance in front of the courtroom door. Another fence has been built in the rear of the building on the third floor adjoining the stairway, cutting off all other rooms in that part of the building.

Admission to the trial will be by ticket. In all 500 tickets will be issued.

INDICTS THE SLADES FOR TANZER PLOT

Continued from Page 1.

have to seek help through other resources. I have waited this while thinking you would be reasonable and consider what this means to me.

I want no publicity for there's still a little pride left in me, although you have taken most out of me. My meeting you Christmas Eve was by chance, taken by surprise weren't you? Was as near to you on several other occasions before then but didn't want to be bold will tell you when and how some time.

Did I get the letter you never sent me Well I still have the ones you sent me when you were the California ranchman which I kept not for a purpose but because I thought you were just the grandest man and I loved you with a heart that wasn't meant for a man like you to trifle with You know it wasn't for the diamonds (that you are still having fixed for me) or your money. I was always in the habit of dressing nicely but things weren't as nice with us lately I was content did you ever hear me complain in fact I tried to hide everything until everything was in better shape.

You know I was a good girl until I met you, but was so infatuated with you from the start that I lost my head entirely and didn't stop to reason, but always knew you would protect me, for I didn't think a man of your reputation would act otherwise, but I hope my doubt is all a misunderstanding on my part, for your sake.

Don't let me confide in any one or do anything you wouldn't like me to do, for I haven't, as yet, but will have to if you won't protect me. I knew you weren't going to me Christmas Eve, but I went down anyhow; that all added to my misery. Will wait to hear from you until Saturday next, and then I shall not write you again.

RAE.

"There I stood waiting at the Circle."

New York, Feb. 16, 1915.

Dear Oliver: Do you think I am a fool to call me up about 9:15 Thursday evening last to say you have just received my mail. (There must be something wrong with your deliveries,) and just think of it to have two dummies to speak for you. I know better.

I am disgusted and don't care what happens now and will go to the end. Have plenty of friends to help me if necessary.

Inclosed find your picture which I have a long time do you think now I need come down to your office to meet some one thats going to pose as you. I have plenty of time but not for that.

Was to the Sherman Square of a Sunday when you were leaving for providence These are the words you spoke to the young lady at the switch board. Good by miss won't see you for a few days am going to Providence One Thursday morning Surrogates Court in Bklyn. and several other places.

What do you intend to do. My plans are made; more than you think I can do and won't wait very long either. RAE.

I was a fool to believe but know better now.

For the offense with which Rae Tanzer is charged the maximum penalty is from two to five years' imprisonment and a fine of $1,000 on each count. The Slades and McCullough in case of conviction would face on each indictment a fine of not more than $10,000 and imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.

Two Tanzer Sisters Arraigned.

In the morning Dora Tanzer and Rose Tanzer, the elder sisters of Rae, went before Judge Cushman, accompanied by their counsel, Harold Spielberg, to plead to the indictments which had been found against them for perjury on Monday. They pleaded not guilty and were held in $2,500 bail each for trial. The Southwestern Surety Company furnished their bonds.

Although Rae Tanzer has admitted that she made a horrible mistake when she identified James W. Osborne as the man she had known as Oliver Osborne, her sisters would not admit that they had been in the wrong. They stuck to their story and asserted positively that James W. Osborne was the man who had come to see their sister, had praised their soup, and promised falsely to provide a turkey for Thanksgiving.

When District Attorney Marshall was asked what he made of this persistence, he merely smiled and said:

"Have you never felt the impulse to push up the chips when all you had was a pair of deuces?"

DAVID SLADE DEFIANT.

Rails at District Attorney Marshall as Osborne's Friend.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 13.—David Slade, who was indicted in the Tanzer case, tonight attacked District Attorney Marshall and James W. Osborne. He said:

"I have just been informed that the Grand Jury has handed down indictments against my brother, Maxwell Slade, and myself. These indictments are nothing more than mere accusations. Both my brother Maxwell and I stand back of each and every one of our acts on behalf of Miss Tanzer when we were her attorneys. When the civil suit was instituted Mr. Marshall came out the following day with a statement that 'he was personally convinced that Mr. Osborne was innocent.' When this statement was made by Mr. Marshall he was not investigating this matter nor was there anything before him. That demonstrates to what extent Mr. Marshall would go to save his friend, James W. Osborne.

"The indictments were procured to save Mr. Marshall's own scalp as he came out with a statement, 'Lawyers in a Plot.' When this statement was made he had absolutely no evidence before him, and the matter was not yet before the Grand Jury. Mr. Marshall knew the consequence of this statement and hence it was absolutely necessary to obtain indictments so as to save himself from the consequence of such rash statements.

"The indictments have created no fear in our hearts. When the proper time comes we shall demonstrate to the public the length that Mr. Marshall has gone to save himself and his friends, and we shall also demonstrate how these indictments were procured.

"The United States District Attorney has been quoted in the press as saying that he will produce Oliver Osborne. No Oliver Osborne is produced. We will show to the community who this Oliver Osborne is, and that he is not the person that he is claimed to be by Mr. Marshall. We defy Mr. Marshall to publish the evidence that was produced before Commissioner Houghton to see if any offense had been committed by Miss Tanzer at the time that Mr. Marshall caused her arrest charging her with using the mails for the purpose of defrauding Mr. James W. Osborne. This arrest, Mr. Marshall knew, was illegal and unwarranted, and in order to save himself further from the position in which he found himself, and in order to save his friend, it was necessary to procure indictments.

"We ask Mr. Marshall to answer the following question: Why he did not take certain witnesses from whom he had obtained certain statements showing the innocence of the Slades and, after he had obtained such facts, refuse to take these witnesses before the Grand Jury? Is this conduct consistent with Mr. Marshall's duty as a public official in the investigation of alleged offenses?

"We shall call for an early trial, and we hope that Mr. Marshall will not oppose any motion that we make for that purpose. We shall place this entire matter before an impartial tribunal, over which Mr. Marshall or Osborne have no control, and when that time comes we feel confident that there will be a vacancy in the United States District Attorney's office for the Southern District of New York.

"When I made this statement challenging Mr. Marshall in open court before Commissioner Houghton to produce Oliver Osborne, and after the description was given as to the clothes that were worn by the supposed Oliver Osborne, a trunk was discovered containing exactly the clothes described by the Tanzer sisters. We shall also ask Mr. Marshall to go into details as to how the Kaiser girl happened to come to our office, and how the following day she came to Mr. Marshall's office. We shall suggest to Mr. Marshall to look up the connections between Miss Kaiser and other interested parties in this case on behalf of the Government.

"It is very interesting to know that James W. Osborne's nephew is now one of the assistants in the office of the United States District Attorney, and that Mr. Osborne has recently been appointed as a special assistant to prosecute cases against some of the officials of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, now pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, on indictments procured by Mr. Marshall. We can easily see the happy family that exists between Mr. Marshall and James W. Osborne. Mr. Marshall said in open court that Mr. Osborne has been his personal friend for twenty-five years."

When District Attorney Marshall was told of what Mr. Slade had said he replied:

"I have no comment to make whatever."

A winter's work is often followed by spring colds. Hoff's Malt Extract will fortify your system and will make you strong and healthy.

Johann Hoff

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Eisner Mendelson Co.
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By Henry S. Harrison

"Of the three important books by Mr. Harrison, this last is the best of all. . . . 'Angela's Business' is a 'serious novel with a purpose,' but the delightful part of it is that one is infected throughout a reading of it with the author's humor."
—*Baltimore Sun.*

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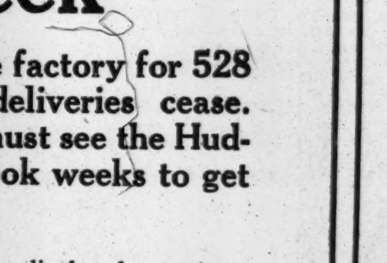


VOGEL'S BENCH MADE BOOTS
Strong, well made stylish boots, practically all hand made. Nothing like them in New York.
$5
E. VOGEL.
64 Nassau Street New York

CHARITIES.

Twenty-ninth Annual Concert
for the benefit of
St. Andrew's One-Cent Coffee Stands
Carnegie Hall,
Thursday Evening, April 22
ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR.

The object of the benefit is for the support and enlargement of this much-needed and practical work, which caters throughout the year to the most dejected of God's creatures, and also to many respectable poor families who through misfortune have become objects of charity.

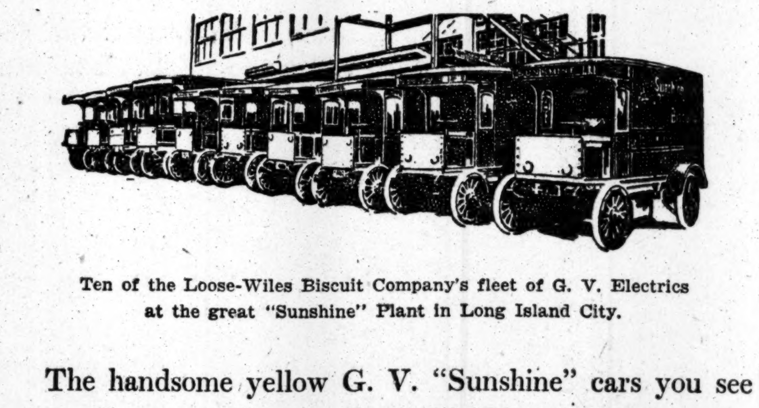
ST. ANDREW'S 1-CENT COFFEE STANDS,
31 West 8th St., New York City.

"SUNSHINE BISCUITS"

are being delivered fresh from the bakery to hundreds of stores in New York by

26 G. V. Electric Delivery Cars

"Sunshine Biscuits" are being delivered to the merchants of Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and other cities by still more G. V. Electric wagons. The smart, sanitary Electric is the ideal wagon for the distribution of food products.



Ten of the Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company's fleet of G. V. Electrics at the great "Sunshine" Plant in Long Island City.

The handsome yellow G. V. "Sunshine" cars you see everywhere are not the only G. V. Electrics. There are nearly 2000 more in New York City alone. One large baker operates 17, while still another has an "all G. V." Electric delivery system, having sold all his horses.

The G. V. Electric is the ideal car for retail delivery. It positively builds up new business.

Catalogue and full information upon request.

GENERAL VEHICLE COMPANY, Inc.
General Office and Factory
LONG ISLAND CITY
80 East 42nd Street
New York City
D. C. FENNER
District Manager

The Light Six As It Will Be

HUDSON
$1550
F.O.B. Detroit

7-Passenger Phaeton
3-Passenger Roadster

528 Last Week

Hudson dealers last week called on the factory for 528 cars. It won't be long before prompt deliveries cease. Local buyers who want Spring delivery must see the Hudson now. Last Spring and Summer it took weeks to get this car.

The First Choice car in every class fails to meet spring demands. There is never enough of them. Thousands of men, on this account, are forced to a second choice.

Last year we had as high as 4,000 unfilled orders. We shipped over 1,000 cars by express to men weary of waiting. This year, our output is trebled, but the demand for Light Sixes has increased ten-fold. And the Hudson is still the first choice.

This ad is run by local dealers, who wish to save delays for local buyers.

Why This Demand?

The Light Six dominates today in the field above $1,100. A four-cylinder class car is out of the question. So are heavy Sixes. The Light Six has become the accepted standard type. It is likely to always remain so.

Why Hudson Leads

Hudson is the original Light Six. It introduced this type.

Its famous designer—Howard E. Coffin—first worked out the many problems connected with this construction. Special steels had to be employed. A new-type motor was essential. Aluminum displaced cast iron. A thousand parts had to be re-designed.

Hudson engineers worked four years on this car. Every part has been refined to the limit. The result shows in beauty, finish, luxury and equipment. It shows in the matchless lightness—2,870 pounds.

And Hudson has been tried out. Over 12,000 cars are now running. Half of them have run two seasons. They have covered together at least 30 million miles without revealing error, weakness or shortcoming.

That is why the first choice is the Hudson. It shows itself the class car. It looks the finished product. Every question about it has been answered on the road—answered over 12,000 times.

You are bound to prefer it. In these respects, no rival compares with it. If this is true, you should know it before our local allotment is gone.

7-Passener Phaeton or 3-Passener Roadster, $1550, f. o. b. Detroit.

HUDSON MOTOR CAR CO., Detroit, Mich.

When you come we will tell you of the matchless Hudson service, which is one of the best things we offer.

A. ELLIOTT RANNEY CO., 1926 Broadway, New York

HUDSON Light Six Sold by

NEW JERSEY.
Belmar—O. H. Newman.
Closter—Costner & Browne.
Freehold—Freehold Motor Car Co.
Hackensack—Mavus Motor Car Co.
Hoboken—Hexamer Auto Co.
Morristown—George H. Cruess.
Newark—The Foley Motor Car Co.
Paterson—Coppinger Motor Car Co.
Perth Amboy—C. A. Sexton.
Plainfield—A. C. Thompson Auto Co.
Rutherford—Bergen Auto Co.
Seabright—H. L. Zobel.

NEW YORK.
Bronx—The C. R. Radcliffe Co.
Brooklyn—A. Elliott Ranney Co.
Kingston—Peter A. Black.
Liberty—E. H. Nichols.
Mt. Kisco—Bedford Farmers' Co-operative Assn.
Newburgh—Sloan & Clapper, Inc.
New Milford—J. C. Drew.
Nyack—Nyack Garage, Inc.
Poughkeepsie—W. H. Lyall.

LONG ISLAND.
Bayshore—Jacob Finkelstein.
Cutchogue—J. Henry Wolf.
Easthampton—I. Y. Halsey.
Lynbrook—Kern Motor Car Co.

STATEN ISLAND.
Stapleton—Louis Blum.

BELGIAN GRATITUDE FILLS MANY LETTERS

Recipients of Commission's Relief Touched to Tears by American Generosity.

COLUMBIA'S WAR AID SHOW

Germans Decline to Share in Receipts—Jews Aid in Sending Money Abroad.

Hundreds of letters from those parts of Belgium that are occupied by the Germans were received yesterday at the offices of the Commission for Relief in Belgium. The letters, all of which express the gratitude of the Belgian people to the people of the United States, were for the most part in French, and at the closing hour last night not more than half of them had been translated.

It was said at the offices of the commission, 71 Broadway, that the letters represented practically the entire population of the provinces of Antwerp, Liége, and Limburg, and the communes of Heyst, Putte, and Rymenan. J. Vendon Drouche, President of the Town of Lapscheuro, writes in part:

> Your generosity provokes the admiration of all civilization, and will bring the blessing of God on you and your country.

From the commune of Putte the Relief and Alimentation Committee pays this tribute:

> This fine token of America's disinterested charity and self-sacrifice will be eternally remembered by us and by future generations, and will always find an echo of the same in history.

In a letter signed by the officers of Sprimont, in the Province of Liége, the Burgomaster says:

> Our sincerest wishes for the happiness and prosperity of our great American sister.

In a communication from Movertingen, Province of Limburg, the Burgomaster sends word that many of the citizens on receiving their first American food were touched to tears.

Columbia's Show Neutral.

The proceeds of the Columbia University show, "On Your Way," at the Hotel Astor, instead of being turned over to athletics at the university will be divided equally among the Belgian, Serbian, and British relief associations. To preserve neutrality the students invited the German Red Cross Committee to participate, but the invitation was declined.

Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, wife of the Governor, is a member of the special committee of patronesses for charity night and among the others who are assisting in the sale of tickets are Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Mrs. Charles Stewart Smith, Princess Pierre Troubetzkoy, Mrs. Oliver Herford, Miss A. B. Jennings, Mrs. C. S. Flint, Mrs. Bradley Martin, Mrs. C. Chauncey Stillman and Mrs. Maturin Livingston.

Red Cross Shipment.

The Red Cross will ship on the French liner Niagara tomorrow a $13,000 consignment of hospital supplies to the American Relief Clearing House in Paris for distribution in France. In addition the Red Cross is also shipping to the same consignee a large lot of clothing for the destitute in France.

The Red Cross Fund now totals $479,312.78, of which $284.15 was received yesterday. Subscriptions should be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 130 East Twenty-second Street. Yesterday's

Dr. H. Emerson..$100	Mrs. J. L. Harriman $60
Dr. Dernburg, (c.).100	Agnes M. Goodell.. 15

American Women's Fund.

The following additional subscriptions of $10 or more to the American Women's War Relief Fund, subscriptions to which should be sent to Brown Brothers & Co., 59 Wall Street, were acknowledged yesterday:

Mrs. T. D. Thacler.$10	Motor Mfg. Co....$50
Mrs. W. F. Dewing 10	W. H. Bissell..... 10
Caroline L. Morgan.250	Miscellaneous 10
Mrs. E. H. Cluett. 25	

Prince of Wales Fund.

The Prince of Wales National Relief Fund in the United States, of which R. M. Stuart Wortley, 25 Broad Street, is the Treasurer, now totals $117,929.38. New subscriptions of $10 or more follow:

Com. Cable. Co. staff $37	John Turton $10
Sidney W. Hughes.150	F. Reid, Norfolk, Va. 10
John J. Guile..... 30	N. Sellar 10
Thomas Sealy..... 135	Alfred Child 10
D. Schnakenberg..100	W. H. Plummer.. 20
S. Gabel 25	A. E. Mason, Pinehurst, N. C....... 20
G. I. Hunt 10	W. A. Cruwys..... 10
Webb Floyd 10	Prof. E. B. Titchener, Ithaca 13
R. C. Cairns....... 10	W. Jack, Lenox.... 31
W. Mitchell 10	
J. T. Gwathmey.. 10	

Vacation Committee.

The fund of the Vacation War Relief Committee, 38 West Thirty-ninth Street, of which Miss Anne Morgan is Treasurer, was increased by $653.26 yesterday and now totals $78,183.23. Additional subscriptions received yesterday included these of $10 or more:

Mrs. Logan.........$12	Elizabeth Williams.$25
Capt. Sverowitch.. 30	Central Com. on Scholarship 25
Protective League. 84	
Emergency Relief.471	

For Women of France.

Contributions received yesterday by Mrs. Whitney Warren of 16 East Forty-seventh Street for the relief of destitute women and children in France amounted to $12, making the total $65,477.03.

Serbian Relief Fund.

The Serbian Agricultural Relief Committee, 70 Fifth Avenue, announces the following contributions received yesterday:

Mrs. C. S. Smith..$100	Baltimore Com...$753
W. G. Humphreys. 10	Harrisburg, Penn..168

Committee of Mercy.

The Committee of Mercy Fund, subscriptions to which should be sent to August Belmont, Treasurer, 200 Fifth Avenue, now amounts to $142,441.20. Yesterday's gifts of $10 or more were:

Mrs. C. Hachaney.$10	H. D. Sharpe, Providence $100
Mrs. M. Standish. 10	Citizens of Joplin.350

Persian Relief Fund.

The Persian War Relief Fund, subscriptions to which should be sent to Edwin M. Bulkley, 43 Exchange Place, now amounts to $24,427. Yesterday's subscriptions of $10 or more were:

Mrs. E. E. Olcott.$25	Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Holliday.....$100
Minnesota Friends. 50	Smaller gifts aggregating 52
Mrs. E. F. Shepard 100	
"A Friend" 100	

Keats Talk for War Aid.

For the benefit of the British-American War Relief Fund, John Cowper Powys, the English critic and lecturer, will talk on "John Keats" and "Masefield" at Mrs. Charles B. Alexander's, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street, on Friday at 4 o'clock. Tickets at $5 may be obtained at the office of the fund, 200 Fifth Avenue, or from Tyson's, and at the door. Among the patronesses are:

Mrs. C. Vanderbilt,
Mrs. J. R. Drexel,
Mrs. C. de L. Oelrichs,
Mrs. Otto Kahn,
Mrs. W. Maynard,
Mrs. W. B. Cockran,
Mrs. A. M. Huntington,
Mrs. C. Greenough,
Mrs. O. Smith,
Mrs. H. J. Whigham,
Miss Josephine Osborn.

The British-American War Relief Fund acknowledged the following new gifts:

Miss A. Mathews..$10	C. H. Field.......$20
Mrs. G.W. Forsyth.100	Conn. F'ball League.160
S. D. Warren...... 25	Mrs. A. Carnegie..100

How to Send Money Abroad.

All persons desiring to send money abroad through the American Jewish Relief Committee should call at the office, 52 William Street, with a written memorandum in duplicate containing the following information:

1. The name and address of the payee written in the language of the country in which payment is desired.
2. The name and address of the payee written in English.
3. The name and address of the remitter written in English.
4. The amount in United States currency which it is desired to have forwarded.

Printed blanks containing these questions may be procured at 52 William Street.

To Repeat "Children's Revolution."

The "Children's Revolution," which was given March 4 for the benefit of the Lafayette Fund, will be repeated at the Park Theatre for the benefit of the same fund tomorrow afternoon.

CITY CLUB AFTER RIORDAN.

New Charges Against Coroner Who Is Under Investigation.

Additional charges against Coroner Patrick D. Riordan, whose conduct at the inquest following the elevated railroad accident at 116th Street and Eighth Avenue on Dec. 8, 1914, has been under investigation by Lloyd P. Stryker, Gov. Whitman's special Commissioner, were filed with the Governor yesterday by the City Club, 55 West Forty-fourth Street. The charges of incompetence and misconduct that led to the present investigation were made against the Coroner by the Interborough Rapid Transit Railroad.

Presumably the second charges will be referred to Mr. Stryker. The City Club's counsel will be Joseph I. Green. The new charges are the result of a speech made by Commissioner of Accounts Wallstein at a City Club luncheon several months ago. He asserted that witnesses testified Coroner Riordan was intoxicated on the night of the accident, and that the Coroner could not be reached for more than four hours after the accident, after which he took more than two hours to go from his home to the police station where the bodies were.

No witnesses for the defense were called when the inquiry was resumed yesterday morning by Commissioner Stryker at the City Hall. Henry A. Wise, counsel, thought his cross-examination of the witnesses called for the Interborough made it superfluous for him to call witnesses. Edward W. Hatch, for the Interborough, got permission to submit certain documents, including clippings from newspapers published since the investigation was begun. Commissioner Stryker will hear the summing up of both sides tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. Briefs to be submitted by both sides will be forwarded by Commissioner Stryker with his findings to Gov. Whitman.

GERMANY CONDOLES WITH US

Boy-Ed Conveys Government's Sympathy Over Loss of the F-4.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The formal condolence of the Imperial German Navy for the loss of the American submarine F-4, recently sunk in Hawaiian waters, was conveyed to Secretary Daniels of the Navy to-day in a letter from Capt. Boy-Ed, Naval Attaché of the German Embassy. Capt. Boy-Ed's letter follows:

> Sir: Assuming that the last hope that anybody is still alive in the ill-fated submarine F-4 must now be abandoned, I beg to express the deepest sympathy of the Imperial German Navy and myself for the deplorable loss of so many brave officers and men.
>
> They died in loyal fulfillment of their patriotic duty.
>
> Accept, Mr. Secretary, the assurance of my perfect consideration. Very respectfully.
>
> K. BOY-ED,
> Captain I. G. N.

HONOLULU, April 13.—George D. Stillson, chief gunner's mate in charge of the diving operations for raising the submarine F-4, submerged outside the harbor since March 25, said to-day four expert divers would probably make a descent to-morrow.

With the apparatus brought here yesterday by the cruiser Maryland and the use of a new method of supplying compressed air, Stillson said the divers would be able to work at any depth to 400 feet.

LIGHTS OF PARAGUAY GLOW AT WALDORF

G. L. Rickard, Returned Ranchman, Shows Worm and Bug-like Living Dynamos.

GREEN AND RED LIGHTS

Like Tiny Railroad Train and Automobile Moving in the Dark—Natives Use Them for Candles.

A worm and a bug turned the Waldorf upside down for a time yesterday afternoon. Each was different from anything that anybody in the big house, even to Assistant Manager Stewart, had ever seen before. For want of a better name they call the larger insect an "automobile bug," though it carried a pair of sidelights and not headlights. The worm shows eleven lights on each side of a greenish hue, a larger one of the same color in its tail, while in its head is a red light almost as big as a whole set of sidelights.

No press agent had a hand in this; three reporters saw the worm and the bug, and if they have not passed away under the attentions that have been showered upon them they are still at the Waldorf this morning and in the possession of "Tex" (G. L.) Rickard, who got back from Paraguay a few days ago, after three and a half years of cattle raising.

Mr. Rickard happened to be talking yesterday to a group in which were Mr. Stewart and several other persons, when somebody asked whether he really had brought any evidence that he had been in Paraguay all this time.

"Yes, I have a bug and a worm," replied the former fight promoter and present ranchman.

"But you can get those anywhere," said one of the doubtful ones.

Living Dynamos on View.

The man just up from Paraguay said he would show them and went to the elevator. When he came down he held something that looked like a jelly glass in his hands, which he took into the office of the assistant manager.

"Darken the room," ordered Mr. Rickard. Somebody turned out the electric lights, and immediately two tiny spots of light made their appearance on the flat-top desk. They moved about and actually resembled the headlights of a tiny automobile. When the electric light was switched on again those in the room saw what looked like a sort of cricket with wings. Its lights were still going, and seemed to be placed at the sides, just between the head and the body. Touched with the finger, the "voltage" in the lights increased.

Then Mr. Rickard dumped a little earth out of the tumbler, and with it something that looked at first like an orderly row of sparks. The spectators gasped to see gliding along on the desk what looked like the tiniest possible imitation of a lighted train. It had a red headlight and a green taillight, and on each side was a row of eleven minute but distinct lights.

The news of what was to be seen in the office soon spread through the building, and women crowded in with the men, and gasped their astonishment. Some thought a trick was being played. All demanded what the creatures were called, and Mr. Rickard averred that he had never been able to find any name for them. He had brought them up, he said, with the intention of giving them to some "bugologist" who would take enough interest in them to study them and classify them if he could.

"Nobody in Buenos Aires seemed to know the name of them," said Mr. Rickard. "Both were caught on my ranch in Paraguay. The bug is more common than the worm, I believe. When Kermit Roosevelt was down there I got a five-inch worm and gave it to him, but before he got away from Buenos Aires the worm had bitten a hole in the mosquito netting that covered its glass and got away. When I was getting ready to come home I offered some of the Indians $25 if they would bring me in a pair of these worms, and I started away with five of them and this bug. However, four worms got away on the way to Buenos Aires. I have had this fellow and the bug for about four months. The worm seems to eat what it finds in ordinary dirt, and I have been feeding the bug sugar and candy.

Take the Place of Candles.

"The Indians told me that in some places families keep four big worms of this kind, and feed them well, and the business of the worms is to furnish all the illumination the family requires at night. You get about as much light from that number as an ordinary candle would furnish. I know a missionary who used a number of them for candles when his baby was sick. I am told by the Indians that five inches is the extreme length attained by the worms.

"I am only sorry now," said Mr. Rickard, noting the interest of those who eagerly crowded in to see his pair of living dynamos, "that I wasn't able to get about half a dozen of the five-inch size, and a few more bugs. It would have paid to have hired a hall on Sixth Avenue and charged admission."

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE AID.

Plans Put Under Way for Campaign to Raise $500,000.

A campaign to raise $500,000 for St. Stephen's College, at Annandale, Dutchess County, was planned last night at a meeting of the Board of Trustees at the residence of John A. Hance, 311 West 108th Street.

The Rev. Dr. W. C. Rodgers, President of the college, was present at the meeting and outlined the need of $50,000 for building purposes, made necessary by the increased applications for enrollment, and $150,000 for additional endowment, besides other funds. Committees of the alumni are to be formed to co-operate with a general committee, an advisory committee, and the Board of Trustees.

NAT WILLS PLEADS POVERTY

Gets Only $600 a Week and Can't Pay $200 a Week Alimony, He Says.

Louis McGrath Wills, known in vaudeville as Nat Wills, applied to Justice Guy yesterday to reduce the alimony of $200 a week he is paying his first wife to $100 or less. The first Mrs. Wills is La Belle Titcomb in vaudeville. Wills said he used to get $800 a week, but now gets only $600, and that he can't afford to pay one-third of it to La Belle.

His present wife was May Day, who used to play in "The Follies." Wills said his first wife was earning $250 a week.

Oppose Columbia Peace League.

A protest at the activity of the Columbia University Common Sense League, the organization of students opposing the so-called "militarism" of this country, is found in a resolution passed last night at a dinner of the alumni at the Columbia University Club. The alumni voiced their resentment at any body pretending that its opinion represents the official opinion of the university. In the last few months the Common Sense League has been active arranging meetings and addresses by anti-militarists who resent any further measures of preparedness of our military or naval forces. This body, in the opinion of the majority of the alumni, has assumed the belief that its beliefs represented those of the university, and has listed Columbia University as in accord with its activities.

Grady Medal Won by R. J. Barry.

Selecting for his subject, "America's Mission in This War," Richard J. Barry, a senior in Manhattan College, yesterday won the medal donated by the late Senator Thomas F. Grady to the best orator in the Catholic colleges in this city. The contest was held in De La Salle Institute, 106 West Fifty-ninth Street. Barry is a son of Sanitary Superintendent John H. Barry of the Queens Health Dpartment and lives at 153 Eleventh Street, Long Island City.

PAYROLL ROBBERS DUPE CHIEF PLOTTER

Elevator Man Waits in Vain for Blackjack Wielders to Divide Stolen Cash.

BEAT MESSENGER IN HIS CAR

Dragged Into Vacant Loft and Left Senseless—Lift Attendant Confesses.

As Morris Fischelman, a clerk for the National Shirtwaist Company, of 37 West Twentieth Street, stepped into the freight elevator yesterday afternoon with $863.15 for the payroll in his pocket, two men crowded in after him. As the elevator started up one of the men seized Fischelman and the other commanded the elevator runner, John Wells, a negro, to stop at the third floor, which is unoccupied.

The two dragged Fischelman from the elevator, flung him to the floor, beat him over the head with a blackjack till he was senseless, took the cash, and fled downstairs.

They were well out of the building before Wells went to the basement and told Harry Anderson, engineer of the building. Meanwhile, Fischelman had struggled to his feet and wandered to the ground floor, where he was recognized by other tenants, who assisted him to the shirtwaist shop on the fifth floor.

Dr. Murray of the New York Hospital found that Fischelman had many contusions and possibly a fractured skull. He was hurried to Bellevue, where it was said last night his condition was critical. He is 58 years old, married, and lives at 718 East Ninth Street, Brooklyn.

Meanwhile Policeman Seymour of the West Twentieth Street station sent in a call which brought Acting Captain Gildea, Lieutenants Cooney and Regan and Detectives Tolt, Dawson and Bauerschmit of the Second Branch Bureau within twelve minutes. They learned that Fischelman had made weekly trips to the Security Bank, Fourteenth Street and Fifth Avenue, to get money for the payroll, and returned by way of the freight elevator, as it was nearest to Fifth Avenue.

Wells, under severe questioning, told conflicting stores. The detectives learned that Edward Wells, a brother, who also runs a freight elevator, was in the building at the time but was off duty, as it was his lunch hour. The brothers were questioned separately and were finally arrested as accomplices.

According to the police, the pair confessed that they knew the two men who committed the robbery. They said the others, who were truckmen, had forced them into the plot under threats of death.

The prisoners were taken to Headquarters and locked up. John Wells gave his age as 27, and said he lived at 74 West 134th Street. Edward said he was 36, and that he lived at the same address.

According to the police, the negroes finally admitted that they were to divide the proceeds with the two white men, whom they were to meet at a spot which they made known to the police. Thereupon, with detectives on their trail, the two were turned loose and ordered to go to the rendezvous. The Wells brothers went to the corner where they said they were to meet the accomplices for the division of the proceeds, but after a long and weary wait the white men had not appeared, and the detectives, judging that the negroes had been duped, took them to the Tombs.

A VANDERBILT UNDER KNIFE.

Alfred G., Jr., 2 1-2 Years Old, Operated On for Removal of Tonsils.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Jr., the 2½-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, underwent an operation on Monday at the Hotel Vanderbilt. His throat and nose had been causing him trouble this Spring, and it was decided to remove his tonsils and a slight growth of adenoids. Dr. Walter F. Chappell performed the operation.

The operation, while slight, caused his parents some uneasiness, but the child went through the ordeal bravely. He is now said to be doing nicely, and it is hoped that he will be quite recovered within a week or so. He will then be taken to Oakland Farm, at Newport, where the outdoor life will completely restore him to health.

He has a young brother, George, about 7 months old, born at Newport. Alfred, Jr., was born in September, 1912, at Betchworth, Surrey, England.

Mrs. Vanderbilt is the daughter of Mrs. C. Hazeltine Basshor of Baltimore, Md., and was married to Mr. Vanderbilt in December, 1911.

PLANS FOR LIQUOR REFORM.

Proposals to be Made by Cabinet—State Monopoly Discussed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Wednesday, April 14.—The Daily Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent, who is known to be in close touch with Government circles, says:

"There can be little doubt that the Cabinet was occupied at yesterday's meeting with various phases of the drink problem. The self-denying ordinance practiced by the King's household very probably will be followed by many ministers and M. P.'s, and the complete suspension of the sale of all alcoholic liquors within the palace of Westminster is likely.

"The Cabinet's policy in regard to the liquor problem has not yet crystallized. It is certain the Government does not mean to decree universal prohibition. Restrictive measures will probably provide for:

1. Prohibition of the manufacture and sale of all spirituous liquor.
2. Reduction of alcoholic strength of beer.
3. Shorter hours of sale, not to exceed five hours daily.
4. Closing down of public houses in the immediate vicinity, just outside the gates, so to speak, of factories, mines, and workshops.
5. Compensation for interests adversely affected.

"The smaller problem of special measures to be taken during the present crisis with the express object of accelerating the production of munitions of war has been dwarfed by the emergence of a much bigger problem; viz. the nationalization of the drink traffic. This is the gigantic problem which is now being considered. There is reason to believe that an elaborate memorandum has been drawn up on the subject, the main proposals being the acquisition by the State of the ownership of all breweries and licensed houses, estimated to involve the sum of £300,000,000, but no money would pass. Shareholders and debenture holders would be given equivalent stock bearing interest at 4 per cent., guaranteed by the State."

CITY BREVITIES.

Controller William A. Prendergast sent a telegram yesterday to State Senator William M. Bennett denying that he had said, as the Senator had accused him, that a direct State tax would cause a real estate panic in New York.

Police Commissioner Arthur Woods has received word that Gov. Whitman and his staff will review the police at the annual parade on Saturday, April 24.

Despondent because she had received no news of her husband since Christmas, Mrs. Becky Jarow of 1,416 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, attempted suicide last night by taking six bichloride of mercury tablets. She is in a serious condition at Lebanon Hospital.

Horace Brightman, a lawyer of 3 East Sixty-third Street, was held by Coroner Hallenstein in $3,500 bail last night charged with homicide. The Coroner alleged that Brightman's automobile hit Constance Kraft, 11 years old, of 620 West 152d Street, on March 15, and that she died from the injuries she received.

Telephone Helps

Keeping In Touch With Clients —By Telephone

"ONCE a week regularly I telephone each of our clients," said the general manager of an advertising service agency recently.

"We talk over the progress of the advertising campaigns we are running. We discuss art work, copy, and mediums. We arrange appointments for our representatives and review the plan of action for the coming week.

"The *telephone* helps me to give a high degree of *personal supervision* to the work our organization is doing for *all* of our clients.

"I consider this telephone supervision an important and essential part of our advertising service."

There may be a suggestion in the above that would help you in your business.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO. AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES — BELL SYSTEM — LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

DANGER!

Why Flirt With Danger?

Why take chances with loose bristles? There is nothing to be gained by it—and loose tooth brush bristles are a constant menace to your health.

A bristle lodged in your gums, throat, stomach or intestines is liable to cause serious ailments—loss of teeth, ulcers, inflammation, appendicitis—even cancers.

RUBBERSET
TRADE MARK
Safety Tooth Brush

Be on the safe side. Use the RUBBERSET. The bristles are held in hard vulcanized rubber and they can't come out. You can't pull them out with a pair of pliers.

No use or misuse to which a brush is put can affect this bristle setting. It is impervious alike to hot and cold water, saline and acid tooth-cleaning preparations.

Made in all sizes and styles. For sale everywhere. *The price is 25 cents*—why take chances with the bristle-shedding kind? Now 25c

Friday and Saturday

FREE One 20c Tube "VIVAUDOU" Peroxide Tooth Paste
With 2 Rubberset Tooth Brushes at 25c or Over

FREE One 20c Tube "VIVAUDOU" Shaving Soap, Cream or Powder
With Every Rubberset Shaving Brush at 50c or Over

FOR SALE AT
RIKER-HEGEMAN
Reliable Drug Stores

W. & J. SLOANE

Cleaning and Storage Of Carpets and Rugs

Appearance improved, wearing qualities enhanced and fabric protected from moths, fire and other damage.

Houses Cleaned with Our "Invincible" Vacuum Cleaners
"Everything cleaned in its place."

Dirt removed from Furniture, Draperies, Walls, Woodwork, Books, etc., without inconvenience, while house or office is occupied.

Descriptive Price-list upon request. *Telephone 7700 Murray Hill.*

FIFTH AVENUE & 47TH STREET, NEW YORK

American Art Galleries
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK

The Brayton Ives Collection
THIS (WED.) AFTERNOON at 2:30
Concluding Session
The Masterpieces of Engraving and Etching

On View 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
The Moreau Collection
LITERATURE RELATING TO AMERICAN HISTORY AND THE STAGE, Extra-Illustrated and Finely Bound. Comprising the extensive and valuable collection formed during a period of almost fifty years by the late Charles C. Moreau of New York.
To be sold by order of Charles L. Moreau, Esq.
Friday, Apr. 16, at 3 and 8:15, and Saturday, Apr. 17, at 3.

The Sales will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
Assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
2, 4 and 6 E. 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.

"The Most Important Painting Sale Since the Famous Yerkes and Borden Sales"

American Art Galleries
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK

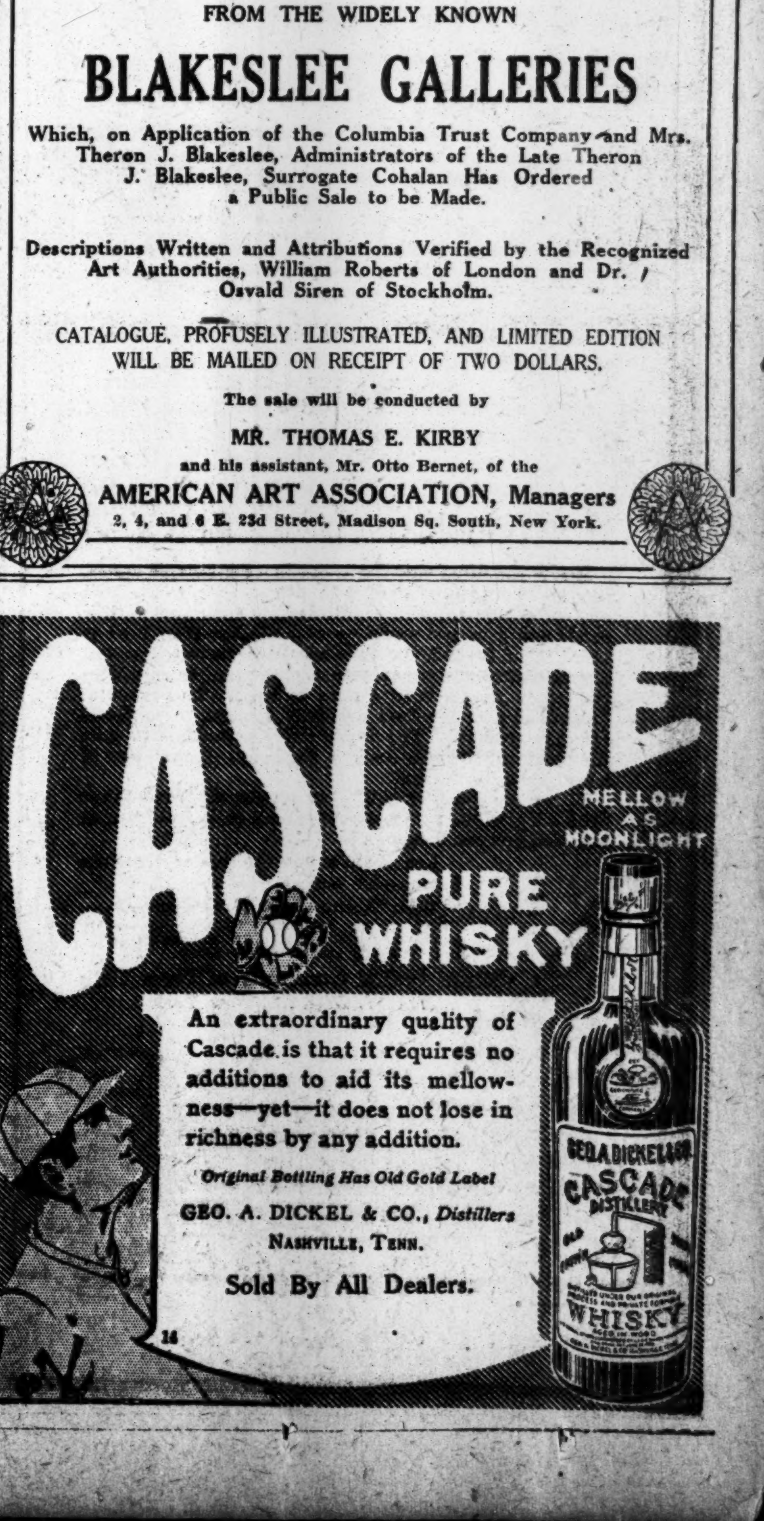
The Blakeslee Galleries Collection
ON FREE VIEW BEGINNING TOMORROW (THURSDAY)
TO BE SOLD AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE
On the Evenings of April 21st, 22d and 23d
In the Grand Ball Room of the Plaza
The Extensive and Very Notable Collection of
Highly Valuable Paintings
By the Great Masters
Of the Early English, French, Flemish, Dutch, Italian and Spanish Schools
FROM THE WIDELY KNOWN
BLAKESLEE GALLERIES

Which, on Application of the Columbia Trust Company and Mrs. Theron J. Blakeslee, Administrators of the Late Theron J. Blakeslee, Surrogate Cohalan Has Ordered a Public Sale to be Made.

Descriptions Written and Attributions Verified by the Recognized Art Authorities, William Roberts of London and Dr. Osvald Siren of Stockholm.

CATALOGUE, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED, AND LIMITED EDITION WILL BE MAILED ON RECEIPT OF TWO DOLLARS.

The sale will be conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistant, Mr. Otto Bernet, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
2, 4, and 6 E. 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.


CASCADE
MELLOW AS MOONLIGHT
PURE WHISKY

An extraordinary quality of Cascade is that it requires no additions to aid its mellowness—yet—it does not lose in richness by any addition.

Original Bottling Has Old Gold Label

GEO. A. DICKEL & CO., *Distillers*
NASHVILLE, TENN.

Sold By All Dealers.

Who wins the pennant this year?

"None But the Braves" by Grantland Rice convinces one of the excellent prospects the Boston Braves have of winning it again.

Read Rice's zippy article in this week's

Collier's 5¢ a copy
THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

The man who is buying an automobile will, if he understands the things that lend character to a car and comfort to the owner, insist on having a Genuine

Pantasote TOP

It is recognized as one of the essential features of a well equipped car.

Genuine Pantasote is the *one* top material that retains its beauty, its look of newness and its serviceability after long use and exposure to sun, wind, rain and snow.

A Pantasote top is standard equipment on practically all the higher priced cars.

The Pantasote Company
1751 Bowling Green Building, New York City

The interior of a bottle of
F. CHAUVENET'S
Red Cap

King of Sparkling Burgundies of France, cannot be imitated; but—a look at the label prevents the possibility of substitute. The words—"Chauvenet—Red Cap"—appear on capsule and neckband.

H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., N. Y.

OLD CROW RYE
"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED,
SOLD EVERYWHERE

BOXING—BOWLING—BILLIARDS—GOLF—OTHER SPORTING NEWS

AL REICH'S HOPES BLASTED BY FLYNN

Porky Musses Up Ambitious Al, Who Has Been Trailing Jim Coffey.

Al Reich, the ambitious boxing Adonis, got the surprise of his life on the Bowery last night when Porky Flynn, the time-worn veteran of Boston, outpointed him in a ten-round glove contest at the Federal A. C. With one hand, an ever-busy left jab, Flynn chopped Reich's fair face until it was cut, bruised, and swollen.

Reich's defeat in this bout takes much of the thunder out of his persistent efforts to get a bout with Jim Coffey, the Irish Giant.

It was the generalship of the veteran that puzzled Reich. Up to the fifth round Reich had several opportunities to sink Flynn, but when he got an advantage with his hard right jolt he failed to follow it up, and lost what little he gained by the punch.

The fifth round was a good old-fashion slugging fest, with both of the heavyweights standing toe to toe, hammering away for all they were worth, with dangerous swings churning the air around the contestants. Reich in this round planted his right on the point of Flynn's jaw. The big Boston boxer staggered for a moment to the ropes and saved himself in a clinch.

This was Reich's best chance, but he failed to follow it up. When the sixth round came Flynn had recovered from the temporary shock, and he went at Reich coolly and cautiously, jabbing him persistently with his ever-ready left. Reich's lips were cut and bleeding, his cheeks were swollen, and his eyes puffed under punishment Flynn handed out.

Reich evidently held his opponent too cheaply at the start, for he smiled and toyed with his opponent for the first two rounds with an air of confidence which conveyed the impression that Reich believed that he could come across with his big right crash to the chin and put Flynn away at any time he chose. He was very wrong in this conclusion, for Flynn's generalship made Reich look like a novice.

The stinging lefts of Flynn made Reich smart and he did not improve as the punishment increased. He exhausted all his resources during the first five rounds, and after that Flynn kept him backing away under the fire of his piston-like left jab.

It was announced from the ring that John the Barber had matched Al McCoy to box somebody or other at Potter's Field on Memorial Day. Everybody laughed.

BOXING COMMISSION MEETS.

Albany Promoter Predicts Early Passage of the Malone Bill.

At the weekly meeting of the State Athletic Commission yesterday Pat Donnelly, manager of the Olympic Athletic Club, applied for a license to conduct bouts in Sulzer's Harlem River Casino, but his application was held over until the lease was made satisfactory.

Several complaints received against the New Polo A. A. were dismissed after John Kirk, who represented himself as manager of the club, explained matters satisfactorily to the Commissioners.

Dan McMahon of Albany, manager of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club in that city, was one of the Commissioners' visitors. He predicted the early passage of the Malone bill creating a commission with three salaried members. He also informed Chairman O'Neil that Governor Whitman would sign the measure on its passage in the Senate. It has already been passed in the Assembly. McMahon asserted that it was current gossip in the capital that all three members of the new commission, if it is created, would come from up-State. He said he would be a candidate for Secretary himself, though he is not yet in the feild.

Thomas Defeats Andy Coaches.

At the Astoria A. C. last night Al Thomas outpointed Andy Coaches in a ten-round bout. Thomas had the advantage from the start and did most of the leading. In the semi-final of ten rounds, Jem Mace, named after the old English pugilist of the same name, defeated Jake Brant in a ten-round bout.

GUNBOAT SMITH WHIPPED.

Charlie Weinert Outpoints Sailor Decisively in Brooklyn Bout.

Charlie Weinert of Newark outpointed Gunboat Smith last night in a fast ten-round bout at the Broadway Sporting Club, Brooklyn.

The New Jersey lad entered the ring weighing only 177 pounds with all his clothes, while Smith weighed 180 pounds stripped. Weinert was plainly nervous in the early rounds, but in the fifth he seemed to gain a little confidence, especially as Smith was unable to land one of those mighty swings which have earned for him several knockouts.

Weinert proved himself to be a clever boxer, and when he once got started never let his opponent get set. He dodged many a hard left, which had it landed would have been good night for the Newark man.

Weinert had decidedly the better of the fifth round, and did all the leading. Smith tired and was slow, and has either gone back into the has-been class or had not prepared for last night's bout. Time and time again the referee had to caution him in the sixth round for fouling his opponent. Weinert continued to play for the Gunboat's left eye, which he had cut in the fourth round with a straight left which landed flush on the optic.

Both slowed up in the seventh, but Weinert kept after his opponent, but his blows lacked steam and the referee was busy breaking them, as a clinch followed almost every blow struck.

The Newark man's right eye went into mourning from a right from Smith in the eighth round. The Gunboat continued to swing wildly, but managed to get in two or three good uppercuts, which considerably shook up Weinert.

The latter took the ninth round by a large margin. He nearly jabbed Smith's head off with straight lefts. The tenth was fast and furious. Weinert never let up for a second, and kept playing for the Gunboat's injured eye, while Smith started many a swing, which was easily blocked by his opponent.

Kohoma Kid Wins at Brown's.

After wrestling through nine rounds of their scheduled ten-rounder, which featured the entertainment at Brown's Gymnasium last night, the Kohoma Kid and K. O. Eggers of the west side opened up in the final period and made up for the poor exhibition they gave in the preceding rounds. For the entire three minutes the rivals battered each other, with the Kohoma Kid having slightly the better of the tilt. There was practically no fighting in the first nine rounds. Eggers, weighing four pounds less than his opponent, who tipped the scales at 126 pounds, was cautioned several times by the referee for using foul tactics. He hugged and clinched with the Kohoma Kid and until the final session refused to mix matters. The semi-final contest resulted in a one-sided victory for Farmer Sullivan of Greenwich Village over Kid Cullen, the "Greek middleweight champion." The latter gave a courageous exhibition, for after being knocked down for the count of nine in the first round he came back and made strenuous efforts to whip Sullivan. The latter was too strong, however.

Australian 'Champ' to Box McCarty

The heavyweight champion of Australia, Colin Bell, will make his bow to the boxing fans of this city Saturday night at the St. Nicholas A. C., when he tackles Tom McCarty one of the promising Western heavyweights. The latter is rugged and a lively session is expected when he meets the Australian. Bell arrived in this city after a three weeks' training jaunt with Jack Johnson at Havana, and a little work this week will keep him in condition for his New York trial. Another ten-round bout will bring together Paul Freda of Orange and Joe Stacey, who is popular in Yorkville. Freda is considered one of the coming stars in the lightweight class.

Columbia's New Crew Manager.

R. F. Griffin was elected manager of the Columbia crew at a meeting of the Manager's Electing Committee yesterday. Griffin is taking postgraduate work and is therefore eligible for the position, which ordinarily goes to a senior. Early in the year the regular manager, Cobden, left college, and two weeks ago W. W. Walker, assistant manager, became ineligible, leaving the crew with no management except sophomore and freshman candidates. Griffin served as 'Varsity track manager last year. He will also serve as the fifth man on the Athletic Committee, which will choose the Blue and White team managers for next season, filling the vacancy here of Cobden. The crew manager holds an important position on this board every year.

Jeannette Defeats Langford.

BOSTON, April 13.—Joe Jeannette of New York defeated Sam Langford of this city in a twelve-round bout tonight. The negro-heavyweights mixed freely, but Langford's apparent lack of condition gave his opponent an advantage.

TO PLACE BOWLERS INTO TWO CLASSES

Alleymakers, Owners, and Employes to be Rated as Pros, Is New Plan.

A movement to divide bowlers into two classes—professional and amateur—has been started by the National Bowling Association, and a committee has been appointed to investigate the matter and report on the subject at the next convention of the association. Such a movement has been brewing in bowling circles for some time, and many bowlers believe that such action would boom the sport.

The movement contemplates including the following persons as professional bowlers: Bowling alley owners and employes and manufacturers of bowling alley supplies. The reasons advanced why such persons should not compete with other bowlers are that they have much better chances of becoming acquainted with the fine points of the game and becoming experienced in the game itself, because they do not have to pay for the use of alleys for practice. This gives them an advantage over the bowlers who have to pay whenever they bowl. If the bowlers are placed in two different classes, the professionals will be barred from taking part in any tourneys where amateurs compete.

New Rochelle's five-men bowling team came down to the Grand Central Palace last night to capture high honors in that event at the ninth annual bowling tournament of the National Bowling Association, but after making high scores in the first two games, the team slowed up on their final game and could only qualify for sixth place in the standing. The scores for the three games were 986, 979, and 852. Major Gage, Secretary of the Bowling Association and manager of the tourney, rolled with the Major Dells team last night and made scores of 173, 160, and 214, which is not very good bowling.

Glen Riddell, one of the best bowlers in the association, made poor scores last night, his total for three games being 555. In the doubles, H. Freese and W. Schrader of Reading, Penn., took third place in the standing for that event with a score of 1,184. Twenty-four teams rolled in the doubles yesterday, forty-eight men rolled in the singles, and six five-men teams were active on the alleys. The highest score in the singles yesterday was 625, made by A. Morris of New York. The five leaders in the different events are:

Singles.—H. Chickering, New York, 648; Leo Lucke, Brooklyn, 639; Theodore Smith, Philadelphia, 638; C. Hummel, Brooklyn, 637; E. E. Wood, Newark, 636.

Doubles.—A. Walter and T. Smith, Rutherford, 1,232; G. Dunbar and J. Wilson, New York, 1,206; H. Freese and W. Schrader, Reading, Penn., 1,184; F. Sticka and T. Pabian, New York, 1,177; T. Christie and G. Lange, Hackensack, 1,176.

Five-Man Event.—Atlantic, Brooklyn, 2,917; Maneto, Philadelphia, 2,879; Melrose, New York, 2,874; National Turn Verein, Newark, 2,857; Roseville, Newark, 2,850.

BIG GOLF PROJECT.

Long Island to Have Three Courses Grouped on One Plot.

Wholesale golf for the public will result if the plans of William C. Freeman of 2 West Forty-fifth Street, who has interested a syndicate in the construction of four eighteen-hole courses on an extensive estate on Long Island, thirty minutes' ride from the Pennsylvania station, are successful. Five hundred acres of property, to be purchased at a cost of about $1,500 an acre, will be used for the courses. The actual acreage for the four courses will be 450, and they will be laid out so that there will be no interference with each other.

Donald J. Ross, who laid out the three golf courses at Pinehurst, has been engaged to lay out the Long Island courses, and it is planned to have the first tee and the eighteenth green of each course within a short distance of a clubhouse.

The plans for the clubhouse contemplate the erection of a large building along the lines of a hotel, with accommodations for 250 guests. The whole project will necessitate the expenditure of about $1,000,000, but the members of the syndicate believe there is enough interest in golf in and about New York to support the project.

CHAMPIONS WIN BOUTS.

Three Metropolitan Titleholders Victors at New York A. C.

Three metropolitan champions were returned easy victors in the preliminaries of the New York Athletic Club's amateur boxing tournament last night. Matt Herbert of the Union Settlement A. C. reached the finals of the 110-pound division by stopping George Heigel of St. Joseph's A. C. in two rounds. J. Gaddi of the St. Bartholomew Club advanced to the semi-final of the 158-pound class by earning the judges' decision over L. Bernstein of the Sheridan A. C. in three rounds. C. Pilkington, another title holder of the Union Settlement A. C., triumphed over A. Thomas of the National Turn Verein in the preliminary round of the 120-pound division. The summary:

110-Pound Class, Preliminary Round.—T. Eisenstadt, New West Side A. C., defeated R. Roberts, McAlpin A. C., three rounds, referee's decision; Matt Herbert, Union Settlement A. C., defeated A. Berkowitzz, New West Side A. C., three rounds, judges' decision; M. J. Smith, East Side House, defeated I. Wassenberg, unattached, three rounds, referee's decision; George Heigel, St. Joseph's A. C., drew a bye.

110-Pound Class, Semi-finals.—Eisenstadt defeated Smith, three rounds, judges' decision; Herbert defeated Heigel, two rounds; bout stopped by referee.

120-Pound Class.—Charles Pilkington, Union Settlement A. C., defeated A. Thomas, National Turn Verein, three rounds, judges' decision; W. Clare, Harlem Y. M. C. A., defeated M. Applebaum, Vanderveer S. C., three rounds, referee's decision; J. Lisi, Harlem Y. M. C. A., defeated E. Matthe, unattached, two rounds; bout stopped by referee; J. Fiseella, Evening Recreation Centre No. 2, drew a bye.

140-Pound Class.—Paul Di Anna, unattached, defeated W. Aylesworth, Morningside A. C., three rounds, judges' decision; Dick Jorie, Greek-American A. C., defeated Harry Cottner, St. Bartholomew Club, one round, bout stopped by referee.

158-Pound Class.—G. Gruendler, Union Settlement A. C., defeated J. Mooney, unattached, one round, bout stopped by referee; L. Terel, Hamilton Lyceum, defeated J. C. Meyer, New West Side A. C., one round, bout stopped by referee; J. Gaddi, St. Bartholomew Club, defeated L. Bernstein, Sheridan A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

Riding Academy Holds Sale.

Combination riding and driving horses were sold at auction last night by E. W. Kearney of Van Tassell & Kearney, at the Central Park Riding Academy. Most of the lots brought fair prices. A six-year-old gelding named Colonel, a hunter and jumper and equally good harness horse, went for $200. True Steel, a gray mare used by Dr. Martin J. Potter all last season, brought the top price of $300. The other fifteen lots averaged around $150.

STONE MASTERED BY GRUHN'S PLAY

New Yorker Wins Second Night's Play for Elks' Pocket Billiard Championship, 201 to 154.

Samuel Gruhn further increased his lead over Robert C. Stone last night in the play for the Elks' pocket billiard championship when he defeated the Waterbury player in the second 200-point block of a 600-point match by a score of 201 to 154 at the New York Elks' Club. As a result of the two nights' play Gruhn now leads his opponent by a score of 402 to 300. The concluding game will be decided Friday night at the home of the Waterbury Elks. The 100-point advantage, however, seems to insure the victory to the New Yorker.

Gruhn last night obtained an early advantage which he never relinquished. He played a steady, careful game, taking few chances and leaving his opponent many times in impossible positions when there was a miss. The misses by Gruhn were few. A fair opening was all that he needed to clean the table. Stone, while he played a brilliant game at times, was not by any means as certain of his shots as his opponent. On several occasions he missed comparatively easy shots and his position play was not so strong as that of Gruhn. There was, however, an element of unkind chance which worked havoc with Stone's play. Many difficult positions were presented to him for solving just through the fact of the cue ball rolling a mite too far, and sometimes on a smashing break shot, which should have scattered the ivories wide open, with easy shots on every hand, left a complete tie-up.

Stone never lost heart and played hard through to the end, but he could not prevent that steadily increasing advantage which went to the credit of the New Yorker. Even with the final match played in his own town, among friends, it is hard to believe that Stone will be able to cut down the big lead which Gronn has established in this city.

MAYER BILLIARD WINNER.

Ex-Amateur Champion Beat Cutler in Second Night's Play.

Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia, who recently won the amateur Class A 18.2 balk-line billiard championship, last night turned the tables on Albert Cutler in the second game of their six-game professional series at John Doyle's Billiard Academy, winning by the close count of 500 to 496. Mayer's victory evened the series to date, each man having one game to his credit. Both players displayed remarkable skill at times, and the cue work of the Philadelphian was especially of the high class order. He made the highest run of the two games when, in the twenty-second inning, he clicked off 114 points.

During this inning the ex-amateur displayed unusual skill at line play and nursed the balls with the dexterity of a professional of long standing. It was this big inning that turned the tide in Mayer's direction. Up to this stage he was nearly 200 points behind Cutler, but in several innings after the high run period he made double figures, which put him ahead of Cutler. The game went twenty-eight innings, so that Mayer had to play with all his skill to pass his rival. Each man averaged above 17, Mayer's average being 17 24-28 and Cutler's 17 15-27.

Coleman Beats Clarke in Play-Off.

Hal Coleman, the national Class B amateur billiard champion, last night defeated George P. B. Clarke, 250 to 144, in the first game of the playoff of the triple tie for the principal honors in the Manhattan 18.2 balk-line tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy. Coleman was in splendid form, and made the high average of 10. Clarke's average was 6. The victor's high runs were 39, 32, and 25, while Clarke made 23, 22, and 15, in his best innings.

Yale's New Athletic Business Plan.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 13.—Yale's athletic funds hereafter will be handled through the university treasurer's office instead of the Yale Athletic Association. This action was taken at a meeting of the association tonight. George Parmly Day, the university treasurer, was elected as custodian of the funds in place of Henry W. Hobson, resigned.

The resignation of Everard Thompson, who has been in charge of the ticket department for many years, was accepted. J. B. Houghton, Mr. Thompson's chief assistant, will have temporary charge of this department.

Public Links to Open.

The Department of Parks yesterday announced that the links in Bronx Park and Pelham Bay Park will be opened for the season tomorrow.

SEVENTH AVE.

TO THE GAME by Bus today! Seventh Avenue and St. Nicholas Avenue lines go direct to the Polo Grounds. You are sure of a seat going and coming home. Outdoor air, too, on a

Fifth Avenue Bus

Bud

A DISTINCTIVE CIGARETTE IN A DISTINCTIVE CASE

20 Cents

MADE for SMOKERS of DISCRIMINATION

BUD CIGARETTE CO. INC. – NEW YORK

SEE AMERICA

IN A SAXON

There are going to be more American vacations for Americans this year than ever before. With Europe in the throes of a bitter struggle—and that foreign trip you were planning out of the question—why not a *Saxon* vacation right here in the good old U. S. A.?

Really the *ideal* vacation is one in a dependable motor. It permits you to go when and where you will—it allows you to become acquainted with beauty spots and bits of scenic grandeur you would never see in travel by boat or train. And for an automobile vacation—on so economical a basis that even the moderate salaried man can enjoy it—the trusty *Saxon* is in a class by itself. Thousands of *Saxons* all over the land are daily showing a wonderful touring capability. The *Saxon* roadster was first to cross the continent over the Lincoln Highway. It costs but ½ a cent per mile of travel.

Either the Roadster at $395 or our elegant *Saxon* Six at $785 will give you the means of the most enjoyable low cost vacation you can imagine.

Let us show you the true merit of the Saxon—by actual demonstration.

Open Evenings. Tel. 7811 Columbus.

There is an opportunity for live, aggressive dealers to handle Saxon Cars in territory still open. Write or call for further details.

Saxon Motor Company of New York
251 W. 57th St., New York

SAXON ROADSTER $395

SEE AMERICA IN A SAXON

Hupmobile
CAR OF THE AMERICAN FAMILY

In Real Economy—a Big Car

Think farther than low gasoline, oil and tire consumption when we speak of Hupmobile economy.

Think of days and days, and weeks and months, of service without a penny for repairs.

Think of the Hupmobile annual repair record of less than ¼-cent per mile.

Think of parts so good—so well made, so smoothly working—that breakages are almost unheard of.

Think of the long life and little wear of the Hupmobile mechanism due to sound materials, correct designing and skillful workmanship.

Because Hupmobile economy means all these things, over and above satisfying mileage of gas, oil and tires.

Real upkeep cost—in the case of most cars—is not merely what you pay for fuel, lubricant and rubber.

It is what you pay the repair man for parts and labor.

You probably have read or heard that, in the case of the Hupmobile, this amounts to nothing or next thing to it, by the end of the year.

And at the same time, you average 18 or more miles per gallon of gas. You are assured the economy of tires 10% oversize.

It is because of the unusual Hupmobile economy that owners, almost without exception, believe their cars to be the best of their class in the world.

That is the reason the Hupmobile is truly the Car of the American Family.

And that is why, if you are in the market, you will be best pleased if you invest in a Hupmobile.

Ask for a demonstration.

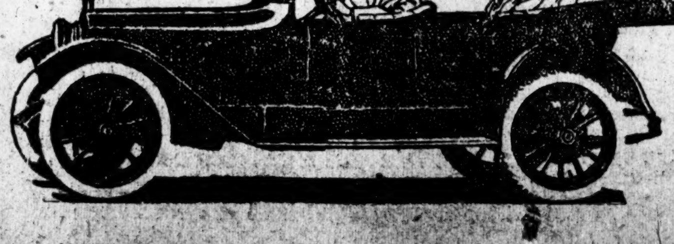
"Call and let us explain why the Hupmobile leads the field."

CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., Inc.
1690 Broadway, at 53rd Street.
Phone Circle 1616.

NEWARK:
Bonnell Motor Car Co.,
273 Halsey Street.

BROOKLYN:
Diuguid Bros.,
1190 Fulton Street.

$1200 f. o. b. Detroit
5-pass. Touring Car or Roadster
7-pass. Touring Car - $1225



Which of these three Motor Car Dollars is yours?

The too Light car dollar

The too Heavy car dollar

The Chalmers dollar

It used to be 960 miles from Chicago to New York. Now it is 20 hours.

How rapidly we shift—and better—how rapidly we shift our standards of measurement!

Motor cars have been in turn measured by appearance, design, construction, price, power.

Now these things are pretty well standardized in all the different priced motor cars.

The thing by which the motor-wise man now measures is *cost of upkeep*.

You can get upkeep cost down to nearly nothing—but not if you get what you demand from a motor car.

And here comes the discussion about weight.

Someone asked Abraham Lincoln how long a man's legs ought to be.

"About long enough to reach from his body to the ground, I should say," replied Mr. Lincoln.

And a motor car needs enough strength to carry its necessary weight—no more—no less.

Saving on gasoline and oil may be saving at the spigot, to run out at the repair bung hole.

Between any two cars—there are only a few dollars' difference in a seasons oil and gas cost, but parts and repairs cost to beat the band.

Good tires are all adjusted to your car and sold on a guaranteed mileage basis.

So you should demand that your car should be heavy enough to stand up on country roads without danger or big repair bills; light enough to be reasonably economical of gas and oil.

Among this kind of motor cars, the Chalmers car is supreme when you consider the cost of the motor car while you *have* it, instead of its cost when you *get* it.

The Chalmers line for 1915 consists of 3 "Economical Sixes;" the New Six-40 at $1400; the Light Six-48 at $1650 and the Master Six-54 at $2400.

Come in and look them over.

Chalmers Motor Co. of New York, Inc.
Broadway and 50th Street *Phone 2980 Circle*
Brooklyn—Bedford Ave. and Fulton St. Phone 3700 Bedford
Jersey City—2527 Boulevard Phone 1543 Bergen
Paddock-Zusi Motor Car Co., Newark, N. J.

Quality First

Let your next Car be a
Chalmers Light Six-48 $1650

GIANTS DEFEAT YALE TWICE—PENNANT SEASON OPENS AT POLO GROUNDS TODAY

M'GRAW'S VETERANS BARELY BEAT YALE

But the Colts Trounce the Elis in Second Game of Double Header, 6 to 0.

The young men of Yale, which is a prominent institution of learning in New Haven, Conn., may be able to translate Sanscrit into fashionable English, they may solve the secret messages carved on the Babylonian tablets and change them into good old Anglo-Saxon, but they are still unlettered—and, in fact, ignorant, if the truth must be told—in the gentle art of translating pitching into base hits. The Yale team intruded on the Giants twice in the same place at the Polo Grounds yesterday, and, from a social standpoint, the encounter was a big success, but when it came to baseball the Yales were beaten twice, in the first game 2 to 1 and in the scond game 6 to 0.

The encounter served the purpose of introducing Mr. McGraw to all his friends after a long sojourn in the South. Mr. McGraw, by the way, isn't especially pleased with the results of his training trip at far-off Marlin. The weather was bad and the surplus weight of several of the players has not been reduced to its normal status. When asked yesterday about the season's outlook, Mr. McGraw stated that he was very fond of bridge whist. In fact, he will take anybody in the world on at bridge at 180 pounds, gross.

The Giant regulars were placed in the limelight in the first game, and George Burns, although limping slightly, was able to hold down his place in left field. It will be some time, however, before he is able to run the bases helter-skelter as he did in the days of old. Long John Reilly, the Yale third baseman, was quite noticeable in the first game. Major league managers are casting longing glances at young Mr. Reilly, and several of them are prepared to grab him just as soon as he is educated.

In the first game the Giants got a jumping start on the collegians. Mr. Way, who was pitching, gave Snodgrass a pass. Larry Doyle, who proved that he is not all in, as common report has it, tripled to the right field barracks and scored Snodgrass. Lobert punched a liner to Legore, the football full back, who also plays short stop. Fletcher rolled to Way, and Doyle was extinguished trying to score. Fletcher went to second during the excitement, and he scored when Merkle poled a double to left.

The lonesome Yale run came in the fourth inning. Legore smashed a double to left, and Easton was sent in to run for the batsman. Vaughn beat out an infield hit by fast galloping, and Easton scored. Perritt and Ritter pitched very effective ball against the college boys.

The second game was a runaway for the Giants. Mr. McGraw imposed his younger set on Yale in this game, and, as a matter of fact, they did better than the veterans. Walsh, who pitched for Yale, had nothing puzzling about his service, and he was treated to a whitewash. The Giants' Colts did some smart hitting at timely moments, and had no trouble in scoring.

New York's populace was evidently not very much interested in the visit of the ambitious young men from New Haven, because the crowd was quite small, and at no time were there more than 350 folks looking at the efforts of the baseballers. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'grass, cf.	2	1	0	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	0	2	3	3
Lobert, 3b.	3	0	0	0	0
F'cher, ss.	3	1	1	2	2
Merkle, 1b.	3	0	2	5	1
Burns, lf.	3	0	0	0	0
Thorpe, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Meyers, c.	1	0	0	4	2
Smith, c.	1	0	0	5	0
Perritt, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Ritter, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	24	2	5	21	8

YALE.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mid'b'k, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Milb'n, 2b.	2	0	0	0	1
Hanes, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
Fegore, ss.	3	1	1	3	2
Reilly, 3b.	3	0	1	1	3
Vaughn, rf.	3	0	1	0	1
Bush, 1b.	2	0	0	10	0
Hunter, c.	3	0	0	3	3
Way, p.	3	0	0	1	3
Total	26	1	5	21	13

Errors—Fletcher, Legore.

New York.........2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Yale.........0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Merkle, Legore. Three-base hit—Doyle. Sacrifice hit—Bush. Stolen base—Doyle. Left on bases—New York, 2; Yale, 7. Innings pitched—By Perritt, 4; by Ritter, 3. Base hits made—Off Perritt, 4; off Ritter, 1. Struck out—By Perritt, 4; by Ritter, 5; by Way, 3. Bases on balls—Off Perritt, 1; off Ritter, 1; off Way, 1. Time of game—Forty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Bedford.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Piez, lf.	2	1	0	2	0
Grant, 2b.	2	2	2	1	2
Pal'ero, p.	1	1	0	0	0
B'nard, ss.	3	1	1	0	0
Rob'n, rf.	2	0	0	0	0
Mur'y, cf.	3	0	0	0	0
Kores, 3b.	2	0	0	0	0
Holke, 1b.	3	1	1	3	1
M'Lean, c.	3	0	0	7	1
Stroud, p.	1	0	0	1	1
Beatty, ss.	1	0	0	0	0
W'dell, c.	0	0	0	6	0
Total	23	6	4	21	5

YALE.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
L. M'brook, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
H. M'brook, 2b	3	0	1	0	4
Hanes, rf.	2	0	0	1	0
John'n, ss.	2	0	0	0	6
Rhett, 3b.	3	0	0	3	2
Easton, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
Bush, 1b.	2	0	0	13	0
Castles, c.	2	0	0	1	2
Walsh, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Total	22	0	3	18	16

Error—Walsh.

New York.........2 1 2 0 1 0 ..—6
Yale.........0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Grant. Sacrifice hits—Robertson, Hanes. Stolen bases—Grant, Brainard, Robertson. Left on bases—New York, 1; Yale, 8. First base on errors—New York, 1. Innings pitched—By Stroud, 4; by Palmero, 3. Hits—Off Stroud, 4; off Palmero, 0. Struck out—By Stroud, 7; by Palmero, 6; by Walsh, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Walsh, (Piez.) Bases on balls—Off Stroud, 1; off Walsh, 2. Wild pitch—Walsh. Time of game—Fifty-two minutes. Umpire—Mr. Bedford.

Half-Holiday for Feds' Opening.

NEWARK, N. J., April 13.—Mayor Raymond today issued a proclamation suggesting that business houses, wherever possible, make Friday, the opening day of the local Feds, a half holiday, inasmuch as Newark has now been placed on the big league baseball map. The Mayor also suggests that business and private houses be decorated. Mayor Raymond realizes that a half holiday will prevent many persons reporting "sick" and save the lives of office boys' grandmothers until later in the season. A request that the Mayor issue a "suitable proclamation" for the opening game was made last week by the Common Council. The Mayor says in the paper that "the people of Newark are desirous of showing their appreciation of the selection of Newark as a representative of a major league."

Walsh Will Be Ready Soon.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 13.—Ed Walsh, the Chicago American League pitcher, was told today by the medical expert who has been treating his arm, that he would be in shape to return to Chicago within three weeks and take his regular turn in the box.

Pitchers for State League Clubs.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 13.—Pitchers Jacobs and Mattison were released today by the Philadelphia Nationals, under optional agreements, respectively to Albany and Troy, of the New York State League. Both players were members of the local club's pitching staff last season.

President to Open Game.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 13.—President Wilson plans to open the baseball season here tomorrow by attending the Washington-New York game and tossing out the first ball. He has accepted an annual pass for the season here.

Southern Association.

At Mobile—Atlanta, 4; Mobile, 1.
At Memphis—Memphis, 6; Little Rock, 1.
At Nashville—Nashville, 8; Chattanooga, 5.
At New Orleans—New Orleans, 7; Birmingham, 4.

Results of Baseball Games.

At Boston—Boston Nationals, 6; Brown University, 0.
At Providence—Philadelphia Nationals, 10; Providence, 1.
At Fordham—Fordham Prep, 14; Yonkers, H. S., 0.
At Huntington, W. Va.—Michigan, 6; Marshall College, 3.
At Washington, D. C.—Georgetown, 9; West Virginia Wesleyan, 4.
At Indianapolis—Pittsburgh Nationals, 4; Indianapolis, 4; (called in ninth by agreement.)
At Richmond, Va.—Boston Americans, 5; Richmond, 0.
At Lafayette, Ind.—Wabash, 3; Purdue, 2.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Opening National League Baseball Championship, Polo Grounds today, 3:30 P. M. Giants vs. Brooklyn. Music by 7th Reg. Band 1 P. M.

BASEBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
Newark, 3; Baltimore, 1.
Chicago, 6; Pittsburgh, 5.
St. Louis, 3; Kansas City, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Newark	6	0	1.000
Chicago	2	0	1.000
Brooklyn	2	1	.667
Kansas City	2	2	.500
St. Louis	1	1	.500
Buffalo	1	2	.333
Pittsburgh	1	3	.250
Baltimore	0	3	.000

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at New York.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.
St. Louis at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Washington.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at Detroit.
Chicago at St. Louis.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Brooklyn.
Buffalo at Baltimore.
St. Louis at Kansas City.

PRINCETON PITCHING FEAT.

Link Strikes Out Fourteen Williams College Batsmen.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 13.—Two Princeton baseball records were hung up today in the Williams game, which the Tigers won, 5 to 2. Link struck out fourteen batters, one more than any Princeton twirler has ever fanned in an intercollegiate game. Douglas established the other record by hitting his second home run in two days, sending the ball far over the left fielder's head. The drive duplicated almost exactly the first baseman's smash of the day before, when he found Carroll Brown, the Yankee twirler, for a homer.

Link's pitching was masterly, the Williamstown team getting only two safe hits in the nine innings. In the eighth with the bases full and only one out, he pulled himself out of a precarious situation by striking out the next two batters. In the ninth he retired the side on strike-outs.

The Tigers got an early lead, collecting one run in the second inning and three in the third. Williams fielding misplays, coupled with a pair of hits, were responsible for the scoring in the third. Douglas's home run in the fourth accounted for the final tally. The score:

PRINCETON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hanks, lf.	2	1	0	4	0
Gill, 3b.	4	1	1	1	0
Scully, 2b.	3	0	1	0	4
Greene, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
D'gl's, 1b.	4	2	1	4	0
Hoyt, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
M'den, ss.	3	0	2	2	1
S'mon, c.	3	0	0	14	0
Link, p.	4	1	0	0	0
Total	31	5	6	27	5

WILLIAMS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Statler, lf.	3	1	1	0	0
Clark, ss.	4	0	0	3	1
T'lna, cf.	4	0	1	3	1
Swain, 3b.	4	0	0	3	1
Mich'r, c.	3	0	0	3	2
Lapl'e, rf.	3	1	0	2	0
Br'b'h, 1b.	2	0	0	7	0
P'sons, 2b.	4	0	0	3	1
Bowen, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Young, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	31	2	2	24	9

Errors—Scully, Madden, Clark, (2,) Toolan, Parsons, (3,) Bowen.

Williams ....0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2
Princeton ....0 1 3 1 0 0 0 0 ..—5

Left on bases—Princeon, 7; Williams, 7. Stolen bases—Madden, (2,) Statler, Laplante, (2.) Sacrifice flies—Scully, Madden. Two-base hti—Scully. Home run—Douglas. Innings pitched—By Bowen, 3; by Young, 5. Base hits—Off Bowen, 2 in three innings; off Young, 5 in five innings. Struck out—By Link, 14; by Young, 2. First base on balls—Off Link, 5; off Bowen, 1; off Young, 2. Wild pitch—Bowen. Passed ball—Salmon. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Freeman and Sternberg.

Harvard's First Game a Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 13.—Harvard, playing its first college game of the season, had no trouble to beat Bowdoin, 8 to 0, this afternoon, bunching hits in the second inning for three runs, and then playing a tight game in the field. Only six hits were made by Harvard, but doubles by Gannett and Whitney and a triple by Nash counted. Willcox, pitching for Harvard, looked good, fanning seven men in five innings and allowing only three scattered hits. Bowdoin went out in order in the last five innings, and during the game only one man got to third base. The score:

HARVARD.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Abbot, 2b.	5	0	0	2	6
Reed, ss.	2	0	0	0	1
Nash, 1b.	3	2	1	12	0
W'man, c.	2	0	0	7	2
Gannett, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
Mahan, cf.	1	1	1	0	0
H'wick, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Willcox, p.	2	0	1	0	0
Fripp, 3b.	3	1	1	0	2
P'lips, ss.	1	1	0	0	1
Brick'y, cf.	2	0	0	1	0
Harte, c.	2	1	0	3	0
Whitney, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	8	6	27	12

BOWDOIN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Donnell, 2b.	4	0	1	2	0
Phillips, lf.	4	0	0	1	1
McEl'e, ss.	4	0	1	3	3
G'dsky, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
Cha'n, 3b.	3	0	1	3	1
Eaton, 1b.	3	0	0	7	0
W'm'n, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
B'dford, c.	2	0	0	5	3
Stanley, p.	2	0	0	0	5
Frazer, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	29	0	3	24	14

Harvard ....0 4 0 0 0 2 2 0—8
Bowdoin ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Errors—Abbot, B. Phillips, Donnell, McElwee, (2,) Chapman, Eaton, Bradford, (2.)

Three-base hit—Nash. Two-base hits—Gannett, Willcox. Hits—Off Stanley, 6 in 6 innings; off Willcox, 3 in 5 innings. Stolen base—Reed. First base on errors—Harvard, 4; Bowdoin, 1. Left on base—Harvard, 8; Bowdoin, 3. Bases on balls—Off Willcox, 1; off Stanley, 3; off Frazer, 3. Struck out—By Willcox, 7; by Whitney, 3; by Stanley, 4; by Frazer 1. Double plays—Reed, Abbot and Nash; Abbot and Nash. Passed balls—Bradford, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Frazer, (Nash.) Umpire—Mr. Lincoln. Time—Two hours and seventeen minutes.

Seton Hall Beats Colgate.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., April 13.—Seton Hall College baseball team recorded its second consecutive victory of the season here today, administering defeat to the Colgate University nine of Hamilton, N. Y., by the score of 9-1. Gerald Kerrigan on the mound for Setonia held his opponents to three scattered hits. Colgate scored its lone tally in the seventh session, with the aid of an error. West went the route for the visitors, but was touched up in timely spots. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
Colgate	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	5
Seton Hall	0	1	2	1	2	1	0	2	..	9	9	4

Batteries—West and Horning; Kerrigan and Fish.

Dartmouth, 22; Brooklyn College, 0.

Dartmouth buried Brooklyn College under an avalanche of runs in their seven-inning game at Hawthorne Field, Brooklyn, yesterday, the final score being 22 to 0. Finney, Brooklyn's twirler, was the only man on his team who connected safely with the ball, and he got a single off Holmes in the second inning. Dartmouth gathered in twenty hits—three doubles, a triple, a home run, and fifteen singles. Thielscher drove the ball out of the park for a home run. Thielscher, Murphy, and Eskeline were the heavy hitters for the Dartmouth team. The score by innings:

								R.	H.	E.
Dartmouth	3	1	5	5	3	5	..	22	20	0
Brooklyn College	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Batteries—Holmes, Boyle and Murphy; Finney, Tracy and Tore.

Victory for Phi Delta Theta.

Phi Delta Theta defeated Pi Lambda Phi in Columbia's Interfraternity Baseball League at South Field yesterday, winning by the score of 3 to 1. The close score was well in keeping with the keen rivalry between these secret societies. Craven, for the winners, pitched good ball, striking out eight batsmen. All of the scoring was done in the first inning. Score by innings:

						R.	H.	E.
Phi Delta Theta	3	0	0	0	..	3	6	0
Pi Lambda Phi	1	0	0	0	0	1	5	3

Vermont's Season Starts Late.

BURLINGTON, Vt., April 13.—The baseball schedule of the University of Vermont was announced tonight. The season opens with Syracuse University at Burlington on April 28 and closes with Dartmouth at Hanover, N. H., June 22. The other games include Colgate at Burlington, April 30; Pennsylvania State at Burlington, May 4; Yale at New Haven, May 8; Massachusetts Agricultural College at Amherst, May 11; Wesleyan at Burlington, May 20; Massachusetts Agricultural College at Burlington, May 22, and Fordham at New York, May 26.

BROOKFEDS DROP GAME TO BUFFALO

Another Long-Drawn-Out Battle Ends Series in the Federal League.

Just as the long shadows were stretching themselves across Washington Park yesterday afternoon, the Buffeds gently thrust aside the cup of defeat which the Brookfeds had been serving them for the first two of the league games, and tasted of a close but none the less gratifying 5 to 4 victory, their first since the Federal League flung its gates wide open for public approval. It was the first time this season that a game at the park has ended in time for the dinner bell, and yesterday's beat the six-o'clock whistle by about three minutes. If Jim Blue Jacket, the Indian moundsman for the Brookfeds had been allowed to have his way the game might have continued under the light of the silvery moon. A man on first was as much of a worry to him as if the fate of the universe was involved. He had a lot of practice feeding the ball over to Cooper and Myers. The spectators, however, would have handed him the prize without any argument about the second inning.

The counts for the Brookfeds came in the third inning. Schulz, who pitched a masterly game for the most part, for a few minutes became as wild as a March day, and Smith, by way of steadying him, thumbed indifferently a throw from right field and muffed an infield hit, so that when the close came, four runs had been gathered in and only one two-base hit contributed to the result.

Anderson waited patiently until he received a gift, and then was so ambitious that he tried to steal second and was caught by Allen's accurate peg. Gagnier also was accorded the privilege of a special to first, and knew enough to stay there. Kauff followed the same pleasant route, and then Evans tapped one to Smith, who messed it up so that Gagnier came in with a run. The possibility of further scoring looked tempting to the Brookfeds, and Myers was sent in to relieve Cooper of the willow. The first ball pitched he smashed on the nose for two bases, and sent Kauff and Evans home. Westerzil sent a sacrifice fly to right field and scored Myers.

Up to the seventh inning the Buffalo players were behind, but then a total of two gave them the winning advantage. It was careless playing that stopped the rally then. Louden reached first on a fumbled grounder by Reed, and a sacrifice hit by Dalton was messed up so that he was safe. Chase flied out, but Young was offered free passage, and took it. Then came a sharp single by Engle to centre field which scored Louden and Dalton, and he went to second with Young striving to reach home. The latter was caught on a beautiful throw by Kauff to Westerzil to Blue Jacket, and the Indian then slipped the ball over to second and caught Engle off the bag. The line-up:

BUFFALO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Agler, cf.	1	1	1	2	0
Louden, 2b.	5	1	3	1	2
Dalton, lf.	3	1	0	3	0
Chase, 1b.	5	0	0	11	0
Young, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Engle, 3b.	5	1	2	0	1
Smith, ss.	2	0	0	2	4
Allen, c.	4	1	1	7	1
Schultz, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	32	5	8	27	10

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
And'son, lf.	4	0	0	1	1
Gagn'r, 2b.	3	1	0	7	2
Kauff, cf.	1	1	0	2	1
Evans, rf.	3	1	0	2	0
Cooper, 1b.	1	0	0	2	1
Myers, 1b.	2	1	1	6	0
West'l, 3b.	3	0	0	3	2
Reed, ss.	3	0	1	1	0
*Del'anty	1	0	0	0	0
Seaton, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Land, c.	4	0	1	2	5
B'jacket, p.	3	0	0	0	4
Holt, ss.	1	0	0	1	0
Total	29	4	3	27	17

*Batted for Reed in eighth inning.

Errors—Young, Smith, (2,) Allen, Myers, Westerzil, (2,) Reed, (2.)

Buffalo ....1 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 0—5
Brooklyn ....0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0—4

Left on bases—Buffalo, 10; Brooklyn, 8. Two-base hits—Engle, Myers. Three-base hit—Land. Sacrifice flies—Agler, Westerzil. Sacrifice hits—Dalton, Kauff. First base on errors—Buffalo, 5; Brooklyn, 2. Stolen bases—Agler, Young, Kauff. Double play—Anderson, Kauff, Westerzil, Land, and Gagnier. Bases on balls—Off Bluejacket, 8; off Schultz, 8. Struck out—By Bluejacket, 1; by Schultz, 7. Hits—Off Bluejacket, 8 in eight innings; off Seaton, 1 in one inning. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Fyfe. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes.

Chief Bender Gets Losing Start.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—Chief Bender made his debut as a Federal Leaguer here this afternoon and finished second best in a pitching dual with George Mullin, another former American Leaguer, Baltimore losing the third straight game to Newark, 3 to 1. Laporte's home run over the right field fence was the feature. Score:

NEWARK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
C'bell, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
M'K'e, 3b.	4	0	1	2	4
R'sch, cf.	4	0	2	1	1
W'h'se, cf.	0	0	0	1	0
Lap'te, 2b.	2	1	1	4	5
Sch'r, 1b.	2	0	0	12	1
Esm'd, ss.	4	0	1	1	6
Scheer, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
Huhn, c.	3	2	1	1	1
Mullin, p.	2	0	1	1	3
Total	28	3	7	27	21

BALTIMORE.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Meyer, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Knabe, 2b.	4	0	1	3	3
D'can, cf.	3	1	1	3	0
Zinn, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
S'cina, 1b.	4	0	1	8	2
Walsh, 3b.	4	0	1	2	0
D'lan, ss.	4	0	1	3	5
Owens, c.	3	0	0	6	2
Bender, p.	2	0	0	1	2
*Russell	0	0	0	0	0
†M'C'dless	1	0	1	0	0
‡Kirkp'k	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	7	27	14

*Batted for Owens in ninth innning.
†Batted for Bender in ninth inning.
‡Ran for Russell in ninth inning.

Errors—Huhn, Zinn.

Newark ....0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—3
Baltimore ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Esmond, Swacina, McKechnie, Duncan. Home run—Laporte. Stolen bases—Duncan, Meyer, Rousch, Schaefer. Earned runs—Newark, 2. Sacrifice hits—Campbell, Laporte, Mullin, Schaefer. Double plays—Knabe, Doolan, and Swacina; Mullin, Laporte, and Schaefer; Esmond, Laporte, and Schaefer. Left on bases—Newark, 7. First base on errors—Newark, 1; Baltimore, 1. Bases on balls—Off Mullin, 5; off Bender, 5. Struck out—By Mullin, 1; by Bender, 5. Umpires—Messrs. McCormick and Westervelt. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

Chicago Noses Out Pittsburgh.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Luck favored the Chifeds here today, for they were enabled to score more runs than the Pittsfeds on fewer hits and more ragged fielding. The score:

PITTSBURGH.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'osky, lf.	3	2	0	1	0
B'h'm'r, ss.	2	0	0	0	2
Mowr'y, 3b.	4	1	2	1	0
K'tchy, 1b.	3	0	1	12	0
Oakes, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Yerkes, 2b.	4	1	2	3	5
Kelley, rf.	4	0	1	1	1
O'Con'r, c.	4	0	1	6	1
Allen, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Leclair, p.	0	0	0	0	3
*Lennox	1	0	1	0	0
†Del'anty	0	1	0	0	0
Camnitz, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	6	9	24	13

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'ford, rf.	3	2	1	1	0
Mann, lf.	1	1	0	2	1
Fischer, c.	1	0	1	2	1
Z'lling, cf.	4	1	1	3	0
Wilson, c.	2	0	0	4	1
Flack, lf.	1	2	1	2	0
Zeider, 3b.	3	0	0	2	0
Beck, 1b.	4	0	0	4	1
Smith, ss.	4	0	0	4	1
Farrell, 2b.	3	0	1	3	1
Johnson, p.	3	0	0	0	2
McC'ell, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	6	5	27	8

*Batted for Leclair in the eighth inning.
†Ran for Lennox in the eighth inning.

Errors—Menosky, Berghammer, Mowrey, Fischer, Wilson, Smith, (2.)

Pittsburgh ....0 0 0 0 1 2 0 2 0—5
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 4 1 1 ..—6

Two-base hit—Yerkes. Three-base hit—Farrell. Stolen bases—Wilson, Menosky. Earned runs—Chicago, 1; Pittsburgh, 4. Sacrifice hits—Zeider, Berghammer, Konetchy. Double play—Farrell and Beck. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Pittsburgh, 7. First base on errors—Chicago, 2. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 3; off Allen, 3; off McConnell, 2; off Camnitz, 1. Hits—Off Allen, 3 in 5 innings, (none out in sixth;) off Leclair, 2; off Camnitz, none in 1 inning; off Johnson, 8 in 7 innings, (none out in eighth;) off McConnell, 1 in 2 innings. Hit by pitcher—By McConnell, (Mowrey.) Struck out—By Allen, 3; by Johnson, 5; by Camnitz, 2; by McConnell, 1. Wild pitches—Leclair, (2,) Camnitz. Passed ball—O'Connor. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Howell.

St. Louis Scores a Shutout.

KANSAS CITY, April 13.—Henning, pitching for Kansas City, was unsteady, and St. Louis won the first game of the series from the locals here today, 3 to 0. St. Louis scored one run in the first inning without a hit. Score:

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin, rf.	3	2	3	1	0
Brid'll, 2b.	4	0	0	2	1
Drake, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
Borton, 1b.	3	0	1	10	0
W.M'r, lf.	4	0	0	3	1
Hartley, c.	3	0	1	5	0
Deal, 1b.	4	0	1	1	1
Johnson, ss.	3	1	2	2	7
Groom, p.	4	0	0	0	3
Total	32	3	9	27	13

KANSAS CITY.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Chad'n, cf.	4	0	0	0	0
Gilmore, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Shaw, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Ken'y, 2b.	0	0	0	0	2
G'dwin, 2b.	2	0	1	2	2
Stovall, 1b.	4	0	0	14	1
Perring, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2
R'lings, ss.	3	0	0	3	3
*Kruger	1	0	0	0	0
Easterly, c.	3	0	2	3	2
Henning, p.	3	0	1	1	4
Total	32	0	6	27	16

*Batted for Rawlings in ninth inning.

Errors—Bridwell, Hartley, Goodwin.

St. Louis.........1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—3
Kansas City.........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Earned runs—St. Louis, 2. Stolen bases—Tobin, 2; Borton, Johnson. Sacrifice hit—Bridwell. Two-base hit—Goodwin. Double plays—Stovall to Henning; Groom to Johnson to Borton; Goodwin unassisted. Left on bases—Kansas City, 2; St. Louis, 8. Struck out—By Henning, 2; by Groom, 5. Bases on balls—Off Henning, 5; off Groom, 2. Wild pitch—Henning. Passed ball—Hartley. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Shannon. Time—One hour and fifty minutes.

ROUT FOR SOLDIERS.

Racquet and Tennis Club Defeats 12th Infantry at Baseball, 13 to 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Racquet and Tennis	10	2	.833
University	9	4	.692
Union	5	7	.417
Knickerbocker	5	7	.417
Calumet	5	8	.385
Twelfth Infantry	4	10	.286

By an overwhelming victory over the Twelfth Infantry yesterday at the miniature ball park on Fifth Avenue the Racquet and Tennis Club practically sewed up the championship of the Inter-Club Baseball League. The heavy batters of the Racquet and Tennis Club were late in reaching the grounds, but once in action they made up for lost time and established a record for the time of game. Thirty-two minutes were required to convince the soldiers that they were no match for their opponents, and during that time the winning sextet rolled up 13 runs, while the infantrymen got but one man over the plate.

The contest was remarkably one-sided throughout, and served to bring out the superiority of the Racquet and Tennis Club players. Fish, who pitched for the winning team, held the Twelfth representatives to five scattering hits. Two of these were made in the last inning, and it was the only session in which more than one hit was made. Capt. Wrenn's men hit the ball safely nineteen times, and made three misplays, against five for the other side. The Racquet and Tennis Club men were in splendid fielding humor and made four double plays. Half of this number were pulled off by H. Hildreth without assistance. The score:

Racquet and Tennis—C. Leonard, shortstop; B. G. Richfield, second base; G. Stebbins, first base; A. Fish, pitcher; G. Sheffield, catcher; George L. Wrenn, third base.

Twelfth Infantry—G. Taylor, shortstop; H. Holt, pitcher; H. Hildreth, second base; R. F. Foster, first base; H. Janes, third base; Frank McCoy, pitcher.

								R.	H.	E.
Racquet & Tennis	0	5	0	1	2	2	3	13	19	3
Twelfth Infantry	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	5

Umpire—Arthur Barnwell, Englewood Field Club.

Warner Shifts Fordham Nine.

Disappointed at the showing made by the Fordham nine in the last four games, which were lost by the Maroon owing to poor work in the pinches, Coach Warner has switched the whole line-up around for the game with City College at Fordham Field this afternoon. As Fordham's hitting has been of the highest order, the defeats coming by poor fielding, the Maroon coach has made only one substitution, confining his changes to a shifting of the nine. Kelleher has been shifted from centre field to take Flanagan's place at first base, while McGovern, the only newcomer in the line-up, will go into centre field. Carroll has been shifted over to shortstop, while Viviano takes his place on the third sack. Berrigan, who played in right field all last season, has been sent back into his old berth to fill in for Viviano. Collins, who pitched against Mount St. Joseph's last Wednesday, will start again today. Sykes, the former Erasmus Hall High School star, will be on the mound for City College.

Baseball Today, Washington Park, Brooklyn. Tip-Tops vs. Newark Federals.—Advt.

DODGERS WIN LAST EXHIBITION GAME

Few Fans Turn Out to See Brooklyn Defeat Mack's Athletics.

The chill winds which swept over Ebbets Field yesterday put a lot of "pep" into the Athletics and Dodgers, and they hustled through nine innings of baseball, Brooklyn winning, 4 to 2. Joe Harper, who pitched three innings in Monday's game, did the twirling for Philadelphia, and, although he allowed only four hits, he gave five bases on balls, two of which developed into scores for Brooklyn. It was a cold, bleak day for baseball, and the few fans who witnessed the game were bundled up in overcoats, while the players on the benches wore heavy sweaters.

Manager Robinson sent in Recruit Dell, a tall pitcher from Butte, Mon., to work for Brooklyn, and he twirled good ball, retiring the Mack batsmen in one, two, three order in four of the six innings he pitched. Sherrod Smith, another recruit, who relieved Dell in the seventh, showed up well. In his first inning two errors put men on second and third bases, but Smith was as cool as a veteran and fanned McAvoy. Myers retired the side when he made a great catch of Murphy's drive to centre.

A shake-up in the Brooklyn batting order was made yesterday in an attempt to bolster up the team's batting, but Joe Harper, backed up by the fast fielding of the Mackmen, was able to keep the Brooklyn hits well scattered, the Dodgers getting only one earned run, the others resulting from errors and passes.

Brooklyn's first run came in the opening session. O'Mara walked, was forced around to third when Harper passed Wheat and Schultz, and scored on Hummel's sacrifice fly to centre. Hummel added another in the fourth inning, when he singled to right, stole second, and crossed the plate on Miller's hot drive to centre. In the eighth Schultz walked. Hummel drove the ball into centre for his second hit, Schultz going to third on the play. Hummel dashed for second base, and Murphy's throw to Lajoie in an attempt to catch him went wild and rolled into right field, both Schultz and Hummel scoring. Hummel played a great game at first base and rivaled in every way the playing of Jake Daubert, the regular first-sacker, who is laid up with an injured leg. Hummel scored two runs, made two hits, and sacrificed twice in four trips to the plate. He had eleven putouts at first base, pulling in many bad throws.

Eddie Murphy, the first Mackman at the bat, drew a pass from Dell and went to second on Oldring's sacrifice, scoring a moment later on Lajoie's double to left. Philadelphia's other run came in the fifth inning. McAvoy doubled and crossed the rubber when Murphy singled. In the seventh the Athletics looked dangerous, but Myers's shoe-string catch of Murphy's drive retired the side, with Mackmen perched on second and third bases. The score:

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'Mara, ss.	3	1	0	1	5
Myers, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Wheat, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
Schultz, 3b.	2	1	0	2	1
Hum'l, 1b.	2	2	2	11	0
Stengel, rf.	4	0	0	2	1
Cuts'w, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5
Miller, c.	3	0	1	5	0
Dell, p.	2	0	0	1	0
Smith, p.	1	0	1	0	0
Total	27	4	4	27	12

ATHLETICS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Murphy, 3b.	3	1	2	3	1
Oldring, lf.	1	0	0	1	0
Bostick, lf.	2	0	0	0	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	1	1	4
McI'n, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Th'son, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
Walsh, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Crane, ss.	4	0	1	3	1
McAvoy, c.	4	1	1	3	1
Harper, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	32	2	6	24	10

Athletics ....1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2
Brooklyn ....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 ..—4

Errors—Murphy, Bostick, Crane, O'Mara, Cutshaw.

Two-base hits—Lajoie, McAvoy. Sacrifice hits—Oldring, Hummel. Sacrifice fly—Hummel. Stolen base—Hummel. First base on errors—Athletics, 2; Brooklyn, 2. Left on bases—Athletics, 6; Brooklyn, 5. Double plays—Stengel to Hummel, Cutshaw to O'Mara to Hummel, Murphy to Lajoie. Struck out—By Dell, 3; by Smith, 2; by Harper, 3. Bases on balls—Off Harper, 5; off Dell, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Dell, (McInnes;) by Harper, (Miller.) Hits—Off Dell 4 in six innings; off Smith, 2 in three innings. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Byron.

Hard Games for Columbia.

The Columbia University baseball team, which, until it tripped over Holy Cross and was sent sprawling to defeat, was considered one of the strongest that the Blue and White had placed on the diamond in some years, has slated for this week on South Field two hard games. The first will be with the Williams collegians this afternoon, the Williamstown boys having just returned from a successful Southern trip. Saturday, Columbia will reach a little higher up the ladder and tackle the strong Dartmouth team. Capt. O'Neale promises to become a fixture at shortstop. Naturally a pitcher, he is needed in the infield to bolster up the defense, and the fact of his presence in that position, it is believed, will instill confidence in the others. Hann, who was injured in the N. Y. U. game, will probably be able to play his old position in the Dartmouth game. Both games will begin at 3:30.

N. Y. U. Gymnasts in Close Meet.

With only one point separating the two classes, the juniors of New York University had a hard time yesterday in defeating the freshmen for the first place in the annual interclass gymnastic competition. The juniors gained a total of 19 points to the freshmen's 18; while the sophomores, with 16, and the seniors, with only 8, rated in the order named. In the individuals, F. Gilloon, Captain of the Violet Gymnastic team, was first, with 81½ points, leading F. Nicholls of the sophomore class by only a point and a half. Summaries:

Horizontal Bar—Won by F. Gilloon;; G. Yanosik, second; F. Nicholls, third; R. Knox, fourth.
Side Horse—Won by R. Knox; F. Gilloon, second; F. Nicholls, third; A. Lewin, fourth.
Clubs—Won by G. Woolworth; F. Nicholls, second; S. Kopchovsky, third; G. Yanosik, fourth.
Parallels—Won by F. Nicholls; F. Gilloon, second; R. Knox, third; G. Yanosik, fourth.
Flying Rings—Won by S. Kopchovsky; F. Nicholls, second; J. Laub, third; F. Gilloon, fourth.
Tumbling—Won by Ramirez de Aellano; G. Yanosik, second; F. Gilloon, third; F. Nicholls, fourth.

Capablanca Here for Chess Tourney

Jose R. Capablanca, the Cuban chess champion, returned yesterday from New Orleans, after completing a tour which began in Washington on March 1, and announced himself ready to play in the masters' tournament which will open in this city on April 19, and in which he will meet such experts as Marshall, Lasker, Hodges, Showalter, and others.

Three adjourned games in the championship tournament of the Metropolitan Chess League were played off at the Brooklyn Chess Club yesterday. G. Chajes won his seventh straight game, at the expense of Bernstein, and resumed the lead, which temporarily had been held by Black. The other games, Perkins vs. Greenberg and Jaffe vs. M. Schroeder, were both drawn.

GIANTS OPEN WITH BROOKLYN AT HOME

First Game of National League Season at the Polo Grounds Today.

Minus much of the pomp and ceremony which have marked big league baseball openings in past years, the Giants will inaugurate the 1915 baseball campaign at the Polo Grounds this afternoon. They will be assisted in prying off the lid of the major league season by their brethren from across the bridge, the Superbas, led by Wilbert Robinson.

Yellow satin ribbon in a huge bow will adorn a bat of yellow wood bearing suffrage sentiments in brilliant blue lettering which will be presented today to the Captain of the Giants at the opening game of the baseball season at the Polo Grounds by Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse. Mrs. Whitehouse, who is Chairman of the Votes for Women Baseball Committee of the Empire State Campaign Committee, will be the guest of the New York Baseball Association, and the bat she will present as a mascot. It will bear the inscription, "Vote for Woman Suffrage Nov. 2, 1915."

For some reason, much of the spirit usually displayed by local enthusiasts before the Giants' first home game is missing this year. This may be due to the poor showing of the team during its Southern campaign, but regardless of this fact the Brush Stadium probably will be well filled when Mayor John Purroy Mitchel curves an inshoot to John Tortes Meyers a few seconds after 3:30 P. M. this afternoon, and starts the game. The Seventh Regiment Band will do what it can to keep the crowd in a happy mood, and perhaps in warmth, until the game begins.

From present indications, those two giants of the pitching mound, Pfeffer and Tesreau, should be the pitching opponents. There is also a possibility that the pitching selections will be the ancient rivals, Christy Mathewson and Nap Rucker. The latter amply demonstrated by his performance against the Yankees last Saturday that he is far from being a member of the "Down and Out" club. No matter who starts on the hurling mound there should be some fireworks.

The Dodgers have shown nothing remarkable so far this season, and will be handicapped until Captain Jake Daubert returns to first base. The clever Brooklyn first sacker was injured while training, and may be out for some time to come. His loss will hurt the Superbas, for he has been nothing more to the team in the past than the mainspring to a watch.

George Burns probably will be seen in left field, with Jim Thorpe in right. Hans Lobert is the only real newcomer to be exhibited by the Giants today. He is expected to be a tower of strength to the Giants at third base, and with Pol Perritt should prove a valuable aid to the Giants in the pennant fight.

The probable line-up of the teams follows:

GIANTS.	BROOKLYN.
Snodgrass, cf.	O'Mara, ss
Doyle, 2b.	Myers, cf.
Lobert, 3b.	Wheat, lf.
Fletcher, ss.	Schultz, 3b.
Merkle, 1b.	Hummel, 1b.
Burns, lf.	Stengel, rf.
Thorpe, rf.	Cutshaw, 2b.
Meyers, c	McCarthy, c.
Tesreau or Mathewson, p.	Pfeffer or Rucker, p.

AUTOMOBILE CLUB MEETING.

President's Report Shows Net Profit of $22,902.31 for the Year.

Over 700 members of the Automobile Club of America were present, either in person or by proxy, at the annual meeting of the club, held last night. The following Governors were re-elected, to serve for a term of three years: Henry Evans, Colgate Hoyt, Dudley Olcott 2d, Henry Sanderson, Edward Shearson, Henry R. Taylor, and Frederick D. Underwood.

The President, in his annual report, gave a brief outline of the club's activities during the year just ended, and called attention to the fact that despite the unsettled business conditions the year had been a prosperous one. He announced that $10,000 had been written off for depreciation of the club's buildings, in addition to the usual depreciation for equipment, furniture, and fixtures; $5,300 of initiation fees had been used for the retiring of second mortgage bonds; $5,000 had been set up as a reserve for contingencies for the oncoming year, and, after these deductions, a net profit on the year's operations of $22,902.31 remained.

SAN MATEO POLO WIN.

Midwick Freebooters Defeated at San Francisco, 4 3-4 to 2.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—The San Mateo polo team defeated the Midwick Freebooters on the Panama-Pacific Exposition Field today by a score of 4¾ goals to 2 in the final round for the San Mateo Cups. Both sides played hard, and there were many unintentional fouls due to the fast pace set. The Midwick team was conceded one goal handicap.

The Philadelphia Country Club and the Portland (Ore.) teams will play tomorrow in the semi-finals for the Burlingame Cups.

Freshmen at N. Y. U. Excel on Track

With a total of 40½ points already to their credit, to the 18½ gained by the sophmores, the 8 made by the seniors and the 5 which the juniors have captured, the freshman class of New York University has already gained what practically amounts to a victory in the seven events of the annual interclass track meet, which was held yesterday. So far the freshmen have outclassed their fellow students, having taken a total of three first places, five seconds, four thirds, and two fourth places, together with the rather unusual honor of having taken every place in the two-mile run. The material in the freshmen class appears to be some of the best which has come to University Heights in late years, and the showing of the interclass meet gives promise of a stronger track team than in several seasons. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by C. Crowther, '18; S. B. Many, '17, second; A. P. Townsend, '18, third; W. B. Many, '15, fourth. Time—0:10 4-5.
Two-Mile Run.—Won by D. E. Phillips, '18; E. T. Houghton, '18, second; W. A. McLave, '18, and C. R. Brown, '18, tied for third. Time—11:11.
High Jump.—Won by H. Smith, '17; S. B. Many, '17, and J. Morrison, '18, tied for second; P. S. Carlin, fourth. Height, 5 feet 6 inches.
Discus.—Won by W. J. Bleckwenn, '17, with throw of 106 feet 5 inches; H. G. Cann, '18, with 97 feet, second; H. Kennard, '15, with 93 feet 8 inches, third; G. Brown, with 78 feet 6 inches, fourth.
Hammer Throw.—Won by E. E. O'Donnell, '15, with 100 feet 7¼ inches; H. G. Cann, '18, with 100 feet, second; W. J. Bleckwenn, with 86 feet 7 inches, third; J. P. Hockbrueckner, with 81 feet 10 inches, fourth.
Broad Jump.—Won by J. Rizsak, '17, with 20 feet 11 inches; H. Cann, '18, with 20 feet 9½ inches, second; A. Bentel, '18, with 19 feet 5½ inches, third; P. Carlin, with 19 feet 4 inches, fourth.
440-Yard Run.—Won by C. Crowther, '18; R. McDowell, '18, second; I. E. Kaplan, '16, (law,) third; T. R. Racoosin, '16, (law,) fourth. Time—0:54.

The Depreciation of a Used Packard Will Be Much Less Than That of a New Car at The Same Price.

Depreciation means shrinkage of market value.

The first year's shrinkage is the heaviest.

It is always greatest with cars of uncertain backing or inferior quality.

The used Packard has taken its first depreciation. Its quality is not to be compared with that of any new car at the same price and its backing is sound to the core.

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Broadway at Sixty-first Street

With most clothiers when it comes to the smaller sizes in their young men's suits—say a 32 chest—it's usually hit or miss.

No such chance luck here!

We're just as particular to have a wide variety of styles and fabrics for our slim friends as for men of bigger builds.

We even split up our young men's sizes into two distinct series.

Cut special styles from 32 to 35 chest and other styles from 35 to 42.

In this way we make sure to please young men of every build—and usually without the slightest alteration.

Everything men and boys wear.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

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"The Four Corners"
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Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

FATIMA
TURKISH CIGARETTES
Cameron & Cameron Co.

Giants vs. Dodgers Polo Grounds—Today

Bat-ter-r-r UP!

Today's the day! When the first man up comes to the plate—you lean forward—the pitcher uncoils again—there's a flash of white and - - *Crack!*

Gosh! When every muscle is tense, it *is* a big comfort to find you haven't forgotten to bring your good, old FATIMAS!

There's a "get there" taste to FATIMA that's as welcome as a clean triple with three men on.

Because FATIMA does more than promise a good smoke. It *delivers!*

No wonder FATIMA is "the cigarette with three times as many friends." Of all the 15c cigarettes smoked throughout the country, 3 out of every 4 are FATIMAS! That is why the final score with smokers and players is always

3 to 1 in favor of FATIMA

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TURKISH BLEND Cigarette

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."
PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.
Address: THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office..............Times Square
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.............15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..............2 Rector Street
Harlem..........263 West 125th Street
Bronx..........149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island....Ferry House, St. George
Jersey City..............538 Jersey Avenue
Long Island City.....363 Jackson Avenue
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LONDON.......Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
PARIS..............32 Rue Louis le Grand
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1915.

MORE TAXES OR LESS SOCIAL SERVICE?

The Mayor has earned the excellent reception of his report of endeavor and accomplishment. It is a tribute both to himself and to his predecessors. He has not found such defects in their administrations that he has been enabled to exalt himself upon the betterment of their record. By extending the record back far enough it is seen that the city's progress toward better government is large and progressive. But it is a slow work; it has not been accomplished by leaps and bounds. Some matters have been settled, but others have made their appearance, and some old ones still perplex. That progress has been made is due to the city's officers, of course, but it is due also to those who placed them both in office and under observation. The voters must not relax their control if they wish their orders obeyed. They are reasonable, and do not expect marvels, but they would like old questions solved before new ones are propounded.

The Mayor in his report asked whether the city wished to pay more taxes or to have social activities reduced. The city wishes neither, and is not persuaded that it is shut up to these alternatives. In the Mayor's words, "The organized and unionized "city employés have greater influence "with the Legislature than has the city "administration." In one case at least it is because the city administration has approved what the organized and unionized employés of the city asked and received. The Mayor also refers to the people the question of economy which the Controller thought should be solved by the administration itself. Until the city does what it can to reduce its costs it is in no position to throw the blame for its expenses upon the Legislature. The Mayor says that the budget might be reduced "several millions" if the people would submit to it. Then why are not the people put to the test by the execution of their mandate for economy?

The Mayor was not elected either to devise new taxes or to suggest additional social services. His campaign policy was retrenchment and reform, not extravagance for whatever admirable objects. The problem is before the Mayor as well as before his constituents. He must choose between being an economizer or a spender. It may grieve him to abandon his aspirations of expansion of social service, but he cannot expect to support it with an increase of taxes and retain the approval of the taxpayers. It is in no spirit of criticism that it is suggested that the problem which he puts before the city has been settled by the city, and lies at his door for solution.

CITY AND STATE FINANCE.

The proposed direct tax for canal expenditures may be undesirable, but it is not indefensible. It might be better that the money should be borrowed, but from the State's point of view the matter is arguable, so small is either the debt or the tax of the State. The difficult point is where the State makes its requisition upon the city for a sum which drives the tax rate above the constitutional limitation, although in a manner which makes the excess permissible. Every buyer of city bonds will remark the excess. Every taxpayer will feel the burden of the unprecedented combination of valuation and rate, and many owners of realty will see their equities virtually confiscated through inability to make them earn taxes and interest.

One way to have obviated this would have been a reduction of the city's taxes so that the direct tax for the State could be met within the 2 per cent. rate; another way is to reduce the State's expenses so that funds for the canal can be found without levying a direct tax in any amount burdensome upon the city. With one accord, city and State declare that economy is impossible, and each blames the other for making economy impossible. The State ordered the city to squander its resources, and denies the city power to manage its own affairs. The city ordered the construction of the canal against the vote of up-State, and now objects to the burden of the cost. Each is responsible for the troubles of the other, as well as for its own sins, and the question now is how to manage so that the punishment will not be too hard. The State roads and the State canals must both be built, but they do not need to be built simultaneously. The canals are nearly finished, and their construction cannot be stopped without great loss. The Legislature is appropriating about half of the minimum needed for the canals for State aid to county roads. There is pending a bill, a Tammany bill, of course, since the Republicans are not looking for any way to help the city's dilemma, to suspend State aid when necessary to avoid a direct tax. That would relieve the city of payment to the State of nearly a million and a half, from which the city receives no benefit. The State might assume the cost of its own Public Service Commission, as the city bears the cost of its own commission, and thus relieve the city of that part of the direct tax for that purpose. The State budget was reported yesterday with an increase of two millions. Last year's figures might be adopted as an inexpansible maximum, and that much lopped off the direct tax. The sinking fund surplus is said to be $25,000,000, and yet the direct tax includes a charge on account of the sinking fund. Something also might be done by negotiation to postpone demands on contracts until a bond issue could be placed. It is not a dignified way of managing the State's finances, but work might be kept going on an understanding for deferred payment, and damages from stopping work thus be avoided.

The people do not think themselves well served when they are compelled to pay taxes for what they voted to do with bonds, and when conditions are such that the effect of the tax is greater than the money involved. There is too much politics about the tax, and no politics whatever about the condemnation of it.

MERCY AND JUSTICE.

In view of the statements of their purposes and plans which the few but vociferous anarchists in New York make so freely, the prompt conviction of the two young men who lately placed an explosive bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral must be encouraging to the community. Some sympathy has been expressed for these culprits because of their youth, and because they were trapped by a detective who pretended to be a confederate. But such sympathy is wasted. There is no other way to apprehend such criminals. These men were old enough to know better, and their purpose was murder.

To kill and to kill many, and no matter who so long as they attract attention to their cause and create perpetual fear in the community, is the avowed intention of the whole destructive crew. Anarchy has been on trial, and has been convicted. Some of its most dangerous exponents were in the courtroom daily. They have seen what justice is, what the law can do. The jury saw fit to recommend mercy for the prisoners. But we need a force to make anarchists merciful to the law-abiding men, women, and children of New York.

VICTORIANO'S VISIT.

There is no show of resentment in this town because of the sudden and quite unexplained visit of Victoriano Huerta, sometime Provisional President and Dictator of the adjacent republic, so called, of Mexico, and less than a year ago scornfully defiant of the United States Government, which had seized the chief seaport of his country, killed in a skirmish 150 or more of his fellow-citizens or subjects, and was assuredly instrumental thereafter in compelling him to retire from office and seek safety in a foreign land. It is a few days more than a year since Colonel Hinajosa, an officer of Huerta's army at Tampico, without provocation and in defiance of all usage, caused the arrest and imprisonment for a short time of a Paymaster and some marines belonging to the United States ship Dolphin, who had gone ashore, in a launch flying the American flag, to procure supplies. Rear Admiral Mayo, commanding the United States naval squadron then in Tampico Harbor, demanded an apology, the punishment of Hinajosa, and a salute of the American flag. The incident excited interest throughout the world, but it did not excite Huerta, who played with the Washington Government a few weeks, and, after the occupation of Vera Cruz, consented, in a half-hearted way, to accept the good offices proffered by the South American republics, which led to no result at all. The presence of United States troops at Vera Cruz, however, helped the Mexican revolutionists, and Huerta was unable, after the middle of July, to hold on to his ill-gained place. He departed by way of Coatzacoalcos, and Carbajal, whom he graciously appointed his successor, left soon afterward. The United States flag has not yet been saluted.

Now, after a comparatively short sojourn in Europe, Huerta comes to us in a cheerful and forgiving mood, without a suspicion of rancor. Why do we welcome him so amiably? Because we are a great and magnanimous people, who cherish no rancors? Because many of us entertain a sort of admiration for this crafty old soldier, whose country since he left it has been in a state bordering on anarchy? Or because we do not know exactly what we ought to do in the circumstances? The last is probably the real reason. Huerta, the traitorous soldier, the usurper, the alleged assassin of Madero, is a little too much for us. Let us admit frankly that the whole incident in which he was involved with this country is beyond our comprehension. As a ruler he made a pretty poor showing. He revealed neither military skill nor statesmanship. He put the legislators in prison. He did nothing for Mexico. But he held his own against the United States, and there are lights and shades in his character which make him interesting. He has his humorous aspect. All the humor the dreary Mexican upheaval of the last four and a half years has developed is embodied in his personality. It is not much, but it is appreciable. There is some curiosity as to whither he is bound and what he intends to do. We do not know, but we may be permitted to guess that he has no destination in view and does not intend to do anything.

WILLIAM R. NELSON.

William Rockhill Nelson, who died yesterday morning, was a newspaper owner and editor whose influence was felt and acknowledged far beyond his immediate sphere of action. He was far-seeing, broad-minded, and gifted with extraordinary skill for organization. He was patriotic and a man of firm convictions in which he never wavered. The great newspaper which he founded and upbuilt until it became a power for good in the land, The Kansas City Star, with which many years ago he combined The Kansas City Times, was widely circulated in Missouri and Kansas and the neighboring States, and was justly renowned. Although it was ever local rather than national in its character, as most of the prosperous newspapers of this country out of the larger centres are, and the welfare of Kansas City was ever the uppermost thought in its founder's mind, it was the kind of paper which no journalist in any part of the country, or in any country, for that matter, could take up without strengthening his pride in his calling.

For the development of Kansas City Mr. Nelson had accomplished much, through his large personal influence and through his newspaper. His success was the more remarkable because he had not taken to journalism until he was 40 years old. In his earlier years he had practiced law, had engaged in various business enterprises, and had prospered. Probably the value of his wide and varied experiences more than offset the lack of merely technical knowledge of newspaper making when he entered upon the calling to which he devoted the remainder of his well-spent life. In his death the country has lost an eminent and noble citizen and journalism one of the best exemplars of the right kind of independence, courage, ability, and enterprise.

FOOL QUESTIONS.

Possibly a mistaken meaning is being given in some quarters to Colonel Roosevelt's recent impatient reply to a reporter who asked him if the Progressives are going to rejoin the Republican Party. He characterized it as a "fool question." Some of the comments that are being made upon that reply take it for granted that Colonel Roosevelt meant the idea of a reunion was a "fool" one. As Progressives are everywhere doing that very thing, the Colonel knows that there is nothing foolish about the idea.

What he meant, of course, was that the reporter should have known better than to waste his time by asking questions that were certain to remain unanswered. Colonel Roosevelt is not in the habit of declaring his position on great public questions in offhand answers to leading questions asked at railway stations or in hotel lobbies by casual strangers. He will have to make known his position on this particular question sooner or later, but he never permits himself to be pushed, and no man in politics has a clearer appreciation of the most effective time and place to make a declaration.

MONSIEUR BASSET.

One result of the war is a change in the nationality of the dachshund. The English people are dyed-in-the-wool dog lovers. They may talk less to their dogs than the French, but they also talk less to one another; they may joke less with their dogs than the Germans and feed them less liberally on sweets and coffee, but that, too, is a matter of racial taste. What they really feel for their dogs is intimate friendship, a deep, kindly comprehension of the canine point of view. One of the English papers recently printed an advertisement addressed to the "Soldiers at the Front," notifying them that the R. S. P. C. A. was prepared to care for any dog they might have as a pet, and to send it home free of charge, including quarantine expenses in England. That is a little attention we ourselves hardly would have thought of, and it is a fair indication of the English temper of mind, sentimentality, perhaps, but not to be got over.

England, however, has been troubled about the dachshund. What a shame, she thinks, that so kind, useful, and interesting a dog should be identified with the enemy of one's country. Experts on dogs started a discussion in the press a short time ago, and presently there emerged the startling information that the dachshund is not a German but a French dog. There are two types of the breed, it seems, one with the full, deep basset note, the other with a sharper spaniel note. But both types, says Mr. Sydney Gowing, are as common in France as in Germany, both were imported into Germany, and both are descended from the "basset a jambes torses." It is "the "German craze for labeling and classifying importations as home products that has given us the 'dachshund,'" he insists.

The explanation is entirely satisfactory to the Allies, for the dachshund is a dog any nation might be proud to claim, but it will take a deal of argument to make the good little brute think he is a Frenchman.

BETHLEHEM STEEL.

A bull market in stocks is extremely accommodating. It offers you the kind of goods you want—an investment that will not fluctuate, something safe that may also go up, a speculation, a gamble, or Bethlehem Steel shares. They come under the head of fancy stuff. At the beginning of the year they were quoted at $46 each; yesterday they were at one hour $155 and at another $125. The intrinsic value of the property represented is the same as last year, when the stock moved between $30 and $45. It is possibly the most efficient, profitable, and self-contained steel plant in the country. It is a monument to the genius of Charles M. Schwab, who was one of Carnegie's young men and the first President of the United States Steel Corporation. He was not temperamentally suited to the speculative atmosphere of Wall Street, and when circumstances compelled him to return to the steel business, to get down on the ground with it again, those who knew him and believed in him were pleased. Year after year he put himself and his money and much of his friends' money into the Bethlehem Steel property, and year after year Wall Street said that some day the stock would be very valuable, because it had Schwab behind it and because profits, instead of being paid out in dividends, were reinvested in the business. The common stock has never paid a dividend, yet the earnings would justify one. Last year knowing people began to buy it, and acquired it steadily, and then suddenly, only a few weeks ago, the prices began to rise in a spectacular manner. There has been conjecture of German buying in order to get control and stop the manufacture of arms for the Allies; it was thought for a few days that the stock was "cornered," but the Stock Exchange officially found that it wasn't; there have been rumors of a contest for control, of a bear interest being squeezed, and of a plan to declare a stock dividend to reimburse shareholders for all the profits they were obliged to forego in the past. In the meantime, the behavior of the stock is the sensation of the day in Wall Street and scandalizes conservative sentiment. A thing so well known and so long established ought not to plunge up and down 20 or 30 points a day. The total of common capital stock is only $15,000,000. That would be 150,000 shares. The "floating supply," accessible to speculators, is probably very small, perhaps less than 10 per cent. of the total, and always in such a case it is possible that the actual buying or selling of a small amount will greatly distort the price. But also, in such a case, there ceases to be any public reason for the shares to continue on the Stock Exchange list. That the amount of Bethlehem Steel shares available for speculation is very small, perhaps only 10,000 or 15,000 shares, contrasts very oddly with such transactions as 80,000 shares or more in one day and more than 400,000 shares in three weeks. The speculation is not in the stock itself, but in its fluctuations, wherein is the point of the whole matter. There is a lot of mere betting on price changes, with no intelligent relation either to the value of the property or to any event affecting its future that may be impending. Just the stock's going up and down wildly in price attracts gambling. The consequences are invariably harmful.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Controversy Happily Dissipated.

Out of a situation that contained rather large possibilities in the way of acrimonious discussion, due to disappointments of reasonable and natural expectations on both sides, there has been evolved by a highly commendable display of tactfulness and courtesy by the Director of the Metropolitan Museum and by Mr. J. P. Morgan another situation which, if not entirely satisfactory from the standpoint of the city, is probably the best the circumstances permitted.

Mr. Morgan, exercising the discretion explicitly conferred upon him in his father's will, has decided to remove from the museum the pictures which the public too hastily assumed were to be its own. Feeling, however, that there might be a question about the understanding or hopes because of which the city had made expenditures it might not have made if it had been known that the pictures were to be on exhibition in the museum for only a single year, Mr. Morgan offered to refund this money. The museum Directors, after deliberation on this offer, decided that as much of the expense incurred had not been lost, but would save further outlay for the proper display of other art treasures already or soon to be available for exhibition, and as possession of the pictures for even a year was no small benefit to the museum's patrons, the proposed remuneration could, and in due appreciation should, be declined. So declined it was, with expressions of sincere thanks, and there the matter ends.

Everybody concerned in it has been well advised, or inspired, as the case may be. It is, of course, regrettable that the city has no present expectation of becoming the owner of this collection, but it can afford to wait until "manifest destiny" brings the pictures back to the museum, either by gift or purchase. That will happen sooner or later.

Underlying the immediate loss is the fact, or what may be the fact, that the elder Morgan was allowed, through the city's failure promptly and properly to exhibit the many and precious treasures of art placed by him at its disposal, to acquire the feeling that he was treated as if asking favors instead of giving them. However that may be, the city has no grievance now, since nobody is under any definite or measurable obligation to give it anything.

An Exception Far from Discouraging.

That much—and how much—depends upon the point of view is prettily illustrated by the varying accounts of a recent happening in Sing Sing Prison. It seems that the other day a guard was found to be engaged in the ancient trade of selling poor whisky at a high price to prisoners.

To those who from lack of faith in the changes of management which Warden Osborne has effected, and to the others to whom those changes have been politically or financially injurious, this episode loomed large. The one class honestly and regretfully saw in it confirmation of their doubts as to the practicability of treating convicts otherwise than with the old severity and distrust; the second group made it the excuse for joyously declaring that the alleged reforms had utterly failed, that the prisoners were in full control of the prison, and that discipline was a thing of the past.

But the tale of the unfaithful guard had a wholly different, and at least equally plausible, sound when it was told in full by the Warden himself in our columns yesterday. As he saw that revival of the wicked old traffic, it proved, not the failure, but the success, of his attempt to make the prison a combination of school and hospital. For it was by prisoners that the guard's treachery was discovered; by them, through their elected representatives, he was brought to trial and conviction, and by them the enormity of his offense, as endangering the system through which the amelioration of their condition has been brought about, was most clearly appreciated and most hotly resented.

Accepting as true this version of the incident—and whoever will can do so—instead of cause for discouragement on Mr. Osborne's part, it justified the increased confidence expressed by him in what others, not he, call the new plan. As a matter of fact, it is new at Sing Sing, but already old in not a few other prisons, and wherever tried it has succeeded from fairly to amazingly well, according to the competence of the individual Warden.

AMERICAN HUMOR IN ART.

Works of Bellows, Young, Glackens, and Others to be Shown.

Louis Boury announces an exhibition of American Humor in Art at the Folsom Galleries to open on April 17 and close on May 1. It will include work by Bellows, Young, Glackens, Sloan, Oliver Herford, and many others.

Mr. Luks has parodied the Futurists in a hilarious water color in which he goes the exponents of that perfervid order one better; Mr. Frueh, besides showing several new caricatures, has worked out a new application of his inimitable paper animals on a much more elaborate scale than he has ever shown before; Mr. Bellows gives charcoal impressions of Billy Sunday and the Sawdust Trail and the modern "St. Anthony;" Mrs. Helena Smith-Dayton has journeyed from the waterfront to the tango parlors of Harlem and lampooned everything she saw along the way in little painted plaster models; Helen Dryden and Frank Walts show posters à la minute, and in and around and above and in between circle and riot and weave fantastic pictorial comments on every latter day phase of modernity. Unemployment, the I. W. W., prizefighters, Coney Island, burlesque halls, chop suey resorts, the cats that walk by night and the suburbanites that ride by rail—all come in for their full share of attention. In all more than 150 works are to be shown.

All moods of American humor are represented here; the gay, the witty, the fantastic, the grim, the ironic, the bizarre, the decorative, the grotesque have all been accorded due outlet.

In a Mixed Spirit.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Today the United States says rightfully to Japan, "If you interfere with my trade rights in the Far East, you shall be made to understand in unmistakable terms that I intend to insist on them." "Why," Japan may retort, "look at the manner you treat my nationals over there in California; kindly freshen your memory and recall your Lodge, Hearst & Co.'s Monroe Resolution." The natural climax of the continuation of threats and retorts of this kind, I hesitate not to say, is a certain war, as evinced by the catastrophe in our view. How shall we ward it off? In international dealings, let us always remember that good-will is the principal asset, and that without protecting the rights of others we cannot reasonably expect others to defend ours. Germans, Japanese, Mexicans, Russians may not speak the American language, nor salute the American flag, but they are our brothers, our sisters, and as such they should be treated and they will pay us in kind. The spirit of America is the brotherhood of man and eventually this American spirit will win this world, this beautiful world. JUNZO KISHI.

New Haven, Conn., April 12, 1915.

Floating Anchors for Submarines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am not an expert in naval affairs, but the loss of the F-4 submarine convinces me that some equipment as herein described might preserve life in such accidents.

Let the submarine have a small compartment on the deck in which would be kept a buoy of proper size with a long wire rope or cable attached. In case of accident, such as that to the F-4, this buoy could be released and would rise to the surface with its rope or wire cable fastened to the boat at its lower end. Rescuers could thus locate the submarine and by means of the cable and auxiliary cables of their own, which might slide down the submarine's cable to a catch or hook on the deck, could raise the boat to the surface. All ships carry anchors with cable enough to reach the bottom, the submarine could reverse this and carry a buoy with cable enough to reach the surface.

HUGH E. McLAUGHLIN, C. E.

New York, April 10, 1915.

Paul Seippel Misplaced.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A letter in THE TIMES of April 11 entitled "Divided Switzerland" states that M. Paul Seippel is a "Real German Swiss, whose works were extensively read in Germany before the war." The truth is that Paul Seippel is a Swiss of French Switzerland, one of the editors of the Journal de Geneve, author of a book extensively read in France, "Les Deux Frances," and a biographer of Romain Rolland. Professor of French Literature at the Polytechnicum of Zurich, he is widely known in Switzerland as a spokesman of French civilization, and stands very high among the writers of the Romance cantons.

New York, April 12, 1915. TESTIS.

To Put Laws on Probation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Three Years' Continuation act, by which a good law is re-enacted or an unwise law is automatically repealed after trial, is in successful operation in England, where it originated. It is exceedingly difficult under traditional methods to repeal a bad law. The aforesaid probationary method is safe and flexible. If the new Constitution for New York State, now in the making, could be introduced under such an act, would it not be desirable? THOMAS FIELD.

Brooklyn, N. Y., April 12, 1915.

MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTING.

Monthly Operating Statement Recommended for New York City.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to your editorial regarding "Municipal Accounting" on April 1, 1915, may I suggest that it is about time that New York City's accounting methods were brought up to date?

The Denver papers, and I presume others all over the country, carry a telegraphic dispatch this morning to the effect that New York City is bankrupt, and their reporters have interviewed me as to the truth of this statement. In the absence of proper financial statements I cannot answer their questions and cannot refer them to any one who can. New York City is a large borrower, and rumors of bankruptcy do not help its credit.

A monthly comparative operating statement has been installed and is in successful operation in several cities, and appears to supply the information regarding the city's activities that citizens desire and are entitled to have. It has, of course, columns comparing the current month with the previous month, and the year to date compared with the same period the previous year.

This statement is entirely distinct from any statement dealing with the condition of appropriations and closely approaches the ordinary income account of a railroad. It is a part of a financial report consisting of the following exhibits, and which is now being installed in Denver, Col.

1. General comparative balance sheet.
2. Fund statement, showing how the budget voted at the beginning of the year is being carried out; how much remains to be spent of the original appropriations, and how the city proposes to raise the funds necessary to carry out its program.
3. Cash statement, showing balance at beginning of month, total receipts and disbursements, and the balance at the end of the month, and showing where the city's money is deposited.
4. Operating statement. All city departments.
5. Detailed schedules of expenses incurred.
6. Detailed appropriation statement, showing amounts allowed at the beginning of the year, charges against the appropriations, unexpended balance, orders and contracts issued against appropriations, and the unencumbered or free balance which may be used for further work. THOMAS R. LILL.

Denver, April 8, 1915.

Bernstorff.

From The Philadelphia Ledger.

Whatever the reason for the pernicious activity of the representatives of Germany in the United States, the object is obvious. The Bernstorff note is but one more in a series of efforts to create discord between the United States and the nations with which Germany is at war. The story of plots devised and financed by the German Embassy that the Washington correspondent of The Providence Journal has set forth in detail has all the earmarks of truth. It is precisely the sort of thing that German diplomacy would attempt. Perhaps Count von Bernstorff believes that he can carry on a campaign of this sort, open and secret, with impunity. The Administration cannot too quickly convince him that he is mistaken.

Hard to Accept.

From The Springfield Republican.

As a carefully trained diplomatist of long experience, the Ambassador must be presumed to possess ordinary discretion, and, surely, in his public addresses and diplomatic notes he says nothing without fully studying the implications and effects of his language. While one hesitates to believe that Count von Bernstorff has deliberately begun a popular campaign of opposition to the American Government in its own land—although this is being charged against him with a considerable show of circumstantial evidence—it must be admitted by those who hope for the Ambassador the utmost legitimate success in his mission to this country that some of his recent performances are as hard to accept as those of an Ambassador who attends strictly to his own business.

Gravamen of the Offense.

From The Boston Transcript.

The gravamen of the offense implied in the note is, after all, its obvious purpose—to interfere in American politics by exciting an element of our population to organized political antagonism to our Government's course in a matter of foreign policy. It was said of the conduct of the German fleet at Manila which provoked Admiral Dewey's ire that Germany's navy was then too new to have any "sea manners." Apparently, German imperial diplomacy is not yet old enough to have acquired diplomatic manners, and Count von Bernstorff has rendered himself offensive to both President and people.

The Reactions.

From The Baltimore Sun.

Passing by the question of diplomatic courtesy involved in the publication of the note without consultation with our State Department, we should think that nothing could be better calculated to weaken the movement which it is intended to strengthen, or to confirm public sympathy in its bias toward the Allies, than such an unmistakable effort to inject an international question into American politics. An attempt like this was recently attended with disastrous results in Chicago, and if it is rebuked when made by Americans it will be still more strongly resented when made by foreign Governments.

Another Citizen Genet.

From The Evening Post.

In behalf of Ambassador Bernstorff it is stated at the German Embassy in Washington that he acted under instructions from Berlin in presenting his complaining "memorandum" to the State Department. The language of it, however, was his own, so it is implied. Thus he shoulders the indiscretions in which it abounds. The most glaring of these is his statement of what "the American people" must do if they "desire to observe true neutrality." This is a very near approach to going over the head of the Government to appeal to the voters, and is an unhappy imitation of the example of Citizen Genet, of whose doings and fate Count Bernstorff must have read.

Mr. Morgan's Offer to Museum.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you kindly correct a misstatement which appeared in your issue of this morning, and which, if allowed to go unchallenged, might well render the administration of the Metropolitan Museum liable to the charge of gross extravagance—a charge that it could ill afford to incur in its present financial condition. In your account of the correspondence in which Mr. J. P. Morgan offered to reimburse the museum for the expense of installing the Morgan Loan collections, and our Executive Committee declined to accept his offer, you say that the cost amounted to "some $1,000,000." As a matter of fact the total cost was about $35,000; and, as stated in this month's bulletin, the greater part of what was obtained for this outlay can be utilized in the museum, even if the entire Morgan collection were to be withdrawn. It was the desire of the Trustees that this collection should be exhibited in as worthy a setting as possible, but without extravagance, and their instructions on the subject were carefully carried out in both respects.

EDWARD ROBINSON,
New York, April 13, 1915. Director.

And the Steam Roller!

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial in this morning's issue you seem to invite suggestions for a design for a new municipal flag. Isn't there some way a steam drill can be worked into the flag? The city certainly owes a great debt to the steam drill. W. N. H.

New York, April 12, 1915.

OMENS OF PROSPERITY IN WALL STREET.

What Is Bound to Happen When People Discover Suddenly That Securities Are Cheaper Than Money.

By A WELL KNOWN FINANCIAL OBSERVER.

New York, April 12, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Many of our newspapers and a considerable portion of the general public are loud in their denunciation of the rise in stock market prices that has lately occurred, and have filled the air with declarations that the advance is the result of reckless overspeculation, criminal manipulation, and so forth. Even to people who do not join in these objurgations the advance is at least puzzling because it seems to them unwarranted by actual business conditions. Would not all these critics do well to consider for a moment just what actual business conditions are in a broad sense? They might discover that, while something like the eruption of a volcano is apparently taking place, the eruption is not caused by magic or by the exertion of any occult power, but is merely the result of natural forces that have long been maturing in silence and were bound to exhibit themselves sooner or later.

A prolonged period of business depression in any country, and especially in the United States, produces, although the result is not quickly appreciated, an accumulation of wealth. During the depression general saving has taken place. There is hardly anybody who has not accustomed himself to do without some luxury or even what is ordinarily considered a necessity. Replenishment of supplies and the customary filling of wants have been suspended in every direction. The result of this process of saving in a nation of 100,000,000 of people passes far beyond the reckoning made by any ordinary calculation. Idle money piles up in the banks, and wealth, even if only of potential sort, becomes stored away in a hoard that outruns the dreams of avarice. All forms of speculation become minimized. What Wall Street calls "the floating supply of stocks" becomes very small. To an unrealized extent securities pass into the hands of investors, mostly small investors, who have not made their purchase with any intention of resale. Wall Street itself has little appreciation of this, because the daily market transactions are for a long period reduced to abnormally small proportions, and for these transactions a small quantity of floating stocks, that is to say, in most cases, stocks held for speculative purposes, is sufficient. When, however, any really large buying of a semi-investment character makes its appearance surprising phenomena are witnessed. Of this one instance under recent observation may be cited. The "largest" stock in our country, that is to say, the stock having the greatest volume, is United States Steel common, of which over 5,200,000 shares are outstanding. This large volume was created, as is well known, partially with the desire of preventing any possible "corner" in the stock or any excited buying for control. Years ago it was a common occurrence to see daily market transactions in the stock of half a million shares without any movement greater than a full point in the price of the issue. Last Friday efforts of the general public to buy 242,000 shares of the stock resulted in an advance in the price of the issue of over 7 points. There could be no clearer illustration of the scarcity of securities and of the fact that nearly ten years of hard times had performed their usual work of getting the stock market into the condition of a coiled spring.

Another force usually active on such occasions is that created by the disparity between the dividend yield on standard stocks—that is stocks upon which dividends are reasonably assured—and the money rate prevailing in the open market. Reference has already been made to the fact that after business depression has run a long time money usually piles up in banks and rates for its use are low. At present the accumulation of money for lending purposes has been increased by the operation of our new Federal Reserve bank law. After the last great period of business depression, which ended with the defeat of Mr. Bryan in the Presidential election of 1896, the reserves of our local Clearing House banks were, I believe, about $80,000,000, which was a very large figure for the time. But at the moment these reserves are in round numbers $150,000,000. The additional facilities for conducting financial and business operations created by the Federal Reserve bank law have, moreover, only just begun to be effective. The operations of the Federal Reserve banks in discounting commercial paper and in the purchase of acceptances and the like are, as every one knows, merely in their infancy.

Generalization on these points is unnecessary and it is only needful to give again a practical illustration of the truth involved. A few weeks ago it was easily possible for a capitalist to accumulate, say, 5,000 shares of Union Pacific stock at a price of 115. In order to pay for this stock he could have borrowed money, and may still borrow it, for three months' use at an annual rate of interest not exceeding 3 per cent. In carrying the stock during these three months his entire expense, including interest charges, broker's fees and Government taxes, would have been not greatly in excess of $5,000. But some time, however, in the course of the three months he would have received from the Union Pacific Railroad Company in payment of the quarterly dividend upon the stock a check for $10,000! The reflection is obvious that the capitalist would have to assume the chance of a decline in the market price of the stock during this period; but the corollary reflection is also obvious that when any such disparity exists between dividend yield and interest rate as that which has been quoted, only the most exceptional circumstances can prevent or even delay an automatic movement toward its correction. When exactly the reverse condition exists, when securities yield but 3 per cent. and time money commands 6 per cent. or 7 per cent. the stage is set for what Wall Street calls a panic. These two extremities of conditions are usually of infrequent occurrence, and for that reason, perhaps, the general public is slow to realize their significance when they occur. Their force, however, is of a nature akin to gravitation.

ECONOMICUS.

MR. JACKSON REITERATES.

Reply of the State Board of Charities Unsatisfactory to Him.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's TIMES appears a letter from Mr. William R. Stewart, attempting to answer the charge preferred by me against the school for boys at Industry and the school for girls at Hudson. If this answer had been made in court proceedings, I should move for a judgment by confession.

Nowhere does Mr. Stewart dispute the accuracy of my statements that little girls at Hudson are cruelly treated, nor does he attempt to deny that little boys at Industry are ill fed and neglected, or that the payroll of that institution is grossly padded.

Instead of a denial, he expressly admits that the State Board of Charities, individually and as a body, has full knowledge of the very things I complain of, and further he admits that those things are approved of. I was right, it seems, in charging the State Board of Charities with neglect of duty.

I have charged that little girls, in handcuffs and leg irons, are stretched over a roll of blankets on a bed, and strangled with water from a wet towel, held tightly over their mouths, while the Assistant Superintendent sat on the knees of the child.

Does Mr. Stewart or the State Board of Charities consider that treatment humane or desirable?

I have shown that these little girls were compelled to live in absolute silence throughout the day. Warden Osborne of Sing Sing has abolished this rule at Sing Sing, on the ground that it is cruel and unnecessary. Does Mr. Stewart believe that little girls are better able to sustain this severe discipline than the convicts in our State prisons?

Mr. Stewart says in effect that recent examinations by the State Board of Charities have shown everything to be lovely in the school for boys at Industry and the school for girls at Hudson.

If such is the case, why should the Superintendents, the Board of Managers, the State Board of Charities, and William R. Stewart so vigorously oppose my request for a public hearing, whereat I could be present and present my proofs, and the truth or falsity of my charges be established?

CHARLES H. JACKSON.

New York, April 6, 1915.

An Appeal from G. Lowes Dickinson

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The generosity of the American public is being appealed to from every side to assist the illimitable suffering caused to noncombatants by the war. The appeal is never made in vain, and I need not, I am sure, apologize for calling attention to the work that is being done in France by the War Victims' Relief Committee of the Society of Friends. All along the line of the Marne, where the great battle raged, there is a scene of desolation and ruin. In a recent report the Honorary Secretary, Miss Ruth Fry, writes as follows:

> Of all the sad sights we saw, I think that of Sermaize is the saddest. Formerly a prosperous little town of about 4,000 inhabitants, with many villa residences, it is now a heap of broken bricks and twisted iron. A little coil of smoke here and there points you to an inhabited cellar, and when you have discovered somewhere near it a tiny staircase, you creep down into a pitch-black passageway, along which you must be led to the miserable hole at the end, where perhaps a whole family is living. In one such a poor woman was trying to sew by the light of a window about a foot square. In another an old man was sitting, for the roof did not allow you to stand up. Some 300 or 400 refugees are housed in a hotel about a mile away—a derelict hydropathic establishment, with one family to each room.

The work of the committee consists in searching out the necessitous refugees and inhabitants and supplying them with clothes and other necessaries, in rebuilding houses or putting up wooden huts, and in doing all that can be done to furnish occupation and recreate an interest in life. At Chalons-sur-Marne, where there are 2,500 refugees, a maternity hospital has been established. The committee is working with the approval of and in connection with the French Government, which supplies materials for building and other aid; but the need of funds is great. As it is, on the present scale of operations it is calculated that £1,300 a month is required, and when new areas of devastation are vacated by the Germans the need for funds will become more and more pressing. Dr. William T. Elkinson, 121 South Third Street, Philadelphia, will receive subscriptions. G. LOWES DICKINSON.

King's College, Cambridge, England, March, 1915.

THE PROPOSED CITY FLAG.

Its Designers Deny That It Is Historically Inaccurate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Historical Society's criticism of the city's official flag and seal, which you published on Sunday, shows such a misunderstanding on the part of the society that one might suppose Rip Van Winkle was only half awake. The Art Commission did not recommend, nor did the Board of Aldermen intend, to adopt the flag of Holland, so that there can be no question as to its "historical correctness," and the facts cited by the society on this point are set forth in the report of the commission. The design proposed by the commission combines the colors of the original Dutch flag arranged perpendicularly, as is customary in city flags, with the seal which came into use when New York ceased to be New Amsterdam and became New York. It is no more a Dutch flag than it is an English flag, but it is distinctly a New York flag, and accurately represents the origin and historic development of the city. This explanation was fully stated in the report of the Art Commission, and has been formally accepted by the St. Nicholas Society and the Holland Society, as well as by the city authorities, as a complete and ample justification of the adoption of the design proposed by the commission.

The criticism of the Historical Society as to the seal is equally misdirected, as may be seen by reading the report of the commission, which specifically states that the design is merely a restoration of the seal presented to the city in 1686, as modified by the Common Council in 1784, by substituting an eagle on hemisphere in place of a ducal crown. The accuracy of the restoration is attested by photographs from impressions of the original seal, and the correctness of the date, 1664, cannot be questioned, since it is a matter of record that the Dutch in that year surrendered to the English the Island of Manhattan, which then became New York.

In your editorial on "The Municipal Flag" you have evidently adopted without investigation the erroneous conclusions of the Historical Society and made several incorrect statements. The Aldermen have not adopted a flag "favored by the Municipal Art Society," but one which was recommended by the City Art Commission, a department of the City Government, and as it does not purport to be the flag of Henry Hudson, the arrangement of the colors was purely a matter of taste and convenience, not involving historical accuracy. The "symbols" of the city do not and never have included "a Dutch settler," nor any reference whatever to the trade in "schnapps." The so-called Dutchman is an English sailor, and the flour barrels are indicative of the commerce which is certainly no less distinctive of New York today than in the past. JOHN B. PINE.

Committee of the Art Commission Associates.
New York April 12, 1915.

THE TALISMAN.

"I'm lavin' ye, Kitty," said Michael O'Day.
"While mother was ailin' I couldn't but stay,
But now she is gone, I'll be doin' my part—
The colors are callin' me, Queen av my Heart."

"Ye stayed for your mother," said Kitty O'Shea,
An' tossed her proud head. "Sure, I bid ye good-day!"
Said Michael, "Ye've thrampled my heart for a year;
Will ye lave me in anger today, Kitty dear?"

An' Kitty stopped short—the proud head drooped a bit—
Her rose av a mouth had a thremor to it;
Her voice, sure, it faltered—she said, soft an' low.
"I want ye to stay—but I want ye to go!"

"I have thrifled with ye—I know it is thrue.
But, Michael, I love ye—I thought that ye knew!—
An' though ye be gone for a year an' a day,
Why—I shall be waitin'!" said Kitty O'Shea.

An' Michael is there, in the thick av the strife.
He fights like a divil, an' bears a charmed life;
No danger can daunt him, no hardships dismay,
For—"I shall be waitin'!" said Kitty O'Shea.

BEATRICE BARRY.

REICHER ADMIRABLE IN IBSEN TRAGEDY

Noted German Actor Plays with Impressive Force in "John Gabriel Borkman."

HIS FIRST ENGLISH ROLE

Second Production by the Modern Stage Is an Interesting and Satisfying Performance.

JOHN GABRIEL BORKMAN, Ibsen's drama, acted by the modern stage, With Emanuel Reicher. At the Forty-eighth Street Theatre.

John Gabriel Borkman	Emanuel Reicher
Mrs. Gunhild Borkman	Alice Harrington
Erhart Borkman	Paul Gordon
Miss Ella Rentheim	Alma Kruger
Mrs. Fanny Wilton	Thais Lawton
Vilhelm Foldal	Roland Young
Frida Foldal	Inez Banghart
Maid	Edith Seabury

The Modern Stage, the enterprise established and directed by Emanuel Reicher, the distinguished German actor who is visiting New York, made the second production of its season last evening at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre. The play is "John Gabriel Borkman," one of the later and less widely known of the works of Henrik Ibsen, which, for several reasons, has remained a virtual stranger to the American theatregoer.

It is a most interesting and satisfying performance which this prose tragedy receives now, nearly twenty years after it was written, and that this is true is due in large measure to the deeply impressive work which Herr Reicher himself does in the rôle from which the play takes its name. The part is an old one to him, but this is the first time he has played it, or any part, in English, and the performance he gives is one of those rare examples of acting as a fine art that linger long in the memory.

"John Gabriel Borkman" will be played again this afternoon and evening at the same theatre, and will be repeated at the Little Theatre in Philadelphia on Friday evening, Saturday afternoon and Saturday evening of this week.

It is a striking, vivid, and extraordinarily appealing portrait which Herr Reicher paints. It meets the almost heroic quality of the tremendous egoist that Ibsen conceived, and yet it is made very human.

There are many touches of ironic comedy in this presentation of the crippled Viking, pacing up and down his solitary gallery, ever feeding himself on the vain hope that the world will yet have to recall him and so give the signal for the rehabilitation, the dreams of which are his whole existence. These touches, cunningly emphasized, double the measure of pathos and yet relieve somewhat the bleakness of the tragedy.

The third act that brings with it the breaking of Borkman's spirit is expertly done, and though by the fourth act the dramatic force of the play may have largely spent itself, you are stirred by Herr Reicher's work in the death scene there on the snow swept plateau. The German actor speaks English with a marked accent but, in this play, at least, it seems to present no hindrance to the full effectiveness of his performance.

The work of the other members of the cast is for the most part of a satisfactory order. Generally, it is of a higher quality than the director was able to command for his first production in New York, that of Hauptmann's "Elga," which was presented earlier in the season at the Garrick Theatre. The present performance is given at somewhat too slow a pace, and yet the measured dead march tread of its succeeding scenes is not inappropriate.

Alice Harrington plays the rôle of Borkman's wife with intelligence, but something of the force of Gunhild is lost in her substitution of a certain bitter, nervous intensity for the harsh, gaunt, forbidding austerity which you read in the lines of the character as Ibsen wrote them. There is a monotony in Alma Kruger's playing of the other sister that grows disturbing as the play proceeds.

Thais Lawton individualizes the rôle of Mrs. Wilton skillfully and Paul Gordon plays with proper fire the part of Borkman's son. There are some admirable moments in the performance of Roland Young as the poor old clerk hugging his faith in his own poetry and the tragedy that has never had a hearing.

This is the first presentation in New York of "John Gabriel Borkman" since 1897, a year after it was written, when it was given at a special performance on the stage of Hoyt's Theatre.

WILLARD MACK AT PALACE.

He Appears in an Ingenious Play of His Own.

In "Blind Man's Buff," a short play written by Willard Mack and presented for the first time in New York this week at the Palace Theatre with the author in the leading rôle, there is a better dramatic idea than has blessed any other one-act play shown on the vaudeville stage this season. Mr. Mack plays with sufficient force and sincerity, the rôle of a physician whose game it is to feign blindness and so to trap his faithless wife and her lover. The suspense of this situation is cleverly used, and the play is interesting and highly effective theatrically. It would be even more effective, perhaps, if its climax came a little later in its brief course.

The Palace program this week is full of good things, from the three delightful monologues by Beatrice Herford to the several songs, dances, and recitations by the entertaining Bernard Granville, who should not, and probably will not, be confused with the Granville Barker, who gives plays by Bernard Shaw. Mercedes is back with his ingenious "thought transference" act, and the bill closes with a fashion revue that enlists the services of many a comely model, and displays the latest modes in gowns and boots and hats as exhibits from many a "maison." The result may be honestly described as the most elaborately costumed act that has ever found its way into vaudeville, and the total effect is one calculated to make any provider worry.

OPERA FAREWELL FEATURES

Miss Farrar in "Madama Butterfly" and Two Symphony Concerts.

The bill for next week, the last of the season at the Metropolitan Opera House, was given out yesterday, and establishes the order of leave taking of the artists. On Monday evening "Iris" will be given. Wednesday evening's opera is "La Traviata," and Thursday's "Fidelio." Miss Farrar will make her last appearance Friday evening in "Madama Butterfly." Strauss's "Der Rosenkavalier" will be given Saturday afternoon, and "Boris Godunoff" Saturday evening. In "Der Rosenkavalier" Alfred Hertz will conduct for the last time with the company after thirteen years of service.

Special features of the last week will be two symphony concerts conducted by Arturo Toscanini, one this Sunday evening and the other the following Friday afternoon. The program for his first concert comprises an overture by Sinigaglia, Debussy's "La Mer," Strauss's "Don Juan," and Brams's Symphony No. 2. His Friday afternoon numbers will consist of Beethoven's Sixth Symphony, ("Pastoral,") Sibelius's "En Saga," Roger-Ducass's "Sarabande," Dukas's "The Sorcerer's Apprentice," and Wagner's "Tannhäuser" overture.

Italian Opera by Two Companies.

The Italian opera companies, which announce their beginnings with the advent of Spring, are again to the fore this year. Louis Zuro will bring the Zuro Grand Opera Company into the People's Theatre at 201 Bowery on April 26, and the old Garibaldi Theatre at 33 East Fourth Street is undergoing a refurbishing preparatory to housing the Milan Opera Company, which will open about May 1 under the direction of Clemente de Machi.

DANCE AIDS SAILOR BOYS.

Many Guests in Sailor Suits at Benefit for Club at Plaza.

A dance was given in the rose room at the Plaza last night for the benefit of the Sailor Boys' Club, a non-sectarian club recently organized by Donald C. Townsend. It is purposed to eventually build a clubhouse for the boys who arrive here on the translatlantic steamers, with all the comforts of home and classes in manual training.

While fancy dress was not obligatory, many of the guests appeared last night in sailor suits and smocks and sunbonnets. There were several special dances, including some old English folk-dances and the sailors' hornpipe. In the English dances were the Misses Gladys Endicott, Hilah French, Isabel Hoyt, Alice Pine, Elizabeth Russell, and Virginia Townsend. The hornpipe was danced by Sidney P. Henshaw, Allen Klotz, D. Chester Boyes, John Potter, Jr., Donald C. Townsend, and J. Campbell Townsend.

Several dinners were given before the dance, the hostesses being Mrs. Frank Damrosch, Mrs. William H. Hamilton, Mrs. John D. Barrett, Mrs. Howland Russell, Mrs. William L. Bottomley, and Miss Christine S. Foster.

Miss Juliana Cutting acted as Chairman of the Dance Committee, on which were the Misses Helen Damrosch, Mary Edgar, Lois Hall, Ina Kissel, Gertrude Mali, Josephine Nicoll, Katherine Burton, Rosalie Coe, and Margaret Knapp.

Mrs. Gerald Borden, Mrs. John J. Chapman, Mrs. Robert T. Emmet, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, Mrs. Karl Reiland, Mrs. Henry W. Taft, and Mrs. James M. Townsend were among the patronesses.

FENCERS CLUB EXHIBITION.

Bouts with Foils and Swords Among Features of Ladies' Day.

Yesterday was the annual ladies' day at the Fencers' Club, so it gave a tea and exhibition in its rooms at 2 West Forty-fifth Street, and Miss Adelaide B. Baylis, the President of the Ladies' Class, presided over the tea table, assisted by other members of the class, who included Mrs. George Ethridge, Mrs. Charles H. Voorhees, Miss Guild, and the Misses Mary Eno and Margaret Stimson. Carroll Beckwith, the President of the Fencers' Club; Charles Tatum, Dr. D. W. Cairns, and Scott O'Conor were in attendance, and there were in all about 200 present.

There were ten features. The first was the grand salute by Miss Baylis and Prof. J. L. Danguy, a bout with foils between R. L. Tilmont and Dr. L. A. Micheloni, a duelling sword bout by Lieut. Commander R. R. Riggs and S. B. Colver, a bout with foils by Miss Margaret Stimson and Mrs. C. H. Voorhees, a sabre bout between Edward B. Myers and Prof. Martin Capdeville, an exhibition lesson given by Prof. J. L. Danguy to Miss Baylis, a bout with foils by Gifford Beal and Frank Ransom, a bout with sabres by Steddiford Pitt and Arthur S. Lyon, a bout with duelling swords between Dr. L. A. Micheloni and Dr. D. W. Cairns, and as a finish a grand saulte by R. L. Tilmont and Prof. J. L. Danguy.

Greenbaum-Sobel Wedding Tonight.

The wedding of Miss Sylvia Sobel to Lawrence S. Greenbaum, son of Justice Samuel Greenbaum, will take place at 6 o'clock this evening at the home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Siegfried S. Prince, 19 West Seventieth Street. Judge Greenbaum will perform the civil ceremony, which will be followed by a religious one, at which the Rev. Dr. M. H. Harris will officiate.

The bride, whose uncle, Mr. Prince, will give her in marriage, will be attended by her sister, Miss Leonore Sobel, and the Misses Grace and Isabel Greenbaum. Edwin S. Greenbaum will be his brother's best man, and the ushers are Herbert A. Wolff, Leonard S. Prince, Arthur Sulzberger, Ruben Greenbaum, Edward A. Hart, and Theodore Prince.

Robinson-Gheen Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Gertrude Gheen, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis H. Gheen of West Chester, Penn., to Phillips B. Robinson of New York has been announced. The wedding, which will take place shortly, will be private. Mr. Robinson is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Robinson, and was born in Athens, Greece, in 1882. His father is now Director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He was graduated from Harvard in 1903, and is a member of the Metropolitan Club of Washington, the Essex County Country Club of Boston, and several others. His mother before her marriage was Miss Elizabeth Gould.

Miss Hurry to Wed R. B. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Hurry of 242 Lexington Avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Whiteside Hurry, to Robert Beaver Smith, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Smith of 276 Hancock Street, Brooklyn. Miss Hurry is a sister of Mrs. Lawrence Swift and a cousin of Renwick C. and Rutgers Ives Hurry and of Miss Edith R. Hurry. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

SCHUR—HOWELL.

The engagement of Miss Gula Frances Howell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Myron Howell of 751 St. Nicholas Avenue, to Albert P. Schur of this city, is announced. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene M. Moore of 178 East Seventieth Street are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter yesterday at their home. Mrs. Moore was formerly Miss Margaret Graham.

M. Jules Bois, the French poet, will give a talk on the Parisians and the Americans this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the house of Mrs. C. B. Alexander, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Hodgman have sold their town house, at 307 West Seventy-fifth Street, and will be at the Hotel Gotham until June 1.

A rehearsal of "The Children's Revolution," to be given tomorrow afternoon at the Park Theatre for the benefit of the La Fayette Fund, was held yesterday. Children of society will play the parts of famous characters of Revolutionary days from whom they are directly descended, and are to be organized as a Junior Branch of the La Fayette Fund.

The last of a series of art talks will be given tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock by C. Grant La Farge at the home of Mrs. Howard Mansfield, 535 Park Avenue. The previous meetings of the series have been held at the studio of the late Karl Bitter. Mrs. J. Magee Ellsworth, Mrs. Victor Sorchon, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, and Miss Caroline Duer are among the patronesses.

The wedding of Miss Noel Johnston and William H. Appleton will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, 18 Washington Square North, and will be followed by a small reception.

B. Sumner Welles of New York and Miss Hope Slater will be married today in Webster, Mass., but the reception will be held at 448 Beacon Street, Boston.

Mrs. Graham Luck will open her house, 27 East Seventy-second Street, this evening for a dance for the benefit of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children, and Mrs. F. S. Smithers of 180 West Fifty-ninth Street will open her home this afternoon for a benefit concert in aid of East Side House.

The Directors of the Art Alliance of America will give a tea this afternoon from 4 till 6 o'clock at their studio, 45 East Forty-second Street. The committee includes Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. Ripley Hitchcock and others.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Aldrich have returned from California, where they spent part of the Winter, and are at 998 Fifth Avenue for the Spring.

Tourists for Bermuda.

Among the tourists sailing today on the Bermudian for Bermuda are:

Miss L. Bullis, Miss M. Bullis, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Brenner, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Grevis, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Holmes, Mr. and Mrs. J. Metcalf, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. H. Reeves, C. H. Stimpson, and Mrs. G. A. Thayer.

BARKER URGES FUND FOR BUDDING GENIUS

Actor Tells Authors' League Young Writers Need One to Escape Commercialism.

THOMAS FOR WRITERS' UNION

Rupert Hughes Thought Those Who Needed Help Most Were the "Worn-Out Hacks."

The Authors' League of America, which in the words of Toastmaster Augustus Thomas is a self-confessed trade union, open to any one who ever wrote anything and had it refused, held its second annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, and more than 500 men and women writers mobilized about the tables and listened to suggestions about how to strengthen the union and make the pursuit of literature less of a grind.

Quoting Emerson, Mr. Thomas warned them to "beware when God lets loose a thinker on the earth."

"We have here some of the loosest thinkers in the world," he said.

It was only a coincidence that Granville Barker was then introduced. Mr. Barker spent a little time twitting the authors for never reading each other's stories, and then volunteered a suggestion for the safeguarding of budding literary genius.

"I don't know whether genius can be cultivated," he said, "but it certainly can be crushed. When something very good appears in literature some plan should be devised to keep it from being crushed. The really dangerous time for genius is after the first book comes out. There should be some plan to keep it on the right path after that."

He advocated the establishment here and in England of funds for the support of budding geniuses for three or four years, so that they might follow their literary bent without danger of commercialism.

"Some millionaire with a taste for literature might do worse than start such a fund," he thought.

Rupert Hughes, on the other hand, took the view that the man that needed the most help was the worn-out hack who was struggling along in his "none-too-ripe old age" to support a family on his literary output. He spoke for fair treatment from the publishers, remarking:

"When we get the publishers where we want them we'll own them body and soul."

Miss Eleanor Gates put in a word of warning to women playwright not to yield to the point of view of the women who patronize theatres, and Frank Crowninshield raised a faint voice of protest as an editor against the idea that authors were sheep and editors wolves.

"The wolf business is none too good," he insisted.

Mrs. Douglas Robinson read an original poem, and James Montgomery Flagg did cartoons of lots of the literati present, which made the other literati laugh heartily.

For a complete list of those present see the tables of contents of any month's output of periodicals and best sellers. The people who fill the pages were all there. And above the heads of them all fluttered a pair of beautiful white plumes worn by the youngest of them all, Laura Jean Libbey.

Here are just a few of those about the tables: Owen Johnson, Hamlin Garland, Mary Stewart Cutting, Ernest Poole, George Barr McCutcheon, Ellis Parker Butler, Franklin P Adams, Reinald Werrenrath, Samuel Merwin, Edward Mott Wooley, George Barr Baker, Ida M. Tarbell, Alice Hegan Rice, Ray Stannard Baker, W. J. Lampton, Hy. Mayer, Mary van de Sande Bakhuysen, Mrs. Wilson Woodrow, Wallace Irwin, Kathleen Norris, George Middleton, George Haven Putnam, Clayton Hamilton, Jesse Lynch Williams, Percy Mackaye, A. E. Thomas, Mary Austin, Irving Bacheller, and Gertrude Pahlow.

Dr. John L. Perry.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 13.—Dr. John L. Perry, late of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., and brother of Mrs. Charles Linthicum, wife of Congressman Linthicum, died suddenly today at the Linthicum home here. Dr. Perry was one of the best known hotel men in the country and was joint proprietor with William B. Gage of the United States Hotel in Saratoga.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. THOMAS FRANCIS RAYMOW, Assistant in Pharmacy and Instructor in Pharmaceutical Latin at the Brooklyn College of Pharmacy, died on Monday at his residence, 392 Third Street, Flatbush. He is survived by his widow.

Mrs. JESSIE BYRON SEALE, wife of Professor Hubert O. Seale, died at her residence, 113 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, on Monday, in her forty-eighth year.

MARY E. WHITTELSEY, for many years Superintendent of the Industrial School Home, in Brooklyn, died of pneumonia yesterday at her home, 110 Ross Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ELIZABETH ELLIOTT, well known as a church and charity worker and founder of the Light House Church in Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, died on Monday at her residence, 1,246 Myrtle Avenue, aged 49 years. She is survived by her husband, William J. Elliott, four sons and two daughters.

ALBERTSON CASE, a prominent lawyer of Southold, L. I., who served for many years as town counsel, a justice and town clerk, died at his home in Southold on Monday in his seventy-second year. Mr. Case was a life-long resident of that town and a graduate of Yale. He left two daughters.

Mrs. MARY CATHERINE BROWNE, widow of William E. Browne, a manufacturer and importer of paints, who founded the house of William E. Browne & Co., in 1850, is dead at her residence, 82 South Ninth Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Browne was 95 years of age and had lived at her late residence for almost fifty years. She is survived by two sons, Joseph B. and William E., and three daughters, Miss Cecilia A., Sister Mary Margaret and Sister Stanislaus, of the Visitation Order at Riverdale-on-the-Hudson.

GUSTAV MERZBACH, who died at his home, 204 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday, was for many years the Secretary of the Temple Israel and of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum Society. He was born in Posen, Germany, seventy-four years ago and was a member of the B'Nai B'rith and the Brooklyn Federation of Hebrew Charities.

JOHN J. MOLONY, a well-known shoe salesman and member of Undine Council, R. A., and of the Lawrence Cunningham Mutual Aid Association, died on Monday at his residence, 246 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn.

THOMAS WALDEN, a civil war veteran who took part in many of the notable battles and later became an engineer in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, died on Monday, his seventy-third birthday, at his residence, 992 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, from heart disease. He was a member of the U. S. Grant Post, G. A. R., and of the Sons of St. John and Malta.

Mrs. MARGARET VOSSELER, widow of the Rev. G. Henry Vosseler, clergyman, author and lecturer, died on Monday at her residence, 212 North Sixth Street, Brooklyn, in her eighty-second year. Mrs. Vosseler was a native of Germany and as a young woman taught school in Harrisburg, Penn., where she met and married Mr. Vosseler. Her husband, who died March 2, was for many years pastor of St. Matthew's German Lutheran Church, Brooklyn.

Capt. BRITTON C. COOK, 91 years old, for many years proprietor of the Ocean House at Toms River, N. J., died in this city yesterday. He was born in Philadelphia and was educated at the Columbia Grammar School in this city. Capt. Cook was formerly in the coast-wise trade and owned several steamers.

Mrs. PAULINE WETSLING, founder of the Lodge of Pythian Sisters in Passaic, N. J., and a former Grand Chief of the Lodge, died on Monday at her home, 212 Myrtle Avenue, Passaic.

Mme. SABERY DORSELL, a prima donna of the Aborn Opera Company, died last [illegible] "Robin Hood," "The Highwayman," "The Chimes of Normandie." She was a member of the New York Mozart Society and the Women's Press Club.

TO UNVEIL STRAUS FOUNTAIN

Dedication of Memorial to Philanthropist and His Wife Tomorrow.

The Isidor and Ida Straus Memorial in Straus Park will be dedicated tomorrow afternoon with impressive ceremonies. The beautiful granite and bronze fountain, which form the memorial, stand on a line with 106th Street the northern boundary of the Park formed where Broadway crosses West End Avenue. For many years this square, was known as Bloomingdale Park. After the Titanic disaster, in which Mr. and Mrs. Straus lost their lives, the Board of Aldermen changed the name to Straus Park.

Overlooking this little park Mr. and Mrs. Straus lived for many years in a home which has now given way to a large apartment house.

The arrangements for the dedication tomorrow were made by the following committee:

Cyrus Adler Karl Bitter, John H. Finley, Samuel Greenbaum, Adolph Lewisohn, Seth Low, Louis Marshall, William G. McAdoo, Adolph S. Ochs, George Foster Peabody, Herman Sieleken, William A. Simonson, Louis Stern, Charles B. Stover, Felix M. Warburg, Cabot Ward, C. B. Webster, Jacob H. Schiff, ex-officio.

The ceremonies will begin at 4:30 o'clock and addresses will be made by Mayor Mitchel, ex-Mayor Seth Low, Cabot Ward, Commissioner of Parks, and Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum, who will preside. If the weather should prove inclement the exercises will take place in Public School 54 at the corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 104th Street.

The memorial to Mr. and Mrs. Straus, which is one of the most beautiful monuments of its kind in the country, was erected through the efforts of the following Permanent Fund Memorial Committee, formed shortly after the Titanic disaster: Dr. Cyrus Adler, E. C. Benedict, Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, Louis J. Chamansky, John Claflin, Benjamin Conroy, Robert W. de Forest, Dr. John H. Finley, Philip J. Goodhart, Samuel Greenbaum, Henry Hentz, A. Augustus Healy, A. Barton Hepburn, Mrs. E. D. Jones, Francis L. Leland, Adolph Lewisohn, Hon. Seth Low, Wallace McFarlane, Louis Marshall, William McAdoo, John J. Miller, Nathaniel Myers, Adolph S. Ochs, George Foster Peabody, Leopold Plaut, Jacob H. Schiff, Isaac N. Seligman, Herman Siegel, Herman Sielcken, William A. Simonson, Louis Stern, Hon. Mayer Sulzberger, Felix M. Warburg, William Woodward, C. B. Webster.

GRIEVES WITH MRS. NELSON.

President Says Whole Country Will Mourn Loss of Editor.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—President Wilson sent the following telegram tonight to Mrs. William R. Nelson, the widow of the editor of The Kansas City Star, who died today:

"May I not express my deep sympathy with you in the loss of your husband. The whole country will mourn the loss of the great editor and citizen."

KANSAS CITY, April 13.—Funeral arrangements for William Rockhill Nelson, editor of The Star, who died this morning, were being completed by the family today. Mr. Nelson had been unconscious since Thursday last. Death was due to uremic poisoning. Mr. Nelson's last conference with his associates took place in his bedroom the day before he became unconscious. It pertained to the necessity of keeping up the fight for honest elections.

"That is fundamental for democratic government," he said. "I may not be here to see the fight won, but The Star will fight on with all its resources until the present rotten system is broken down."

As Mr. Nelson became weaker it was necessary to resort to artificial means to prolong his life. He objected vigorously. Last Thursday, a few hours before he became unconscious, he protested to his physicians against keeping him alive artificially.

PROF. C. W. MacCORD DEAD.

Emeritus Professor of Stevens Institute Drew Plans for the Monitor.

Charles William MacCord, Professor Emeritus of the Stevens Institute of Technology and a noted draughtsman, died yesterday at his residence, 60 Tenth Street, Hoboken, N. J., in his eightieth year.

Professor MacCord was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., and was educated at Princeton University, from which he received the degree of A. B. in 1854 and A. M. in 1857, and in 1881 the honorary degree of Sc. D.

He became draughtsman for Capt. John Ericsson in 1859 and drew the plans for the monitor, the conqueror of the Confederate ironclad Merrimac, which Ericsson designed. Prof. McCord remained with the inventeor until 1868 and after several years in private practice became professor of mechanical drawing and designing at Stevens Institute in 1871.

In 1906 he retired and became Emeritus Professor, and devoted his time to writing monographs on mechanism and applied kinematics. Professor MacCord was the author of a number of works on higher mathematics, the best known of which is "Elements of Descriptive Geometry."

M. C. Roach.

M. C. Roach, superintendent of the New York division and in charge of the harbor operations of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, died Monday night at his home in Passaic, N. J., in his forty-seventh year. He was born in Zanesville, Ohio, and started his railroad career on the Panhandle as a water boy. Later he became an operator on the Erie Railroad and rose until he became trainmaster of the New York Division of the Erie in 1903. Mr. Roach became assistant superintendent two years later and went to the Lehigh Valley in 1910. His widow and one son survive him.

Arthur E. Valois Dies in Paris.

PARIS, April 13.—Arthur E. Valois of Valois, Schuyler County, New York, died at his residence in this city this morning. Mr. Valois, who was born in 1845, was a close friend of President McKinley, and took an active part in both his political campaigns. He had practiced international law in Paris for the last thirty years, but nevertheless he always retained a residence in the State of New York. Mr. Valois was an officer of the Legion of Honor. He left a wife.

MUSIC NOTES.

John McCormack will give his eleventh concert in New York this season at Carnegie Hall on Sunday night, April 25, with a "request" program.

Christian George, pianist, assisted by Nedda Furlong, soprano, will give a recital Friday evening in the "salon musicale" series at Carnegie Chamber Music Hall.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, Heinrich Meyn, Paul Reimers, and Kurt Schindler will give a benefit concert in Aeolian Hall on Tuesday afternoon, April 20, for the Oberammergau Children's Home.

A concert will be given Thursday afternoon at the Plaza in aid of the American Relief and Unemployment Fund. Among the artists to appear will be Rudolph Ganz, pianist; Arthur Hartmann, violinist; Idelle Paterson, soprano; Per Nielson, baritone, and Vera Poppe, 'cellist.

HENRY W. POOR DIES; RAILWAY PUBLISHER

Head of Poor's Manual and Banker Expires Suddenly at His Home, at 71.

MADE AND LOST A FORTUNE

His Wife Gave Her Big Estate to His Creditors in 1908—An Art and Book Collector.

Henry W. Poor, the banker and internationally known as the publisher of Poor's Manual, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at his home, 777 Madison Avenue. He was born in Bangor, Me., in 1844, and received his education at Harvard University, from which he was graduated in 1865 with the degree of A. B., taking the degree of A. M. in 1872. Mr. Poor came to this city immediately after graduation in 1865, and started in the banking and publishing business as a member of the firm of H. V. & H. W. Poor. He started publishing Poor's Railway Manual in the same year, and soon became widely known, as this was the most comprehensive and leading publication of its kind.

In 1880, his former firm having been dissolved for some time, Mr. Poor became a member of the firm of Poor & Oliphant. A year later this firm was succeeded by Poor, Oliphant & Co. It was not until he became a member of the firm of Poor & Greenough that Mr. Poor became famous on Wall Street. He was particularly active in leather and ice securities, and was reputed to have made a fortune of more than $5,000,000 by dealing in these stocks.

In 1899 the firm was dissolved, and he remained in business under the firm name of H. W. Poor & Co. From that time he was less successful, and in 1908 failed, with liabilities of $2,110,869 and assets of $180,000. One of the ventures that the firm found unprofitable was the consolidation of a number of Cuban and Louisiana sugar properties, which was said to have netted a loss of between $300,000 and $400,000. It was discovered when a schedule of the assets and liabilities of H. W. Poor & Co. was filed that Mrs. Poor, who was Miss Constance E. Brandon before her marriage to the late financier and publisher, had turned over all her possessions to the creditors of her husband's firm.

Among these were the old Cyrus W. Field mansion at 1 Lexington Avenue, in Gramercy Park, and the house adjoining, which her husband had given her, and which were valued at $1,000,000. She turned the home over to the creditors complete, with all the statuary, decorations, and objects of art, with the exception of a few small personal belongings. The art treasures of the two houses were especially valuable, and had been collected for Mr. Poor by the late Stanford White, who had been commissioned to search Europe for them. Mrs. Poor also presented the Tuxedo Park home to the creditors. This home was also sumptuously furnished and contained many art treasures.

Mr. Poor, outside finacial circles, was noted as an art lover, a liberal supporter of music, and a book collector. He helped many art and music students to attain prominence in their professions, and for years spent large sums on rare editions and fine bindings. His library was said to have hardly an equal in this country, and among the special treasures were a first edition of Thomas à Kempis's "Imitatio Christi," Higden's "Polychronicon," and some very rare Americana. The library was said to be worth nearly $300,000, and the first intimation of his financial difficulties was given when it was offered for sale early in 1908. The first section of the library was sold for $75,000, and among the bidders were representatives of former Senator Henry C. Lodge and the late J. Pierpont Morgan.

At the time of his death Mr. Poor was the President of Poor's Manual of Railroads, Publishers; a Director of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company of Texas, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, and the United States Casualty Company. He was a member of the Sons of the American Revolution and the University, Manhattan, The Brook, the Racquet and Tennis, the Downtown, Tuxedo, Grolier, Lambs, City, Midday, and the New York Yacht Clubs.

In 1903 his daughter, Miss Edith Poor, was married to Capt. James K. Cochrane of the Leicester Regiment of the British Army, and the wedding was one of the most brilliant events of the social season. Mr. Poor is survived by his widow, two daughters, and a son.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

MOORE.—To Mr. and Mrs. Eugene M. Moore, a daughter on Sunday noon.

Engaged

ETTINGER—FELLEMAN.—Viola Felleman to Harry L. Ettinger.

Married

BLAGDEN—ELY.—On Monday, April 12, 1915, at the Church of the Incarnation, by the Rev. Howard Chandler Robbins, Alice Anne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James R. Ely, to Edward Sampson Blagden.

DALE—JAMES.—On Sunday, April 11, at the Washington Heights Methodist Episcopal Church, by the Rev. Jacob E. Price, Imogen Hall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas N. James, to Francis Colgate Dale.

Brooklyn.

BOGUE—SOUTHACK.—April 12, Josephine Southack to Perry Bogue.

HALL—FAVOR.—April 12, Ida L. Favor to Edwin S. Hall.

TURNBULL—HUTCHINSON.—April 12, Harriet B. Hutchinson to John G. Turnbull.

Died.

BADT.—At White Plains, N. Y., April 12, 1915, Marcus Badt, in his 69th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 37 Grand St., on Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

BANCROFT.—On Monday, April 12, 1915, Herbert Perrin Bancroft. Funeral service and interment at Bellows Falls, Vermont.

BIERMANN.—After short illness, April 12, Carl H. Biermann. Funeral services Thursday, 2 P. M., 174 Sherry St., Richmond Hill, L. I.

BIGLAND.—At Siena, Italy, on April 11, 1915, Mrs. Mary Gregory Bigland.

BOOTH.—At his residence, 20 5th Av., New York City, April 13, 1915, Otis W. Booth, son of the late Charles H. Booth, in his 85th year. Notice of funeral later.

CHAPIN.—At Oneida, N. Y., on April 13, 1915, Hanna Dyer, wife of Dwight Chapin, and mother of Sam Dyer Chapin of this city. Funeral service at her late residence, 24 Washington Av., Oneida, N. Y., on Thursday, April 15, at 2 P. M.

Died.

CLOSE.—Funeral service for the late Stewart B. Close will be held at his late residence, 207 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, April 14, at 8 P. M. Please omit flowers.

DAVEY.—April 13, at Towaco, N. J., Mary A. Davey, wife of L. G. Davey. Funeral from Church of Ascension, 107th St., near Broadway, at 10 A. M. Thursday.

GAGE.—At Lakewood, N. J., on April 11, Anne Massie, wife of Moreton F. Gage and daughter of the late William Everard and Mrs. Strong. Funeral private. Interment Woodlawn.

GILLIS.—At his residence, 106 Bay 25th St., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M., Tuesday, April 13, 1915, Bosanquet W. Gillis, aged 79 years. Funeral notice hereafter. Richmond (Va.) and Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.

GILMARTIN.—Elsie, (nee Forrest,) beloved wife of John Gilmartin, Engine Company No. 92, at her residence, 1,269 College Av., Bronx. Funeral notice hereafter.

HEDENBERG.—At Cranford, N. J., April 12, 1915, Georgea Anna, aged 70 years, beloved wife of Edward L. Hedenberg. Funeral services at her late home, 209 Elizabeth Av., Cranford, N. J., Wednesday, 8 P. M., April 14, 1915.

HERRICK.—On April 13, Eugene L. Herrick. Funeral private.

HICKS.—Suddenly, on Easter Sunday, April 4, 1915, at Washington, D. C., Dorcas V. Hicks, widow of the late Capt. James Hicks and mother of Mrs. Ida M. Smart of New York City and Mrs. Fritz Muser of Ridgewood, N. J. Washington papers please copy.

KLINGER.—Evelyn, suddenly, aged 19. Funeral private from her late residence, 1,772 Union St., Brooklyn. Please omit flowers.

LANE.—At Greenwich, Conn., Annie Case Mead, wife of the late George Tibbits Lane of Troy, N. Y. Funeral services private, from 51 1st St., Troy, N. Y., April 14, at 2 o'clock.

MADDEN.—At Flower Hospital, on Monday, April 12, 1915, Sophy Leigh Madden, mother of Allen E. and Kenneth F. Madden. Funeral private. Interment Guilford, Conn.

MARKS.—Franklin Lodge, 447, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are hereby notified to attend an emergent communication of our lodge for the purpose of paying the last Masonic honors to our late brother Geo. W. Marks, at the funeral parlors of H. Meyers & Co., 228 Lenox Av., on Wednesday morning April 14, at 10:30 o'clock.

MOSES SPIERO, Master.
LOUIS C. MOSS, Secretary.

McCABE.—On April 12, at her late residence, 106 Waverly Place, Rose McCabe, widow of Peter McCabe, deceased. Funeral Wednesday, April 14, from St. Joseph's Church, Washington Place and 6th Av., at 9:30 A. M.

MacCORD.—At his residence, 60 10th St., Hoboken, Tuesday, April 13, 1915, Dr. Charles William MacCord, Professor Emeritus of Stevens Institute of Technology, aged 79 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

McFARLAND.—In New Haven, Conn., April 13, 1915, Mary Ashfield, widow of Colonel Walter McFarland, U. S. A. Funeral private.

McMAHON.—At a special meeting of the Executive Committee of the Association of Catholic Charities, held on Monday, April 12, 1915, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, Our Heavenly Father, in His infinite love and inscrutable wisdom, has most unexpectedly bereaved us, by the ministry of the angel of death, of our saintly founder and beloved Moderator, Right Rev. Mgr. Denis J. McMahon, D. D., Domestic Prelate of his Holiness Pope Benedict XV., and Supervisor of Catholic Charities of the Archdiocese of New York;

Whereas, We who have been singularly privileged, favored, and blessed for so many years through our relations with Mgr. McMahon — verily an apostle of charity and a father of the poor—have known and experienced his kindliness of heart, have been constant witnesses of his devotion and fidelity to every work of his Christian mercy, and have been more than edified and inspired by the extremity of his personal sacrifice, the intensity of his extraordinary activity, humility, and the largeness of his successes in many varied fields of Catholic charity;

Whereas, We cannot but recognize the nobility of his service, not only to Catholic agencies of benevolence among the poor and afflicted but also to the common cause of charity and relief in our great metropolis among people of every race and creed;

Be it Resolved, That in the eternal passing of our late Moderator, at the moment of his supreme interest in our association, we have suffered an irreparable loss; that, while our hearts are crushed with the weight of most profound sorrow, we bow most reverently and humbly to the wise dispensation of Divine Providence in a spirit of Christian resignation and fortitude, and that the memory of our beloved founder we shall hold ever in sacred remembrance, and for the eternal repose of his soul we shall be mindful to pray frequently;

Resolved, further, That we hereby tender our respectful sympathy to his Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop of New York and to the family of our departed Moderator.

Finally be it Resolved, That in testimony of their affection and reverence for Mgr. McMahon, the Executive Committee attend the funeral in a body, and that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this meeting and a copy be presented to his Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop of New York and to the family of our reverend founder.

Mrs. JOSEPH J. O'DONOHUE, President.
TERESA R. O'DONOHUE, Secretary.

McMAHON.—At a special meeting of the Women of Cavalry, held on Monday, April 12, 1915, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God on the eleventh of April, 1915, in His Divine Providence, to remove from us by death our beloved father and spiritual director, Rt. Rev. Monsignor Denis J. McMahon, D. D., Supervisor of Catholic Charities, who was our most valued friend and adviser, and for many years continuously devoted his time and valuable counsel to promoting the welfare of our Home, and furthering its object in relieving the poor suffering cancer patients;

Whereas, We are desirous of expressing our appreciation of the benefit the House of Calvary has received from so many years of faithful service and respect with which Monsignor McMahon was held by the Women of Calvary; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Women of Calvary have lost a valuable counselor, whose interest in their welfare was untiring and who occupied among the Catholic clergy a high place in this Archdiocese;

Resolved, That we, the Women of Calvary, deeply deplore the great loss sustained by all charities in the death of our beloved and saintly director, whose only object in life was the Love of God and His suffering poor.

Resolved, That in his death the City of New York has lost a public and patriotic citizen, distinguished for his love of all charities, for his activity in all that concerned the public welfare, and who, in discharging the duties of his office, was an exemplary type of the efficient public servant and saintly priest.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our deepest sympathy to His Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop and to the family of our deceased father and spiritual director.

Resolved, That in testimony of their affection and respect for Monsignor McMahon the Women of Calvary attend the funeral in a body.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this meeting and a copy be presented to His Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop and to the family of our deceased father and spiritual director.

Mrs. JOSEPH J. O'DONOHUE,
President.
Mrs. CATHERINE C. McPARLAN,
Secretary.

McMAHON.—At a special meeting of the officers of the Epiphany Alumnae Society, held on Tuesday, April 13, the following minute was adopted:

"The officers and members of the Epiphany Alumnae Society of the School of the Epiphany have suffered a serious loss in the death of their dearly beloved Director, Right Rev. Mgr. Denis J. McMahon, who, at all times, inspired us with the noble ideals we should ever follow—love of God and love of neighbor—which were the shining characteristics of his own life.

"We unite with the many other organizations with which our beloved Director was associated in extending our heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved relatives."

ROSE CONNORS, President.
LILLIE PRENDERGAST, Vice President.
ANNA FITZGERALD, Secretary.
MINNIE TRAINOR, Treasurer.

Died

McMAHON.—The Right Rev. Mgr. Denis J. McMahon, D. D. At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, held on Tuesday, April 13, 1915, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

IN MEMORIAM.

The Board of Directors of this society records with sorrow the death of the late Right Rev. Mgr. Denis J. McMahon, D. D., General Supervisor of Catholic Charities in the Arch-Diocese of New York, for nearly twenty-three years a member of this society, and who, in connection with other important philanthropic activities, gave unsparingly of his energy and exceptional mind to the advancement of child-welfare in this city and country.

Endowed with great power of leadership, Mgr. McMahon was just, gentle, unselfish, so self-effacing in all his dealings that he had the love, respect, and admiration of all who knew him, irrespective of race or creed. Child-rescue work especially appealed to him, and there was never a time when his wise counsel and intervention were not at the service of this society when the welfare of a child of his own religious faith was involved. In his death the city has lost a great and useful citizen, and the society a loyal and valued supporter and devoted friend.

The Secretary is directed to enter this tribute to Mgr. McMahon's memory in full on the Minutes of the board, and to transmit a copy thereof to His Eminence the Cardinal and to the immediate relatives of the deceased.

GEORGE G. HAVEN, Secretary.

The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral of Mgr. McMahon, which will take place in the Church of the Epiphany, Second Av. and 21st St., Wednesday, April 14, 1915, at 10 A. M. JOHN D. LINDSAY, President.

McMAHON.—At a special meeting of the Brownson Council, K. of C., 419, held on Tuesday evening, April 13, 1915, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, Almighty God, in the exercise of His divine will, has called from life our beloved Chaplain, Right Rev. Mgr. Denis J. McMahon, D. D., who, notwithstanding his manifold duties, most willingly assumed this office;

Resolved, That we, the officers and members of Brownson Council assembled here tonight, pay our last sad tribute to the memory of the departed, and express our appreciation of the many and lasting obligations that we owe to him, and by words and outward tokens express our sincere sorrow for the irreparable loss which we have sustained by his death;

Resolved, further, That as a manifestation of the high esteem in which we hold our Rev. Chaplain, the officers and members attend the funeral in a body, and that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the next regular meeting of the council, and that a copy of the same, suitable engrossed and duly authenticated, be transmitted to the family of the departed.

JOHN T. BRENNAN, Grand Knight.
A. A. BAUTZ, Recorder.

MODE.—Amelia, suddenly, at her residence, 569 West 150th St., on April 13. Notice of funeral later.

MYERS.—At 94 Brattle St., Cambridge, April 13, James D., in his seventy-third year. Funeral services at Appleton Chapel, Cambridge, Thursday, April 15, at 4 P. M.

O'SHEA.—At her late residence, 232 Clinton St., on Tuesday, April 13, 1915, Mary C. O'Shea. A requiem mass will be celebrated on Thursday, 10 A. M., at the Church of St. Paul, Court and Congress Sts. Interment St. John's Cemetery. Funeral private.

PARSONS.—At Englewood, N. J., on April 12, 1915, Stanley Parmelee Parsons, beloved husband of Sallie Lydecker and son of the late Lemuel Sprague and Lucy Stanley Parsons, in the 67th year of his age. Funeral private.

PLYMPTON.—Eben, aged 62. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Wednesday, 11 o'clock.

POOLE.—On April 11, Rev. William C. Poole, rector of the Church of the Sacred Heart, West New Brighton, S. I., Funeral services Thursday, April 15, at 11 A. M.

POOR.—Henry W., on April 13, at 777 Madison Av., in the 71st year of his age. Funeral services at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Thursday morning, April 15, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

REMINGTON.—Suddenly, at Yonkers, N. Y., April 13, 1915, Justus D. Remington. Notice of funeral hereafter. Oswego, Washington, and Philadelphia papers please copy.

ROCKWELL.—In Ridgewood, N. J., on April 13, 1915, Maria L. Rockwell. Funeral services will be held on Thursday, April 15, at 11 A. M., from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Geo. A. Shannon, 376 North Maple Av., Ridgewood, N. J. Interment Woodlawn, N. Y.

SHAW.—On Tuesday, April 13, 1915, Helen B., widow of William Shaw. Funeral services at 720 8th Av., Thursday, April 15, at 1:30 P. M.

SKELDING.—At Stamford, Conn., Monday, April 12, Amelia Merritt Skelding, in the 76th year of her age. Funeral services on Thursday, at 3 P. M., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edward E. Rowell, 81 South St.

SPEYER.—Edward G., 112 South 13th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Funeral service Wednesday evening, April 14, at 9 o'clock. Train leaves via New York Central, 125th St. and Park Av. Station, at 7:45 P. M. To the members of Golden Rule Lodge, No. 770, F. & A. M., Brethren: You are hereby summoned to attend the funeral services of our late brother.

(Signed) ROBERT ELLIS, Master.

STOCKWELL.—Suddenly, on April 13, at Providence, R. I., aged 76 years, Harriet E., widow of Thomas B. Stockwell.

TERKER.—Suddenly, on April 13, aged 47, Morris, beloved husband of Bertha (nee Ehrlich) and father of Samuel, Sadie, and Arthur. Relatives, friends, and members of Pilgrim Sick and Benevolent Society and Young Petoefi Sick and Benevolent Society respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 41 Pinehurst Av., corner 179th St., Thursday, April 15, 10 A. M. London, England, and Leipzig, Germany, papers please copy.

TOMONEY.—Mrs. Susan, on Monday, April 12, at her late residence, 118 West 75th St. Funeral from the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, on Thursday, April 15, at 10 A. M., where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated. Interment Calvary.

BURNS.—Eliza, 206 East 28th St., April 11. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

CLARK.—Charles H., 444 West 49th St., April 12, aged 43. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

DENIHAN.—Delia, 248 East 30th St., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

EVERETT.—Florence M., 601 West 185th St., April 12. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FAGAN.—Ann, 410 East 16th St., April 12, aged 66.

FERRER.—Celeste, 100 St. Nicholas Av., April 11.

FITZGERALD.—Edward J., 1,275 1st Av., April 11, aged 30. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

[illegible]CHRING.—Richard, 64 West 144th St., April 12, aged 53. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

GORMAN.—Ann, 580 3d Av., April 12, aged 71.

HUSHION.—Eleanor, 511 West 177th St., April 12. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

KRACHT.—August, 737 East 136th St., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

LAWLOR.—Mary, 403 West 123d St., April 12, aged 51. Funeral today.

LESCH.—August G., 323 East 157th St., April 12, aged 62.

LORCH.—Ethel, 229 West 135th St., April 12.

McCULLOUGH.—Frank W., 522 West 45th St., April 11, aged 40.

McNULTY.—Thomas, 172 Amsterdam Av., April 11. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

MANNE.—Sam, 224 West 140th St., April 11.

MERZ.—Henry, 304 East 88th St., April 12, aged 22. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

NASON.—Nehemiah H., 200 East 69th St., April 12, aged 68. Funeral private.

PARTINGTON.—Walter W., 92 Haven Av., April 12, aged 11. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

RATIGAN.—Patrick, 524 West 125th St., April 12. Funeral notice later.

REDPATH.—Sarah E., 3 Claremont Av., April 11.

ROSENBAUM.—Philip, 1,436 Prospect Av., Bronx, April 11, aged 51.

Died

SCHORLING.—Mary A., 426 East 15th St., April 11.

TAIT.—Sarah, 562 East 158th St., April 11. Funeral today.

TAYLOR.—Mildred R., April 11, aged 71. Funeral 223 8th Av., today, 10 A. M.

VOGT.—Peter, 513 East 85th St., April 12, aged 52. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WOOLVERTON.—Charles A., 768 Amsterdam Av., April 12. Funeral service today.

ZIMMERMAN.—John J., 150 East 123d St., April 12. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BARRETT.—Sarah, 846 Flatbush Av., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

BATTLES.—Charles, 101 Nostrand Av., April 12, aged 28. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

BECK.—Clara, 471 Hamburg Av., April 11, aged 73.

CAMPBELL.—Annie, 95 Hopkinson Av., April 11. Funeral today.

CORRIGAN.—Nellie, 727 Manhattan Av., April 12, aged 31.

CURRAN.—Catherine, 320 Sackett St., April 12. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

DIECKMANN.—Anna K., 100 Bay 17th St., April 11. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

DORGAN.—Thomas P., 1,118 Hancock St., April 11. Funeral tomorrow.

DORAN.—Peter F., 37 Willow St., April 12.

DUGAN.—Mary, 169 Frost St., April 11, aged 64. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

FISCHER.—Babetta M., 271 Maple St., April 12. Funeral private.

GALLIGAN.—James, 242 13th St., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

GORMAN.—John H., 279 18th St., April 12, aged 7. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HAGELOCK.—George, 381 Grant Av., April 11, aged 71.

HANSBERY.—Margaret C., 159 Congress St., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

HESS.—Maria, 65 Linden St., April 13, aged 80. Funeral notice later.

HIGGINS.—James A., 107 Chestnut St., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HOLLY.—Louise, 470 Decatur St., April 11, aged 37. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

IRWIN.—James, 287 Woodbine St., April 11, aged 79. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

KERR.—Richard, 1,015 Putnam Av., April 11, aged 16.

KING.—Frances, 343 14th St., April 11.

MERZBACH.—Gustav, 204 8th Av., April 11, aged 74.

MITTRACH.—Emma M., 56 Himrod St., April 12, aged 45.

MALONY.—John J., 246 St. Mark's Av., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MOORHEAD.—Sarah E., 313 Madison St., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

MORAN.—Martin, 246 Kent Av., April 13, aged 77. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

NOLAN.—Anastasia, 122 Bergen St., April 12, aged 19. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

O'DONNELL.—Daniel, 347 East 49th St., April 11. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

RANDELL.—Margaret, 141 15th St., April 12. Funeral service today.

RAUCH.—Anna K., 257 Cornelia St., April 12, aged 85.

RAYMOW.—Thomas F., 392 East 3d St., April 12. Funeral private.

REILLY.—Edward F., 175 North 7th St., April 12, aged 32.

ROBERTS.—Shirley A., 290 Willoughby Av., April 12. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHATTUER.—George, 114 Himrod St., April 11, aged 64. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

SEALE.—Jessie, 113 Halsey St., April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SHARKEY.—Rose, 51 16th St., April 12.

STEVENS.—Margaret R., 647 Myrtle Av., April 12. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

THOMSON.—Eliza G., 412 Bergen St., April 12. Funeral private.

TRAVERS.—Lydia A., 687 Greene Av., April 12.

UHLENBUSH.—Philip, 1,646 69th St., April 12. Funeral service today.

VOSSELER.—Margaret, 212 North 6th St., April 12, aged 82. Funeral private.

WHITTELSEY.—Mary E., 110 Ross St., April 13. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BAERNCOPF.—Henry E., Newark, April 12, aged 27.

BENANTI.—Joseph, 309 Monroe St., Hoboken, April 11, aged 33. Funeral today.

BEYER.—Charles C., 391 Lafayette St., Newark, April 11, aged 68.

BILLINGTON.—Joseph M., 145 Bright St., Jersey City, April 11, aged 1.

BIRDSALL.—George, 102 Franklin St., Jersey City, April 11. Funeral service today.

CLARK.—Elena K., 202 Broad St., Newark, April 12, aged 71. Funeral today.

CONLON.—Mary E., 189 Lafayette St., Jersey City, April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

CONRAD.—Antonie, 1,302 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, April 12, aged 44. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

FERREE.—Marie, 26 Long St., Jersey City, April 12, aged 26. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

FOUNTAIN.—Louisa, Newark, April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

FREETH.—Zelia, Jersey City, April 11, aged 68.

GRONAN.—Henrietta, 512 Jersey Av., Jersey City, April 11, aged 65. Funeral today.

HUGHES.—James J., 116 Belleville Av., Newark, April 12. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

JENNERS.—Alphonse, 30 Westervelt Av., Jersey City, April 11, aged 26.

KOHLBUSCH.—Charles G., 215 South St., Jersey City, April 11, aged 62.

LEONARD.—Elizabeth S., 155 Peshine Av., Newark, April 12, aged 52. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

MORGAN.—Mary A., 16 Arch St., Newark, April 12, aged 53.

OPPEL.—Mary, 506 Bergen St., Newark, April 12, aged 51.

ROEGE.—Louise, 453 Grove St., Jersey City, April 12. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ROONEY.—Mary K., 56 Plane St., Newark, April 12.

ROTTMANN.—Fredericka, 131 Willow Av., Hoboken, April 11, aged 63.

SCHWARZ.—Catharine, 184 Hamburg Place, April 13, aged 73.

TAYLOR.—Emmie B., 525 Garden St., Hoboken, April 12, aged 62.

Long Island.

BROWN.—Margaret, 474 3d Av., Long Island City, April 10, aged 62.

BROWN.—Martha, Woodside, April 10, aged 56.

CLARK.—Arthur, Jamaica, April 10, aged 65.

SHAW.—Robert, Jamaica, April 11. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

SPATH.—Gottlieb, 64 Wilson Av., Long Island City, April 11, aged 44. Funeral today.

TAYLOR.—Sarah, Ozone Park, April 11, aged 85.

TUITE.—Edward, Long Island City, April 12, aged 31.

WEST.—Henry, Creedmoor, April 10, aged 70.

WITZEL.—Elizabeth, College Point, April 10, aged 90.

In Memoriam

DALY.—Catherine, Mass St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 8 A. M.

DOYLE.—Mary. Mass St. John's Church, Jersey City, today, 9 A. M.

FERRIS.—Mary. Mass St. Bridget's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.

FRIEL.—Mrs. John. Mass Nativity Church, Brooklyn, today, 8 A. M.

HAMBLEN.—Grace E., in memory of. Died April 16, 1914.

HEBERMEHL.—Hattie M. Mass St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 8:30 A. M.

HYLAND.—Thomas F. Mass Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Brooklyn, today.

McNERNEY.—Richard. Mass Church of the Visitation, Brooklyn, today, 8 A. M.

VONGERICHTEN.—William H., in memory of. Died April 14, 1914.

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JAPAN AND CHINA NEAR OPEN BREAK

Deadlock Over Demands Continues and Mikado's Minister Threatens to End Parleys.

GREAT BRITAIN BROUGHT IN

China Urged to Let Japan Settle Railroad Concessions with England —American Attitude Still Open.

PEKING, April 13.—Conferences between the representatives of China and Japan were resumed today, but no break in the deadlock resulted. The Chinese Government declines to recede from the position it has assumed, notwithstanding the Japanese Minister, Eki Hioki, threatened today to discontinue the negotiations.

The Chinese Foreign Minister, Lu Cheng-hsiang, refused to discuss Group V. of the Japanese demands. This group relates to a number of the most important demands made by Japan, including the employment of Japanese political, financial and military advisors, and Japanese police; Japanese supervision of the manufacture or purchase of China's war munitions, and rights for railway and mining operations.

M. Hioki endeavored to draw the Chinese representatives into a discussion of Article 5 of this group, which has to do with the concession to Japan of rights for the construction of railroads. He intimated that China had favored Great Britain with railway concessions and had not given similar rights to Japan. He again urged China to grant the concessions demanded and permit Japan to take up subsequently with Great Britain any question which might arise in respect of encroachment on British railway interests.

The Japanese Minister again postponed consideration of the Manchuria group of demands. The Chinese Foreign Minister asked once more that discussion concerning this group be concluded, but M. Hioki replied that he was still without instructions on this point from Tokio.

HAS NOT DESERTED CHINA.

President Sets at Rest Reports About Negotiations with Japan.

WASHINGTON, April 13. — Reports that the American Government had informed China that she would not be able to rely on the moral support of the United States in her negotiations with Japan were declared without foundation today by President Wilson.

The President said no assurances either of an affirmative or negative character had been received recently from the Governments concerned, and that the views of the United States as to Japan's demands upon China would be satisfactorily met. He added that the Government was keeping in close touch with the progress of the conferences at Peking.

FEARS TROUBLE FOR CHINA.

Bishop Bashford, Returning, Disturbed by Japan's Demands.

HONOLULU, April 13.—The Rev. Dr. James W. Bashford, Resident Bishop in China of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who arrived here today on the steamer Ohiyo Maru, on his way to the United States, said he feared the demands made upon China by Japan would have grave results, if the demands were, in reality, what the newspapers reported them to be.

"If these demands threaten the integrity of China," he said, "judging from wide experience of the Chinese people, I fear they will result in the gravest consequences. Were the Chinese Government to submit to them or be overthrown, the history of China in similar crises, the experience of Japan in Formosa, and the present temper of the Chinese show that many years of interracial strife would follow the Japanese attempts to control China. This would paralyze China's industries, rob Japan of all material advantages of her possible overlordship, and set back civilization in the Far East for many centuries.

"Japan, however, should be given the benefit of the doubt as to having made such demands until the facts are ascertained."

Bishop Bashford expects to spend several months in the United States. He will go to Washington on a mission the nature of which he did not disclose.

GERMANY AND THE DEITY.

Japanese Premier Sees in War Evidence of Wrong Conception.

TOKIO, April 13.—Addressing a well-attended meeting of Japanese and foreign Christians held in Tokio today to inaugurate an evangelistic movement preparatory to the International Sunday School Convention of 1916, Count Okuma, the Japanese Premier, said that Christianity had given Japan, among other things, a nobler conception of womanhood, adding:

"There must be a wrong conception of the Deity in Germany; otherwise this war could not have come."

COLONEL AND TAFT MEET.

Exchange Only Formal Greetings at Funeral of Prof. Lounsbury.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, April 13.—Only the most formal of greetings passed between ex-Presidents Taft and Roosevelt today at their first meeting in five years. They met in the vestibule of Battell Chapel at Yale, where they gathered as fellow pall bearers at the funeral of Professor Thomas R. Lounsbury.

Professor Taft and the pallbearers who represented Yale awaited Colonel Roosevelt, who, with Brander Matthews and President Hadley of Yale, came up from New York city together. The Colonel, on entering the vestibule, stepped up to every member of the waiting party, greeting Professor Taft last. Upon meeting the latter, he said: "How do you do, Mr. Taft?" Professor Taft responded, "How do you do, Mr. Roosevelt?"

A minute later the Colonel again stepped forward and inquired after the health of Mrs. Taft, asking that the Professor convey to her his regards.

The former Presidents did not again speak during the afternoon, sitting in different pews during the funeral exercises and riding to the cemetery in different carriages.

MRS. HARRIMAN TO TESTIFY.

Will Appear in Civil Suit in Brooklyn Today—Was Not Ill.

Mrs. E. H. Harriman will appear in Justice Scudder's court in Brooklyn today as a witness in the suit of Miss Sarah Lynch against the Mutual Life Insurance Company for $2,500 damages. Dr. Julius Bierwirth of 258 Henry Street so reported to Justice Scudder yesterday, and the Justice adjourned until this morning the suit which was to have begun on Monday.

Murray Downs, counsel for the insurance company, told the court then that Mrs. Harriman was ill and, at the suggestion of Frederick W. Sparks, counsel for Miss Lynch, Justice Scudder appointed Dr. Bierwirth to investigate. The Justice did not question Mr. Downs yesterday as to the reason for his statement. Dr. Bierwirth said Mrs. Harriman was able to appear and quite willing to do so.

Miss Lynch's suit is for breach of contract. She says the insurance company agreed to make her head of a woman's department it contemplated establishing, provided she got Mrs. Harriman to take insurance. After thirteen months, she says, she had Mrs. Harriman's agreement to take insurance when she learned that agents of the Mutual interfered, advising Mrs. Harriman not to deal through Miss Lynch.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Capt. G. L. McKinney, Medical Corps, is relieved from further duty at Fort Caswell, N. C., and assigned to command Ambulance Co. No. 8.

First Lieut. L. S. Chappell, Medical Corps, from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to Galveston, for duty.

Chaplain A. J. Schliesser, 22d Inf., from present duties with 11th Inf., to take effect April 30, then to his regt.

Resignation of Second Lieut. L. C. Bradburn, 10th Cav., accepted, June 14.

Capt. F. B. Edwards, C. A. C., to service in Q. C., July 2, vice Capt. S. H. Mould, Q. C., relieved.

Capts. F. B. Wilby and J. J. Loving, Corps of Engineers, relieved from station at Wheeling, W. Va., and will proceed about April 20 to Ravenswood, W. Va., in connection with present duties.

Capt. L. R. Ball, 8th Cav., is retired on account of disability.

Major P. C. Stevens, Q. C., is retired on account of disability.

First Lieut. R. Donovan, C. A. C., from 31st to 79th Co., and to Fort Michie, N. Y.

First Lieut. M. E. Malloy, 29th Inf., to Reed Hospital for examination.

Capt. S. H. Mould, Q. C., is assigned to 90th Co., C. A. C., July 2.

First Lieut. R. S. Bamberger, 2d Cav., is retired on account of disability.

A board to consist of Capts. F. W. Palmer, Medical Corps, and T. F. Dodd, Signal Corps, and First Lieuts. W. R. Taliafero, Signal Corps, C. G. Chapman, Signal Corps, and H. L. Schurmeier, M. R. C., is appointed to meet at Signal Corps Aviation School, San Diego, to examine officers for qualification as junior military aviators.

Following students will report to Capt. F. W. Palmer, President of the board appointed today to examine officers for rating as military aviators at San Diego; Second Lieuts. S. W. Fitz Gerald, C. A. C.; W. G. Kilner, infantry, and R. B. Sutton, C. A. C.

Leaves—First Lieut. S. D. Boak, Dental Surgeon, 3 months; Second Lieut. C. E. Bradburn, 10th Cav., from today to and including June 14, and First Lieut. K. Truesdell, Signal Corps, from date of his relief from detail in Signal Corps until Aug. 1. Lieut. Truesdell will sail for his station on the transport leaving San Francisco Aug. 5, instead of July 5, as heretofore ordered.

Navy.

Lieut. Commander A. E. Watson, office of Naval Intelligence connection fitting out the Nicholson, and in command when commissioned.

Lieuts. W. G. Child, the Prairie, to temporary duty Navy Dept.; R. W. Kessler, the Alabama, to the Chester; E. L. McSheehy, the Chester, to the Alabama, and W. B. Decker, the Connecticut, to the Chester.

Junior Grade Lieut. A. D. Thurbull, the Chester, to home and wait orders.

Ensigns E. A. Crenshaw and C. P. Mason, the Connecticut, to the Chester, and A. E. Montgomery, the Chester, to the Connecticut.

P. A. Paymaster E. R. Wilson, to Puget Sound Yard.

Chief Machinists G. Crofton, from connection fitting out the Oklahoma, to the Missouri, and W. S. White, to New York Shipbuilding Co. Works, connection fitting out the Oklahoma, and duty on board when commissioned.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Denver, at Guaymas; Paducah, at Tunas de Zaza, Cuba; Chester, at Philadelphia; Maryland and Proteus, at Honolulu; Wyoming, New York, Arkansas, Delaware, Texas, Utah, Florida, Kansas, Michigan, South Carolina, Virginia, Nebraska, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Louisiana, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Vermont, and the Solace, at Southern drill grounds.

Sailed—Culgoa, mouth of the Panuco River for Southern drill grounds; Des Moines, for Santo Domingo City; New Orleans, San Francisco, for San Diego; Downes, for speed trials, and the Callao, Hongkong, for cruise up West River.

AID SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.

Contributors Give $4,600 to Apply on Its Building Debt.

At the bi-weekly meeting of the Board of Managers of the Church Seamen's Institute, 25 South Street, Edmund L. Baylies, the President, announced that a further sum of $4,649 had been contributed since Friday toward the $150,000 needed to pay off the debt on the building.

Among the donors were Henry Parish, $1,000; Miss Augusta de Peyster, $250; Mrs. William G. Low, $200; Lloyd B. Sanderson, $100; Edwin Gould, $100; William Fellowes Morgan, $100; Ernest C. Bliss, $100; Mrs. James L. Morgan, $100.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—There has been relatively cool weather over the Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley, and the lake region, and warm weather over the plains States and the Northwest. There have been local rains during the last twenty-four hours in the west plateau region and in the Pacific States, except Southern California, while east of the Rockies fair weather prevailed. With the exception of scattered showers Wednesday and Thursday in the Rocky Mountain region and by Thursday night or Friday in the plains States, the weather will be fair throughout the country during the next forty-eight hours. Temperatures will rise Thursday in the Atlantic States.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday: North Atlantic—Light to moderate variable; Middle Atlantic—Moderate variable, mostly north; South Atlantic, East Gulf—Moderate east and northeast; West Gulf—Fresh east to south.

FORECASTS FOR TODAY AND THURSDAY

New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Thursday.

Tennessee, Kentucky, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Western Pennsylvania, Western New York—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, rising temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	34	43	4 P. M.	50	50
6 A. M.	32	39	6 P. M.	49	50
9 A. M.	37	43	9 P. M.	46	48
12 M.	40	49	11 P. M.	38	46

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 46; for the corresponding date last year it was 41; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 47. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42; at 8 P. M. it was 50. Maximum temperature, 52 degrees, at 5:30 P. M.; minimum, 39 degrees, at 6 A. M. Humidity, 64 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 50 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.30 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.26 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:50—10 Wooster St.; T. D. Ward	$1,000
3:40—18-20 W. 21; not given	Slight
4:30—145 W. 28 St.; W. Robinowitz Co.	$50
5:15—1,816 Finley Av.; Jas Donovan	Slight
6:00—14-16 W. 32 St.; Nimo & Molla	$5,000
11:35—317 E. 4 St.; M. Singer & Son	Slight
P. M.	
12:30—636 5 St.; Ida Muller	Slight
12:50—335 B'way; I. Rothman	$5,000
2:20—1,082 Simpson St.; M. Rubenstein	Slight
2:25—102 E. 10 St.; H. Finkelstein	Slight
3:30—252 St., east of Riverdale Av.; not given	None
5:30—310 E. 164 St.; Arthur Israel	Slight
5:35—544 3 Av.; Vorhees & Flood	$500
6:40—51 7 Av.; Adams Exp. Co.	Trifling
7:05—640 B'way; Herman Schwartz	Slight
7:30—204 W. 61 St.; Jas. Jenkins	$15

ESTATES APPRAISED.

SOREN, GEORGE W., (Nov. 27, 1911.) Supplemental report: Estate was appraised at $262,074 in the original report, filed Nov. 9, 1914. Two brothers and two sisters of decedent received bulk of estate.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer Thurs.; mod. e. winds.

Ga. and Fla.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; mod. e. winds.

Ala., Miss., and La.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; light to mod. e. winds.

East. Tex.—Fair Wed. Thurs., cloudy; mod. s. e. winds.

West. Tex.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.; probably showers in w.

Utah—Showers and cooler Wed. Thurs., probably fair.

Okla.—Fair Wed. Thurs., cloudy; probably thundershowers.

Ark.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; mild temperature.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ohio—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer; mod. variable winds.

Ind. and Upper Mich.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; warmer.

Ill.—Fair, warmer Wed. Thurs., fair; warmer in n e.; fresh s. winds.

Lower Mich. and Wis.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer; fresh s. winds.

Minn., Ia., and Mo.—Fair, warmer Wed. Thurs., cloudy.

N. and S. Dak. and Neb.—Fair Wed.; warmer in e. Thurs., unsettled and cooler; probably showers.

Kan.—Fair Wed. Thurs., cloudy, probably followed by thundershowers.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS. FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

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Specially Reduced War-Tariff
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HOTEL RUSSELL or HOTEL GREAT CENTRAL LONDON
Refined Comfortable Moderate
Business as usual
Tariffs from Dorland Travel Bureau, 366 Fifth Avenue, New York.

In three years the combined circulation gains of the seven New York morning newspapers was 115,514. Of this total The New York Times alone gained 88,497.

Three years' circulation record of New York City morning newspapers, as reported to the Post Office Department:

April 1st, 1915—Total circulation 1,351,461
April 1st, 1912—Total circulation 1,235,947

Total gain in three years 115,514
The New York Times gain 88,497

Total gain of 6 other New York morning newspapers 27,017

Report to Post Office Department Since Enactment of the Publication Law

Average daily and Sunday circulation.

	April 1, 1915.	October 1, 1914.	April 1, 1914.	October 1, 1913.	April 1, 1913.	October 1, 1912.
World	376,590	391,944	380,540	383,780	394,251	395,495
American	333,345	361,709	352,164	347,302	335,327	319,988
Times	**298,248**	**259,673**	**246,118**	**230,360**	**228,534**	**209,751**
Herald	106,580	109,192	101,006	103,995	110,923	111,236
Sun	71,708	70,387	65,514	64,572	64,470	61,804
Tribune	70,965	64,410	55,335	50,984	50,984	49,546
Press	94,025	98,259	81,931	85,612	81,330	88,127
Totals	**1,351,461**	**1,355,574**	**1,282,608**	**1,266,605**	**1,263,083**	**1,235,947**

The circulation increase of The New York Times in the last six months—38,575—is the greatest reported to the Post Office Department by any newspaper in the United States

ELIGIBLE TO TEACH.

Long List of Successful Applicants for License No. 1.

City Supt. Maxwell announces that there have been placed, as of March 26, 1915, on the eligible list of women holding License No. 1, the names of the following applicants:

R. A. Osterberg	88.58
Bessie Schwartz	88.73
Lillian Kaplan	88.40
M. A. Ritter	88.36
Edna G. Nehrbas	86.85
M. M. Thomas	86.68
F. D. Morche	86.46
K. H. O'Brien	86.41
Leah Naguid	86.20
M. E. Nemecek	86.20
M. G. B. Beirne	85.93
Corinne Reims	85.66
Eleanore G Hall	85.51
Anna V. Frost	85.46
Marie E Marik	85.18
F. A. Mueller	85.06
Ruth A. Nichols	85.05
May E. Haviland	85.00
Isabel Peddie	84.93
B. E. Journeay	84.80
B. S. Petersen	84.53
F. E. Adlerman	84.50
A. C. O'Reilly	84.46
Marjorie L. Huck	84.43
M. M. Feuerstack	84.16
H. A. A. Schmitz	84.11
Juliet B. Baylis	84.03
Mabel I. Kent	84.01
Edith G. Griffith	83.96
May E. Lestrange	83.96
Ida C. Holland	83.93
Ingeborg Blix	83.83
C. C. Griffin	83.80
Reba J. Collins	83.75
Edith Petrie	83.73
A. Beckenstein	83.56
Eva Bornstein	83.46
G. M. Schumann	83.45
Mary E. Grace	83.36
Ruth Payez	83.35
Grace Shepherd	83.35
M. E. Bethel	83.18
F. Oestereicher	83.13
Edna Bahr	83.05
H. E. Caeser	82.96
Frieda Levy	82.00
Estelle Isaacs	82.73
Clarese Nutrizio	82.66
Esther Radgiff	82.53
Anna Wallach	82.53
Alice G. McCann	82.46
F. M. Schreiber	82.46
F. A. Sundstrom	82.43
G. G. Travers	82.43
B. V. Sullivan	82.33
D. H. Hinchman	82.29
E. G. McManus	82.15
D. R. Wohnsiedler	82.15
F. D. Fischer	82.13
Margaret Murray	82.13
Rebecca Fader	82.11
Mattie Drechsler	82.93
Dora Steger	81.88
Mathilde Weill	81.85
V. C. McNeill	81.81
A. D. Enggren	81.66
Mary A. Keeling	81.65
Anna M. Klein	81.65
Pauline Schacker	81.65
Pauline Michel	81.61
Edna M. Foley	81.60
Idabelle I. Cohen	81.58
Alice Lapp	81.58
Gladys F. Ellis	81.50
Annie Clarke	81.45
M. P. McIntosh	81.40
Mildred Ziegler	81.38
Ida Grossman	81.34
L. A. Gardner	81.30
A. Goldberg	81.28
S. H. Reibstein	81.26
M. H. Liebman	81.23
Miss F. I. Emes	81.21
Tony Harmelin	81.10
Elizabeth Shea	81.06
Lillie Greenberg	81.05
E. J. Ellingham	81.05
Frances Ulsamer	81.00
Marie L. Greene	80.95
I. V. Fitzsimons	80.91
V. E. Burns	80.88
W. C. Harreus	80.86
L. E. Starrett	80.81
May L. Kuntz	80.78
Mabel H. McCabe	80.73
Elsa D. Kirms	80.76
Rose Greenberg	80.73
Anna S. Rubin	80.73
Flora C. Allison	80.71
T. V. Connor	80.71
E. M. Withington	80.58
M. M. Kohlberger	80.56
Dorothy Kreeger	80.56
Anna C. Olson	80.55
Dorothy G. Stagen	80.55
Mary H. Taylor	80.53
M. M. Barnes	80.46
Ara M. Goodwin	80.46
C. B. Buckley	80.43
E. A. Johnson	80.41
M. E. Dahl	80.40
E. M. Mohrmann	80.33
A. C. Conlin	80.30
B. R. Feinberg	80.30
Cora M. Driscoll	80.26
Lynette Goldberg	80.26
Alice H. Hurley	80.21
Christine Parish	80.21
C. Mohrmann	80.20
Lillie Corrigan	80.11
A. J. Kenney	80.08
Estelle Pereira	80.08
Alice Rosenblatt	80.06
Rosetta Keep	79.93
Vernetta Laity	79.85
Anna C. Marcoux	79.83
Florence Levin	79.76
Jane H. Soper	79.73
M. K. Stryker	79.71
M. Rollhaus	79.70
Laura F. Show	79.70
Lucy M. Fisher	79.68
Pauline Feder	79.66
Maude E. Carr	79.65
Adele Cross	79.61
D. Trumpler	79.61
F. G. Harrowich	79.60
Dorothy Goldman	79.56
Mary A. Ball	79.55
B. E. Cowein	79.50
Edith G. O'Brien	79.47
E. T. O'Donnell	79.44
Anna Flamm	79.41
M. E. Connolly	79.40
Katherine Willis	79.38
Emilie E. Decher	79.25
May Rosenbluth	79.25
F. M. Kettle	79.16
Amy Batt	79.01
Pearl V. Tickell	79.01
Edna M. Engles	78.96
Ruth Enste	78.95
Anna E. Brannan	78.93
Mary T. Ennis	78.90
Eleanor T. Lyons	78.90
Mabel A. Waugh	78.88
H. B. O'Connor	78.83
E. K. Forshaw	78.76
R. Rosenblum	78.75
E. T. Hangland	78.70
Millicent Batt	78.64
K. A. Gensler	78.63
C. I. Raab	78.63
C. A. Orr	78.53
N. C. Breslin	78.48
M. R. McGinnis	78.46
C. H. Crocker	78.41
Marie Higbie	78.41
C. F. Lannon	78.40
Ethel W. Petty	78.38
Etta Maher	78.35
Frieda Wang	78.31
N. C. Alexander	78.30
A. D. Reichhard	78.30
F. C. Fitzgerald	78.21
Lillian M. Morse	78.13
May B. Brennan	78.05
Marion Crawford	77.96
Rose Gilmore	77.95
M. Kornfeld	77.91
M. R. Sullivan	77.91
Jeannette Lipka	77.90
Dorothy Glaser	77.84
D. K. Handel	77.83
Edith A. Nussey	77.83
E. M. Tobin	77.81
Alice C. Tinsley	77.75
Cecilia Gross	77.66
Sadie Schapiro	77.65
M. W. Brecher	77.63
Mrs. Agnes R. Larkey	77.61
E. M. Freund	77.56
Elise A. Frey	77.55
Ida E. Oetjen	77.53
Rose M. Kilgus	77.51
H. V. Powers	77.48
D. M. Collins	77.44
F. V. Convery	77.43
R. Stapleton	77.43
E. Berall	77.41
Madeline Phelan	77.40
Lucy C. Watkins	77.40
H. H. Johnson	77.38
M. MacSorley	77.38
Lena Tulchen	77.38
K. C. O'Brien	77.33
Irene Conway	77.30
H. F. Rogaliner	77.28
Ruth O. Beers	77.20
E. A. Fiala	77.18
Marion A. Hynes	77.18
A. M. Dieck	77.15
Elsie Moran	77.11
G. N. Goldberg	77.08
Elsa M. Korb	77.05
H. Buesener	76.93
J. R. Hagerty	76.93
Isabelle Parvey	76.93
C. A. Bishop	76.91
R. E. L. Carlson	76.86
Mary Gellert	76.86
Ruth Winberg	76.85
Alice M. Green	76.83
W. A. Holleran	76.81
M. V. S. Fowler	76.78
Louise Cassidy	76.73
Agnes V. Burke	76.66
M. A. Kennedy	76.66
C. A. Donnelly	76.65
E. C. Anderson	76.63
M. J. Pennefather	76.63
Lillian Baum	76.60
Grace I. Taggart	76.60
Mary F. Schulte	76.58
M. C. Bernhard	76.56
Sally E. Allen	76.58
Helen Forbes	76.53
Gladys Velsor	76.53
Clara Martin	76.50
Sadie Saslaw	76.48
A. R. Selkirk	76.48
M. D. Tierney	76.46
Helen M. Mace	76.45
Ida M. Lynam	76.43
H. S. Briggs	76.38
M. B. Cornelius	76.36
A. Orlinger	76.33
R. L. Shannon	76.33
M. M. Goldberg	76.30
L. C. Feuerbach	76.28
Rose Mendell	76.28
J. Soldano	76.27
Lillie Davidson	76.21
Myra Jones	76.20
M. C. Murphy	76.20
P. M. Gordon	76.18
H. G. Kelsey	76.18
M. W. Pels	76.18
Mabel Williams	76.13
May Mulvey	76.11
Mamie Hauser	76.10
Elsa Partisch	76.10
M. B. Pearsall	76.10
Anna Blum	76.08
W. Bockman	76.08
V. H. Byrnes	76.08
P. Nichthauser	76.08
Anna H. End	76.06
B. Finkelstein	76.03
Mary Russell	76.03
Anna Brener	76.01
Minnie A. Daly	76.00
V. R. Dowling	75.98
J. Nathanson	75.98
R. D. Firestone	75.96
M. C. Green	75.96
Mollie H. Settle	75.96
Fannie C. Morris	75.95
Edith Doughty	75.93
Nellie E. Gluck	75.93
L. B. Sharp	75.91
Vera S. Fowler	75.86
H. I. Christian	75.85
J. G. Goldberg	75.85
I. R. Sacks	75.85
I. M. Calhoun	75.83
D. V. Paret	75.81
Anna V. James	75.71
Sophia Watson	75.70
J. U. Graham	75.66
F. E. Byrne	75.65
Rae Cohen	75.65
E. D. Neefus	75.65
A. M. McCleary	75.63
S. L. Powell	75.63
Irene L. C. Fitzgerald	75.61
N. J. Walsh	75.61
F. L. Black	75.60
K. Gillespie	75.50
D. J. Rollhaus	75.50
Ida Kaslowitsky	75.49
A. I. Maginnis	75.48
Dorothy Shapiro	75.47
Jane Curtis	75.46
C. L. Landesberg	75.43
A. J. Goldfarb	75.40
Agnes F. Ernst	75.36
M. F. Foley	75.33
Julia D. Blum	75.30
Gladys A. Lewry	75.30
Anna Cooper	75.26
H. A. Meyer	75.26
E. V. Sullivan	75.25
S. C. Blumenfeld	75.23
C. G. Rueth	75.21
Mildred Weiss	75.20
May Darcy	75.16
F. Mullaney	75.15
E. M. MacVeagh	75.13
Anna L. Cooney	75.11
Ethel Files	75.11
Rose Bring	75.03
M. M. Doyle	74.98
E. A. Knowles	74.96
H. E. M. Hallberg	74.88
E. Pollakoff	74.86
Edna Helpern	74.83
M. M. Gleason	74.81
Vivien L. Dash	74.78
L. M. Anderson	74.76
Emma Stollberg	74.72
Mary M. Stone	74.71
J. D. Cohen	74.70
Ida Velenken	74.65
Eva B. Sands	74.63
Celia Katz	74.62
C. E. Dogherty	74.61
Mary Tucci	74.61
Dora E. Schulze	74.60
Anna Kleinberg	74.56
G. F. Lang	74.56
H. R. Newman	74.56
Beatrice White	74.55
M. Zuflucht	74.55
Jennie Barruck	74.53
K. Lanigan	74.50
Mary Lewin	74.50
E. M. Weiss	74.46
C. Bernstein	74.43
I. M. Fisher	74.41
Teresa Esposito	74.36
Reina Goodman	74.35
E. Horowitz	74.35
M. E. C. McGoniglo	74.35
D. L. Williamson	74.33
Vera V. Fanning	74.31
M. B. Himmelstein	74.31
Anna Larkin	74.30
Annie Ginsberg	74.30
H. E. Weisberg	74.26
M. J. Patrick	74.25
F. H. Schafran	74.25
Lillian Kalmuk	74.23
Marjorie Crane	74.21
Mildred Rose	74.20
Edna J. Cox	74.18
Edena I. Curry	74.13
Mary N. Hart	74.10
Esther Baitler	74.06
E. L. Rasmussen	74.03
E. B. Franken	74.01
A. E. Abramson	73.95
A. M. Ferguson	73.95
M. M. Gavin	73.95
E. A. Morville	73.95
Elsie T. Dowd	73.88
Fanny Elmowitz	73.88
Jennie M. Wolf	73.88
Esther M. Kelly	73.86
Anna Roche	73.85
H. Appelson	73.85
J. M. Fonda	73.82
Irene J. O'Hara	73.80
M. Kirschbaum	73.78
Rose Lavinger	73.78
Bessie Moscovitz	73.78
M. L. Delaney	73.76
H. C. Ubelher	73.73
Amelia L. Heyn	73.71
Matilda Wuest	73.70
A. M. Gallagher	73.68
Helen L. Jaches	73.66
Clara Konovitz	73.65
K. D. Seyfert	73.65
F. E. Lieberman	73.63
Regina E. Sayles	73.63
G. E. Ryan	73.61
S. V. W. Hutchison	73.60
M. F. Lefkowitz	73.60
F. Chertkoff	73.55
Mary E. Crane	73.53
R. R. Kingsberg	73.50
Anna W Smith	73.50
R. R. Gordon	73.41
Irene R. Behan	73.38
E. C. Churchill	73.38
M. E. Bierds	73.36
Rose H. Wolf	73.35
A. M. Boyland	73.33
V. M. Hanson	73.33
Florence Parris	73.31
A. M. Boylan	73.30
E. D. Proudman	73.28
Harriet E. Klein	73.23
F. A. McCulloch	73.23
Marie G. Mooney	73.23
Louise K. Herm	73.21
Lilian Krashes	73.21
D. Lichterman	73.21
Mary D. Gordon	73.18
A. M. O'Reilly	73.18
M. McHale	73.16
Sylvia Bernardi	73.15
Anna Curtin	73.15
B. McKillop	73.11
Marie F. Donlon	73.10
E. E. Haslach	73.08
J. F. Kelly	73.06
C. M. Klein	73.06
J. V. Pragman	73.03
E. M. Johnson	73.03
Regina Rothberg	73.03
Eva M. Meldrum	72.96
Elizabeth Wilkie	72.91
M. E. Glockner	72.90
E. R. Convery	72.88
A. M. Chambers	72.86
L. E. Kramer	72.86
J. V. Hallacy	72.85
Miriam Raphael	72.81
Martha Amort	72.80
Alma V. Carolan	72.80
A. J. McAuliffe	72.80
Mary V. Egan	72.76
Isabella Lenihan	72.76
A. M. Madden	72.75
M. F. Daly	72.73
K. Linker	72.73
Ruth M. Myers	72.70
Lena Aronson	72.61
Isabel T. Kelly	72.60
M. I. Bonnick	72.56
Irene English	72.56
A. R. Goldberg	72.51
Adelaide Cooper	72.50
F. B. Ahlstrom	72.48
Elsa Greenberg	72.46
J. Schoenfeld	72.45
M. M. Goodrich	72.36
Bessie Tolk	72.36
J. S. Wiener	72.36
C. Castagnola	72.35
Blanche Luft	72.35
F. M. Talbot	72.35
Mary T. Driscoll	72.31
A. V. Gallagher	72.31
Celia Robinson	72.30
S. De Forest	72.28
L. R. Goodbody	72.28
M. L. Holden	72.28
B. I. Goldstein	72.25
K. J. Rauch	72.25
F. Weinstein	72.25
Teresa Goodwin	72.23
Lucia Cilley	72.22
M. Decker	72.18
E. V. Zimmerli	72.15
Rose Farrell	72.13
A. M. Kennedy	72.13
K. F. Munson	72.13
M. V. Ryan	72.11
D. H. Mattfeld	72.10
A. M. Meyers	72.06
Lillian Mullen	72.06
Mary A. Regan	72.05
M. E. Donohue	72.03
Edith Glackman	72.03
Cecilia Donovan	72.00
R. Abramowitz	72.00
J. Buchanan	72.00
A. V. Canavan	72.00
E. B. Close	72.00
Grace Cook	72.00
Naomi Crohn	72.00
R. Cunningham	72.00
Marjorie Curtin	72.00
A. L. Cusack	72.00
V. K. Decker	72.00
M. T. Dempsey	72.00
M. M. Dolan	72.00
M. C. Egan	72.00
Elizabeth Farrell	72.00
M. M. Farrell	72.00
B. M. Feldstein	72.00
E. G. Fitzgerald	72.00
M. E. Glynn	72.00
F. F. Goodman	72.00
G. L. Gunderson	72.00
E. A. Hammen	72.00
Grace Healy	72.00
G. Jacobson	72.00
Hortense Jaffa	72.00
Clara I. Katz	72.00
Alice Kearns	72.00
Rita M. Kelly	72.00
Marie R. Kenney	72.00
C. Ketchum	72.00
G. Koplovitz	72.00
Norma N. Kraus	72.00
J. F. Lamond	72.00
F. Larmer	72.00
Julia Lichtig	72.00
Ruth Lippmann	72.00
Ella Lipschitz	72.00
M. E. Loughran	72.00
Lauretta Lyons	72.00
K. V. McCarthy	72.00
M. E. McCarthy	72.00
K. M. McGregor	72.00
E. A. McKeown	72.00
Mary Malone	72.00
A. V. Maloney	72.00
F. E. Mayer	72.00
Sadie T. Meyers	72.00
Rita C. Mullen	72.00
C. Naftolowitz	72.00
M. A. Norwood	72.00
K. D. Nugent	72.00
J. C. O'Callaghan	72.00
Luci A. Petri	72.00
D. M. Perkins	72.00
M. J. M. Pfeiffer	72.00
J. A. Powers	72.00
Adele Reilly	72.00
K. Reynolds	72.00
M. T. Richard	72.00
E. Rosenfield	72.00
C. Rosenkrans	72.00
R. L. Rosenthal	72.00
Dora Schneider	72.00
S. Schottland	72.00
M. M. Simons	72.00
C. F. Smith	72.00
F. M. Stack	72.00
Lillian Stern	72.00
Meta E. Strobel	72.00
E. R. Sullivan	72.00

EDUCATION NOTES.

Among those whose names appear on the eligible list for teacher is Miss Frank Irene Emes of 872 East 162d Street, The Bronx.

The Parents' Association of P. S. 141, Manhattan, will hold a meeting and give a reception in the school building, 462 West 58th Street, on Friday evening.

Mrs. Mary F. Meagher has been elected a member of the Teachers' Council. She will represent the teachers of the first to sixth year in the elementary school.

Dr. Maxwell announces that there appeared at the examinations last week for high school licenses 1,003 candidates, as follows: laboratory assistant, physics and chemistry, 17, biology, 14; clerical assistant, 199; biology, 47; elocution, 12; English, 167; German, 75; history, 121; mathematics, 92; physics, 43; Spanish, 22; commercial branches, 98; mechanical drawing, 25, music, 14; physical training, 37, and wood turning and pattern making, 20. These figures do not include the candidates who failed to pass in the oral test in the last examination and to whom a second oral test will be given in connection with the pending examination.

Permission will probably be granted by the Board of Education today to William Fairley, Principal of the Commercial High School, to be absent from duty without loss of pay, on April 16, for the purpose of attending the annual meeting of the Association of History Teachers of the Middle States and Maryland in Baltimore.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments, 8 A. M. Apr. 14; Patrol. J. J. O'Neill, 26, to 63. To Det. Bu. from prects. indicated, designated as Act. Det. Sergts.: D. J. A. Mahoney, 35; A. F. Ackerman, 81; W. L. Ihnken, 80.

Temporary Assignments: Patrol. Chas. Poss, 15, to D. B., 5 days, 4 P. M. Apr. 10; Cornelius Ryan, 40, to 26, 10 days, 8 A. M. Apr. 14; Wm. Carey, 283, to C. O., 10 days, 8 A. M. Apr. 14.

Leaves, (without pay): Patrol. F. W. May, 62, 1 day, 12 P. M. Apr. 9; S. W. Ryan, 69, 1 day, 12.01 A. M. Apr. 19; W. Strutzenberg, Jr., 152, 1 day, 12.01 A. M. Apr. 17; A. McCarthy, 165, 1 day, 8 A. M. Apr. 25; P. Jones, 172, 1 day, 12 noon, Apr. 14; M. McKeon, 174, 1 day, 8 A. M. Apr. 11.

Fines imposed: Patrol.—P. J. Alletzhauser, 0, (failed to prevent a burglary,) 1 day; C. O. Ahlgren, 14, (same,) 3 days; D. Mandel, 17, (same,) 1 day; J. P. Fitzgerald, 23, (same,) 1 day; M. J. Hunt, 26, (made false report,) 2 days; E. Jones, 28, (absent from signal booth post,) 3 days; J. T. Lawler, 35, (absent from post, 6 days; P. J. Hogan, 37, (failed to prevent burglary,) 1 day; J. S. Bennett, 38, (absent from post,) 4 days; J. A. Gunning, 39, (absent without leave,) 1 day; G. W. Hoffman, 61, (absent from post,) 3 days; E. A. Ulrich, 61, (absent from post and school crossing,) 8 days; L. L. Pendleton, 143, (absent from post,) 8 days; J. A. Cooney, 156, (improper patrol,) 2 days; C. Wagner, 158, (same,) 2 days; S. J. McDougal, 159, (same,) 3 days; C. W. Thon, 161, (absent from post,) 3 days; G. R. Leonard, 161, (same,) 3 days; D. Moloney, 161, (improper patrol,) 5 days; D. H. Kiersted, 164, (same,) 2 days; H. Ahr, 172, (same,) 1 day; D. B. McGuinness, 172, (absent from post, seen coming from liquor saloon,) 4 days; E. Schmitzler, 283, (absent from post,) 4 days, (same,) 2 days.

Reprimanded: Patrol. F. Michaelis, 17, (failed to prevent burglary;) H. L. Grimm, 23, (absent from post;) C. J. Coyne, 29, (improper patrol;) L. M. Fallon, 143, (absent from post;) F. H. J. Hahn, 169, (same;) J. J. Daly, 169, (same;) A. J. Chester, 169, (absent from school crossing;) L. J. Cummings, 276, (absent from post;) C. J. White, 283, (improper patrol.)

Charges Dismissed: Patrol. J. J. Flynn, 6, (improper conduct;) J. F. McKay, 152, (gave an assumed name;) M. Gormley, 278, (absent from post.)

Death Reported: Patrol. Philip Uhlenbush, 170, at 5:45 P. M. Apr. 12.

Fire Department.

The following will report to A. J. Muir at the 7th Regiment Armory, Park Av. and 67th St. for practice at 10 A. M. tomorrow: C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 13; J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; W. J. Mertens, Eng. 24; Alexander Hothersall, Eng. 31; Ralph Bornholz, Eng. 36; Henry Reichert, Eng. 51; J. J. D'Azevedo, Eng. 56; William Clancy, Eng. 76; E. J. Donovan, Eng. 76; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 79; J. L. Dressler, Eng. 88; W. F. Gallagher, Eng. 213; P. J. Metzger, Jr., Eng. 213; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 214; T. S. Richards, Eng. 227; F. Ergenzinger, Eng. 237; F. M. Munn, Eng. 244; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 250; Charles Charous, Eng. 221; H. B. Escher, Eng. 262; A. G. Klein, Eng. 263; J. A. Chattaway, Eng. 271; Herman Brenner, Eng. 288; E. A. Woolley, Eng. 287, (2d Sec.;) Ernest Bernsen, H. & L. 11; J. J. Schoppmeyer, H. & L. 22; E. S. Clements, H. & L. 35; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 40; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 45; A. T. Cole, H. & L. 107; J. Miller, No. 3, H. & L. 115; W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 115; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; George Olsen, H. & L. 128; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137; J. J. O'Keefe, H. & L. 147; J. A. Stack, H. & L. 148; J. T. R. Murray, H. & L. 149.

Retired, to take effect 8 A. M. May 1: Capt. J. F. Kelly, Eng. 20, at $1,250 a yr.

Special Leaves (without pay): E. E. Allen, Eng. 28, 48 hours, 8 A. M. Apr. 14; J. F. Mahoney, H. & L. 101, 12 hours, 8 A. M. Apr. 14.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

There will be a mental examination on April 19 for promotion to fourth grade clerk in the following departments:

Board of Estimate: Standards.
Education: Auditing and Accounts, Buildings.
Fire: Repairs and Supplies.
Parks: The Bronx, Brooklyn, Manhattan and Richmond.

United States.

The Commission announces for April 20 a competitive examination for technologist in sugar beet seed investigations, for men only, to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at a salary of $1,800 a year. The duties will include investigations relating to the breeding of sugar beets for seed, the production of this seed on a commercial scale, and insuring the stability of the industry.

Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education and experience, publications and thesis. Graduation from a four years' course at a college or university of recognized standing, and at least two years experience in the growing of plants for seed production; or in the case of persons lacking a degree, at least five years of such experience, are prerequisites. Applicants must not have reached their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the Commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BERNARD, ABRAM, (March 27;) personalty over $500; all to widow, Adele Bernard.

BULEY, ANNIE T., (March 10;) personalty, $1,000; colored branch of the Y. W. C. A., $200; Minta Nickolas, $500.

DUAY, ADELE, (Nov. 1, 1914;) personalty, $3,000; all to widower, Nicolas.

DUNHAM, ELIZA, (April 5;) personalty over $10,000; realty over $10,000; $3,000 each to Carrie D. Dyer and Charles V. Bogia; daughter Helen V. Kelchner gets residence at 19 W. 81 St and contents and residue.

FULLER, FRANK, (Feb. 19;) personalty, $1,000; about $300 to Louis R. Fuller, adopted son.

JACKSON, SIMON, (Sept. 8, 1914;) realty, $1,500; all to sons and daughters.

LYONS, CATHERINE, (March 18;) personalty, $4,500; realty, $4,500; $2,000 each to Thomas M. Morgan, Catherine Kelly, and Mary Furlong; $500 to Catherine Quinlan and $200 to James J. Ford.

MOORE, MARY P., (Feb. 13;) personalty over $10,000; realty over $10,000; sons, Edward C. Jr., 8 E. 44 St., and John Chandler Moore, 15 E. 70 St., 1-3 of estate each; grandchildren, Agnes Moore Alanz, Nellie Moore Caudrey, and Louise and Hilda Moore, all of Paris, France, 1-12 of estate each; ample provision was made for son, Horace Moore, by his father, Edward C., Sr., deceased.

MORGAN, THOMAS HAMERSLEY, (details elsewhere.)

NORTON, SOLOMON A., (April 8;) personalty over $1,000; realty, $1,000; Clarence J., son, $2,000; Daniel O. and Lillian W. Norton, $1,000 each; Etta, Earl L., Elizabeth, and Clarence G. Norton, $500 each.

RODH, SIMON, (April 9;) personalty less than $10,000; all to widow, Louise Rodh.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—NELLIE REED, also known as JANET BURTON, Bankrupt.

Nellie Reed, bankrupt, has filed her petition, verified March 6th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 17th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 12th, 1915.

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Miscellaneous.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—JOSEPH A. MASCIA, Bankrupt.

Joseph A. Mascia, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 29th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 17th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 12th, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—JACOB HARTMAN, Bankrupt.

Jacob Hartman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 20th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 17th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MAGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 12th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20,793.—In Bankruptcy.—THEODORE A. LIEBLER and GEORGE C. TYLER, individually and trading as LIEBLER & COMPANY, Bankrupts.

Theodore A. Liebler and George C. Tyler were duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 31st, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on April 27th, 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 12th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20,792.—In Bankruptcy.—THE LIEBLER CO., Bankrupt.

The Liebler Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 31st, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on April 27th, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated April 12th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—Charles Onesime Robitaille, plaintiff, against Alice Jennie Robitaille, wife of plaintiff; Marie Bigaouette Robitaille, individually and as executrix of the last will and testament of Joseph Robitaille, deceased; Omer Robitaille and Rose Anna de Varennes Robitaille, his wife; Charles A. Robitaille, Joseph Robitaille and Rosalie Marois Robitaille, his wife; Honore Robitaille and Philomene Robitaille, his wife; Louis Robitaille, Zoe Drolet, Elzear Robitaille and Josephine Robitaille, his wife; Joseph Robitaille and Marie Hamel Robitaille, his wife; Napoleon Robitaille, Joseph Robitaille and Angelina Gilbert Robitaille, his wife; Phileas Robitaille and Mary Fiset Robitaille, his wife; Francis Robitaille and Marie-Louise Deslauriers Robitaille, his wife; Azilda Gagnon Robitaille, widow of Elzear Robitaille, individually and as executrix of the last will and testament of Elzear Robitaille, deceased; Paul Henri Robitaille, Alphonse Robitaille, Maurice Robitaille, Leonidas Robitaille, and Charles Emile Robitaille, Adelard Robitaille and Josephine Pouliot Robitaille, his wife, Marie Gauvin, Diana Leclerc, Anna Savard, Delia Carpentier, Antonia Langlois, Dulcina Robitaille, Louis Gauvin and Elisa L. Gauvin, his wife; Joseph Gauvin and Ann Gauvin, wife of Joseph Gauvin, the name "Ann Gauvin" being fictitious, it being unknown whether Joseph Gauvin has a wife living; and if the said Joseph Gauvin be dead, his heirs at law, devisees, executors, administrators, creditors, lienors, grantees and their husbands, wives, or widows, heirs at law, devisees, legal representatives, grantees and successors, all of whom and whose names and places of residence are unknown to the plaintiff; and Cordelia Jobin, Joseph Beaumont, Marie Louise Verret, Alexander Verret, Emile Verret, Yvonne Martel, Joseph P. Casey, as ancillary administrator with the will annexed of the goods, chattels and credits of Onesime Robitaille, deceased; Wilfrid A. Handfield, as commissioner to remove the seals from the goods, chattels and credits of Onesime Robitaille, deceased, and to all other unknown heirs and next of kin of Onesime Robitaille, deceased, and devisees, if any, and their husbands, wives or widows, heirs at law, devisees, legal representatives, creditors, lienors, grantees and successors in interest and their respective husbands, wives or widows, all of whom and whose names, except as herein stated, are unknown to the plaintiff; Institute of the Franciscan Missionaries of Mary, and The People of the State of New York, defendants.—Fifth Supplemental Summons.

To the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the third amended and supplemental complaint and the fourth and fifth supplemental complaints in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in said fifth supplemental complaint.

Dated New York, February 13, 1915.
HERBERT McKENNIS,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the above named defendants:

Marie Bigaouette Robitaille, Marie Bigaouette Robitaille, as executrix of the last will and testament of Joseph Robitaille, deceased; Omer Robitaille, Rose Anna de Varennes Robitaille, Charles A. Robitaille, Rosalie Marois Robitaille, Joseph Robitaille, Azilda Gagnon Robitaille, Azilda Gagnon Robitaille, as executrix of the last will and testament of Elzear Robitaille, deceased; and if Joseph Gauvin be dead, his heirs at law, devisees, executors, administrators, creditors, lienors, grantees and their husbands, wives or widows, heirs at law, devisees, legal representatives, grantees and successors, all of whom and whose names and places of residence are unknown to the plaintiff, and all other unknown heirs and next of kin of Onesime Robitaille, deceased, and devisees, if any, and their husbands, wives or widows, heirs at law, devisees, legal representatives, creditors, lienors, grantees and successors in interest and their respective husbands, wives or widows, all of whom and whose names, except as herein stated, are unknown to the plaintiff:

The foregoing fifth supplemental summons is served on you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Nathan Bijur, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 29th day of March, 1915, and filed with the third amended and supplemental complaint, the fourth supplemental complaint and the fifth supplemental complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the 1st day of April, 1915; said third amended and supplemental complaint having been filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York aforesaid on May 13, 1914; said fourth supplemental complaint having been filed in said office on November 13, 1914, and said fifth supplemental complaint having been filed in said office on March 2, 1915.

The object of said action is for a partition or sale of real estate situated in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, which said property is described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Forty-fifth Street distant two hundred and ten (210) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Forty-fifth Street with the easterly side of Third Avenue; and running thence northerly, parallel with said Third Avenue and part of the way through the centre of a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and five (5) inches; thence easterly, and parallel with Forty-fifth Street, sixteen (16) feet and eight (8) inches; thence southerly, parallel with Third Avenue and part of the way through the centre of another party wall, one hundred (100) feet and five (5) inches to the northerly side of Forty-fifth Street; thence westerly, along said northerly side of Forty-fifth Street, sixteen (16) feet and eight (8) inches to the point or place of beginning. Be said several dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, April 1st, 1915.
HERBERT McKENNIS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and P. O. address, 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAILLER & COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.—No. 19,993.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt will be sold at public auction under the direction of Joseph M. Conklin, trustee, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on the 14th day of April, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

A general description of the property to be sold is as follows:

One coat tree, two roll top desks, one flat top desk, one card cabinet, three sections of cabinets, one desk, one rug, one oil stove, three electric fans, two revolving chairs, five chairs, one small table, one stool, Royal Typewriter, one letter press, one typewriter table, 10 cases books and paper, empty cans and three barrels.

Said property will be open for inspection at the above premises on April 9th and 10th, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw from sale any property that does not bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated, New York, April 1st, 1915.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for trustee, 170 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANTHONY DEUTSCH and ADOLPH DEUTSCH, individually and doing business as DEUTSCH BROS., Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell on April 30th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., by order of the court, at the Eagle Warehouse, 28 Fulton St., in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of desks, typewriters, letter files, filing cabinets, etc.

JEREMIAH T. MAHONEY,
Attorney for Trustee,
51 Chambers St., Manhattan Borough, New York City.
EUGENE LAMB RICHARDS, Trustee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM J. JONES and ELIZABETH V. TAGLIN, individually and trading as MUTUAL MACHINERY CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, April 28th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of printing press, machine parts, cabinets, addressing machine, desk, typewriter, &c.

A. KHEEL, Trustee.
HENRY M. ORENSTEIN, Attorney for Trustee, 51 Chambers St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEW CENTER CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, April 14th, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, desks, chairs, typewriter, filing cabinets, phono dictagraph, etc.

GEORGE W. ELKINS, Receiver.
ROBERT S. CONKLIN, Attorney for Receiver, 34 Pine St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM NESTLER and ANY NESTLER, both individually and as co-partners doing business under the style of A. NESTLER, Banrkupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, April 14th, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 126 1st Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furniture, beds, bedding, oil cloth, linoleum, rugs, chairs, tables, dressers, sideboards, etc.

WILLIAM HENKEL, JR., Receiver.
FULLER & REUMAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Reaction Reduces Further Advance — Violent Rise and Fall in Bethlehem Steel.

It did the general market no good yesterday to have Bethlehem Steel rise from 124 to 155 only to drop back to 123 even more rapidly than it had risen, but despite that handicap most stocks made further headway. Most of them did not retain by any means all of the advance which they had made during the earlier hours of the day, for a general selling movement ensued upon the violent break in Bethlehem after its violent advance, but there were net gains of various proportions in a large majority of the list.

It was again a two-sided market, in which the day's buying predominated over the selling in shaping the course of prices. It may have been as some inferred that public buying did not account for the further rise to quite the extent to which outside purchases had dominated the trading on earlier days, but even if this were so there was nothing to indicate that the public temper toward the market was yet changing. Trading was more active than it had been since the first hour of Saturday, but it was far below the scale of that hour's trading, and the total fell considerably short of Friday's transactions.

Emphasis has been laid recently on the fact that money has been plentiful, overplentiful in some respects, and on the influence which this has exerted upon prices. It has hardly been less true that in the face of money plenty the supply of stocks has been small. That has been especially true of Bethlehem Steel, which has figured most prominently in the advance in prices, but it has also been true to an unusual degree of the list as a whole. The cleaning up of stock market accounts during the suspension of trading contributed importantly to this condition, which has borne fruit in the ease with which prices have lately been advanced.

A few weeks ago Wall Street would probably have talked of the Riggs Bank matter to the practical exclusion of all else. It talked much about that yesterday, but the Street took only such interest in it as it felt it could borrow from a very unusual stock market. The relatively little time which Wall Street gave to discussion of the matter helped to emphasize the fact that for the last few days interest in all other matters has been subordinated to that taken in the market itself. Here and there patience is shown toward suggestions of caution against too wild a movement in the stock market, but even in some quarters where sympathy with the advance was slightest recognition is given to the fact that the public has entered the market, and importance is attached to that fact in the bearing which it may have on the market's future. Even if it were certain that reaction when it comes will be as great as the advance, which, of course, it is not, the movement would be welcome to speculators, though those who owned stocks and continued to hold them could derive no benefit from it. It is speculation and not investment which creates markets of the kind which we have been having the last few days, but whatever ground is finally held will be so much gained by those who really own securities.

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Copy Sent on Request.

Sidney Spitzer & Co.
115 Broadway, New York
Chicago Toledo Cincinnati

WE OFFER
City of St. Louis, Mo.
4½% Gold Bonds
DUE APRIL 1, 1935.
Full particulars on application.

Estabrook & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Boston Stock Exchange
24 Broad St. New York

W. N. Coler & Co.
INVESTMENTS
43 Cedar Street, N. Y.
New York City and Other Municipal Bonds.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4½	4½	4½	5
Atlanta	4½	4½	4½	5
Chicago	4	4	5	5
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5
Minneapolis	4	4	4½	5½
Kansas City	4	4½	5	5
Dallas	4	4	4½	5½
San Francisco	4	4	4½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days .... 2¼@2½
Ninety days .... 2½@2¾

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2½	2	2	2¼

ON TIME.

60 days	2¾@3	5 & 6 mos	3¼@3½
90 days	3	8 & 10 mos	3½@3¾
4 mos	3 @3¼	11 & 12 mos	4 @4¼

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.
4 months....3 @3½ 6 months....3½@4
Sixty to ninety days........3 @3½
Other Names.
4 months....4 6 months....3¾@4¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	4.79\frac{7}{16}$	$4.79⅛	$4.79¼
Cables	4.79$\frac{11}{16}$	4.79⅜	4.79$\frac{7}{16}$

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.79¼	4.79\frac{5}{16}$
Paris	5.32½	5.32
Berlin	.81⅝	.81½
Austria	15.30	15.35
China— Hongkong	44.60	44.70
Shanghai	57.00	57.25
Singapore	57.50	..
Greece	5.29	5.28
Holland	.39⅝	.39$\frac{7}{16}$
India— Bombay	33.50	..
Calcutta	33.50	..
Italy	5.79	5.78½
Japan— Kobe	49.37	49.45
Yokohama	49.37	49.45
Philippine Islands— Manila	49.62	49.75
Russia	..	43.00
Scandinavia	25.55	25.60
South America— Buenos Aires	42.15	42.25
Rio	25.77	25.87
Switzerland	5.35	5.34

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.76⅝	$4.75¼	$4.76⅛	$4.75

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $429,571,024; balances, $17,417,465; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $351,042.

The local banks have gained $1,288,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 5c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; Minneapolis, 35c premium; Cincinnati, par; Montreal, 6.87@7.18¾ premium.

Bar Silver.

London, 23½d off ⅛d, New York, 49⅞ off ¼c.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	74.54	73.42	73.94	+ .08
Industrials	65.49	63.06	64.04	+1.08
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
April 6	66.43	65.47	65.88	
April 7	66.26	65.48	65.88	
April 8	67.12	65.76	66.31	— .03
April 9	68.16	66.12	67.87	..
April 10	69.07	67.81	68.26	+ .43
April 11	69.05	67.56	68.41	+1.56
April 12	70.01	68.24	68.99	+ .39
				+ .15
				+ .58

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Apr. to date	70.01	Apr. 13	64.54	Apr. 1	68.99
Apr., 1914	70.66	Apr. 2	65.24	Apr. 25	67.28
Apr., 1913	74.41	Apr. 4	69.53	Apr. 30	69.70
Apr., 1912	83.76	Apr. 26	80.92	Apr. 1	82.81
Yr. to date	70.01	Apr. 13	58.99	Feb. 24	68.99
Year, 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.47	July 30	60.20
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	1,057,207
Same day last year	533,990
Year to date	24,660,123
Same period last year	24,459,462
Average price and change 50 stocks	68.99 + .58
Same day last year	68.14 — .54

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	70.01	Apr. 13	58.99	Feb. 24
Same period last year	73.30	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3
Range year 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Note.—In stocks in which trades in odd lots were reported on the tape yesterday at prices higher or lower than the range on 100-share lots the range on odd lots is shown separately.

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
92	100	100	Adams Express	96	96	96	96	+4½
35½	36	7,000	Alaska Gold Mines	36	36¾	36	36	...
14	14¾	9,500	Allis-Chal. Mfg.	14	15	14	14¾	+ ⅞
53	53¾	3,200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	52½	55	52¼	53¼	+1¼
70⅝	70¾	79,800	Amal. Copper	68⅞	72⅛	68⅛	70⅝	+2⅜
55¼	56	2,800	Am. Agri. Chemical	55⅜	56½	53⅞	56	+3
92	..	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	+ ¼
46	46½	3,000	Amer. Beet Sugar	46¼	47	46	46	..
34¾	35	20,850	American Can	35⅜	35⅛	34½	34⅞	— ⅛
98½	99	1,400	American Can pf.	98	99	97¾	99	+1⅞
48½	49	3,100	Am. Car & Fy.	48	50⅛	48	49	+ ½
100½	101	100	Am. Coal Products	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	...
100½	101	35	do., odd lot	100	101	100½	100½	...
107	109	10	Am. Coal Prod. pf.	108½	108½	108½	108½	...
50½	51½	2,100	Am. Cotton Oil	51⅞	52	51	51	...
6	6¼	2,200	Am. Hide & Leath.	6	6¼	6	6	...
33	33½	4,600	Am. Hide & L. pf.	31½	33½	31½	33½	+2⅛
33¼	33½	6,600	Am. Ice Securities	32	33½	32	33½	+1½
11½	11⅝	3,610	Am. Linseed	10⅞	11¾	10⅞	11¾	+ ¾
32	32¼	1,300	Am. Linseed pf.	29¾	32¼	29¾	32¼	+2¼
34½	35½	11,800	Am. Locomotive	33¼	35⅞	33¼	34¾	+2
92	93	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	92	92	92	92	+3
..	..	100	Am. Malt pf.	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ¼
71	71⅛	17,525	Am. Sm. & Ref.	69⅛	71⅞	69⅛	71	+1½
104½	105	50	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf.	105	105	105	105	...
31½	32	100	Am. Steel Foun.	31⅝	31¾	31¾	31¾	— ¼
108	108¼	2,600	Am. Sugar Ref.	108	108⅞	108	108½	+1
120	120¼	2,800	Am. Tel. & Tel.	119⅝	120½	119⅝	120⅝	+ ⅝
230½	231	430	Am. Tobacco	231¾	231¾	231	231	— ¼
106	106¾	100	Am. Tobacco pf. n.	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	— ⅛
19	20	200	Am. Woolen	19½	19½	19½	19½	...
81	82½	100	Am. Woolen pf.	82¼	82¼	82¼	82¼	— ¼
35⅝	35½	17,570	Anaconda Cop. Co.	34½	35⅞	34¼	35½	+ ¾
102⅝	102⅞	5,800	Atch., Top. & S. Fe	102½	103½	102½	102⅝	+ ⅛
98¾	99½	505	At., T. & S. F. pf.	98⅞	99	98¾	99	...
110½	111⅛	100	Atlantic C. Line	112	112	112	112	[illegible]
39½	40	1,800	Baldwin Loco.	39½	40⅛	39	39⅞	+ ⅞
76	76½	10,400	Balt. & Ohio	75½	76⅛	75½	76⅛	+ ⅝
70¼	70¾	1,234	Balt. & Ohio pf.	70¾	70¾	70½	70¾	— ¼
124	125½	38,900	Bethlehem Steel	126½	155	123	125	+1
110¼	110½	4,100	Beth. Steel pf.	108	110¼	108	110¼	+2¼
91	91⅛	2,500	B'klyn R. T.	90⅝	91¼	90⅛	91⅛	+1⅛
15⅝	16	700	Cal. Petroleum	16	16½	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
42	44	600	Cal. Petroleum pf.	43	44	42	42	—1½
168	169	4,000	Canadian Pacific	167½	169¾	167½	169	+1¼
37⅝	38	7,900	Cent. Leather Co.	38¼	38⅜	38	38	+ ⅛
102¾	103	10	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	103	103	103	103	...
45¾	46	3,700	Ches. & Ohio	45⅝	46⅝	45⅝	46	...
12⅝	12¾	900	Chi. Gt. Western	12⅝	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞	+ ¼
35	35⅛	3,425	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	34½	35⅝	34½	35	+ ½
91½	92½	5,200	Chi., M. & St. P.	92	93½	91⅞	92	+ ⅜
56	56⅛	109,850	U. S. Steel	56½	57⅞	55⅜	56⅛	+1½
108⅝	109	1,100	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅝	108⅞	108⅝	108⅞	+ ⅛
62½	62¾	39,700	Utah Copper	59½	64	59¼	62⅝	+3⅛
26	26½	1,100	Va.-Car. Chemical	26	26½	25½	26½	+1
42	45	100	Va. Iron, C. & C.	45	45	45	45	+1
1¼	1⅜	500	Wabash	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
3	3¼	400	Wabash pf.	3¼	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	...
97	99	150	Wells Fargo Exp.	99	99	99	99	+2
25	25½	1,075	Western Maryland	26	26¼	25	25	—1⅞
39	40½	100	West. Maryland pf.	40	40	40	40	...
65½	65¾	2,300	Western Union Tel.	65⅛	66	65⅛	65⅝	— ⅜
77½	79	15,130	Westingh. E. & M.	77	79	77	78	+1½
130	132	1,300	Willys-Overland	130	132	129	131	—1
101⅜	102⅛	100	Willys-Overland pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	+ ½
35	35½	200	Wisconsin Central	36	36	36	36	+1
109	109½	5,100	Woolw., (F. W.,) Co.	109¾	110⅞	109⅛	109⅛	+ ⅛

MORTGAGE FOR $500,000,000

Erie Railroad Plans to Refund All Existing Mortgages.

The end of the fiscal year of the Erie Railroad Company, at a meetin gof Directors held yesterday, was changed from Dec. 31 to June 30. George F. Baker and ex-Gov. John G. McCullough of Vermont were re-elected Directors. The vacancies caused by the death of Norman B. Ream and the resignation of William P. Hamilton and Elbert H. Gary were not filled.

There is under consideration by the Erie a plan to refund all of its existing mortgages and to authorize a blanket mortgage for about $500,000,000. A special committee is working on the plan, and it was said yesterday that the report would not be made until about the middle of the Summer.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Amalgamated Dissolution.

Amalgamated Copper stock had, besides the general bullish sentiment for copper shares yesterday, the additional stimulant derived from a repetition of the story that the company will shortly be dissolved. The result was a net gain of more than 2 points and a gross increase of double this figure. A decidedly bullish argument for Amalgamated can be evolved from the rumor if it is predicated on the assumption that the dissolution will occur and that the market value of the company's assets is at the time as high as it was yesterday, and is not depressed by the release of the assets. These assets consist of 3,354,584 shares of Anaconda stock, which at current market quotations are worth approximately $119,087,700. At yesterday's level the total outstanding Amalgamated stock was worth about $107,721,530. So holders of Amalgamated stock would receive, at a dissolution on the basis outlined, Anaconda stock worth in the aggregate nearly $12,000,000 more than the value of their former holdings.

⁂

Some Bethlehem Short Sellers.

Despite the proof given time and again in emphatic fashion that great danger lurks in short sales of Bethlehem Steel, it was said on the Exchange floor yesterday that professionals have been persistently trying their luck. There have been certain room traders, according to report, who have sold short 100 shares each morning since the big bulge to 117 occurred last Thursday, and bought them in again just before the close. Yesterday they had their first chance for a profit when the stock dropped to 123 near the end of the day, but this, if seized at the proper moment, hardly offset previous losses.

⁂

Willys-Overland Holds Up.

The extra Willys-Overland common stock dividend of 5 per cent. was not as large as followers of the stock had hoped for, but little selling of the shares occurred when the news came out. In a market less bullish than the present a further recession than 1 point might have been expected upon a similar announcement, especially as the Overland shares have lately scored a great advance. The usual procedure in the Street is to sell stock when expected developments occur, and the tendency on numerous occasions has been to sell all the more when the developments were not quite so favorable as looked for. Reports about the automobile company have indicated heavy earnings. It would seem that holders of the stock thought the extra dividend did not comprise all they may look for as their share in prosperous conditions.

⁂

A Difference of Markets.

The stock market year to date has brought quite different results than were foreshadowed when the period opened. In contrast with the corresponding time last year, a difference of conditions also is seen. On Jan. 31, 1914, the average price of fifty stocks was 73.30, and total transactions for the month amounted to 10,175,756 shares. At the end of January, 1915, the average was 62.27, and sales for the month involved 5,075,717 shares. By April 13, 1914, the average price had declined to 67.94, a decline of more than 5 points from Jan. 31. Yesterday the average was 68.99, a gain of more than 6 points from Jan. 31 to date. Although trading was dull for the first three months of this year, the spurt in April has been great enough to make the total since Jan. 1 24,660,123 shares, as compared with 24,459,462 shares the year before.

⁂

N. L. Amster Is In.

The effect of the stormy annual meeting of stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway in Chicago on Monday was communicated to the New York Stock Exchange, and the railway stock sold down to 32⅝ from its opening of 35½. N. L. Amster of Boston, chief of the insurgents against the Reid-Moore domination of Rock Island affairs, is now a member of the railway board. Wall Street did not long remain bearish on account of the Amster victory, however, for the stock rose again and closed strong at 35, which was ⅝ of a point above Monday's closing. It was recalled that Mr. Amster's boast that he controlled 150,000 shares of stock out of the 700,000 was made good at the meeting. By voting this stock cumulatively he got more votes than any of the three other Directors elected by the Sheldon Committee.

⁂

Western Pacific Earnings.

The Western Pacific Railway in February, the last month under which it was operted under the Gould management, earned gross revenues of $334,625, a falling off of $64,099 compared with February, 1914. The net income, over taxes, was $22,831, and this represents an increase of $36,229 for the corresponding month last year. The returns for March, as representing the results of operation under the receivers appointed by the courts of California, are awaited. Western Pacific has been a losing proposition since the road's inception, and the deficit since the formal opening of the road in 1911 has reached about $12,000,000. The eight months of the fiscal year have brought in net returns above taxes of $499,765, a shrinkage of $42,112 compared with the corresponding period of last year. It would be a good argument for public ownership if the State of California, the proposed purchaser of the Western Pacific, could demonstrate that State officials can run a railroad with more success than under private ownership.

LONDON STOCK TRADING.

Money and Discount Rates Quiet—American Securities Firm.

LONDON, April 13.—Money and discount rates were quiet today.

Business is growing on the Stock Exchange, especially in the mining section. West African mines and tin shares joined in the improvement today and exceeded Kaffirs in point of activity. Investment stocks also received attention.

Despite the irregularity in Wall Street, American securities were firm as a whole. There was a large number of markings in the Pacific stocks and Atchison and United States Steel. Several shares have now reached the July level, allowing further liquidation of loans.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Freeman & Co. offer several lots of equipment trust securities bearing interest from 4½ to 5 per cent., to yield 4.40 to 5.35 per cent.

W. G. Rose, L. M. Hyman, and G. B. Codington have formed a partnership under the firm name of W. G. Rose & Co., Inc., with offices at 50 Broad Street, to deal in odd lots of unlisted securities.

Jerome J. Danzig & Co. announce that David M. Minzesheimer, Raymond F. Baby, Mitchell May, and Ernest C. Rosenbaum have become associated with them in their bond department.

William P. Bonbright & Co. are offering at 99 and interest the unsold balance of $1,000,000 closed issue 6 per cent. notes of the Western Power Company, to mature March 1, 1917.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales April 13, 1915	$3,449,500
Same day last year	2,627,500
Year to date	193,091,000
Same period last year	243,779,500
Average price and change 40 bonds	84.04 + .03
Same day last year	87.95 — .20

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	84.04	Apr. 13	81.51	Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Year 1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

U S 3s, coupon
1,000..........101⅝
Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan, 2d Ser, Ger stamp
16,000s20f...... 77⅞
15,000.......... 77⅞
10,000s20f...... 77⅞
Rep of Cuba 5s, 1904
3,000.......... 96¼
5s, 1914
2,000.......... 93⅝
N Y State 4½s, 1965
10,000..........104¼

C, B & Q joint 4s
5,000.......... 96⅝
25,000.......... 96½
3,000.......... 96⅝
Ill Div 4s
1,000.......... 94⅝
gen 4s
3,000.......... 91
2,000.......... 91¼
17,000.......... 91⅜
C & E Ill con 6s
2,000.......... 98½
gen 5s
3,000.......... 66
5,000.......... 65

Inter-Met 4½s
10,000.......... 78⅝
57,000.......... 78½
2,000.......... 78⅝
6,000.......... 78½
1,000.......... 78⅝
13,000.......... 78½
Int Stm Pump 5s
5,000.......... 43
3,000.......... 45
Inter Paper 6s
4,000..........100¼
conv 5s
2,000.......... 80
Iowa Cent ref 4s
10,000.......... 54¼

Peop G & C of Chi ref 5s
1,000..........100⅝
Pub Service Corp s f 5s
3,000.......... 88⅝
Ray Consol 1st 6s
18,000..........112½
8,000..........113⅜
9,000..........113½
Ry Steel Sp Int-Ocean 1st 5s
5,000.......... 91½
Reading gen 4s
5,000.......... 93½

R. & A Div 1st con 4s
2,000.......... 84
1,000.......... 84⅛
Chi & Alton 3½s
1,000.......... 45
Chi Rwys 5s
1,000.......... 95¾

I R T 1st & ref 5s
1,000.......... 98
35,000.......... 97⅞

Pac of Mo 1st 4s
13,000.......... 87⅛
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
15,000.......... 96⅞
Penn conv 3½s
8,000..........100
con 4½s, temp ctfs, full pd
17,000..........104
2,000..........104⅛

Western Elec 5s
4,000..........101¼
West Maryland 4s
5,000.......... 70¼
West Un fund & real estate 4½s
2,000.......... 92½
W'house El & M 1st cv s f 5s
2,000.......... 93¼
5,000.......... 93½
5 p c notes
1,000.......... 99⅝
Wheel & L E 1st con 4s
5,000.......... 65½
1,000.......... 65

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98¼	99
2s, c, 1930	98¼	..
3s, r, 1918	101½	..
3s, c, 1918	101½	..
4s, r, 1925	109½	110
4s, c, 1925	110½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101½	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am B Sug pf	85	87
Am B S & Fdry	90	..
Do cfs	91	93½
Do pf	133	..
Do cfs	133½	136
Am C & F pf	114	116
Am C pf	47¼	49
Am Coal	80	..
Am C Oil pf	95	98
Am Exp	93	96
Am Smelt pf, B	79½	80⅝
Am Snuff	150	157
Do pf	105	107
Am S Ref pf	113½	114¼
Am T & C	60	61
Am Wr Pa pf	10½	13
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf	..	70
Assets R	6	8¼
A M 1st pf	..	95
Do 2d pf	..	98½
Bald L pf	..	101
Batop M	½	1
B Un Gas	127	129
Brown Sh	..	26⅛
Do pf	77	85
Bruns T	4⅛	6
B, R & P	75	90
Do pf	100	..
But'k Co	28	30
Canada So	56¼	60
Case (J I) pf	77½	83¼
C R R of N J	300	325
C & S A Tel	120	..
C & Alton	8⅝	9
Do pf	10½	20
C & N W pf	165	175
C, St P, M & Om	115	130
Do pf	125	150
C, C, C & St L	29	32
Do pf	60	63
Cluett-P	50	60
Col So 1st pf	53	55
Do 2d pf	45	52
Crex Carp	48	75
C-A Sug pf	92½	95
Deere & Co pf	85	90
D, L & W	416	430
Den & R G	7¼	8⅞
D M & Ft D	7¼	8¼
Do pf	32	..
Det Ed	114	114¾
Det & M	75	..
Do pf	80	..
D, S S & A	3	5
Do pf	8	10
Du P de N Pow pf	88½	90⅝
East Kod	500	..
Fed M & S pf	25	30
Gen Ch pf	107	107⅞
G'drich (B F) Co pf	101	103
Hav E Ry, L & P	75	80¼
Do pf	92	97
Helme (G W) Co	162½	175
Do pf	114	120
Hock Val	..	115
Homestake	115½	120
Inger-R	107	115
Do pf	90	..
Int Agric	3	7½
Do pf	14	19
I H N J pf	114	116
I H Corp	70	80
Do pf	100	115
Iowa Cent	6	8
Do pf	15	22
K C, F S & M pf	..	68½
Kayser (J) & Co	81½	85
Do 1st pf	107	110
K & D M	4	10
Do pf	36	..
K'ge Co El L & P	121½	122
Lig't & M	225¼	229
Do pf	116½	117⅛
Long Isl	30	36
Do 2d pf	61½	65
Loril'd Co	170	178
Do pf	113	117
M'kay Cos	78	85
Do pf	67½	69
Man Beach	2	8
Man Elev	125½	128½
Man Shirt	48	54
Do pf	100	104
May D S pf	..	98
Mich Cent	105	110
M, St P & S S M l l	75	82
M-Ward pf	112	115
M & Essex	167⅝	169
M & B pf	66	..
N C & St L	122	125
Nat B pf	122	124
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	14	20
N Y C & St L	32	38
Do 1st pf	..	100
Do 2d pf	40	80
N Y, L & W	112¼	121
N Y S Rys	..	53
Norf So	..	20
N & W pf	85	89
North Am	66	67
Nor Cent	84	..
N W Tel	105	..
Ont Min	2¼	3
Pabst B pf	..	90
Pac T & T pf	88⅝	92
Pettib-Mul	15	25
Do 1st pf	80	100
P, C, C & St L	68	72
Do pf	80	110
P, Ft W & C	159	..
Pitts S pf	60	85
Prsd S Car pf	89	95
Ry S Sprg pf	87	90
Rdg 1st pf	80⅝	90
Do 2d pf	82	86
St L & S F 1st pf	8	12
St L S W	17	18
Sears-R pf	122	124½
S-S S & I pf	75	85
So P R S	38	..
Do pf	84	100
So Ry, M & O ctfs	66	85
Stand Mill	54	55¼
Do pf	69	71
T P L Tr	98	..
T, St L & West	2	3
Un D Gds	..	50
Under Type pf	100	107
U S C I P	10	13
U S Exp	66	70
U S I A	26	30
Do pf	77	81
U S R & I	43	47
U S R & R pf	1	2½
Va-Car Ch pf	90	91
Va Ry & P	..	47
Vulcan Det	8	10
Do pf	20	30
W E & M 1st pf	120	125
Weym-B	220	280
Do pf	114	120
W & L E	2⅞	3
Do 1st pf	12	15
Do 2d pf	4	4½
W'worth (F W) pf	118	120

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
6s, Sept., 1915	100⅛	100⅛	100⅞	101
6s, Sept., 1916	102½	102¾	102⅝	102⅞
6s, Sept., 1917	104¼	104¼	104¼	104½
4½s, March, 1963	104⅝	104⅞	104¾	105
4½s, May, 1957	104⅝	105	104⅝	105
4½s, Nov., 1957	104⅝	105	104⅝	105
4½s, May, 1917	101¼	..	101¼	..
4½s, Nov., 1917	101¼	..	101¼	..
4¼s, March, 1964	99½	99⅝	99½	99⅝
4¼s, March, 1962	99½	99⅝	99½	99⅝
4¼s, Sept., 1960	99½	99⅝	99½	99⅝
4¼s, March, 1930-60	99½	99¾	99¼	99¾
4s, May, 1959	95½	95¾	95½	95⅝
4s, Nov., 1958	95½	95¾	95½	95¾
4s, May, 1957	95½	95¾	95½	95¾
4s, Nov., 1956	95¼	95⅝	95	95⅝
4s, Nov., 1955	95⅛	95⅝	95	95⅝
4s, Nov., 1936	96	..	96	..
4s, 1918-1919	99¼	..	99¼	..
3½s, Nov., 1954-55	85⅝	86	85½	86
3½s, May, 1954	85⅝	..	85½	..

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin	..	58.00	57.00	..
Lead	4.15	4.20	4.17½	4.22½
Iron, No. 2 X f'dry	13.75	14.25	13.75	14.25

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, is quoted 16¼@16½c a pound, up ¼c, in the open market. London market quotations were:

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Copper, spot	71	17	6	72	15	0
Copper, futures	72	12	6	73	7	6
Tin, spot	171	0	0	169	15	0
Tin, futures	169	0	0	167	10	0
Lead	20	16	3	20	3	9
Spelter	44	10	0	43	10	0

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Receipts and expenditures:

	April 12.	This Mo.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$406,139	$5,501,030	$163,771,876
Int. rev., ord'y	947,164	9,173,762	253,165,011
Corp. & inc. tax	30,666	652,565	12,327,783
Miscellaneous	76,746	1,270,963	55,168,666
Total receipts	1,460,715	16,598,321	484,433,337
Expenditures	1,896,778	25,324,310	581,425,782
Deficit	436,063	8,725,989	96,992,445

First Mortgage 5% Serial Bonds
Guaranteed by
Bethlehem Steel Co.
Maturing 1916 to 1933
At prices to yield 5¼%
Send for Circular No. G-122.
A. B. Leach & Co.
Investment Securities
149 Broadway, New York
Chicago Boston Philadelphia Baltimore Buffalo London

AMERICAN Municipal Bonds
Write us to-day for April General Circular No. 12054.
Various attractive **Municipal Issues** are listed therein, yielding from
4.15 to 5.50%
Farson, Son & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange,
115 Broadway, New York City.

Sometimes
the market value of a security does not measure up to intransic value. Eventually, however, true value will assert itself.
The investor who bases his investment purchases on intrinsic value is well protected.
We shall be glad to offer suggestions for investment.
F. S. Smithers & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1857
44 Exchange Place
MEMBERS OF New York STOCK EXCHANGE

7% Income Returns
Can be obtained from the Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Springfield (Mo.) Railway & Light Co.

EARNINGS, 1914.

Gross Earnings	$599,432.13
Operating Expenses and Taxes	365,646.29
Net Earnings	$233,785.84
Interest Charges, etc	118,805.90
Balance	*$114,979.94
Preferred Dividend	$52,500.00

*Over 15% on Preferred Stock.
Price 100 and Interest
BODELL & CO.
Providence Boston.

Am. Lt. & Trac. Warrants.
Borden's Cond. Milk.
Can. Car & Foundry.
Can. Explosives Ltd.
E. W. Bliss.
Federal Sugar.
New Jersey Zinc.
Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power 2nd Pfd.
Otis Elevator.
JENKS, GWYNNE & CO
15 BROAD ST.
TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

Evansville & Terre Haute 5s, 1942
Chic., T. H. & South East Incomes
Tol. Ohio C., St. Mary's Div., Incomes
AND OTHER ISSUES DEALT IN
F. J. LISMAN & CO.,
Members of New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges
30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

GAS & ELECTRIC SECURITIES
Send for April List T
P. W. BROOKS & Co
(Incorporated)
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Albany Philadelphia

MEGARGEL & Co.
Investment Bonds
35 Pine Street New York

Investment and Conservative Speculative Accounts in Listed Securities Solicited.
NEW JERSEY SECURITIES
Bought and Sold and Quoted.
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Members New York Stock Exchange
'Phone 6037 Broad
12 Broadway, N. Y.

CANADIAN MUNICIPALS
Yielding 4% to 6%.
N. B. Stark & Co.,
52 Broadway, New York
Montreal Toronto Boston London

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
50 American Brass Stock
25 Amer. Chicle Com. Stock
100 Amer. W. Works & El. Com. Stk.
100 Atlas Portland Cement Com. Stk.
10 Barrett Mfg. Deb. 5s
100 Bush Terminal Com. Stock
50 Cent. Maine Power Com. Stock
50 Childs (Rest.) Pfd. Stock
10 Continental Ins. Stock
25 Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
100 E. W. Bliss Com. Stock
25 Fidelity Phenix Ins. Stock
10 Guaranty Trust Stock
100 Hale & Kilburn Pfd. Stock
15 Harriman Nat. Bank Stock
100 Ingersoll-Rand Com. & Pfd. Stk.
5 Ingersoll-Rand 5s
100 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Stock
5 Mobile Gas 5s
25 New Jersey Zinc Stock
10 National City Bank Stock
50 Standard Gas & Elec. Com. Stock
10 Seattle Lighting Refdg. 5s
100 Simpson Crawford Corp. Pfd. Stk.
50 United States Express Stock
10 United Lead Deb. 5s
10 Winchester Arms Stock
25 Weyman-Bruton Com. Stock

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 American Chicle Pfd. Stock
50 American Gas & Elec. Pfd. Stk.
10 American Caramel 1st 6s
10 Asbestos and Asbestic 6s
100 Am. W. Wks. & Elec. Com. Stock
100 Cushman's Sons, Inc., Pfd. Stk.
25 Conn. Ry. & Ltg. Com. Stock
25 Childs (Rest.) Co. Com. Stock
50 Celluloid Company Stock
25 Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
100 E. W. Bliss Com. Stock
10 Electric Boat Com. Stock
20 German American Ins. Stock
5 International Silver Deb. 6s
100 Intern'l Agric'l Chem. Com. Stk.
25 J. B. Stetson Com. Stk.
100 MacAndrews & Forbes Com. Stk.
25 New Jersey Zinc Stock
20 N. Y. Plate Glass Ins. Stock
25 National Sugar Stock
25 Phelps Dodge & Co. Stock
20 Porto Rican Amer. Tobacco Stk.
25 Singer Manufacturing Stock
25 Tri-City Railway & Lt. Pfd. Stk.
5 U. S. of Mexico Ext. 5s
25 Victor Talking Machine Stock
14 Winchester Repeating Arms Stk.
10 Ward Baking 6s

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

E. W. BLISS
COMPANY
(Torpedo Manufacturers)
STOCK
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Holt & McWilliam
Phone 4744 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

We Will Buy
Canadian Explosives
Du Pont Powder
E. W. Bliss
Savage Arms
Gilbert Eliott & Co
Specialists
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

Wanted
National Bank of Commerce
BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.
25 Broad St. Phone 5501 Broad

Du Pont Powder
Securities
Josephthal, Louchheim & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Telephone 9300 Rector. 61 Broadway, N. Y.

STANDARD OIL
WE WILL BUY
50 Northern Pipe L.
50 Ohio Oil
25 Prairie Oil & Gas
25 Parirle Pipe Line
25 S. O. of Kentucky
25 Vacuum Oil
WE WILL SELL
50 Galena Sig. Com.
50 Illinois Pipe Line
25 So. Penn. Oil
25 So. W. Pa. P. L.
25 S. O. of New York
50 Union Tank Line
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phone 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 BROAD ST., N. Y.

We Will Buy or Sell
Utah Securities
Stock & Notes
GWYNNE BROTHERS
Public Utility & Inactive Securities
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad.

Utah Securities Stock & Notes
Western Power Com. & Pfd.
Republic Ry. & Light Com.
HATCH & STEELE
25 Broad St., N. Y. Telephone 5495 Broad.

Cities Service Com. & Pfd.
Republic Ry. & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Com.
Am. Lt. & Tr. Com., Pfd. & War.
Williams, Dunbar & Coleman
60 Wall St. Phone 5980 Hanover. N. Y.

Northern Terminal 5s, 1926
Fonda, Johnstown & Glovers 4½s, 1952
New York & Erie 2nd, 3rd & 4th Ext.
Penn. R. R. 1st Real Estate 4s, 1923
Pennsylvania Co. 4s, 1952
Geo. H. Burr & Co.
Commercial Paper & Investment Securities
Private Telephone to Boston
14 Wall Street. Tel. 8740 Rector. New York.

Dominick Bros. & Co.
49 Wall Street
Telephone 6570 Hanover

WABASH DIRECTORS TO REPAY $6,000,000

G. J. Gould, Jeffery, and Pierce Defeated in the Action of James Pollitz.

OTHERS ON BOARD LIABLE?

Appellate Division Says False Entry of $22,460,757 in Report Shows Bad Faith.

The decision which was handed down by the Appellate Division last Friday in the case of James Pollitz against the Wabash Railroad Company imposes one of the largest judgments for individual liability on record in the courts, according to lawyers. It holds that George J. Gould, E. T. Jeffery, and Winslow S. Pierce, as Directors of the Wabash, are liable for $5,133,809.34 and all interest from October, 1913, to be paid back into the treasury of the Wabash Company, now in the hands of receivers. The total judgment amounts to nearly $6,000,000.

Lawyers commented on the probability of a division of this big judgment in case it were sustained by the highest court. The plaintiff sued only the three Directors of the Wabash whom he could serve in a New York State action. There were thirteen Directors when the acts complained against were committed. Mr. Gould, Mr. Jeffery, and Mr. Pierce, if ultimately forced to pay the $6,000,000 into the Wabash treasury, could bring action against other Directors for pro rata contributions to the judgment. Mr. Pierce is Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Wabash Railroad Company and is heading the present movement to reorganize. Mr. Gould and Mr. Jeffery also are still Directors.

"Of immediate interest to the security holders of the Wabash would be the effect on the contemplated reorganization of the Wabash if the company's treasury were suddenly enriched to the extent of $6,000,000.

J. Aspinwall Hodge, attorney for Mr. Pollitz, said he thought the payment would greatly benefit the security holders and render unnecessary and invalid any public foreclosure sale of the Wabash's securities. According to the Wabash reorganization plans about $27,000,000 is needed to rehabilitate the railroad and lift it out of receivership. A definite plan which calls for an assessment on the stock is expected to be announced within a few days.

Suit Started in 1907.

The Pollitz suit dates back to 1907. Mr. Pollitz owned 1,000 shares of Wabash stock, which he had purchased at $21. In 1907 the Directors, retiring maturing obligations, issued $20,958,180 in refunding bonds and $15,156,880 each in preferred and common stock. These new securities were exchanged for outstanding debenture bonds amounting to only $28,844,000. Mr. Pollitz contended these new issues were void to the extent of $22,327,940, being the difference between the obligations retired and the new securities. He wanted the $22,000,000 restored to the Wabash treasury.

The State courts sent the case to the United States Circuit Court and this court decided in favor of Mr. Gould, Mr. Jeffery, and Mr. Pierce. Mr. Pollitz took an appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, which sent the case back to the State courts for a hearing. Thus it returned to the Supreme Court. Justice Donnelly in October, 1913, decided that the entire issue of new securities was illegal, but he also held that inasmuch as Mr. Pollitz was the only complainant, he should get only individual relief and his claim was figured out to be $21,000, the amount paid for his stock. Mr. Pollitz contended the full $22,000,000 should be returned to the treasury, and the defendants insisted they were not liable at all. The Appellate Division thus got the case.

The Appellate Division, in an opinion written by Justice Dowling and concurred in by all of the Justices, held that Justice Donnelly was right in holding the plan of exchanging new securities for obligations illegal. But the decision stated further that the Directors should be held responsible for any loss to the Wabash Company. Justice Dowling figured the loss at $5,133,809.34, being the sum total of interest coupons paid on the alleged illegal refunding bonds, plus interest. No dividends were ever paid by the Wabash on the new common and preferred stock issued.

Gould Sold His Holdings.

Justice Dowling pointed out that Mr. Gould, just before the Wabash receivership, had sold all of his Wabash stock except just enough to qualify him as a Director. His holdings had amounted to 11,275 shares of common stock and 9,929 preferred. Mr. Gould sold his bonds, too, of which he had held about $570,000. Justice Dowling stated:

> That the matter was not handled with such good faith as the defendants claimed is indicated by the fact that the surplus of $22,000,000 in the new securities was covered up by a bookkeeping entry in the annual report of the Wabash Railroad Company for the year ended June 30, 1907, by which an increase in the cost of road and equipment was indicated as $22,460,757.81, whereas in fact the only increase actually made in that item for such year was $306,085.53. The difference between these sums is about the difference in the old and new securities issued for the refunding.

Regarding the previous decision, in which Mr. Pollitz's claim was limited to individual relief, Justice Dowling held:

> The Court of Special Term proceeded to hold that, inasmuch as no other stockholder save plaintiff had endeavored to come in and take advantage of the suit or objected to the plan of exchange, they must be deemed to have acquiesced therein and to have no opportunity of reimbursing themselves by means of the accounting, and it was therefore concluded that the plaintiff was entitled to such benefit as an accounting would give him, namely, to be relieved from the operation of the plan and be reimbursed for the actual value of his stock, together with interest and costs.
>
> * * *
>
> For such relief and for the judgment carried into effect no justification can be found. This is not an individual action brought by the plaintiff to recover his own damages, for such an action he could not sustain. This is a representative action.

A formal order is expected within a few days. After it is filed the defendants will have sixty days within which to appeal. Mr. Pierce, whose firm acted as attorneys in the suit, said yesterday that no plans could be announced yet.

AM. EXPRESS TO COAST.

Will Take Over Globe's Business on Western Pacific Railway.

The express business over the Western Pacific Railway, the coast extension of the Gould system, now in the hands of receivers, will pass to the American Express Company on May 1, according to an announcement made yesterday by C. M. Levey, Vice President of the railway company. This business was formerly handled by the Globe Express Company, owned by the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company, which will go out of business on May 1. Wells Fargo & Co. took the business over the lines of the Denver & Rio Grande.

George C. Taylor of the American Express Company said yesterday that his company, by the new arrangement, would have direct entry to San Francisco for the first time.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Contrary to its recent effect upon the general market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, Bethlehem Steel's renewed big advance early in the day appeared to have a stimulating influence upon the bullish side. When, later on, the stock broke with even greater violence than it had advanced, it tended toward unsettlement elsewhere in the list. While the general market at the close was well down from the highest levels, net advances for the day, nevertheless, were the rule.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Alaska Gold	36½	36½	36¼	36¼
20	Allis Chalmers	14⅜	14½	14⅜	14⅜
9,110	Amal. Copper	68⅝	72	68⅝	70⅜
270	Am. B. Sugar	46½	47	46⅜	46½
800	Am. Can	35⅜	35⅞	34½	35
30	Am. Car & F.	47⅞	50	47⅞	50
90	Am. Cot. Oil	51¾	52	51½	51½
20	Am. Hide & L.	6	6	5⅝	5⅝
20	A. H. & L. pf.	32¼	32¼	32½	32½
250	Am. Ice Sec.	32¾	33½	32¼	33½
360	Am. Loco	34	35⅝	34	35
3,980	Am. Smelting	69⅝	72	69¼	71
180	Anaconda Cop.	34¾	35½	34¾	35¼
10	A., T. & S. F.	103	103	103	103
180	Balt. & Ohio	75½	76½	75½	76½
800	Beth. Steel	127	150¼	125½	125½
200	B'klyn R. T.	90½	91¼	90½	91
10	Can. Pacific	169⅞	169⅞	169⅞	169⅞
720	Cent. Leather	38¼	38¾	37⅞	37⅞
350	Ches. & Ohio	45⅞	46⅝	45⅞	46⅝
30	Chi. Gt. West.	12⅝	13	12⅝	13
350	C., M. & S. P.	92	93⅜	92	93⅜
990	C., R. I. & P.	35⅜	35⅜	32¾	35
80	Chino Copper	42⅜	42⅜	41¾	42⅜
30	Col. F. & I.	32½	32½	32⅜	32⅜
380	Corn Products	12⅝	13½	12⅞	13½
20	D. & R. G. pf.	14½	14½	14½	14½
770	Erie	27⅝	28½	27⅝	28⅛
150	Erie 1st pf.	44½	44½	44½	44½
700	Goodrich Co.	50⅛	52½	50⅛	52¼
1,050	Gt. Nor. Ore.	40⅛	41⅝	39½	39½
110	Gt. North. pf.	118¾	120½	118¾	119½
20	Guggen. Expl.	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
300	Inspiration C.	30	31	30	31
630	Inter.-Met.	16¼	17¼	16¼	16¾
1,130	Inter.-Met. pf.	68	70⅛	68	69⅞
120	Lehigh Valley	141	142	141	141½
370	Max. Motors	45	53⅝	45	53⅝
20	Max. M. 2d pf.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
370	Mex. Petrol	74	77⅞	74	75⅞
140	Miami Copper	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
160	Mo., Kan. & T.	13⅞	13⅞	13½	13½
1,830	Mo. Pacific	16	16½	15⅝	15⅝
30	Nat. Lead	63⅝	64	63⅝	64
60	Nevada Con.	13⅞	14⅝	13⅞	14⅝
50	N. Y. Central	88⅜	88⅜	88	88
20	N. Y. Cen. rts.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
50	N.Y., N.H. & H.	61⅞	62⅜	61⅞	62⅜
270	Nor. Pacific	107⅞	109	107⅞	108½
50	Pacific Mail	23	23½	22¾	23½
100	Pennsylvania	109	109¼	108⅝	109¼
50	Pitts. Coal	24	24	23⅞	23⅞
30	Pr. Steel Car	35½	35½	35¼	35¼
120	Ray Copper	21½	21⅞	21½	21⅞
7,220	Reading	150⅜	152¼	149⅞	150⅜
50	Rep. I. & S.	25¼	26¼	25¼	26¼
440	So. Pacific	91¼	92½	91⅛	91⅞
90	So. Railway	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞
530	Studebaker	65¼	68⅜	65	67⅝
100	Tenn. Copper	32¼	32⅜	31¾	32⅜
450	Texas Pacific	16½	16⅝	16½	16⅝
370	Third Ave.	53½	55	53½	54⅜
5,220	Union Pacific	129⅛	131⅝	129⅛	130¼
160	U. S. Rubber	72⅝	73½	72⅝	73
17,710	U. S. Steel	55½	57¾	55½	55⅞
1,050	Utah Copper	59⅞	64	59⅞	62½
10	Wabash pf.	3	3	3	3
1,020	Westing. Elec.	77½	79	77½	78⅛
62,480					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,400	Atlanta	.41½	.42	.41½	.41½
2,300	Booth	.47	.47	.45	.45½
1,000	Blue Bell	.05	.05	.05	.05
500	Goldf. Merger	.28	.28	.28	.28
1,100	Jumbo Ext.	1.30	1.32½	1.30	1.32½
300	Nevada Hills	.27	.27	.27	.27
500	North Star	.16½	.16½	.16½	.16½
300	Portland	1.15	1.15	1.14	1.14
700	Silver Pick	.11	.12	.11	.12
300	Ton. Ext.	3.50	3.50	3.37½	3.37½
300	Ton. Merger	.43	.43	.43	.43
500	Union Gold	.05½	.05½	.05½	.05½
1,000	Yellow Tiger	.04½	.04½	.04½	.04½
10,200					

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	100¼	100½	2.65
A. T. & T. s.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅝	100¾	4.20
Am. Tob. sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100⅞	101¼	2.75
Anacon. Cop.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec.15,'15	100¾	101	4.50
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec.15,'16	100¼	100½	5.70
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec.15,'17	100¼	100½	5.80
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	100⅛	100¼	2.50
Beth. Steel	5	June 11,'15	100¼	100½	2.00
Brook. R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100⅞	5.05
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	103¼	103⅝	5.45
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	91⅞	92⅛	7.30
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	100⅛	100⅝	4.00
Chi. E. Rys.	5	July, 1916	95½	96½	7.53
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99⅝	100	5.00
C.P.,Ry. & L.	6	May, 1918	99	100	6.00
Con.Gas,Balt.	5	Mar., 1917	99⅝	99⅞	5.06
Con. Power	6	May 1,'17	97½	99	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	99	99⅛	5.85
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅜	101	2.90
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	98⅜	98⅝	5.35
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	101⅛	101½	2.90
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	2.80
Gov. of Switz.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100	5.00
Gov. of Switz.	5	Mar., 1918	97⅛	97⅜	5.95
Gov. of Switz.	5	Mar., 1920	95¾	96	5.95
Har. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	100	100⅛	2.25
Hav. El. Ry.	6	June, 1916	98⅛	99½	6.25
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1915	101	101¼	3.65
Int. Harv	5	Feb.15,'18	99⅜	99⅞	5.10
Lack. Steel	6	Mar., 1917	97½	98	7.00
L. S. & M. S.		June, 1915	3.37	2.75	..
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.35
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100⅝	101	3.60
Lou. G. & E.	6	April, 1918	97	98½	6.55
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	98	99	6.26
Minn. G. E.	6	June, 1917	100	100½	5⅝
Mo. Pacific	6	June, 1915	93½	95	46.00
Mon. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	99	99¼	6.40
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	94⅞	95¼	8.65
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	100	100¼	2.50
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep.15,'15	100⅜	100⅝	3.50
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	3.80
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	100	100⅛	2.25
North. St. P.	6	June, 1917	97	99	6.40
Pac. G. & El.	5	Dec.15,'15	100¼	100½	4.25
P. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100¼	2.95
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	100	100¼	4.70
Sea. Air Line	5	Mar., 1916	99⅝	100¼	4.70
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97⅞	98	6.05
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	99½	99⅞	6.20
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	94	95½	6.50
Union Typew.	5	Jan.15,'16	96	97½	8.00
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	101	101½	5.20
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	98⅛	98⅝	5.45
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	97	99	6.50
West P. Trac.	6	Mar., 1917	96	99	6.50
West. Power	6	July, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	5.00
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	97	98¼	6.75

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co.	101	102
American Light & Traction	325	330
American Light & Traction pf.	108	110
Adirondack Electric Power	14½	15½
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	50	53
*American Gas & Electric	89	91
*American Gas & Electric pf.	47½	49
American Power & Light	61	63
American Power & Light pf.	81	83
American Public Utilities	30	35
American Public Utilities pf.	64	68
American Waterworks & Electric	7	8
A. W. W. & E. participating pf.	17	20
A. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	63	66
Cities Service	47	50
Cities Service pf.	55	57
Colorado Power	17¾	19
Colorado Power pf.	88	90
Commonwealth P., R. & L.	53	55
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf.	81	82
Consumers Power Co. 5s, 1929	89½	90½
Dayton Power & Light	34	38
Dayton Power & Light pf.	85	90
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s	89	91
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	50	60
Electric Bond & Share pf.	98½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	70	75
Empire District Electric pf.	50	60
Federal Light & Traction	17	20
Federal Light & Traction pf.	58	62
Gas & Electric Securities	65	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	..	80
Great Western Power Co. 5s, 1946	79½	81
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	25
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	50	55
Northern States Power	25	26
Northern States Power pf.	81	83
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	48¼	49½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	82	84
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	19	21
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	72	75
Southern California Edison	72½	75
Southern California Edison pf.	89	92
*Standard Gas & Electric	5	6
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	21	22½
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	7½	9½
Tennessee Ry., Lt & Power pf.	30	33
United Light & Rys.	44	46
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	71	73
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	68	71
Utah Securities	14	15
Western Power	14	16
Western Power pf.	58	60

*Par value, $50.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Tuesday.		Monday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	112	115	110	115
American Cigar pf.	99½	100½	99	100½
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	70	75	68	75
Conley Foil Co.	300	325	300	320
Johnston T. F. & M.	130	160	130	160
J. S. Young	150	160	150	160
J. S. Young pf.	108½	110½	108	110
MacAndrews & F.	190	200	190	200
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99	101	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	195	210	195	210
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	300	310	300	310
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	119	120½	110½	120½

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

Temporary Financing, April 1 to 10, 1915.

	Corporate Stock Notes.	Revenue Bonds and Bills.	Special Revenue Bonds.
Outstanding March 31	$60,008,977.41	$91,783,534.90	$7,449,525.00
Net increase	1,619,270.29	997,592.47	*113,600.00
Outstanding April 10	$61,628,247.70	$92,781,127.37	$7,335,925.00
Cash balance April 10	7,358,150.97		
Net obligation	$54,270,096.73		

*Decrease.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Strong Undertone to Heavy Session of Curb Trading—Bonds Are Dull.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 258,107 shares of stock and $6,000 of bonds. In addition, there were sales of 8,140 rights. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 41,524; oils, 2,728, and mining, 213,855. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
35	Am. Graph	79½	81	79½	80
500	Am. Zinc	30	30⅛	30	30⅛
100	Br.-Am. Tob. Co., ord.	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
1,000	Br.-Am. T. Co. ord. bearer	19	19⅛	18¾	19
200	†Elec. Boat	61½	61½	60	60
1,000	†Houston Oil	13½	14¼	13½	14¼
4,500	†Int. Motors	13⅛	15	13⅛	13⅞
460	†Int. M. pf	31	34	31	33
200	I. Rub. T. ctfs	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
240	†Int. M. M. pf	6	6	5½	5½
169	Kelly Spr. T.	138	138	136	137
900	Man. Transit	¾	¾	¾	¾
1,550	N. Y. Trans.	12½	13⅞	12¼	13½
110	†Pyrene M. Co.	8½	8½	8½	8½
500	Corp. R. & H.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
200	Ster. Gum	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
200	†Tob. Prod.	58	58	58	58
260	T. Prod. pf.	101	101	101	101
15,000	U. C. S. new	10½	11	10¼	10⅞
1,200	U. C. S. pf n'w	11¾	11⅞	11¾	11⅞
350	U. C. S. Co. of Am.	105¼	108	105¼	108
4,400	U. Pr. Sh., n'w	3⅝	3⅝	3 7-16	3½
8,450	†World Film	4	4⅛	3½	4

RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,000	N. Y. Central	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
1,140	Texas Oil	4	4½	4	4½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
1,550	Anglo-A. Oil	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	−⅛
9	Continental O.	235	235	235	−3
10	Crescent P. L.	37½	37½	37½	−½
28	Eureka P. L.	226	225	226	−1
5	Galena S.O. pf.	140	140	140	+5
10	Illinois P. L.	138	138	138	−½
2	Indiana P. L.	103	103	103	+3
45	National Tran.	33	32	32	..
70	Ohio Oil	143½	142½	143	−1
725	Pierce Oil	15¼	14½	14⅞	−⅛
5	Prairie O. & G.	260	260	260	..
30	Southern P. L.	210	208	208	−2
5	S. W. P. P. L.	112	112	112	..
35	St. Oil of Cal.	304	300	301	+3
5	St. Oil of Ind.	417	417	417	..
58	St. Oil of N. J.	404	401	403	+2
98	St. Oil of N.Y.	196	194	195	..
2	St. Oil of Ohio	435	435	435	+7
35	Union Tank L.	87	85	86	..
1	Vacuum Oil	211	211	211	+1

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
15,000	Al. Jun., w. i.	13¾	15¾	13¾	15¾
3,400	†Alta-C. M. Co.	90	92	90	92
17,500	*†Atlanta	43	43	41	41
2,200	Braden Cop.	8⅝	8½	8¼	8⅜
800	Canada Cop.	1¼	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
3,700	Cashboy	8½	9	8½	9
2,000	*Comb'n Frac.	14	15	14	15
1,000	Crown Res.	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
16,000	Con. Ariz. S.	⅞	1	⅞	15-16
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	6½	6½	6	6½
4,500	C. Nev.-Utah.	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
2,500	*Dia. Bl. Butte	2	3	2	3
900	†Dome Mines.	13⅛	13¼	12⅝	13
800	†Emma Cop.	35	35	33	35
1,200	*Florence	67	67	65	65
500	Gold Hill	20	20	20	20
300	Goldfield Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
11,900	†Goldfield Mer.	29	29	27½	28
3,000	*Goldf'd S. P.	11½	12	11	11
1,000	*Great Bend	9½	9½	9½	9½
100	Greene-Can.	30	30⅝	30	30⅝
7,000	*Greenwater	2½	4	3½	4
100	*Halifax Tono.	43	43	43	43
500	Iron Blossom	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
17,000	Jumbo Ext.	1¼	1⅜	1 5-16	1⅜
3,500	†Kewanas	20	20	19½	20
2,100	La Rose Con.	⅝	⅝	½	9-16
1,000	*Lone Star	9	9	9	9
1,500	*McIntyre	52	53½	52	53½
9,900	*‡McKinley-D.	36	36	33	34
2,200	Nev. Hills	29	29	26	28
3,000	New U. B.	85	97	85	97
2,125	‡Nipis. M. Co.	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6⅛
500	*North Star	16½	16½	16½	16½
12,300	†*‡Oro	12½	12½	12	12½
1,500	*Porcupine V.	80	80	75	75
2,500	†Silver Pick	11	12	11	11½
2,000	†Sandstorm K.	11	11	11	11
600	Stand. S.-L.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
500	‡Stewart	1⅞	1 15-16	1⅞	1 15-16
7,800	*Sup. M. Co.	18½	19	18½	19
2,500	*Temiskaming	35	38	35	36
320	Tono. Belmont	5	5	4¾	4¾
10,000	*Tono. Cash B.	8½	9	8½	9
3,000	Tono. Exten.	3 3-16	3⅜	3 3-16	3 3-16
1,100	*Tono. J. B.	91	92	90	90
5,000	*Tono. Merg.	43	43	42	42
1,000	*Tono. Mid'y	16½	16½	16½	16½
100	*Tono. Mon.	45	45	45	45
10	Tono. of Nev.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
5,500	Tri Bullion	¼	5-16	¼	¼
1,700	Tularosa	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
7,800	Tuol. Copper	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
700	West E. Con.	73	73	72	72
4,200	*West E. Ext.	7½	7½	6	6
1,000	Yukon G. M.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞

BOND.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	W. P. 5s, flat	35½	35½	35	35

*Sells cents per share. ‡Ex dividend. §Odd lots. †Unlisted.

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	April 13.		April 12.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Thrift Society pf., w. i.	1 1-16	1¼	1 1-16	1⅛
Electric Boat pf.	83	86	84	86
Houston Oil pf.	54	58	54	58
Int. Mer. Marine	1	1¼	1⅛	1⅜
Kelly Springfield Tire new 1st pf.	84	85	84½	85
Kelly Springfield Tire new 2d pf.	136½	138	137	140
Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.	168	170	168	170
Marconi of America	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Riker & Heg., new	6	6¼	6¼	6½
United Cig. Stores Co. of Am. pf.	110	120	110	120
Un. C. S. of Canada	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
Wayland Oil & Gas	2⅞	3¼	2⅞	3¼

MINING STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Caribou Cobalt	55	60	55	60
Halifax Tonopah	43	47	37	40
Kerr Lake	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾
Tonopah Mining	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	7¾

BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Braden Copper 6s	170	175	170	175
Calaveras 6s	175	200	175	200
Chicago Elevated 5s	96	97	96	97
Pierce Oil 6s	81	82	81	82
Prov. of Sask, 5s, '18	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¾
Swiss Gov. 5s, 1 yr.	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
Swiss Gov. 5s, 3yrs.	97½	97⅝	97½	97⅝
Swiss Gov. 5s, 5 yrs.	95¾	96	95¾	96

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday.		Monday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	18½	18¾	18½	18⅞
Atlantic Refining	573	578	570	580
Borne-Scrymser	275	285	275	285
Buckeye Pipe Line	110	112	110	112
Chesebrough Mfg.	695	705	690	700
Colonial Oil	120	130	115	125
Continental Oil	237	242	235	240
Crescent Pipe Line	37	39	37	39
Cumberland Pipe L.	45	48	45	48
Eureka Pipe Line	222	226	225	230
Galena S. Oil pf.	138	142	137	142
Galena S. Oil com.	159	161	159	161
Illinois Pipe Line	137	139	138	140
Indiana Pipe Line	102	104	102	104
National Transit	31	32	32	33
New York Transit	215	220	215	220
Northern Pipe Line	93	95	92	94
Ohio Oil	142	144	142	144
Pierce Oil	14½	15	15	15¼
Pierce Oil C. 6s, '24	80	83	80	83
Prairie Oil & Gas	258	262	256	260
Prairie P. L. (w. i.)	145	147	145	147
Solar Refining	237	243	238	243
Southern Pipe Line	209	212	209	212
South Penn. Oil	275	278	275	280
So. W. Penn. P. L.	110	115	110	115
Stand. Oil of Cal.	302	304	298	301
Stand. Oil of Ind.	415	420	415	420
Stand. Oil of Kan.	350	360	350	360
Stand. Oil of Ky.	252	256	255	258
Stand. Oil of Neb.	325	335	325	335
Stand. Oil of N. J.	403	405	400	403
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	194	196	194	197
Stand. Oil of Ohio	428	433	426	432
Swan & Finch	120	125	120	130
Union Tank	85	88	86	88
Vacuum Oil	210	213	210	213
Washington Oil	34	37	34	37

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Andes	.04	Occidental Con.	.79
Best & Belcher	.04	Ophir	.06
Caledonia	.23	Savage	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.06	Seg. Belcher	.02
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.06
Hale & Norcross	.04	Union Con.	.20
Mexican	.31	Utah Con.	.03

TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.13
Belmont	4.5	Diamondf'd Daisy	.06
Jim Butler	.8	Diamondf. Blk. B.	.02
McNamara	.0	Florence	.60
Midway	.1	Goldfield Con. M.	1.60
Mizpah Ext.	.3	Goldfield Merger	.26
Montana	.4	Jumbo Ext.	1.30
North Star	.16	Lone Star	.08
Rescue Eula	.10	Silver Pick	.11
Tonopah Merger	.40	Vernal	.05
West End	.75	Nevada Hills	.25
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.36
Atlanta	.41	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.42	Manhattan Con.	.01
C. O. D.	.05	Manhattan Big F.	.06

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¼	9	McKinney	32	34½
Elkton	43¾	44½	Old Gold	..	1½
El Paso	127	135	Portland	115	119
Findlay	3	3½	Vindicator	164	165
Gold Dollar	4⅞	5½	Rav. B. H.	3¼	4
Isabella	15⅝	16⅝	Gold. Cycle	169½	170
Jackpot	6	8			

TO PAY NEW HAVEN NOTES.

Directors Approve Plan to Take Up $30,000,000 of Those Due May 1.

The Board of Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company at a meeting yesterday afternoon approved plans for paying off $30,000,000 notes maturing May 1. New one-year 5 per cent. notes to the amount of $27,000,000 will be issued, and $3,000,000 of the maturing notes will be paid off in cash.

The price paid by the syndicate of bankers which will handle the new issue is 99¼, according to a statement made by Howard Elliott, Chairman of the board. Those in the syndicate are J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National Bank, the National City Bank, Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Lee, Higginson & Co.

Commenting on the good showing of the New Haven, Chairman Elliott said:

"It will be recalled that the net earnings of the company for the month of February showed a handsome increase. The gross earnings of the companies in which the New Haven is interested showed a slight increase for the month of March, and it is believed that the operating expenses will show a good decrease, so that there will be a net increase for March, although probably not as large as for the month of February.

"The company hopes to obtain favorable legislation in Massachusetts and Connecticut, so that before the present issue of $27,000,000 of notes falls due some comprehensive plan for permanent financing can be adopted to take care, not only of these notes, but also of the notes of the New England Navigation Company, which fall due May 1, 1917."

SENDS AMALGAMATED UP.

Rumor That the Copper Company Will Be Dissolved.

One explanation which was given in Wall Street yesterday for the steady rise in Amalgamated Copper shares was that plans were under way for the dissolution of the company. The report received much credence and was not denied by the company's officials.

John D. Ryan, president of the company, refused to discuss the report.

The stock on the New York Exchange was around 40 last autumn. Last week it reached a maximum of 63 and yesterday it crossed 72. The company relinquished its operating plants some time ago. It also sold recently to the Anaconda Copper Mining Company a great amount of its stock in other mining concerns.

As a holding company the Amalgamated owns at present about $3,500,000 of the stock of the Anaconda Company. A dissolution would mean a distribution of assets among holders of the Amalgamated stock, of which there is $153,887,000 outstanding.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, April 13.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 72 francs 40 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs 55 centimes.

JERSEY RATE REHEARING.

Railroads Permitted to Make New Argument for Higher Fares.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 13.—The State Board of Public Utility Commissioners today granted the application of the Pennsylvania, Philadelphia & Reading, and the West Jersey & Seashore Railroad Companies for a rehearing of their request for permission to put into effect a schedule of advanced passenger rates between points within the State. No date was set for the rehearing.

When the railroads announced their intention to raise fares the South Jersey Commuters' Association led a fight against the advance. The Utility Board suspended the schedule pending a decision as to its reasonableness, and after a hearing the application to raise fares was refused.

MET. LIFE ELECTS BOARD.

Proxy and Mail Votes Numbered 300,000 at Annual Meeting.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, held yesterday at 1 Madison Avenue, the following members were elected:

John R. Hegeman, Thomas B. James, Joseph P. Knapp, Haley Fiske, Thomas H. Hubbard, William H. Crocker, Henry Ollesheimer, Morgan J. O'Brien, Frederick H. Ecker, Robert W. de Forest, Sir William Mackenzie, John Anderson, Alanson B. Houghton, John H. Huddleston, M. D., Walter C. Humstone, Alexander P. W. Kinnan, William Temple Emmet, Otto T. Bannard, Mitchell D. Follansbee, William B. Thompson, Joseph P. Day, Otis H. Cutler, Langdon P. Marvin, Albert H. Wiggin.

About 400 votes were cast in person and 300,000 by proxy and mail.

Willys-Overland Extra Dividend.

The Willys-Overland Company, makers of automobiles, declared yesterday an extra dividend of 5 per cent. on the common stock in addition to the regular quarterly payment of 1½ per cent. Payment will be made May 1 to stockholders of record April 22. This is the second extra disbursement of 5 per cent. made on the common shares since the company was organized in 1912. The first was on Aug. 1 last year. In the second half of 1914 the company earned more than 14 per cent. on the common stock.

Realty & Improvement Report.

The United States Realty and Improvement reports for the eleven months ended March 31 gross earnings of $2,687,038, as compared with $3,081,024 in the same period last year. The balance for dividends was $873,642, a decline of $445,000, and the surplus at the close of the period of $509,979 was $102,000 less than in 1914.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
4,695	Alaska	35⅞	36⅝	35⅞	36
501	Allouez	47	47½	47	47½
2,687	Amal. Copper	68⅛	72	68⅛	72
2,300	Am. Zinc	29⅞	30¼	29¼	30¼
10	Anaconda Cop.	35	35	35	35
9,225	Arizona Com.	5	6	5	5⅝
50	Arnold	75c.	75c.	75c.	75c.
100	Bonanza	35c.	35c.	35c.	35c.
50	Butte & Bal.	3	3	3	3
1,509	Butte & Sup.	47	47½	46⅜	47
882	Cal. & Ariz.	63⅜	65½	63⅜	65½
87	Cal. & Hecla	473	485	473	485
25	Centennial	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
370	Chino	41¼	42⅜	41	42
2,890	Copper Range	52⅜	53	51⅞	52⅞
625	East Butte	12¼	12¼	12⅛	12¼
105	Franklin	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝
769	Granby	77	79⅛	77	79
45	Greene Can.	30¼	30½	30	30½
225	Hancock	14	14⅜	14	14⅜
9	India	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜
160	Inspiration	29⅞	30⅝	29⅞	30⅝
90	Island Creek	44½	44½	44½	44½
15	Isl. Creek pf.	87	87	87	87
650	Isle Royale	24½	25½	24½	25½
115	Kerr Lake	4⅞	4 15-16	4⅞	4 15-16
165	Lake	10	10½	10	10⅜
450	La Salle	5½	5½	5½	5½
10	Mason Valley	3	3	3	3
1,420	Mass Con.	9	9¾	9	9½
350	Mayflower	5½	5½	5½	5½
35	Miami	24¼	24⅜	24¼	24⅜
50	Michigan	1	1	1	1
415	Mohawk	67	68	66½	68
50	Nevada Con.	14	14	14	14
4,615	New Arcadian	7¼	7 5-16	7	7¼
1,220	Nipissing	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6¼
4,646	North Butte	31	32	30⅜	32⅜
140	North Lake	3	3	3	3
50	Ojibway	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
120	Old Colony	5½	5½	5½	5½
137	Old Dominion	49½	50	49	49⅜
110	Osceola	76	76⅞	76	76⅞
147	Quincy	74	75	74	74
190	Ray	21¼	21⅜	21¼	21½
200	Santa Fe	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1¾
850	Shannon	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
85	Shattuck	27½	27½	27	27¼
285	St. Mary	52⅜	52⅜	52	52½
1,290	Sup. & Boston	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1¾
150	Superior	31½	31¾	31½	31¾
70	Tamarack	36⅛	36⅛	36	36
50	Tenn. Copper	32	32	32	32
210	Trinity	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
3,300	Tuolumne	47c.	58c.	47c.	55c.
2,485	U. S. Smelters	27	28¾	27	28⅜
723	U. S. Smelt. pf	44¼	45	44	45
445	Utah Apex	3¼	3½	3¼	3⅜
205	Utah Con.	10½	10⅞	10½	10⅜
1,582	Utah Cop.	64	64	59½	63½
515	Winona	3	3¼	3	3
5	Wolverine	49	49	49	49
350	Wyandotte	1	1	99c.	99c.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1	Bos. & Albany	184	184	184	184
5	Boston Elev.	84	84	84	84
44	Bos. & Lowell	125	125	125	125
722	Bos. & Maine	34	36	34	34
10	Bos. & Me. pf.	50	50	50	50
30	B. & Worc. pf.	43	43	43	43
6	Conn. River	154	154	154	154
24	Fitchburg pf.	69	69	68	68
85	Mass. Electric	7⅛	7⅛	7	7
9	Mass. Elec. pf.	44	44	44	44
5	Nor. N. H.	97	97	97	97
650	N.Y., N.H. & H.	61¾	62½	61¾	61¾
80	W. End St. R.	65	65	65	65

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
285	Am. Ag. Ch.	52½	56	53½	55½
78	Am. Ag. C. pf.	90½	92	90½	92
140	Am. Sugar	107¾	109	107¾	108⅛
118	Am. Sugar pf.	114	114	113½	114
1,167	Am. T. & T.	119¾	120¼	119½	120
47	Am. Wool pf.	82	82½	82	82½
11	A., G. & W. I. pf	13	13½	12	12
275	E. Bos. Land	12½	12¾	12½	12½
222	Edison	240½	242	240½	242
3,196	Edison rts.	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05
15	Ga. R.	115	115	115	115
728	Gen. Electric	149	151	149	150½
175	Mass. Gas	80¼	80½	80¼	80½
55	Mass. Gas pf.	86	87	86	87
5	N. E. Tel.	129½	129½	129½	129½
30	Reece Button	16½	16½	16½	16½
5	Swift	109½	109½	109½	109½
326	United Fruit	130½	131½	130½	131½
2,427	United Shoe	64	64⅝	63½	64⅛
53	Un. Shoe pf.	28¾	28¾	28⅛	28¾
2,460	U. S. Steel	55⅝	57½	55	57⅛
14	U. S. Steel pf.	109	109	108½	108½
311	Western Union	66	66	65	65½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. Ag. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
4,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	88	88	88	88
500	A. T. & T. 4½s	99¼	99⅞	99¼	99⅞
3,000	Am. Zinc 6s	119	119	119	119
2,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	63½	64¼	63½	64¼
3,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	96½	96½	96¼	96¼
2,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	101	101¼	101	101¼
9,000	West. Tel. 5s	96	96	96	96

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.60	1	Houghton	2⅛	2⅜
B. St. Gas	.12	.13	Iron Bloss.	1	1 1-16
Begole	1¼	1⅜	La Rose	.51	.55
Bohemia	2	2 1-16	Majestic	.20	.23
Boston Ely	.24	.30	McK.-Dar	.35	.36
Butte & L.	.28	.30	Mex. Mets.	.19	.20
Calaveras	1¾	1⅞	M. of Am.	2	2½
Chief Con.	.95	.99	N. Baltic	2 1-16	2 3-16
Con. Ariz.	.85	.99	Nev. Doug.	.49	.54
Cortez	.20	.50	Ohio Cop.	.26	.28
Cornelia	8	8¼	Oneco	1⅜	1½
Con. Cop.	2½	2¾	So. Lake	8⅜	8½
Crown Res.	.85	.90	Stew't Min.	1⅞	1 15-16
Davis-Daly	1½	1⅝	Un. Verde	2 15-16	3
Eagle & B.	.98	1	Yukon Gold	2⅝	2⅞
First Nat.	2⅝	2½			

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	Am. Sewer Pipe	20½	20½	20½	20½
20	Am. Wind. G. pf.	109	109	109	109
10	Caney River Gas	24½	24½	24½	24½
885	Crucible Steel	16¼	16⅝	16¼	16½
25	Crucible Steel pf.	81⅞	81⅞	81⅜	81⅜
140	Elk Natural Gas	102⅜	103	102⅜	103
115	Harbison-W. pf.	98	98	98	98
10	Ind. Brewing	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
50	Ind. Brewing pf.	17½	17½	17½	17½
59	Mfrs. L. & Heat.	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜
15	Nat. Fireproofing	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
70	Nat. Firepr. pf.	21	21⅛	21	21⅛
10	Ohio Fuel Supply	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞
90	Pitts. Brewing	4⅜	4⅞	4⅜	4⅞
50	Pitts. Brew. pf.	17	17	17	17
350	Pitts. Coal	23½	23¾	23½	23¾
11	Pitts. Plate G.	104	104	104	104
55	Pure Oil	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
20	Union Nat. Gas	131	131	131	131
44	Union S. & Sig.	99	99	99	99
70	U. S. Steel	55⅜	57	55⅜	57
100	Westingh. Air B.	120	120	120	120
240	Westingh. Elec.	38⅞	39	38⅞	39

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Ind. Brew. 6s	50	50	50	50
10,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s	53	53	53	53

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
12	Cit. Nat. Bk.	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
205	Con. Power	106⅞	106⅞	106½	106⅜
22	Con. Pow. pf	112	113½	112	113½
785	Elkhorn Fuel	17	17½	17	17½
5	Exch. Bank	152	152	152	152
341	Fairmont Gas	25	25	25	25
5	Fidel. & Dep.	148	148	148	148
815	Houston Oil	13¾	15	13¾	15
260	Houston Oil pf.	55½	55½	55½	55½
37	Merc. Trust	179	179	179	179
190	Northern Cent.	84	84⅜	84	84⅜
450	Un. Rys. & El.	25	25	25	25
25	Way. O. & G.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$11,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
2,000	Balt., Spar P. & C. 4½s	96	96	96	96
2,000	Caro. Cent. 4s	85½	85½	85½	85½
6,800	City Balt. 4s, 1951	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼
15,000	City Balt. 4s, 1951	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼
1,000	Con. Coal 6s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
6,000	Con. Gas. 4½s	93½	93½	93½	93½
5,000	Con. Pow. 4½s	89	89	89	89
21,000	Con. P. notes	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
2,000	Fair. & Clark. Trac. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
3,000	Ga. & Ala. con. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½
5,000	G. B. S. B. 4s	20	20	20	20
2,000	Minn. & St. L. 4s	57	57	57	57
1,000	Minn. & St. P. joint 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Mt.V.-W. Cot. Duck 5s	37	37	37	37
8,000	Mt.V.-W. Cot. Duck 5s cfs.	36	36½	36	36½
1,000	N. O., Mob. & Chi. 5s	41	41	41	41
4,000	Pa. W. & P. 5s	91½	92	91½	92
1,000	Seab. & R. 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
3,000	Un. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	81½	81½	81½	81½
10,000	Un. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	61⅝	61⅞	61⅝	61⅞
1,300	Un. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	84	84	84	84

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Booth Fish	40	40	40	40
380	Booth Fish pf.	79	79	78½	79
165	City Conn. Ry.	7	8	7	8
1,252	Chi. Pn. Tool	55	58½	54⅞	58
5	Ch. Ry., Ser. 1	89	89	89	89
387	Ch. Ry., Ser. 2	26	26	25⅜	25⅜
150	Chi. Tit. & Tr.	211	211	211	211
56	Com. Edison	140	140	140	140
105	Dia. Match	95	95	95	95
100	Goodrich	51½	51½	51½	51½
10	Hart pf.	110	110	110	110
30	K. C. Ry. & L.	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
110	Mon. Ward pf.	112	112½	112	112½
19	Nat. Carbon	138	138	138	138
110	Peo. Gas	120	120	119¼	120
50	Pacific Gas	48	48	48	48
30	Quaker Oats	245	250	245	250
1,822	Sears-Roebuck	139	140⅜	139	139½
850	Stew. Warner	70	70	69½	69½
416	Swift	109	109½	109	109¼
1,033	Union Carbide	163⅜	165	163⅜	163⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Armour 4½s	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾
5,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
1,000	Ch. Ry. inc. 4s	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
8,000	Com. Ed. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
2,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅜	100⅜
1,000	B. F. deb. 6s	88	88	88	88
1,000	Met. Gold 5s	75½	75½	75½	75½
4,000	Morris 4½s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
4,000	Pub. Sve. 5s	90	90	90	90

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,190	Amal. Copper	70	72	70	72
10	Am. Gas	102½	102½	102½	102½
50	Am. Ice	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜
100	Am. Loco	35	35	35	35
100	Am. Rys	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼
10	Am. Rys. pf.	100	100	100	100
200	Am. Smelter	71¼	71½	71¼	71½
20	Anaconda	35	35	35	35
180	Baldwin Loco	40	40¼	40	40¼
3	Baldwin Loco. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
20	Cal. Petrol	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
1,282	Cambria Steel	47⅜	48½	47⅜	48
300	Erie	28	28¼	28	28¼
120	Elec. Stor. Bat.	50¼	50½	50¼	50½
25	Gen. Asphalt	27½	27½	27½	27½
10	Gen. Asphalt pf.	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜
720	Inspiration	29⅞	30⅝	29⅞	30⅝
200	Inter.-Met	16⅜	17½	16⅜	17½
35	Keystone Tel. pf.	65	65	65	65
2,760	Lake Superior	6	6	5¾	5¾
21	Lehigh Nav	76	77	75⅞	77
104	Lehigh Val	70¾	71	70¾	71
100	Lehigh Val. Tr.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
25	Mo., K. & T.	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
145	Northern Cent.	84¼	84⅛	84¼	84¼
800	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	11	11	10⅞	10⅞
237	Penn. R. R.	54½	54¾	54⅜	54 11-16
45	Phila. Co	39	39	38⅞	39
200	Phila. Co. cum. pf.	40	40	40	40
619	Phila. Elec	24½	24⅞	24½	24¼
5	Phila. Traction	77½	77½	77½	77½
146	Phila. Salt	85½	85½	85½	85½
35	Reading	75⅜	75⅜	75	75
1,792	Tono. Belmont	5	5⅛	4¾	4¾
396	Tono. Mining	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
580	United Gas Imp.	84⅜	84⅜	84¼	84⅜
6,822	U. S. Steel	55⅜	57⅜	55½	56
140	Union Traction	36	36¼	35⅞	36¼
34	Warwick Iron	9½	9½	9½	9½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. G. & E. 5s.	86	86½	86	86½
500	Am. G. & E. 5s.	88½	88½	88½	88½
5,000	El. & Peo. ctf. 4s	77	77	77	77
2,000	Fkd. Tac. & H. 5s	73	73	73	73
1,000	Interst. Ry. 4s.	60	60	60	60
1,000	Keystone Tel. 5s	94	94	94	94
1,000	Leh. Val. gen. 4s	88½	88½	88½	88½
9,000	L. V. gen. con. 4s	88¼	88½	88¼	88½
1,000	L. V. Coal 5s, cou.	104	104	104	104
1,000	L. V. Coal 5s, reg.	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
3,000	L. Nav. con. 4½s	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
1,000	Penn. con. 4½s, 1960	104	104	104	104
5,000	Phila. Co. 5s.	81¾	81¾	81½	81½
8,000	Phila. Elec. 5s.	101½	101½	101	101
900	Phila. Elec. 5s.	102	102	102	102
1,000	Phila. Elec. 4s.	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾
5,000	Reading gen. 4s	93½	93½	93½	93¼
2,000	Std. Gas & El. 6s	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜
1,000	Unit. Ry. Inv. 5s	65	65	65	65
1,000	Welsbach 5s	90½	90½	90½	90½
350	Cam. Steel scr.	97½	97½	97½	97½
97	Cam. St. scr., '17	96½	96½	96½	96½

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Series No. 2
The Five Largest Gas and Electric Companies

Company	*Gross Earnings*
Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	$17,200,000
Peoples Gas Light & Coke Co., Chicago	16,800,000
Commonwealth Edison Co. of Chicago	19,060,000
New York Edison Co., New York	23,538,000
Public Service Corporation of New Jersey	34,970,000

The Pacific Gas & Electric Company has taken its place among the great utility corporations of the Country. It is not usually realized that the Pacific Gas & Electric Company has a territory which in extent is equivalent to 80% of New York State. Last year the Company had 378,000 consumers.

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The first preferred stock of the Pacific Gas & Electric Company compares favorably with the strong utility preferred stocks of the Country, and yields an unusually high return.

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NEW LOAN
$1,000,000
Western Power Company
6% Collateral Trust Gold Notes
Dated March 1, 1915 Due March 1st, 1917
Interest payable March 1st and September 1st
Bankers Trust Company, New York, Trustee

The company operates through subsidiaries electric lighting and power properties, including extensive hydro-electric plants.

The communities served have a total population of 941,000 and include San Francisco City and County and Sacramento and Alameda Counties.

Secured by deposit of collateral, including first mortgage bonds in excess of the note issue.

Income from collateral so deposited one and one-half times annual interest charge on notes now offered.

Market value of collateral 30% in excess of note issue.

Applicable earnings for year ended February 28th, 1915, over 12 times annual note interest requirements.

Price 99 and Interest, Yielding 6½%
Full details upon application for Western Power Note Circular No. 3

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Common Stock
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DIVIDENDS.

THE MILWAUKEE ELECTRIC RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY,
No. 30 Broad St. New York, March 31, 1915.
SIXTY-SECOND REGULAR DIVIDEND.
The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. upon this Company's Preferred Capital Stock will be paid on April 30, 1915, to all stockholders of record at the close of business on April 20, 1915. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders at this office.
J. F. FOGARTY, Secretary.

Office of the United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.
Philadelphia, March 10, 1915.
The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent. ($1.00 per share), payable April 15, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 31, 1915. Checks will be mailed.
LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

NEW YORK & HONDURAS ROSARIO MINING COMPANY.
17 Battery Place,
New York, April 13, 1915.
DIVIDEND NO. 195.
The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of three (3) per cent. on its Capital Stock, payable on April 30, 1915, to stockholders of record April 20, 1915.
ERNEST SCHERNIKOW, Treasurer.

CARIBOU COBALT MINES CO.
A dividend of 2½% upon the capital stock of the Caribou Cobalt Mines Company has been declared, payable on April 30th, 1915, to shareholders of record on April 15th, 1915.
RICHARD T. GREENE, Secretary.
New York, April 12, 1915.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.
A quarterly dividend of 1½% on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable May 1, 1915, to the stockholders of record at the close of business April 15, 1915. F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.
New York, March 9, 1915.

DIVIDENDS.

COMPAGNIE HAITIENNE,
New York, April 14, 1915.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Compagnie Haitienne for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 80 Maiden Lane, in the City of New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, April 28, 1915, at 11 o'clock A. M. P. C. WADDINGTON, Secretary.

19
words were sufficient for Mr. William H. Holdsworth of 34 Nassau Street to express his opinion of the "Lost and Found" column of The New York Times. He writes:

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Tel. 3669 Broad 25 Broad St.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE THIRTY-YEAR FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS (SERIES A) OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COAL AND COKE COMPANY UNDER ITS MORTGAGE TO THE COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY, DATED JULY 1, 1902:

Take notice that a meeting of the holders of the bonds issued under the above-mentioned mortgage of the PENNSYLVANIA COAL AND COKE CORPORATION is called to be held at the office of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corporation in the Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 19th day of May, 1915, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of acting upon a proposition to release from the lien of said mortgage a certain lease from the BLUBAKER COAL COMPANY to J. L. MITCHELL, dated April 1, 1902, covering certain coal and mining rights in and under approximately 1,730 acres in Elder and Susquehanna Townships, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, together with the improvements and equipment upon the leased premises and all rights appurtenant thereto. The foregoing notice is given by the undersigned, as it has acquired the right, title, and interest of said Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company in and to the lease and property proposed to be released, as aforesaid.

Dated New York, April 9, 1915.
THE CLEARFIELD BITUMINOUS COAL CORPORATION.
By HAROLD S. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY,
Cleveland, Ohio, April 5, 1915.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on the First Wednesday (being the 5th day) of May, 1915, at 9 o'clock A. M. The Poll will continue open for one hour thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

British Xylonite Company New York Inc.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held at the Company's Office, 1,133 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, 27 April, 1915, at 3 P. M., for the purpose of confirming and adopting the Accounts and Balance Sheet of the Company, dated 31 December, 1914, and electing Directors.

AT A METTING OF THE TRUSTEES OF the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, held on Tuesday, April 6, 1915, Henry Parish, Jr., was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the board.

New York, April 6, 1915.
J. LOUIS VAN ZELM, Assistant Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

MORRISTOWN & ERIE TAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in compliance with the terms of the Mortgage Deed, dated September 1st, 1903, executed by the Morristown & Erie Railway Company, the undersigned, as Trustee under the said deed, will receive proposals on or before May 14th, 1915, from the holders of the bonds secured by the said mortgage to sell the bonds to the undersigned as Trustee under the provisions of the said mortgage. The Trustee will, to the extent of the available moneys in its hands, to wit, $10,121.13, purchase the bonds which shall be offered at the lowest price. No purchase will be made at a rate exceeding 110 per cent. of the principal, together with the accrued interest.

Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 12th, 1915.
BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee,
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

TWO SUBSIDIARIES OF GREENHUT FAIL

Liquor and Toilet Article Departments Go Into Receivers' Hands.

THEIR ASSETS EXCEED DEBTS

Attorneys Report That the Two Committees of Creditors of the Store May Amalgamate.

Two subsidiaries of the J. B. Greenhut Company, the Joseph Benedict Company and the Manhattan Laboratories Company, by order of Judge Learned Hand yesterday in the Federal District Court were made co-defendants to the equity suit brought last week by the Monmouth Securities Company against the department store company. Ex-Judge Walter C. Noyes and William A. Marble, receivers for J. B. Greenhut Company, were appointed receivers for them also, $10,000 being added to their bond.

The Joseph Benedict Company conducted the wines and liquor department of the Greenhut store. It was incorporated in 1903 with a capital of $5,000, and Ely F. Wolfner as President. Its liabilities are said to be $60,000 to the Greenhut Company and $20,000 to other creditors, while its assets are $75,000, of which $25,000 are for accounts. The Manhattan Laboratories was incorporated in 1903 with $5,000 capital, and manufactured toilet articles. Ely R. Wolfner is its President, and its liabilities are $10,000 to the Greenhut Company and $4,000 to other creditors. Its assets of $18,000 consist of accounts for $11,500 and merchandise of $6,500. Neither company has at present funds to meet its maturing liabilities.

Judge Hand also assured, yesterday James M. Rosenberg of Rosenberg, Levis & Ball, counsel for the receivers, and Cornelius W. Wickersham of Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, counsel for the Monmouth Securities Company, that he would not sign any order requiring the examination of any of the Greenhut family without giving due notice to counsel for the receivers. The Dommerich Creditors' Committee also wishes to be made a party to the equity proceedings, so that it may be kept fully apprised of any move that is to be made in the investigation of the Greenhut affairs.

The Ivins Creditors' Committee, of which Saul S. Myers is the counsel, and which has been organized by the Creditors' Audit and Adjustment Association, may ask permission to make a separate audit of the books of the firm, but at present there is still hope that the two committees of creditors may reach an agreement and amalgamate.

With this end in view the Dommerich committee sent yesterday to the meeting of the Ivins committee Samuel Elsman to learn the terms on which amalgamation could be brought about. It is understood that the Ivins committee will ask that they have equal representation on the creditors' committee. Its views will be represented to the Dommerich committee by E. W. Stone of the National Jewelers' Board of Trade, Edward Levi of the Independent Manufacturers of Ready Made Garments Association, and E. B. Harmon, representing Borgfeldt & Co., and other clients.

To the Dommerich committee were added yesterday two new members, Samuel H. Lummis, Secretary of the Eastern Millinery Association, and Benjamin D. Jacobs of J. Friedman & Co., who will take the place of Morris May, who has found it impossible to serve. This committee has retained Lybrand, Ross Brothers & Montgomery as accountants.

So far the bondholders have taken no steps to organize. There is no doubt that the Greenhuts will absolutely control any bondholders' protective committee which can be set up, and until the situation has been further cleaned up there is not much that they can do. When it is known what must be done to save the firm, then it will be time enough to call the bondholders together and decide what action should be taken with regard to the mortgages and the $6,000,000 securities issued against them.

Walter C. Noyes and William A. Marble, the receivers, issued yesterday this statement:

"Messrs. West & Flint, our accountants, are making an examination of the books, and inform us that the books are in such a condition that a complete statement of the affairs of the company will be available at an early date. We are having an inventory made of the assets of the company and are bending every effort toward the preparation of a complete statement of conditions, for the information of all the creditors.

"In the meantime, business is being conducted in the usual manner, and the amount of sales is gratifying. The employes of the entire organization are giving us their hearty support. Capt. Greenhut, its President, and B. J. Greenhut, the Treasurer of the company, have offered their services to the receivers without compensation, and every possible effort toward securing an economical administration is being made."

TRENTON, N. J., April 13.—Judge Rellestab in the United States Court this afternoon appointed three ancillary receivers for the J. B. Greenhut Company of New York. They are William A. Marble and Walter T. Noyes of New York City, and Aaron V. Davis of Hightstown to take charge of the property of the concern in New Jersey.

FOREIGN TRADE FALLS OFF.

Balance for the Week Reduced—Big Copper Shipments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The statement of the Department of Commerce showing the trade balance for the week ending April 10, which was made public today, indicates a falling off in foreign trade which is probably due to the greater activity of the submarine blockade of Great Britain and the high rates of marine insurance. Exports fell off during the week $7,069,073 and imports $3,127,168. The trade balance in favor of the United States was reduced for the same period to $17,679,267.

The total value of exports for the week was $50,333,833 and of imports $32,654,566. The amount of exports was the lowest since February 27. The amount of imports, however, was greater than during any other weeks in March and April except last week and the week ending March 27. The amount of duties collected was $3,515,206, the smallest in any week since February, with the single exception of the week ending March 20, when the collections fell to $3,348,425. The total amount of duties collected from December 1 to April 10 was $65,428,895.

Cotton shipments fell from 239,293 bales to 103,967. The total export of cotton since August 1 has been 6,845,480 bales.

The copper imports and exports for the week ending April 3 were made public also today and show that the movement of copper abroad is still very large. There was shipped to England during the week 6,242,436 pounds, worth $911,269 and to France 2,713,523 pounds, worth $411,654. The total export was 10,623,248 pounds, worth $1,568,787, including 784,000 pounds to Italy and 331,000 to the Netherlands.

Accused as Check Swindler.

Charged with passing a worthless check in this city, David H. Steinberg of 55 Morton Street, Brooklyn, whose father is a fur dealer on Twenty-eighth Street, was brought here from Baltimore yesterday by Detective Bauerschmidt and committed to the Tombs. The specific charge against him is that he gave a worthless check for $38.50 on the Harlem Branch of the Alliance Trust Company to John Spivack of 420 Sixth Avenue for a $5 trunk and received the difference in cash.

COTTON IN RALLY AFTER EARLY DROP

Census Bureau Report on Supply and Distribution Today Is Expected to be Bullish.

BUYING BY SPOT INTERESTS

Advices from the Southern Markets Bring Conflicting Statements About Cash Dealings.

Influenced by somewhat lower prices at Liverpool the cotton market opened at a decline of 3 to 4 points and slid off about half a dozen points further before demand was sufficient to absorb offerings. On the break very good buying again came to the rescue and a rally of 18 to 20 points followed. Leading spot interests were prominent among the buyers, and their brokers were active in absorbing October and December contracts. Commision house liquidation was again a feature on the upturn, but this liquidation was not sufficient to affect the undertone, which was quite steady at the close.

Southern spot advices are conflicting, but it looks as if most of the messages which reached the Exchange from the South telling of unfavorable conditions had been influenced somewhat by the bias of the sender. One Savannah message said for instance: "Demand extremely poor, except for shipment on contracts. Some interior dealers are trying to sell; only buyers are tramps in ports. Interior banks very backward in paying up. Country very full of cotton without buyers except for very low grades."

On the other hand several New Orleans messages were received stating that large lines of spots had been sold on full quotations. One Southern shipper who was in New York yesterday stated that he had never seen good cotton more scarce or more firmly held throughout the Atlantics.

A rather peculiar statement of conditions is contained in the following newspaper dispatch taken from The Galveston News, which comes from Stamford, in Jones County, Texas:

> There is a great deal of cotton in the compress yet and on the platform of the compress. This is a very unusual sight for this time of the year. Usually the compress is shut down long before this time of the year, but now it is running on full time. There is a great deal of cotton in the fields yet, and it is asserted that some few fields have never had a picker in them owing to the scarcity of help in that line.

It seems quite likely that the strength of the market yesterday was due to the anticipation that today's report from the Census Bureau on Supply and Distribution might be bullish. This will give the consumption for American mills during March and will compare with a domestic consumption of lint cotton during March last year of 493,354 bales. The February consumption showed a slight gain over last season, and a further gain in today's report would confirm the bullish position that a big consumption is in progress.

Some interest is being taken in the outlook for deliveries on May contracts. They are not expected to be heavy, and it is believed that all tenders will be promptly taken care of.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged, 5 to 12 advance. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 5 points advance, 10.15 for middling upland. The range of contract prices was as follows, closing steady:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	9.91	9.71	9.88@ 9.89	9.79@ 9.80
July	10.21	10.04	10.18@10.19	10.11@10.12
October	10.63	10.44	10.60@10.61	10.53@10.54
Dec.	10.80	10.63	10.79@10.80	10.72@10.73
January	10.85	10.70	10.83@10.84	10.79@10.80
March	10.90	10.90	11.01@11.03	10.96@10.98

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	17,037	19,629	8,434
New Orleans	11,530	8,714	8,876
Mobile	169	672	2,093
Savannah	7,146	5,831	4,889
Charleston	1,172	763	749
Wilmington	374	114	398
Norfolk	2,131	930	715

Total port receipts, 46,816 bales, against 26,441 for same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	462	784	447
Memphis	697	1,621	1,451
St. Louis	610	3,026	6
Houston	10,291	7,480	3,075

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	5,000 to 6,000	12,487	7,404
New Orleans	4,500 to 6,000	12,245	7,087

Total exports yesterday, 36,488 bales; so far this season, 6,811,855, against 8,006,860 for same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price Middling.	Stocks 1915.	Stocks 1914.
2,603	New Orleans	9.37	379,264	172,056
75	Mobile	9.00	33,128	28,984
1,650	Savannah	9.00¼	165,905	78,835
100	Galveston	9.65	406,767	245,320
—	Wilmington	9.00¼	58,379	24,772
1,006	Norfolk	9.18	75,317	89,375
1,444	Augusta	9.25	128,778	47,627
1,400	Memphis	9.13	175,486	104,018
—	St. Louis	9.00¼	35,658	33,770
1,245	Houston	9.75	141,982	122,616

The Liverpool market opened easier. There was a good demand business in spot cotton, with middling ten points decline at 5.65d. Sales, 10,000 bales, Receipts, 43,000 bales, including 33,600 American. (Closed very steady.)

BIG EXPORTS CONTINUE.

The British, as Usual, the Largest Customers Last Week.

Last week's exports from this port, as shown by the Custom House returns, were $26,400,015, as compared with $24,971,173 the week before and $18,594,934 in the corresponding week last year. The total to date this year is $377,861,912, as compared with $303,452,572 in 1914.

Great Britain led last week's shipments with an aggregate of $7,301,126, and the British possessions took $589,628. Next came France, with $6,783,583. To French possessions $53,373 worth were sent. Exports to Italy were $2,183,812; to the Netherlands, $1,659,301, and $269,565 to Dutch possessions; to Sweden, $1,289,335; to Denmark, $1,077,417; to Russia and its possessions, $630,801; to Greece, $594,996; to Argentina, $936,691, and to Mexico, $404,945.

Principal exports of domestics were to Colombia, $82,625; Central America, $30,649; British Guiana and the British West Indies, $20,959. Great Britain took $40,985 worth of duck at the two ports London and Liverpool, and Glasgow imported the same article to the amount of $27,164.

Bacon, wheat, and the various metals used in manufacturing war munitions form the principal items appearing on the shipping manifests. In the first article, bacon, $332,885 worth was taken by Copenhagen, $344,518 by Bordeaux, and $177,838 by Liverpool. Wheat to the amount of $184,790 was exported to Hull, and Leghorn. Italy, received $285,720; Rotterdam, $268,000; Marseilles, $172,000; Catania, $204,000, and Palermo, $212,000. In metals, brass to the value of $188,393 was sent to Liverpool; Havre took $374,300 wort of nickel, and Glasgow $129,400; $347,663 worth of copper, and brass to the value of $186,696. A shipment of motor trucks to Havre was valued at $462,545; another to Liverpool amounts to $203,006. Bordeaux took $45,942 worth of hosiery. Havre received a guncotton shipment valued at $496,677.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the first week of April show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Seven roads	$2,612,128	+$112,916
Nine roads	5,829,846	— 838,714
Total (16 roads)	$8,441,974	—$725,798

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN for March—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Gross	93,550	104,652	101,796
Op. deficit	2,266	3,225	*10,426
Def. aft. chgs.	24,662	19,966	3,809
9 mos. gross	916,174	1,009,799	1,059,404
Net	72,275	48,052	214,159
Def. aft. chgs.	137,846	135,795	*45,218

*Surplus.

WICHITA VALLEY for February—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	100,990	50,292	50,698
Net aft. taxes	48,266	10,016	38,249
8 mos. gross	709,807	483,505	225,802
Net aft. taxes	332,862	145,179	187,683

Miscellaneous Earnings.

U. S. REALTY & IMPROVEMENT CO. for the eleven months ended Dec. 31—

	1914.	1913.	Decrease.
Gross	2,687,088	3,081,024	393,986
Expenses, &c.	1,266,604	1,216,160	*50,444
Net profits	1,420,434	1,864,864	444,430
Interest	546,792	546,792	......
Surplus	873,642	1,318,073	444,430
Dividends	363,663	606,105	242,442
Surplus	509,979	711,968	201,989

*Increase.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atlantic Coast L.	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.50	4.40
Baltimore & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.52	4.45
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.60	4.45
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.88	4.75
Car., Clinch. & O.	1915-'24	5	5.25	5.05
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	4.88	4.62
Chi. & Northwest	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.38
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-'23	4½	5.00	4.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	4.70	4.60
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'25	5	5.15	5.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.50	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.00	4.80
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.80	4.65
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.57	4.45
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.50	4.38
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'23	5	5.50	5.25
Missouri Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.00	5.25
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	4.95	4.88
Norf. & Western	1915-'24	4½	4.50	4.38
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.25	5.00
Penn. Gen. Fr't.	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.40	4.20
St. L. I. M. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.25	5.00
Seaboard Air Line	1914-'23	5	5.00	4.80
Southern Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	4.88	4.62
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.45
Virginian Ry.	1914-'19	5	5.12	4.80

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 13.—Twenty-two companies were incorporated today with aggregate capitalization of $1,140,000. They included:

Preferred Rentals, Stockton Building, real estate agency, brokerage, construction, $600,000; Sinclair G. Weekes, H. J. Mason, Raymond P. Robert, 527 Fifth Av.

Magnatone Piano Player Co., manufacture, $200,000; H. T. Martin, S. Ireland, H. Olmsted, 595 Broad St., Columbus, Ohio.

Ipswood Corporation, metal boxes, $100,000; A. McAvoy, W. S. Walsh, F. Colety, 157 West 73d St.

The Electric Meter Corpn, electric apparatus, protective devices, $50,000; R. S. Harvey, K. Fairbanks, F. A. Sorgee, 55 Liberty St.

United States Silk Co., Gloversville, fabrics, laces, veilings, gloves, mittens, $30,000; H. McDonald, J. and M. C. Dennie, Gloversville.

The Silver Metal Corpn, inventions, patented articles, operate mining properties, metallurgical plants, $30,000; J. H. Keim, W. Mason Smith, W. H. Davis, 35 Nassau St.

Diamond Remedy Co., Brooklyn, exploit medical formulas, properties, merchandise, operate hotels, sanitariums, $25,000; L. N. Rosenbaum, B. Harris, C. M. Black, 14 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn.

New York and Tampa Department Stores, $25,000; Frank Richards, I. Levy, A. Keller, 9 East 4th St.

Springville Land Corpn, realty, agents, brokers, bottle natural waters, managerial, $20,000; E. Dyatt, J. Florence, D. H. Morris, 68 Broad St.

American Civic Institute, promotion good citizenship and efficient government, publisher, $15,000; G. W. and L. N. Vause, G. A. Knobloch, 15 Broad.

Margne-Jones Safety Lock Nut Co., machinery, lock nuts, metal articles, $10,000; D. V. Sullivan, T. W. Brauder, H. L. Jones, Hotel Plaza.

Modern Lithographing and Printing Corpn, Buffalo, $10,000; W. J. Leyer, A. J. and F. J. Green, 72 West 4th St., Dunkirk.

Tri-Une Realty Corpn, realty, agency, brokerage, $5,000; G. S. Goodspeed, Corwin Black, W. R. Allen, 30 West 44th St.

Victor A. Clement, Inc., contractors, realty, construction, building materials, $5,000; W. J. Munro, J. A. O'Neill, Victor A. Clement, 408 West 115th St.

Capital Increases—Rocky River Development Co., Buffalo, $250,000 to $1,000,000; Bishop Calculating Recorder Co., New York, $100,000 to $200,000; William C. Freeman Co., New York, $10,000 to $25,000.

Capital Reductions—Argentine Quebracho Co., New York, $3,000,000 to $250,000; E. A. Munns Kalsomine Co., Manhattan, $200,000 to $100,000.

Voluntary Dissolution—New York Tanning Extract Co., Manhattan.

DICK VOTED DOWN IN L. I. R. R. MEETING

Offers Only 25,317 Shares, Against 170,404 Recorded for the Pennsylvania.

RE-ELECT ALL OF OLD BOARD

Resolution for Investigation by the Minority Referred to Directors.

The much heralded fight against the re-election of the directorate of the Long Island Railroad Company was made yesterday morning at the Long Island's offices and failed.

L. Laflin Kellogg, attorney for Dick Brothers & Co., who are suing the Long Island Company and also the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for an accounting of money alleged to have been spent by the Long Island for the particular benefit of the Pennsylvania, went to the meeting with 25,317 votes. This represented the shares gathered by his clients in the proxy fight which had been on for several months.

Mr. Kellogg knew that the Pennsylvania held 56 per cent. of the Long Island stock, 135,878 shares, but he soon discovered that the Long Island management had collected 34,528 votes from the open field, that is, a greater share of the minority stock than Dick Brothers & Co. had succeeded in getting. Against the combined vote of the majority, therefore, representing 170,404 shares, Mr. Kellogg presented his little handful, but spite his relative weakness, he got much attention.

The first business was the re-election of the thirteen directors of the Long Island. Mr. Kellogg took the floor.

"In behalf of a large number of minority stockholders," he began, "I protest against the election as Directors of this company of Samuel Rea, Thomas de Witt Cuyler, John P. Green, Henry Tatnall, Wallace W. Atterbury, Percival Roberts, Jr., and George D. Dixon, on the ground that the interest of these men as officers and Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company would conflict with their duties as Directors of the Long Island.

"I object also to the election of the other Directors of the board upon the ground that they have acted upon the request of the majority in many instances in favor of the Pennsylvania and against the best interests of the Long Island, and on the ground that they are subject to the domination and control of the Pennsylvania in their actions as Directors."

The vote was called for and Mr. Kellogg was met by the consolidated phalanx of the majority, the entire board being re-elected. Still he persisted, and this time he offered a resolution which read as follows:

> Resolved, That a committee composed of the minority stockholders of said company shall be appointed who shall be authorized to make an examination of the property, books, and accounts of the said Long Island Railroad Company in order to determine to what extent money has been improperly expended for the benefit of the Pennsylvania aRilroad Company, to pass upon any and all contracts which have been made between the Long Island Railroad Company and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company where an interlocking Directorate between the Pennsylvania aRilroad Company and the Long Island Railroad Company is found to exist, and that they be authorized, at the expense of this company, to employ a competent engineer and accountant for that purpose.

By the same vote this was referred to the incoming Board of Directors "for action."

"Just what I expected," said Mr. Kellogg after the meeting. "Now we will go on with our suit and we will fight it hard, and we will try to get it before the court at the earliest possible date."

In the near future the Long Island will pass on a suggestion made recently by Ralph Peters, the President, calling for an increase of the stock of the company from $12,000,000 to $45,000,000. Mr. Kellogg told a TIMES reporter yesterday that such an attempt would be vigorously opposed by his clients.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Cash premiums were lower in practically all the leading wheat markets yesterday, and, while this may have been due more to a pause in the demand than to any great pressure to sell, the fact remains nevertheless that it was easier to buy cash wheat than it was four or five weeks ago, despite repeated claims that the bulk of our stocks are owned abroad. Foreign interests were said to be buying May in Chicago to a limited extent, and at the close of the day that position was ⅝c lower, while in the local market May was offered down 2c a bushel without attracting buyers. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.61¼ and No. 2 hard $1.65¾, all rail, cost, insurance, and freight, track; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.57, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.57½, cost, insurance and freight, Buffalo, opening navigation.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	..	..	$1.60¾	$1.62¾	$1.00⅝
July	..	..	1.31¾	1.31⅞	95¼

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.66¾	$1.65¼	1.65¼	1.66¼	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.58	1.56½	1.56⅝	1.57⅝	92⅛
July	1.24⅜	1.23½	1.23½	1.24	86⅝
September	1.11⅝	1.10½	1.10⅝	1.10⅞	86⅝

CORN.

The market for corn was inactive and prices were easy under selling by commission houses prompted by further complaints of a slow cash demand and reports that cash corn was being placed in store in Chicago. Receipts at primary points were moderate and Bradstreet's visible showed a decrease of 3,492,000 bushels for the week, but total stocks are still large. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 83½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	74	72⅝	72¾	73⅝	67⅝
July	76¼	75½	75½	76	66⅝
September	76⅞	76	76⅛	76⅝	66

OATS.

The oats market was also lower under increased selling pressure, prompted by more favorable reports on the new crop outlook and less active cash demand. The local spot market was easy; standard quoted at 62½@63c; No. 2 white, 63@63½c; No. 3 white, 62@62½c; No. 4 white, 61@61½c; fancy clipped white, 64½@65½c; ordinary clipped white, 63½@64c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	57⅜	56⅝	56⅝	57⅛	37¼
July	54⅛	53⅝	53⅝	54	37⅜
September	46⅛	45⅜	45⅝	46	36

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was slightly higher early owing to an advance in the hog markets, but packers sold quite liberally, and toward the close values declined, with comparatively little support. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 15,000; estimated for Wednesday, 23,000; Kansas city received 15,000, and Omaha 11,500.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.22	10.12	10.12	10.22	10.47
July	10.50	10.37	10.37	10.50	10.60
Ribs—					
May	10.12	10.07	10.07	10.15	11.10
July	10.45	10.37	10.40	10.45	11.30
Pork—					
May	17.50	17.32	17.32	17.45	20.77
July	18.02	17.80	17.80	17.97	20.80

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market prices were weak, and at the close of the day showed net losses of 9@13 points.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.50@ ..	6.50
April	..	..	6.50@6.53	6.50
May	6.68	6.61	6.60@6.62	6.72
June	6.86	6.86	6.75@6.79	6.88
July	7.00	6.91	6.91@6.92	7.00
August	7.11	7.01	7.02@7.04	7.11
September	7.22	7.15	7.14@7.15	7.22
October	7.20	7.18	7.12@7.16	7.22
November	..	..	6.80@6.88	6.90

COFFEE.

At the opening of the coffee market yesterday prices were barely steady at 4 points lower to 1 point higher, compared with the previous close, but during the day offerings proved small, and when it was found that there was comparatively little May coffee for sale the entire list rallied, and at the close values were 5 to 7 points net higher. Total sales were 17,250 bags. The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7¾c.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April	..	..	5.87@5.88	5.80
May	5.86	5.81	5.90@5.91	5.85
June	..	..	5.95@5.96	5.90
July	7.06	7.00	7.06@7.07	7.00
August	..	..	7.13@7.14	7.08
September	7.19	7.16	7.21@7.23	7.15
October	..	..	7.26@7.27	7.20
November	..	..	7.32@7.33	7.25
December	7.35	7.33	7.37@7.39	7.31
January	..	..	7.44@7.45	7.38
February	..	..	7.51@7.52	7.45
March	..	..	7.58@7.60	7.52

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts for week, 37,935 packages; last week, 42,907 packages. Exports to Europe for week, 500 packages. Exports to other countries, 474 packages. There has been a sellers' market most of the week. Receipts have barely equaled the current requirements, in fact, at times the market has run short. Values made no change until Saturday, when ½c advance was established on most grades of fresh creamery. This has been held to the close, with the tone steady, but buyers are showing a little nervousness at the close, and it would need only a slight increase in receipts to turn the market downward. Current sales are at 32c for fresh creamery extras, and 32½@33c for the higher scoring lots. Firsts moved pretty well at 30@31c, and the demand particularly strong for grades below 30c; these have cleaned up very closely. Stocks of storage creamery are now very much reduced; there is some out-of-town demand at advanced prices. Renovated has gained a little, and ladles and packing stock are ruling steady. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 32c; higher scoring, 32½@33c; firsts, 30@31c; seconds, 28@29½c; thirds, 25½@27c; creamery, held, extras, (92 score,) 29c; firsts, 27@28c; seconds, 25@26½c; thirds, 22½@24c; State dairy, finest, 31@31½c; good to prime, 28@30c; common to fair, 22@27c; renovated, extras, 23½@24½c; firsts, 22½@23c; lower grades, 21@22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22@22½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 21½c; seconds, 20½@21c; lower grades, 19@20c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 20c; lower grades, 18½@19½c.

EGGS.—Receipts for week, 158,231 cases. The market has shown a generally hardening tendency during the last week, and the decline established early last week was fully recovered later. Distributing trade has been on a very moderate scale and continues quiet. But values for high-grade stock are being pretty well supported by a disposition to store the arrivals of selected eggs for shippers' account or for account of track buyers when sales cannot be made at proportionate values. There is little speculative demand on this market. For current packings of ungraded or only slightly assorted eggs the market is closing quiet and slightly in buyers' favor. Dirties have been selling fairly well, but close a shade easier. Checks in good demand and firm. Nearby white eggs cleaning up promptly, chiefly on demands for storage; current distributing trade light. Duck eggs dull and easier. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 22½@23c; storage packed, extra firsts, 22@22¼c; firsts, 21¼@22c; regular packed, extra firsts, 21½@22c; firsts, 20¾@21¼c; seconds, 20@20½c; thirds and poorer, 19¼@19½c; dirties, No. 1, 19¼@19½c; No. 2 and poorer, 18½@19c; checks, good to prime, dry, 18@18½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 23½c; defective, 22@23c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 22@23c; Western, gathered whites, 21½@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 22½@23c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20@22c; duck eggs, State and nearby, Indian runner, 24@25c; Baltimore, per dozen, 24@25c; Western, 22@24c; Tennessee and other good Southern, 22@23c; Far Southern, 21@22c; goose eggs, per dozen, 40@50c.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED CIGAR MANUFACTURERS' CO.
New York, April 12, 1915.

A quarterly dividend of one (1%) per cent. will be paid on the Common Stock of this Company on May 24th, 1915, to stockholders of record on April 24th, 1915, at 12 M.

W. A. SNYDER, Secretary.

This Board of Directors

assures conservative banking, and brings to the service of this Company and its customers the combined experience of successful business men. You are invited to confer with our officers in regard to banking or trust business. We pay interest on deposits.

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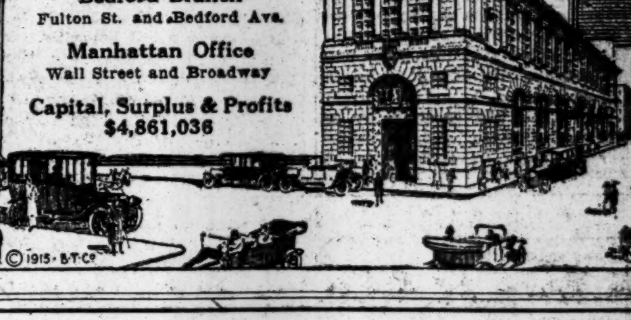

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Correspondence or interviews with persons considering the formation of trusts of any kind—for themselves or for others—are solicited.

UNION TRUST COMPANY, 80 Broadway

To the holders of the First and Refunding Mortgage Four Per Cent. Fifty-Year Gold Bonds of CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY AND OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. FORTY-YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE INDIANA, DECATUR & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY:

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Committee has received deposits of more than 72½% of the first named bonds and more than 66% of the second named bonds under the Protective Agreement dated July 9, 1914

The mortgages securing the respective bond issues are now under foreclosure and it is expected that decrees of foreclosure will shortly be entered. Undeposited bonds should be immediately deposited.

No further bonds will be received by THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the Depositary of the Committee, 37 Wall Street, New York City, after APRIL 26, 1915, except upon the approval of the Committee and upon such terms as the Committee may determine.

Dated, April 5, 1915.
WILLIAM A. READ, Chairman;
J. AUGUSTUS BARNARD,
HENRY E. COOPER,
FREDERICK H. ECKER,
GEORGE K. JOHNSON,
H. F. WHITCOMB,
ALBERT H. WIGGIN,
L. EDMUND ZACHER,
Committee.
F. E. MOWLE, Secretary,
28 Nassau Street, New York City.
CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT, Counsel.

To the Holders of First Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds of the Pensacola Hotel Company, Due January 1st, 1929:

The undersigned, Successor-Trustee under the mortgage given to secure the above described issue of bonds, desires under authority of said mortgage to expend the sum of Five Thousand One hundred fifty-three dollars and fifty-nine cents, ($5,153.59,) in the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided such purchase can in its opinion now be made advantageously. Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before April 29th, 1915, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

Bonds accepted must be delivered on April 30th or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Successor-Trustee.
GEORGE E. WARREN, Trust Officer.
Dated New York, April 6, 1915.

TO THE HOLDERS OF BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY COMPANY
Equipment Trust Bonds, Series "B."
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Article XIII. of the Indenture, dated May 1st, 1900, securing the above bonds, that sealed offers will be received up to 10 o'clock A. M., on Saturday, May 1st, 1915, by the undersigned at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York, for the sale to it as Trustee at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding par and accrued interest, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of $50,000. Offers should be sealed and endorsed "Offers for the sale of Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Company Equipment Trust Series 'B' Bonds to the Sinking Fund," and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
New York, April 2nd, 1915.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.
New York, March 19, 1915.

To the Holders of The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company's Three and One-Half Per Cent First Mortgage Gold Bonds:

You are hereby notified that The New York Central Railroad Company, corporate successor to The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, has appointed John H. Holliday of Indianapolis, Indiana, individual Trustee of and under The Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company's Three and One-Half Per Cent. Gold Bond Mortgage dated June 1, 1897, in place of John T. Dye, deceased.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

105% OF PAR AND INTEREST
The Denver Gas & Electric Co.
General Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS SECURED BY THE GENERAL MORTGAGE OF THE DENVER GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY, DATED MAY 1, 1903:

You are hereby notified that the Company intends to pay off and redeem the following numbered outstanding General Mortgage 5% Bonds, issued pursuant to the terms of the General Mortgage of The Denver Gas and Electric Company to the Trust Company of America (The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor by merger,) dated May 1, 1903; and the supplemental General Mortgage between the same parties, dated September 1, 1908, to wit:

One Thousand Dollar Bonds:

180	1117	2589	4132	7042
275	1175	2726	4140	7162
283	1275	2865	4447	7220
326	1442	2888	4483	7251
402	1502	2928	4906	7268
437	1647	3081	4928	7298
657	1746	3261	5089	7412
746	1760	3266	5172	7458
752	1828	3521	5200	7560
824	2105	3618	6366	7616
834	2126	3838	6517	7645
988	2201	3977	6702	7813
	2274	4086	7008	

$500.00 Bond: A49. $250.00 Bonds: B14 and B40. $100.00 Bonds: C91, C154, C177, C360, C435 and C445.

The above numbered bonds will be redeemed and paid at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, New York, on May 1, 1915, at the rate of 105% of par, plus accrued interest to that date, and upon such date all future interest upon such bonds will cease, and the coupons therefor will be void; of all of which you will please take notice.

THE DENVER GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
By FRANK W. FRUEAUFF, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY COMPANY
Equipment Trust Bonds, Series "A."
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Article XIII. of the Indenture dated May 1st, 1899, securing the above bonds, that sealed offers will be received up to 10 o'clock A. M. on Saturday, May 1st, 1915, by the undersigned at its office, No. 140 Broadway, New York, for the sale to it as Trustee at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered not exceeding par and accrued interest, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of $25,000. Offers should be sealed and endorsed "Offers for the sale of Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Company Equipment Trust Series 'A' Bonds to the Sinking Fund," and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
New York, April 2nd, 1915.

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The New York Times
TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK

ASSAIL DEBTS BILL AS MENACE TO STATE

Securities Would Flee by Carloads, Trust Company Official Asserts.

SAVINGS BANKS PROTEST

Commission Likely to be Named to Study the Tax Systems of Other States.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—Speaking at the hearing given this afternoon before the Senate Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment on the Mills Secured Debts bill, Senate Leader Elon R. Brown asserted that for five years to come there would be a direct tax in this State unless new sources of indirect revenue could be discovered.

"The direct tax will continue to go higher, instead of lower," he said, "unless we raise more by indirect taxation. This fact, with which we of the Legislature are confronted, is not any more pleasing to us than it is to the taxpayers of the State, but it is a fact which I desire to impress upon you very strongly."

There was practical unanimity of opinion among those who attended the hearing that the State's expenditures had outgrown its income, and that additional revenue must be provided. There also seemed to be virtual agreement among the speakers that the taxpayers must reconcile themselves to the prospect of a direct tax for some years to come.

As a result of statements made at the hearing both by speakers who appeared to oppose the provisions of the Mills bill and by members of the Senate Committee, it seems likely that some makeshift legislation with a view of raising additional revenues will be passed at the present session and that a legislative committee will be created for the purpose of investigating the tax systems of other States and devising some plan of raising new revenue here.

Representatives of trust companies and savings banks, insurance companies and real estate interests appeared at the hearing to oppose the Mills bill, which imposes an additional tax on certificates of indebtedness, secured by property, at the rate of $1.50 for each $1,000 par value in addition to a registration tax of $5 on each such bond running for a period of more than five years. Investment corporations, both domestic and foreign, joint stock companies, Trustees and executors and administrators of estates whether the property involved is within or beyond the State would be subject to the tax under the bill as originally drafted, but it was said at the hearing that some important exemptions would be created in an amended bill if there was any prospect of the proposed legislation going through.

"I have no doubt that there will be legislation along the lines suggested in this bill," said Senator Mills in advocating his measure. "When it was drafted we were uncertain as to whether the holdings of savings banks and insurance companies in this class of securities should be taxed. I regard it as most likely that they will be exempted before the bill goes to final passage. It is an established fact that some holders of securities are taxed too high and that others pay too little.

"My personal opinion is that we should provide some revenue from this source at the present session and then appoint a committee to investigate the whole subject of taxation and report back to next year's Legislature."

Threats that interest on deposits in savings banks would be reduced if the Mills bills became a law in its present form came from representatives of the savings institutions. The insurance men asserted that the enactment of the bill would drive the big insurance companies into other States and raise premium rates. James H. McIntosh, speaking for the New York Life Insurance Company, said that the bill would overturn the entire plan of taxation as it affects insurance companies.

"My company alone would be compelled to pay a registration tax of $4,775,000 in addition to its premium tax," he said. "This latter tax now amounts to some $300,000 annually. The company holds bonds valued at $1,333,260,000. It would virtually mean the confiscation of our property and a breach of our good faith and that of the State, for we have solicited business throughout the entire world on the pledge that these securities could not be touched.

"We have overcome the prejudice against investment in New York State on the ground that the money would be used in Wall Street for speculation, and now you propose to drive investors away again by this new threat of virtual seizure of our securities. You should not touch a single dollar belonging to a life insurance company."

"Don't always go after the corporations," said Robert Lynn Cox, Chairman of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents. "For each $100 that comes into our coffers we return $1 to the State. We realize that the State must have money, but it should not be got in this way, even though it is on the theory that it is easier to go after a corporation than it is to go after an individual. The individual can escape. The corporation cannot."

Charles A. Miller, representing the Savings Bank Association, said that the bill would affect the 3,000,000 depositors in the banks represented in the association harder than anybody else.

"The average savings of our depositors are but $400," said Mr. Miller. "If you impose this tax the market value of securities which we can hold will be materially decreased. One thing is probable—it will put an end to the payment of interest on the savings of the poor at the rate of 4 per cent."

John B. Price, representing the trust companies, said that the passage of the Mills bill would send carloads of securities for shelter into other States.

"That's what happened when the transfer tax law was enacted," he said. "It would be more disastrous in this case. It would threaten the financial supremacy of the State of New York."

Paul D. Cravath, who spoke toward the close of the hearing, urged an increased direct tax as a way out of the present financial difficulties of the State.

"You must exempt the savings banks and the insurance companies if you pass this bill," said Mr. Cravath. "Then how much will there be left? I certainly would not urge you to re-enact the old secured debts law. A modified secured debts law might do for the present—say with a tax of five mills and an exemption for five years. That's as far as most people look ahead. But there is no doubt that a commission of some kind should investigate this entire problem. The discussion today has shown the limitations of human wisdom behind the Mills bill."

In reply to a question by Senator Emerson, Chairman of the committee, as to what should be done to relieve the present situation, Mr. Cravath said that in his opinion any attempt to enact a new law for the taxation of securities in the rush of the closing days of a session would end in confusion and do infinite harm to the business interests of the State.

"I can say that Jacob H. Schiff agrees with me," he said, "in declaring that it would be fatal to atempt radical legislation of this nature at the present session. Mr. Schiff believes that there should be a revision with regard to the present distribution of the tax burden as between real estate and personal property."

PARK LAND FOR SUBWAY.

Bill Would Take a Strip of Zoological Garden, Giving Another.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—A bill, introduced by Assemblyman Hoff of Brooklyn and passed in the Assembly today, would grant a narrow strip of Bronx Park property for subway purposes. The strip is five to six blocks long, approximately, from Unionport Road to a point opposite the intersection of Van Buren Street and Morris Park Avenue.

Assemblyman Hoff said tonight:

"The strip it is proposed to take measures about 112,000 square feet. The park would receive in return a triangular plot measuring 115,400 square feet, which now makes a dent in the park's line."

The occasion for the bill is the difficulty encountered in the construction of the White Plains Road extension of the subway past Bronx Park. Near Unionport Road the line has to go between the right-of-way of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad and the park, and there is not enough space there. Under these circumstances the commission suggested an exchange of a semi-circular parcel of ground it had bought between the subway tracks and the park for the needed strip of park land. This would add to the ease of operating the new subway line, as it would allow the construction on an embankment of a siding, which would be of value in handling the crowds that come to Bronx Park on fine days in Summer.

For a time the commission thought the park authorities would assent to the exchange willingly, but recently considerable opposition has sprung up, and it has been contended that the construction of the subway through this corner would necessitate the sacrifice of some valuable pin-oaks. So Park Commissioner Whittle has shown a disposition to refuse assent to the siding project.

While opposition in the Bronx to the commission's plan is considerable, some civic organizations are likely to aid it. The Bronx Board of Trade will support the commission in the negotiations with the borough and city authorities.

AUCTION SALES

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Frankenthal Bros. Company, makers of the Famous Geisha Waist, Retiring from Business, will be sold tomorrow, Thursday, and Friday, April 15th and 16th, 1915, commencing at 10:30 A. M. each day on premises, 16-18 West 22d St., (near 5th Av.,) N. Y. C., occupying 3 floors.

By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.

This stock consists of the highest quality Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Allovers, Insertions, Edgings, Yokes, Collars, Medallions, Galloons, Panels, Fronts, Val., Venice, Irish Cluny, Net, Top, Torchon, Fancy Cotton and Silk Laces, all of the daintiest and most exclusive designs; also a stock of Crepe Chiffons, Voiles, Lawns, Batistes, Cambrics and Colored Lawns; also a good line of all kinds of Findings, including a large stock of Pearl Buttons. FIXTURES—Consists of Mahogany R. T. Desks, Tables with glass covers, Chairs, Show Room Cabinets, Partition, Rugs, Electric Fans, Chandeliers, Typewriter and Billing Machines, Office Tables, Trunks, Card Cases, Multigraph and Stamping Machines. LAUNDRY PLANT—Modern, fully equipped, consisting of Locke Machines, Neck Band and Cuff Presses, Air Pumps, Band Starcher, Dampening Machines and American Laundry Dry Room, all with motors; 15 gal. Copper Starch Cooker, Wash Tubs, Ironing Tables, Pressing Irons, Water Filters, Gas Oven, Stove and Fixtures. ENTIRE PLANT—Consists of National Buttonhole, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 8 Needle Tucking Machines, Union Special Overlock, 95-1 and 95-2, 61 W Singer Chain Stitch, W. & G., Collander and Pleating Machines, Power Tables, Small Motors, Machinist Room filled with Parts, Cutting Tables, Counters, Work Chairs, Oil Cans with Pumps, and in fact everything to be found in an establishment of this kind. I will also sell the

Trademark GEISHA, including the names of customers,

which should prove a great asset for any one in the Waist Manufacturing line.

Inspection today, Wednesday, April 14th, 1915, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M. with descriptive Catalogue.

☞Auctioneer's Personal Comment. NOTICE!—In calling your attention to the above announcement I desire to impress upon you the unusual attractiveness of this offering. The reputation of this concern was universally renowned, and every item presented at this sale represents the very finest that can be secured, and adaptable for the finest retail, importing and manufacturing trade. Will be sold strictly without reserve. Auctioneer's Office, 15-17 Mercer St., N. Y. C. Telephone, Spring 4299.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

NOW ON VIEW

Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries

Silo Building, 546 Fifth Ave., and 1-5 West 45th Street.

MR. JAMES P. SILO, AUCTIONEER,

Will offer at Public Sale, TOMORROW (THURS.), FRIDAY and SATURDAY, at 2:30 P. M. each day,

A Magnificent Collection of Persian Potteries

ANCIENT MANUSCRIPT AND MINIATURES, VENETIAN GLASS AND OTHER OBJECTS OF PERSIAN ART,

The Property of (MIRZA LAZAR RAFFY) of Teheran and Paris.

With This Rich Collection Will Be Offered 50 Very Fine Antique Imperial

PERSIAN AND CHINESE RUGS

MERCHANDISE.

FIRE UNDERWRITERS SALE

TOMORROW, THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. at our salesroom, 23 WALKER ST., CITY,

will sell at public auction for account of whom it may concern, entire salvage stock of B. S. KAHN, (wholesale jobber,) 158 Canal St., City, inventorying about $15,000.00, consisting of

Jobbers' Stock

in original boxes and packages.

LADIES' MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, SWEATER COATS, BATHING SUITS, CORSETS, SHIRTS, GLOVES, OVERALLS AND JUMPERS, SUSPENDERS, HDKFS., UMBRELLAS, NOTIONS, Etc., Etc., COMFORTABLES. Also RAIN COATS.

95% of the stock in perfect condition, 5% damaged. Stock worthy of attention of the jobbing and retail trade. Stock arranged for sale by

LEOPOLD GANS COMPANY

J. FRENKEL, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

DANIEL GREENWALD, Auctioneer,

Sells Today, Wednesday, April 14, at 10:30 A. M., at 74 FIFTH AVE.,

25,000 YARDS

WOOLENS

Consisting of Chinchillas, Mixtures, Zibelines, Plaids, Stripes, Suitings, Serges, Plush, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Astrakhan, Pongee, Broadcloth, Trimmings, Braids, Buttons, Cotton, &c.

MACHINERY

2 Cutting Machines, Cutting Table, Fans, Pressing Boards, Irons, 1 3-H. P. Motor, 1½-H. P. Motor, &c. For the Estate of S. Levy. By order of JACOB RIEGER, Executor, 256 Broadway, N. Y. City.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS

BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,

OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14TH, 1915,

at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

20 shs. American Smelting & Ref'g Co. prefd.
4 shs. New Jersey Zinc Co.
35 shs. E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. prefd.
13 shs. Washington Trust Co. (Corn Exchg. B'k Ctf.)
10 shs. National Lead Co. common.
146 shs. Pennsylvania R. R. Co.
1 sh. Farmers Loan & Trust Co.
5 shs. United States Steel Corpn. prefd.
40 shs. United States Steel Corpn. common.
52 shs. Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn.
3 shs. National Fuel Gas Co.
28 shs. Brooklyn Athenaeum & Reading Room.
400 shs. Bonanza Chief Gold Mining Co.
10 shs. Empire Woollen Co.
$8,000 Selma, Rome & Dalton R. R. Co. 2d Mtge. 7 p. c. Bd.
15 shs. Astor Trust Co.
1 sh. N. Y. Society Library.
1 sh. Brooklyn Academy of Music.
10 shs. Kings County Mortgage Co.
5 shs. People's Natl. Fire Insurance Co.
3½ shs. People's Surety Co.
30 shs. Shinnecock Hills and Peconic Bay Realty Co.
100 shs. Central & South American Telegraph Co.
400 shs. City & Suburban Homes Co.

FOR ACCOUNT OF TRUSTEES.

200 shs. Farmers' Deposit National Bank of Pittsburgh.
5 shs. Fidelity Title & Trust Co. of Pittsburgh.
80 shs. Pittsburgh Bank for Savings.
18 shs. Bank of Pittsburgh.

BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATOR.

10 shs. Bridgeport Land & Improvement Co., Bridgeport, Ala.
5,000 shs. Kerber Mining & Development Co.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

2 shs. Consolidated Power & Light Co. of South Dakota prefd.
10 shs. Consolidated Power & Light Co. of South Dakota common.
$5,250 Jamaica Bay Manf'g Co. 1st Mtge. 6% 20-year Bds., 1927, July, 1914, coupons on.
$8,500 Atlantic Gas & Electric Co. 1st Lien Skg. Fund 5% Gold Bonds, 1920, Dec., 1914, coupons on.
$270,000 Washington-Oregon Corporation 2d Mtge. 6% Bonds, due April, 1933, Oct., 1914, coupon on.
$25,000 M. Rumely Co. Purchase Ctfs. 48% paid, issued by Equitable Trust Co., N. Y.
50 shs. Porto Rican-American Tobacco Co. common.
$1,000 United Lead Debenture 5% Bond.
10 shs. United States Title Guarantee Co.
50 shs. First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
8 shs. Metropolitan Trust Co.
10 shs. N. Y. Life Insurance & Trust Co.
$2,000 Central New Hampshire Power Co. Ctfs. of Indebtedness.
5 shs. Union Trust Co.
100 shs. Denver Union Water Co. prefd. Trust Co. Rcpt.
21 shs. Sultepec Elec. Light & Power Co.
$6,000 Sultepec Elec. Light & Power Co. 1st Con. 6% S. F. Bds., 1958, Nov., 1914, coupon on.
100 shs. German-American Insurance Co.

MERCHANDISE.

DAVID W. BIOW CO.,

520-522 BROADWAY.

Tel. 6680-6681 Spring, near Spring St.

To-day, Wednesday, Apr. 14th, 10:30 A. M.

Special Peremptory Auction Sale Without Limit or Reserve

LARGE AND SEASONABLE

Retail Stock

Clothing

for Men, Youths & Children, consisting of Men's & Youths'

Suits, Trousers, Spring Top Coats, Children's Knicker & Novelty Suits, Odd Coats, Knee Pants.

The above offering comprises only high-grade merchandise, most of the garments bearing the label of a prominent maker.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctrs., will sell

To-m'w, Thursday, April 15, at 10:30 a. m. At our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N.Y.C.

Salvage Stock

of a Clothing Manufacturer,

Tailors' Trimmings, Knee Pants, Overcoats,

500 original pieces sleeve linings, serges, alpacas, mohairs, Venetians, canvas, padding, buttons, etc., 90% in perfect condition.

2500 Pr. Boys' Knickerbocker Knee Pants,

300 Men's Medium Weight Overcoats.

HENRY LILLY CO., Auctioneer,

88-90 Reade St.

Wednesday, April 14th, 10:30 A. M.

—SHOES—

In addition to usual assortment special offering of discontinued lines by a large mail order house. **Trade sales of Shoes every Wednesday and Friday.**

MISCELLANEOUS.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT A CERtain bond and mortgage made by the MEILWIN REALTY & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, to ERNEST WENIGMANN dated February first, 1911, and duly recorded February 2nd, 1911, in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, and given to secure the sum of Thirteen thousand, eight hundred and fifty dollars, and covering premises known by the street numbers 1,680-1,686-1,692 and 1,696 Clay Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City and State of New York, less, however, Nos. 1,686-1,692 and 1,696 Clay, heretofore released from the lien of said mortgage, and held by the estate of CHARLES C. SIEVERS, deceased, as collateral for note of Two thousand, five hundred dollars, and interest from November 10th, 1913, less payments on account thereof, leaving the amount due of the sum of Nineteen hundred dollars ($1,900,) will be sold at public auction at Exchange Salesrooms, 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on April 30th, 1915, at 12:30 o'clock P. M., by ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON, auctioneers, unless the amount due as above stated is paid to the owner on or before the 27th day of April, 1915.

New York, April 10, 1915.

MARIE SIEVERS,
Administratrix of the Estate of CHARLES C. SIEVERS, Dec'd, Lienor.

Charles Shongood, Auctioneer,

will sell on Wednesday, APRIL 28TH, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. at 539 BROADWAY, New York City,

MACHINERY & FIXTURES

of

FREEDMAN BROTHERS COMPANY,

consisting of

machine heads and stands, motors, power tables, cutting tables, forms, baskets, chairs, electric fans, electric lamps, racks, trunks, filing cabinets, bookkeepers' desks, show tables, partitions, etc.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer, sells on Wednesday, April 14th, at 10:30 A. M., at the place of business of Joseph Samuels & Co., Inc., No. 129 West 20th Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City, large amount of modern machinery used in the manufacture of braids, etc.; also office fixtures, to satisfy the balance due upon a mortgage of $37,000 made by Hortense Munter to Jacob Rosenthal. MARKS & MARKS, Attorneys for Mortgagee, 63 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

METCALF COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Metcalf Company, silversmiths, at 5 East Thirty-fifth Street, by Thomas G. Brown & Son, $4,685; Thomas Craig, $23, and Thomson & Co., $98. The company was incorporated in 1902 with capital stock $50,000. Liabilities, $30,000; nominal assets about the same.

STEINBERG BROS., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Steinberg Bros., Inc., manufacturers of underwear at 73 Wooster Street, by S. Berk, $327; Ira Janowsky, $1,800, and Morton I. Davis, $14. Liabilities are $50,000 and assets $25,000.

JOHN D. MANTON of 6 Church Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $69,707 and assets $10,851.

SARAH ADLER, an actress, of 68 Lenox Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,875 and no assets.

HENRY HEITLINGER.—Two petitions in bankruptcy have been filed against Henry Heitlinger, dealer in furniture at 1,328 Wilkens Avenue. He has made an assignment to Max Cedarbaum. Liabilities $7,500 and assets $5,000.

J. WALLACH'S SONS.—Isaac and Jacob Wallach, doing business as J. Wallach's Sons, manufacturers of cigars at 1,524 Broadway and 122 East Fourteenth Street, have made an assignment to Samuel Strasbourger. A petition in bankruptcy has also been filed against them. Liabilities, $10,000; assets, $1,500.

SAMUEL HORENSTEIN, doing business as the Leading Waist and Dress Company at 450 Grand Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $1,772 and assets $418.

SOLOMON SOBOL.—Judge Hand has appointed John L. Lyttle receiver for Solomon Sobol, dealer in paints at 2,986 Third Avenue. Liabilities, $30,000; assets, $10,000.

A. SAMUELS & CO.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy, filed against Abraham Samuels, doing business as A. Samuels & Co., and also the Union Hair Company at 47 Walker Street on a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

JACOB SOSNOVSKY.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed by Jacob Sosnovsky, a jewelry salesman of 617 East Twelfth Street, on a settlement at 19 cents on the dollar.

ACME METAL CEILING COMPANY of 512 East 118th Street has filed schedules showing liabilities $44,969 and assets $50,459, consisting of stock, $2,500; horses and trucks, $862; office furniture and improvements to building, $4,000; accounts, $17,949; unliquidated claims, $24,948, and cash in bank, $200.

SOL MAY, dealer in threads at 529 Broadway, has filed schedules showing liabilities $2,345 and assets $,237.

HORWITZ & KURLAND DRESS COMPANY of 28 West Thirty-eighth Street has filed schedules showing liabilities $1,519 and assets $1,050.

MORRIS L. WEISS, roofing and cornices, at 406 East Twenty-fifth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities $24,923 and assets $10,805.

PELLICH BROTHERS.—David and Solomon Pellich, formerly jobbers in curtains, quilts, and covers at 108 and 110 Stanton Street, made an assignment to Henry M. Diamond.

ABRAHAM KEILSON, dealer in clothing at 2,125 Second Avenue, has made an assignment to Anton Gronich.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Pierce Emporium, bankrupts; debts, $32,279; assets, $58,655.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Autler, Lester and Charlotte C.—W. Schoncke, $408.41.
Addicks, Wm. H.—Current Literature Pub. Co., $155.41.
Amsterdam News—H. F. Hart, $250.
Asphalt Paving & Cont. Co.—City of N. Y., costs, $116.10.
Abrams, Ray S.—E. Schilt et al., $10,921.07.
Buedingen, Robert—E. V. Herman, $128.10.
Baker, John—N. C. Durham, $741.87.
Birdseye, Clarence F.—G. W. Parrott, $1,182.64.
Baily, Horace G.—Brooklyn Chair Co., $116.31.
Billings, Elise S.—J. M. Billings, $600.
Chinese-American Food Co.—L. S. Hoe, $867.15.
Canfield, Abram L.—Montauk Bank, $1,179.31.
Conklin, Isaac—J. Saxl et al., costs, $117.80.
Same—J. Saxl et al., costs, $107.95.
Ciocco, James J. and Maddalina—Clausen-Flanagan Brewery, $343.17.
Commercial Delivery Co., and Henry Schultz—R. Lownes, $500.
Cooke, Horace G.—A. B. Conklin, $437.34.
Clarke, Anna S., and Wm. H. Wagar—Russian Human Hair Co., $229.99.
Cohen, Morris—American Slicing Machine Co., $136.91.
Collins, Toan & Co.—Burns Bros., $457.71.
D'Aguilal, Giuseppe and Samuel—J. D. Braue, $838.35.
Davis, Lewis K.—Concrete Steel Co., $539.09.
De Kalb Holding Co. and Samuel A. Cunningham—Madison Theatre Co., $11,614.54.
Dumont Mortgage & Realty Co. and Leon S. Moiseiff—S. S. Schwartz, $265.52.
Dun, Thomas J.—J. Enright, $505.40.
Frank, Harold A.—J. Hammerman, $351.29.
Finger, Samuel—Carnegie Const Co., $124.41.
Fashion Fur Co., Inc.—H. Vergesslich, $585.19.
Film Amusement Co., Inc., and Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Gross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co., $401.60.
Same—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $262.09.
Carlucci, John—Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co., $401.60.
Same—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $398.72.
Same—Larkin Lumber Co., $370.01.
Same—Spota & Di Martini, Inc., $687.28.
Same—Empire Architectural Iron Works, Inc., $429.02.
Same—F. Trucchia, $234.26.
Same—L. H. Jarchow et al., $156.18.
Same—Savoy Cornice & Skylight Works, $208.23.
Same—F. Angelli, $263.87.
Goepfrich, Abraham—Robert Griffin Co., $112.36.
Graham, James—Interstate Note & Holding Co., $114.91.
Grunig, Louis, Jr.—M. S. Croguet, $380.50.
Gourley, Franklyn M.—Times Square Automobile Co., $2,089.70.
Grossmith, Thomas H.—J. Milton, $191.91.
Gordon, Gallagher Co.—J. Benner, $900.
George F. Picken Construction Co.—Robert Griffin Co., Washington Heights Branch, $323.86.
Herzfelder, Leopold H., and Jacob Kohn—Buchenholz & Birnbaum, $5,174.19.
Haiss, Marie L.—W. H. White, $1,204.08.
Hajek, Frank, William Hajek, John Zahradnik, and Harold H. Newberry—James F. Bernascheff Building Construction Co., Inc., $1,107.66.
Herzig, Simon—C. Conynge, $727.62.
High Grade Muff Bed Co.—H. B. Claflin Corporation, $104.31.
Joffe, Jacob, by guardian—C. De Siano, $2,340.53.
John M. Brisen Co., Inc—R. D. Douglas et al., $466.76.
Janow, Robert—B. H. R. R. Co., $110.77.
Kerr, C. Herbert—National Printing and Engraving Co., $693.21.
Kinsella, Clinton W.—S. Stiner et al., $419.23.
Kolesidis, Christos—C. Metongi, $346.56.
Kutzleb, Walter N., Howard C. Dickinson, Rafael R. Govin—F. C. Mearns, $17,137.24.
Kinon, Hyman—M. B. Schornen & Sons, $149.06.
Kennedy, Edw. A.—M. Hallanan, $344.70.
Karnofsky, Kollman—M. Levine et al., $126.11.
Lande, Sadie—N. Y. Rys. Co., costs, $143.88.
Levine, Harry—Burns Bros., $195.73.
Levy, Morris—D. L. Schilt et al., $5,460.85.
Levin, William—Robert Griffin Co., $106.36.
Levinson, Sam—L. Taub, $211.86.
Mulinos, George—J. Butler et al., $757.58.
Mica Film Corp.—A. J. Davis, $572.72.
McMullen, Snare & Triest, Inc.—I. Kurak et al., $1,270.15.
Mahler, Albert and Marie—J. Appell, $240.12.
MacDonald, Robert E.—John W. Lyon & Sons, $113.21.
Mackenzie School—W. T. Littig & Co., $638.28.
Mack, R. Walter—Wm. E. Weiner, Inc., $1,116.50.
Megibow, David, Samuel Jurow, and Harry Megibour—M. Rubin, $112.45.
New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago R. R. Co.—S. Hess, $244,003.20.
Nathan, Geo. W.—L. Shapiro et al., $1,105.47.
Pardon, F. Cecil—E. S. Carr, $332.91.
Poster, Harry—M. Hynes et al., $131.25.
Rosenberg, Sidney—A. Clayburgh et al., $117.81.
Sprague, Frank C.—James H. Harnden Co., $445.36.
Simon, Joseph, and Charles Willersdorf—People, &c., $500.
Schapiro, Solomon—J. Wasserman, $112.15.
Universal Audit Co. of N. Y.—W. H. Long, $249.20.
Walnut Cabinet Co.—F. J. Newcomb Co., $235.96.
Warshowsky, Samuel and Anna—Century Bank, $121.79.
Weissman Co.—J. Dear, $206.97.
Wayburn, Edw. C.—Fagel & Co., $354.86.
Weiss, Fannie—D. Bossak et al., $133.83.
Zraly, Frank—A. Weis, $104.88.

In Bronx County.

Altieri, Carmen—City of New York, $264.72.
Same—Same, $264.72.
Same—Same, $264.72.
Brettholz-Krumholz Construction Co., Harry Brettholz and Felix Krumholz—K. Dodge, $1,747.29.
Citron, Sam—A. Heyert et al., $34.41.
Damsey, Joseph A.—E. H. Withers et al., $68.25.
Galella, Anthony—A. Stein et al., $23.44.
Importers & Traders' Building Co., Inc.—Water Supervision Co., Inc., $35.72.
Kroll Electrical Contracting Co. and Sam Kroll—Cosmopolitan Bank, $165.07.
Kronoff, Edward O.—Victor Typewriter Co., Inc., $74.72.
Leyes, Louis—Patterson Bros., $41.85.
Lowenstein, Moses—H. Warne et al., $85.94.
Marsilio, Joseph—I. Bonnerwith et al., $24.40.
Newman, Adolph—P. Dubin, $110.48.
Omelia, Mary—S. Wellins, $37.72.
Powers, Harry L.—Water Supervision Co., $37.72.
Raske, David—Rogers Peet Co., $35.50.
Richman, Sidney—E. A. Duncan, $5,591.77.
Teichman, Edward B.—M. Yarusso, $40.60.
Todd, Beatrice—Triangle Waist Co., $3,551.13.
Weinberg, Julius—C. S. Rosenberg, $29.72.
Weinrib, Edward C.—F. Reifowitz, $21.81.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Blake, Michael—Ossining National Bank, Feb. 14, 1913, $3,461.70.
Cox, Daniel J.—A. H. Skillin, Dec. 17, 1912, $674.41.
City Real Estate Improvement Corp.—A. Panka, Mar. 18, 1915, $110.68.
Frankfeldt, Schulman & Eisenstadt, Inc.—R. W. Dunaway, Feb. 25, 1915, $175.26.
La Covara, Giuseppe—Southwestern Surety Ins. Co., April 7, 1915, $2,500.
Marx, Louis—A. A. Berge, Dec. 3, 1914, $230.41.
Progressive Motion Picture Corp., Inc.—Film Stock Co., Jan. 8, 1915, $847.85.
Rooney, Patrick—J. R. Alvarez, Oct. 26, 1914, $130.51.
S. C. Marum Co., Inc., and Carmine Stabile—I. Portegas, Dec. 28, 1911, $422.41.
Winkler, Ludwig—R. F. Lang, Feb. 4, 1915, $209.79.
Swirson, Meyer—B. H. De Hunt, Oct. 24, 1914, (canceled,) $1,126.08.
Century Holding Co.—Tenement House Dept., March 31, 1915, (vacated,) $264.72.
Obel, Moshe Chevra Thilim—I. Bock, April 9, 1915, (vacated,) $1,023.73.
Brady, Thomas J. Jr., and Frank P. McDonald—City Kalamein Co., Inc., April 3, 1915, (canceled,) $250.34.

In Bronx County.

Weinstock, Abraham—B. Kraus, April 9, 1915, $176.84.

INSTRUCTION.

The Berlitz School of Languages

Now at

30 WEST 34TH STREET

(Between 5th Ave. and Broadway.)

BUSINESS WORLD

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Where Manufacturer and Buyer Meet. Telephone Bryant 1000. 45c per agate line. Count six words to the line.

SPECIAL OFFERING

OF IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

SHANTUNGS;

ALSO POLO DOTS.

SILK CLEARING HOUSE OF AMERICA,

114 EAST 23D ST.

EXPORT—EUROPE.—Anglo-German Agency, established 15 years in London, with large European connection, opening Branch Office at Hamburg on peace-declaration, desires to arrange with American Manufacturers European agency. Only few important lines with good prospects of big sales accepted. Principals have large experience in European countries and are good organizers of big business. Highest Banking and Trade references. Representative now in New York could give considerable time to studying and preparing business to be represented. Please reply to Y 281, Times Annex.

THE ANDERSON BROS. CO., Portsmouth, Ohio, are open for women's underpriced suits and other ready-to-wear, white goods, laces, embroideries, women's and children's hosiery and underwear; buyers will look at samples, (Wednesday) afternoon, 2 till 5, at Room 1,310, Cuyler Building

OUR NEW TELEPHONE NUMBERS ARE CHELSEA 3143-4.
R. KRAUSE & SON,
22 WEST 19TH STREET.

WILL BUY a quantity of heavy-grade satin striped crepe de chine; also a quantity of heavy quality of plain crepe de chine. Wear Well Waist Co., 15 West 24th. Telephone Faragut 9619.

FOR THE JOBBING TRADE. We are in the market for ladies' sport coats of white chinchilla, shepherd checks, &c., for immediate delivery. Call between 10 and 11, 31 East 28th St., seventh floor.

READY TO CLOSE out 400 suits, latest styles and materials; 500 coats lined and unlined, checks, poplins, gabardine, at low prices. Julius Pollack, 36 West 25th St.

JOBS IN SILK SUITS, SKIRTS and WASH DRESSES wanted, for cash. Apply Room 507, 303 Fifth Av., 9 and 10 A. M.

OPEN TO BUY FOR SPOT CASH BOYS' and children's clothing of every description in large quantities. Confidential, Y 325 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Am open for good $9 line of ladies' waists; travel Pennsylvania, New York; have good following. W 157 Times.

JOB of 300 serge, poplin, gabardine skirts, to close out. B. S. Black & Co., 22 West 27th St.

Jobber looking at infants', children's, ladies', and juniors' pile fabric coats; all week from 9 A. M. to 12. 5 W. 17th St., 9th floor.

Buyer for general stores desires jobs for cash in ladies' and misses' wearing apparel. B. R. S. Co., 32 Greene St. Tel. Spring 358.

CONTRACTOR WITH 20 MACHINES wishes to connect with a reliable dress manufacturer or jobber. Phone Stuyvesant 3470.

SAMPLE TRUNKS for sale, model, swatch and ordinary; also time clock. 84 5th Av., 8th floor. Telephone Chelsea 4184.

Jobber looking at ladies' and junior Fall cloth coats, snappy styles. Write for appointment, Y 335 Times Annex.

Wanted.—Job in suits and coats. Call with samples, J. J. Freedman of St. Paul, Minn., 1,133 Broadway, Room 1,416.

WANTED—All kinds ladies' wearing apparel; cash. National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard. Franklin 4343.

WESTERN JOBBER is now looking at Fall lines of cloaks; write for appointment. Y 332 Times Annex.

Trunks to hire by week or month for commercial salesman. Helton & Velling, 21 West 3d St.

Manufacturer making silk knitted coats wants jobber to take entire outfit. W 140 Times.

WILL BUY JOBS cheap men's, women's underwear, corset covers, hosiery. M 105 Times.

CASH FOR JOBS ladies', misses' wearing apparel. Gross, 29 Greene St. Spring 886.

Jobber looking at ladies' Palm Beach suits and coats. 146 West 25th St., 12th floor.

OPEN FOR JOBS COATS, SUITS and dresses, for cash. Handel's, 336 6th Av.

WILL BUY SILKS of all descriptions. Oppenheimer & Bro., 112 East 19th St.

Jobber will look at Summer waists and dresses. Jay Mfg. Co., 103 5th Av.

BIG LOTS of snappy Spring coats to close out at low prices. 54-56 West 3d St.

OPEN for jobs, coats, suits, and dresses, for cash. Handel's, 336 6th Av.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3½@4 per cent. for the best names
Monday.....3½@4 " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

⁂

Crude Rubber Market Quiet.

The market in crude rubber is quiet, but prices are firm in the absence of selling pressure. This holds good despite quite liberal arrivals of plantation rubber from London late last week. Upriver is quoted here at 59 to 60 cents a pound. Smoked sheets are selling at 66 cents and pale crepe is priced at 65 cents.

⁂

Higher Prices Ahead for Burlap.

There is a good spot demand for both light and heavyweight burlap. Prices are ruling firmer. The Calcutta market is showing a strong upward tendency under the influence of good South American buying. On goods to arrive, particularly on lightweights, prices are higher than on spot goods. Quotations on 40-inch goods are: Seven and one-half ounce, 5 cents; eight-ounce, 5.10 cents, and 10½-ounce, 6.30 cents.

⁂

Have All the Cloth Needed.

A report in the piece goods market has to do with the great quantity of khaki which the English Government has on hand for manufacturing into uniforms. The difficulty being experienced in that country, it is said, rests not in obtaining cloth, but in getting it made into garments. This has encouraged many of the cutters up here to believe that there may still be some more work for them to get, although the mill agents have practically made up their minds that there will be little doing in the way of further English contracts for some time to come.

⁂

Gray Goods Active.

The market in gray goods was a strong and active one yesterday. In 38½ inch, 68-72s for delivery up to July 1, 4¾ cents was obtained. The market was cleaned up on 39 inch 72-76s at 5½c, the mills asking 5⅝c. There was a good all-around demand on sheetings, drills, and plain goods, business coming from all over the country and producing activity in many branches hitherto quiet. Spot prices follow:

39-inch,	80-80s	6⅛c	38½-inch,	64-56s	3⅞c
39-inch,	72-76s	5½c	38½-inch,	60-52s	3⅜c
39-inch,	68-72s	4¾c	38½-inch,	60-48s	3½c
38½-inch,	64-64s	4⅛c	27-inch,	64-60s	*2¾c
38½-inch,	64-60s	4c	27-inch,	56-52s	2⅛c

*Bid.

⁂

Not So Easy to Pirate.

Contrary to the general feeling on the subject of style piracy, one house at least in the clothing trade makes no effort to guard against this abuse. They have found, according to one of their executives, that it is practically impossible for the "small fellow" to copy a garment originated by them so that the difference is not at once apparent between the original creation and the imitation. First of all, he explained, the designer would have to be a leader in his profession to turn out a perfect imitation, and, if the designer for the style pirate was a leader, he would not be working for a house other than a representative one. Again, the tailors employed in making the garment have to be above the average in skill, another difficulty scarcely to be overcome by the small concern.

⁂

Look for an Adjustment.

The Board of Arbitration in the cloak and suit industry, which has taken up the controversy between the manufacturers and the union, will bring both parties together at a session to be held next Friday. The board is now engaged in sounding out the representatives of both the organization of employers and that of the workers, and, with the information obtained, will be in a position to judge the merits of the case much better when the joint session is held later in the week. The feeling is gaining ground among the manufacturers that a more definite decision will be given by the board at the conclusion of its sittings this time, than was the case at the last hearings. It was found necessary, one manufacturer pointed out yesterday, when the protocol was first put into operation, to "steer clear of specific definitions in order to avoid trouble."

⁂

How to Hold Orders.

There are very few selling agents in the men's wear market who can boast this season of having set a record for holding the orders that were placed on their books when the season opened. Prices were raised to accomplish this, but the trick is an old one and did not serve to deter many clothiers from canceling goods that they afterward believed had been placed to a disadvantage. One house, however, makes more than the usual effort to have its word respected. As the selling agent pointed out, a good many of the mills make the mistake of promising all sorts of things to their customers, and then complain that those same customers cancel on them. "If anything is to be done along the line of eliminating the cancellation evil," he said, "the mills have first to keep their own promises of deliveries and hold to their own contracts."

⁂

Anthracite Trade Brisk.

In the anthracite trade, The Coal Trade Journal will say today, there is little complaint regarding the present situation, as both the companies and the independent operators have all the business they can handle. Taking the country over, the demand is pretty well divided between the different domestic sizes, but the local trade is calling for a disproportionate amount of egg, with stove the second choice. The situation in the steam sizes has not changed much in the last two or three weeks except in the case of pea, which is decidedly weaker, some grades at the lower ports being available at $3 or even less. In bituminous, though there has been no perceptible broadening of demand, the market is firmer than it was a short time ago, owing to better regulation of shipments. For export there are many inquiries, but the vessel situation has not relaxed enough to permit of much business being done.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Took Long to Settle Whether Sulphur Was Crude or Refined.

Several years ago the firm of George S. Bush & Co. imported some sulphur from Japan. What rate of duty should be paid on it was not decided until yesterday, when Judge McClelland, for the Board of General Appraisers, settled it. Meanwhile, a lot of things happened. In January, 1912, for instance, a commission was issued to take testimony in Japan, but, as the commission was not returned a year later, the matter was replaced on the calendar for trial. On Sept. 13, 1913, a second commission to take testimony was issued, and it also failed to return. Finally, on Dec. 2, 1914, the case was heard and submitted for decision at the Port of San Francisco. The question was whether the sulphur, which was in powder form, was crude or refined. There was only one witness and he was for the importers. He said the material had been powdered from lump sulphur, but admitted it was known in the trade as powdered refined sulphur. Judge McClelland overruled the importers' protest and affirmed the Collector at Port Townsend, who had assessed the article at $4 per ton.

In the case of an importation of sperm oil at Seattle, the question was one of quantity. The Government weigher stated the amount to be 7304.7 gallons. The importer, C. D. Soule, insisted it was only 7174.5 gallons. Judge May, who rendered the decision of the Appraisers' Board yesterday, said the weight on which the number of gallons was based, as ascertained by the Government weigher, was not conclusive, "but the strong presumption is in favor of its correctness, and where that is called in question by protest the burden of proving that the weight thus ascertained is incorrect, and what is the exact correct weight rests with the protestant and must be established by competent evidence." Ex parte statements, even if sworn to, he held to be insufficient, and, therefore, overruled the protest.

George Borgfeldt & Co. of this city imported wood beads, loose or loosely strung, on which Collector Malone imposed a duty of 35 per cent. under the tariff paragraph relating to beads. The importers urged that only 15 per cent. should be assessed, as for manufacturers of wood. Judge Sullivan said in his decision that the bead paragraph referred to "beads of all kinds," and as the importation was of one kind of beads he overruled the protest and affirmed the Collector's action.

Two cases decided by Judge May came up for appeal from Collector Malone's decision, adding to the invoice value of imported cloth the cost of shrinkage. The protestants were E. H. Van Ingen & Co. and W. P. Willis & Co. of this city. In each case the importers were upheld and the Collector directed to reliquidate the entry on the market value as declared.

SHERMAN LAW SUIT FAILS.

Indictments Against Merritt & Chapman Company Dismissed.

Judge Neterer in the Federal District Court yesterday upheld the demurrer which Henry A. Wise and E. E. Baldwin had interposed to the Sherman law indictment of the Merritt & Chapman Derrick & Wrecking Company and Isaac E. Chapman and William L. Chapman. They were charged with having conspired to monopolize the business of lighterage and similar transportation for railroad and steamship companes in and around New York Harbor and the waters of the adjoining Atlantic States.

The court in dismissing the indictment followed the recent decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in the Sixth District in the National Cash Register case. In that, it was held that all the defendants to a Sherman law indictment for conspiracy must have been connected definitely with the conspiracy by some acts or series of acts within the period stated in the indictment, and within the period required by the statute of limitations.

The court found the Merritt-Chapman indictment defective. It is understood that the Government will appeal.

MRS. McLAUGHLIN'S ESTATE.

$1,000,000 Left by Brooklyn Leader's Widow Goes to Daughters.

Letters of administration of the estate of Mrs. Sarah E. McLaughlin, who died at her home, 163 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, on April 2, were yesterday granted by Surrogate Ketcham to her two daughters, Mrs. William C. Courtney and Mrs. J. Benedict Roache. Mrs. McLaughlin was the widow of Hugh McLaughlin, for many years the Democratic leader of Kings County, and was made a Marchioness of the Papal nobility by the late Pope Pius X.

Her estate, it is believed, amounts to $1,000,000. The daughters applied for letters when it was found that Mrs. McLaughlin had left no will. They are the only children and will receive the property.

T. H. MORGAN'S WILL FILED.

Leaves Estate of $31,000 Here to Widow and Daughter.

The will of Thomas Hamersley Morgan, who died at Clareas, Switzerland, where he had long resided, on Jan. 8, was filed for probate yesterday. It disposes of personal property amounting to $31,000 in this country. There is no statement as to the holdings in Europe.

The residue is divided equally between the widow, Mrs. Eliza Caroline Morgan, and her daughter, Miss Caroline Hamersley Morgan, both residents of Clareas. The will bequeaths to the daughter all jewelry, precious stones, furniture, books, pictures, and Chinese and Japanese collections. Should Miss Morgan die without children, after her mother's death, the entire property here would go equally to St. Luke's Home for Aged Women and St. Luke's Hospital.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—L. D. Federman Co.; Mr. Federman, jobs suits, coats, waists, wash dresses; 71 W. 23d.
ALLENTOWN—Hess Bros.; Miss F. Wienand, laces, hdkfs.; 315 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. H. Sloman, ready to wear; Gregorian.
BALTIMORE—Cahn, Coblens Co.; Miss G. Moses, jobs cotton waists; G. E. Colwill, silks, dress goods; 1,195 B'way.
BALTIMORE—L. Lauer, dry goods; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kahn & Co.; W. G. Weller, domestics; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—M. M. Bernstein & Co.; M. M. Bernstein, tie silks; 440 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblins Co.; E. G. Colvill, domestics, dress goods, silks; 1,199 B'way.
BALTIMORE—D. Baer & Son; S. Baer, dry goods; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Cahn Coblens Co.; E. Werzansky, jobs wash dresses, wash skirts; 1,199 Bway.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, embroideries; S. Lansburg, gen'l mdse.; P. L. Beck, toys; B. W. Sebald, stationery; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Francis Co.; G. M. Gillett; straw hats; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Lyons Bros. Co.; J. Crawford, carpets; Murray Hill.
BIRMINGHAM—Pizitz Carpet Co.; L. Pizitz, carpets; York.
BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; Miss C. Dreyer, children's muslin underwear, infants' wear; Miss S. Dreyer, jobs corsets, brassieres; Miss Golding, waists, muslin underwear; Miss Casey, jewelry, leather goods; Mr. Addelberg, mdse. mgr.; Miss Hearn, jobs misses', juniors' suits, children's dresses; 1,133 B'way.
BOSTON—O'Connor & Co.; P. L. Flynn, ready-to-wear; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss Adelson, ready-to-wear; 15 East 26th.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; E. J. Prendergast, silks, velvets; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, skirts; Mr. Rogers, rugs; Mr. Ruggles, children's hosiery; 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Gilman, children's dresses; Mr. Sheffield, misses' coats; Mr. Clark, millinery, (basement buyers;) C. O. Cooper, coats, suits; V. P. Ring, coats, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss M. Hornstein, coats, suits; Prince George. H. A. Cook, corsets, petticoats, muslin underwear; Miss F. Hahn, waists, knit underwear; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—J. Norton Sons; S. M. Norton, furs; Broztell.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; J. J. Murphy, hosiery, knit, underwear; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell Co.; M. L. Miller, millinery; J. Shepard, 3d, hosiery, knit underwear; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—B. & A. Shirt Co.; B. Rosnov, shirts; Latham.
BOSTON—Dexter & Co.; C. E. Holman, shoes; Collingwood.
BROCKTON—J. E. Edgar Co.; W. A. Clarke, cloaks, suits, and bargain basement; Prince George.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; E. C. Truxes, laces, neckwear; 18 W. 35th.
BUFFALO—Klein-Sautter Co.; R. J. Sautter, ready-to-wear; 129 W. 29th.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. V. Swarz, upholstery goods; 18 W. 35th.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Mr. Patterson, representing; 2 Walker.
BUFFALO—Swilair, Rooney & Co.; C. O. Rourke, hats; 621 Bwy.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks, suits; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Berlin Cloak and Suit Co.; I. Fleisher, cheap cotton waists, jobs party and wedding dresses, wash skirts; 1,161 B'way.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; R. Munzer, cloaks, suits; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Shoninger-Hernsheimer Mfg. Co.; B. Shoninger, infants', children's, misses' coats; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Siegel Cooper & Co.; S. Solomon, mdse. manager, jobs all kinds; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Siegel Cooper Co.; H. S. Kline, linens, domestics, white goods; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—The Fair; L. H. Webb, domestics, flannels, silks, dress goods, linens; W. Lethy, carpets, rugs; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—12th St. Store; L. Weitzenfeld, cloaks, suits, dresses; 1,261 B'way.
CHICAGO—Charles A. Steven & Bro.; S. Willard, cloaks, suits, ladies', misses' dresses, skirts; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Mrs. J. C. Nichols, millinery; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; E. J. Dawson, furn. goods; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Miss M. O'Neil, waists; 115 Worth.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; H. F. Bachmeyer, ladies' knit underwear; 200 5th Av.; Navarre.
CINCINNATI—Perfection Cloak & Suit Co.; I. Lauterbach, D. Roth, Fall cloaks, suits; Room 1,126, 1,133 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—Phillips & Hinckley; W. G. Phillips, furn. goods; Broztell.
CLEVELAND—Laptin-Bloomfield Co.; H. Laptin, coats, suits; Room 1,126, 1,133 B'way.
DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; R. A. Isbell, domestics, dress goods; 71 W. 23d.
DES MOINES—Ben Weinberg, ladies' coats and suits; 1,261 B'way.
DES MOINES—Frankel Brothers; A. Frankel, ready-to-wear; 41 Union Square.
DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; H. B. Scott, cloaks, suits, waists; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner, Co.; Miss K. Kaufman, gloves; 20 W. 22d.
FALL RIVER—R. A. McWhirr Co.; J. Conn, cloaks, suits; 75 Spring.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston Store Dry Goods Co.; H. Kaufman, cloaks, ladies', infants' wear; 353 4th Av.
GRAND RAPIDS—Spring D. G. Co.; C. J. Stearker, corsets, gloves, hosiery, underwear; 23 E. 26th.
HARTFORD—Wise, Smith & Co.; S. Youngman, books, toys; 116 West 32d.
HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; C. W. Morrell, clothing; 75 Spring St.
HARTFORD—Brown-Thomson Co.; S. Stern, muslin underwear, corsets, toilet goods; 2 Walker.
HOLYOKE—N. Stone, men's, women's garments; 1,133 B'way; Wallick's.
HONESDALE.—Menner & Co.; H. T. Menner, cloaks, carpets; Imperial.
HOUSTON—W. C. Munn Co.; C. Reis, cloaks, Suits, waists; 39 W. 32d; Somerset.
HOUSTON—McCardell & Sauer; J. H. McCardell, millinery, ready-to-wear; 41 Union Square.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss Honan, muslin underwear; 71 W. 23d.
KANSAS CITY—Missouri Credit Clothing Co.; B. Lieberman, jobs coats, dresses, skirts, suits; 43 W. 27th.
LANCASTER—Hager & Brother; H. E. Musselman, furnishing goods; 75 Spring; Herald Square.
MAHANOY CITY, Penn.—Refowich Bros.; I. Refowich, clothing, furn. goods; St. Denis.
MANKATO, Minn.—J. E. Brett, ready to wear; G. E. Brett, millinery; Collingwood.
MILWAUKEE—The Lion Store; Sol Skovron, ladies' and misses' coats and suits, children's coats and dresses, ladies' dresses; 1,161 B'way.
MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee Apparel Co.; L. Elsas, wash skirts, dresses, jobs coats, suits; 364 5th Av.
MOLINE, Ill.—Grossman Co.; S. L. Grossman, waists, skirts, underwear; Aberdeen.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; T. H. Suyden, upholstery goods; W. J. McGuire, furn. goods, hosiery, knit underwear; 75 Spring.
OKLAHOMA CITY—Fashion Shop; A. Rosenthal, ready to wear; 1,270 Broadway.
PARAGOULD, Ark.—S. L. Joseph Mercantile Co.; S. O. Wolf, silk waists, cotton dresses; 949 Broadway.
PEORIA—Block & Kuhl Co.; J. S. Elmland, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Largman Bros.; J. Largman, ties, silks; 200 5th Av.; Latham.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Mrs. C. Arnold, infants' wear; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Goldberg, piece goods; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Reliance Skirt Co.; M. Kramer, skirts; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Goldstein, notions, hosiery; Bwy. Central.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; H. Blauner, jobs coats, skirts; Miss Lynch, jobs children's coats, dresses; Miss A. Ransford, job women's, misses' dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; Miss Goodman, coats, suits; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann-Baer Co.; J. Baer, men's, boys' clothing; J. Wachenheimer, men's clothing; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—W. & H. Walker Co.; J. D. Sacks, wash and embroidery dresses, shirtwaists; 200 5th Av., Room 1,110.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss B. G. Carton, infants' wear, corsets, house dresses, muslin underwear; A. C. Connor, millinery; 37 W. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; Miss N. O'Brien, skirts; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; A. B. Kuehn, ready to wear; 200 5th Av.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lowengart & Co.; I. Lowengart, millinery; 656 B'way.
PROVIDENCE—Anthony-Crowell Co.; N. L. Anthony, carpets; Murray Hill.
PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; Miss M. E. Cole, millinery; M. W. Smith, clothing; 2 Walker.
READING—Crawford Co.; E. Isaccs, ready to wear; Aberdeen.
RICHMOND—Miller & Rhoads; A. S. Minter, hosiery, gloves, embroideries; 432 4th Av.
RICHMOND—S. B. Hazle, ready-to-wear; Wellington.
RICHMOND—Richmond D. G. Co.; J. H. Estes, notions, misses' furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
ROCHESTER—Daniels' Smart Shop; J. Scherer, ready to wear; Belleclaire.
ROCHESTER—Boston Store; H. Daniels, coats, suits, waists; St. Denis.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; Miss A. S. Mansfield, muslin underwear, silk petticoats, skirts; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER—Emporium World Millinery Co.; S. J. Glasier, millinery; 621 Broadway.
SCRANTON—N. Y. Jobbing House; L. Levine, wash dresses, skirts; 1,161 B'way.
SCRANTON—Scranton D. G. Co.; J. E. Oppenheim, H. D. Ehrlich, ready to wear; 72 Madison Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Crawford, Plummer, Co.; J. D. Dorgan, skirts; 12 W. 31st.
ST. LOUIS—Kopelowitz & Co.; J. E. Kopelowitz, cloaks, suits, shirts, linens; Imperial.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; J. L. Adrien, men's, boys' clothing, hats; 23 E. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Eiseman Bros.; H. F. Eiseman, children's dresses; 2 W. 23d.
ST. PAUL—Novelty Cloak & Suit Co.; B. Friedman, wash dresses; L. Silverstein; ladies' Palm Beach suits; Mrs. R. L. Silverstein, wash skirts; 1,161 Bwy., Room 509.
ST. PAUL—Robinson, Strauss & Co.; C. J. Richter, flowers, feathers; 621 B'way.
SYRACUSE—Chappell-Dyer Corporation; C. E. Teeple, cloaks, suits; Park Av.
SYRACUSE—Chappell-Dyer Co.; Miss M. E. Doyle, millinery; Miss K. O. Toole, costumes; 315 4th Av.
SYRACUSE—J. W. Hennocksburg, millinery; Herald Square.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; Miss M. A. Tea, waists, infants' wear, muslin underwear; 28 E. 26th.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons Co.; Mrs. M. G. Hoitt, ladies' neckwear; 215 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Miss S. H. Boxer, ribbons, veilings; 215 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; L. R. Reese, linens; 15 W. 26th; Grand.
WASHINGTON—Gamond Co.; A. Sigmund, jobs coats, suits, dresses, skirts, waists; 7 W. 22d.
WATERTOWN, N. Y.—G. S. Dundon Co.; A. C. Mark, clothing, furn. goods; Flanders.
WATERBURY—L. Simon & Co.; Mrs. L. Simon, millinery; Endicott.
WHEELING—Stone & Thomas; Mrs. J. Wells, millinery; 1,270 Bwy.
WORCESTER—John C. MacInnes Co.; J. D. Robertson, ladies' underwear, infants' wear; 432 4th Av.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; T. A. Keller, housefurn. goods; 2 Walker.
WORCESTER—A. S. Lowell Co.; R. D. Lidstone, cloaks, suits; Broztell.

READ'S LIFE-SAVING GARMENTS

FOR SALE—The American patent of these celebrated Floating Garments (which has never been worked in America) as supplied to officers and men in the British Navy, Royal British Flying Corps, (in the present war); British Motor Boat Club, Yachtsmen, Fishermen, etc., thousands being in use all over the world.

A unique opportunity of obtaining the sole rights for the United States of this valuable and remunerative patent.

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What the Buyers want

Hundreds of buyers are in the market daily for special lots of merchandise.

The Business Page is the manufacturers' clearing house for the quick disposal of such merchandise.

Personally you might reach five or six of these buyers in one day.

Through the "Buyers' Wants" column of The New York Times you can reach all of them every day.

MANHATTAN MANUFACTURING CO., 136 Fifth Ave., writes: We are pleased to notify you that our advertisement of silk petticoats in the "Buyers' Wants" column of The New York Times put us in touch with buyers who could not be reached through personal efforts.

Telephone your "Business Wants" to 1000 Bryant

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Gilbert H. Montague of New York City was admitted to practice.

725—C. E. Houston v. U. S.—Leave granted to withdraw original exhibits.

712—F. W. Ellis v. Interstate Commerce Commission.—Argument continued.

813—O. P. Newman v. U. S. of Am. ex rel. W. J. Frizzell.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for April 14: 217, 220, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, (and 227, 228, 229, and 230,) 231, 232, and 233.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, P. O. Bldg.
Cahill<SS Olympic.
Low-Lou<US.
Anatomik Footwear Co<Coward.
Underwood Type Co<Royal Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Brown<US.
Steel<Lawrence.
Recito<Penn RR.
Bunnell<Moran T & T Co.
Brown<Gen Elec Co.
Sound Trans Co<D L & W RR.
Hart<North Deutsche Ins Co.
Brechter<Fidelity & Dep Co of Md.
Fletcher<Trenton Brass & Mach Co.
US<Rider & Driver Pub Co.
Same<Feist Rlty Co.
International Bank<Elec Cable Co.
US<30 Ladies' watches
Kleist<Breitung.
Weingart<John Hancock Mut Life Ins.
Same<Mass Mut Life Ins Co.
Same<State Mut Life Ins Co.
Frankfurt Barnett Co<Wm Prym & Co.
US<One Pear-Shaped Diamond
Same<One Set Furs, Stole & Muff.
Same<One Pearl Necklace.
Cohen<Penn RR.
Berger<Hartford.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar. Case on—Kintner<Atlantic Com Co. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
Haynes & Co<Druggist Circular.
Scribner Sons<Bway Pict Prod Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
Case on—Videl<So Amer Sec Co.
No day calendar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 312.—Motion calendar.
Rice<Bklyn Ash Rem.
Smith<SS Oceana.
Dalzell et al<same.
Burnap<same.
Hunter<same.
Mitchell<same.
Ambrosius<Ambrosius.
Cantlin<Gardner.
McMahon<Penn RR.
Lovell-McConnell Mfg Co<Oriental Rub & Supply Co, (No. 3.)
Same<same, (No. 4.)

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty day calendar.
Cullen<Tug P R R 35.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

People v. Nelson, aplt.; People v. Purcell, aplt.; People v. Buonemsegno, aplt.—Judgments of conviction affirmed.

Friedel, admr., v. Coffin et al., aplt; same v. Coffin.—Order affirmed and judgment absolute ordered against appellant on the stipulation with costs in all courts.

Weinman et al., aplt. v. Blake & Knowles Steam Pump Works.—Judgment affirmed without costs.

Taggarts Paper Co. v. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co., aplt.; Canandaigua Natl Bank v. Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry Co., aplt.; Morse et al. v. Canasawacta Knitting Co., aplt; McCready v. Morse Dry Dock & Repair Co., aplt; Union Trust Co. of Rochester v. Oliver Trustee et al., aplts; Wenalden Co. v. Somers, aplt; same v. Emery, aplt; same v. Curran, aplt; Schlappendorf v. American Ry Traffic Co., aplt; Benedict et al. v. Security Ins. Co., aplt; Noonan v. Luther, aplt.; Dunn v. Stewart et al. aplt.; Amberg, admx. v. Kinley, aplt; The Albany Hospital v. The Albany Guardian Society et al., defts, Hanson et al., aplt.; Borough Development Co. v. Harmon et al., aplt; Dixon v N. Y. Real Estate Assn, aplt; Murthamrapt v. Central Park North & East R. R. Co., aplt; Colon et al., aplt., v. King Construction Co., Impld.—Judgments affirmed with costs.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co., aplt., v. Haven et al.—Judgment reversed and judgment ordered for plaintiff for relief in accordance with the prayer of the complaint with costs in all courts.

Re account of Hearns, exr of Barr, decd.—Order of Appellate Division reversed and decree of Surrogate affirmed, with costs in Appellate Division and in this court against executors personally.

Mutual Life Ins. Co. of N. Y. v. Stephens et al., aplt.—Order reversed with costs in Appellate Division and in this court, and motion denied with $10 costs. Both questions certified, answered in the negative.

Re application of Emmett, Supt. of Ins., Empire State Surety Co.—Order affirmed with costs and questions answered as indicated in opinion of Seabury.

Re account of Kellogg, exr.—Order and decree of Surrogate modified in accordance with opinion of Miller, J., and as modified, affirmed without costs.

Colorado & So. Ry Co. v. Blair, aplt. et al.—Order of Appellate Division reversed, and that of special term affirmed, with costs in Appellate Division and in this court. Question certified answered in negative.

City of Olean v. Western N. Y. & Penn. Traction Co., aplt.—Orders reversed with costs in Appellate Division and in this court and motion denied with $10 costs.

Loomis et al., aplt v. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. Co.—Order of Appellate Division reversed and judgment of trial term affirmed with costs in both courts.

Sinnott, aplt. v. Hanan.—Judgment of Appellate Division reversed, and that of trial term affirmed with costs in Appellate Division and in this court.

Tenement House Dept. of City of N. Y., aplt. v. McDevitt.—Motion to add to calendar and set for day certain granted, and cause set down for argument on April 26, 1915.

DAY CALENDAR.
Re Shepard<Strauss.
Re CNY, (New St.)
Riley<Steers.
Mara<Waldo.
Muldoon<same.
Kieley<Lent.
McCormick<Tyler.
Re Ward.
Kennedy<Becker.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—First Department.—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, J. J. At 2 P. M.
Enumerated motions:
Cassel<CNY.
Fairweather<Sutphen.
Spencer<Spencer.
Puma<South Pac Co.
People<Schaeffer.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Hendrick J.—At 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
A H Reid C & D S Co<Mont Ward & Co.
Chase<Chase.
Heiman<Kiddle.
Abadie<Hyde.
Re Wagner.
Marcus<L Metzger Co.
Re Jarmulowsky.
Numann<NY Rys.
Plotnick<Tarr.
Deegan<City S Agcy.
Re Gayley.
Re Realy, &c.
Manfre<McEntee.
Levene<Levene.
Schmid<Mitchell.
Solling<Peifer, (2.)
Re Houghtaling.
Ketchum<Ketchum.
Re Logan Tailor Corp.
Landau<Singer S Mch.
Bridges<Mills.
Ryan<Hammond.
Colonial Dev Corp<Edwards.
Reich<Cochran.
Jackson<Liebling.
Cavinato<Piccirilli.
Adams<Fitgerald.
Grossman<Mand.
Re McCarthy, (Von Emden.)
Bennet<Levy.
Story<Sergeant.
Walsh<Walsh.
H Hallerith Con Co<Story.
Standard Comp Scale Co<Hartigan.
Franklin Sav Bank<Witz.
Smith<Smith.
Zurich<Hirsch.
India Wharf Brew Co<Am Molasses Co.
CNY<Kilger.
Re Link, (Fink.)
Re Kessler.
Re Wilgus Rty Co.
Pistchal<Durant.
Roaman<Shenk.
Brookfield Con Co<NY Edison Co.
Bondy<Robinson.
Collins<Leary.
Re Wanninger.
Mayers<Bloomingdale.
Ryan<Hammond.
Otis Elev Co<S L Waller Con Co.
Kahn<Cazelar.
Schneier<Silverman.
Kimbank<Waldemar.
Leavitt<Waldemar.
Mercantile Trust Co<Morse.
Brown<Berardini.
Liebmann<Liebmann.
Stein<Price.
Seaman's Bk for Sav<Peck.
Hungarian Genl Credit Bk<Titus.
Rudd<Powells.
Blankfort<Fechter.
Cupples<Wedemeyer.
Lorenzo<Lorenzo.
Ziegler<Berenstein.
Ryan<Hammond.
Re NY Mtg Co, &c.
Rogers<Rogers.
Seymour<Romm.
Tice<Wilson.
Matter of Woods, (Magenta St.)
Beech Nut Packing Co<Page.
Gaston<Gaston.
Campbell<Martin.
Hitchcock<Earl.
Bonta<Knight.
Rudd<Powells.
CNY<Bergoffen.
Security Bk<Cohen.
Municipal Lien Co<Brevoort, (2.)
Boedicker<Sackett<Wilhelms Co, (2.)
Moss<Moss.
Molloy<Stern Bros.
Considine<Rowland.
Mortener<Socy for Relief of Dest Children
Klaw<Gen'l Film Co.
Ryan<Hammond.
McKeon<Leithold.
Paschal<Woods.
Schmidt<Harwood Barley Mfg Co.
Wechsler<Builders' Protection Co.
Phillips<D Shuldiner.
Ryan<Hammond.
Re South Pac, (2.)
United Export Co<Moisant.
McKeon<Sherman, (2.)
Pistchal<Durant.
Re Polandelli.
Equitable Trust Co<Hammerstein.
Roth<CNY.
Pressure Light Co<First Natl Bk.
Cullen<Cullen.
Equitable Trust Co<Hammerstein.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:
Corby Comm<Gilliam.
Anderson<Lisman.
Ryan<Ryan.
Magrel<Magrel.
Morgenthau Co<Comfort Rty Co.
Gebhardt<Gebhardt.
Armatage<Armatage.
Coleman<Coleman.
Preferred causes:
Dittrick<Grosner.
Guzzetta<Guzzetta.
U S Trust Co<Connor.
Bischoff<Yorkville Bank.
Imp & Traders Nat Bk<Levy.
General calendar:
Siblendaro<Siblendario
Baumgart<Rosenthal
Himowich<Moore.
Equitable Trust<Hammerstein.
Shanly<Ryan.
Sprung<Hexter.
Roger<Roger.
German-Am Button Co.<Heymsfeld.
Vickers<Sheridan.
German<German.
Batterson<Raymond.
Travis<Carvel (3.)
Bausmer<Hand.
Hopper<Malatesta (2)
Safron<Kleban.
McNulty Bros<Ford.
Gudebrod<Skinner.
Simberg<Simberg.
Easley<Easley.
Phillips<Phillips.
Goeltz<CNY.
Straus<McDonald.
Baldwin<Gregory.
Miller<Miller.
Fajans<38 W 59th St Co.
Everard's Breweries<McGovern.
Brulatour<Brulatour.
Davis-Brown, Inc<Hammerstein Opera.
Fallhee & McCall<Raisler.
Siegel<Siegel.
MacLeod<MacLeod.
Klein<Klein.
Newman<Newman.
Case on.

PART IV.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART V.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Public Serv Comm<I R T. Case on.

PART VII.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART VIII.—Blanchard, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Shearn, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Zoppetti<Ferrau.
R Dollar Co<Chase. Talbot & Co.
McKenna<Parlaghy.
Appell<Prendergast.
Samarelli<Samarelli.
Loeb<Ind Western Star Order.
Giordano<Woodin.
Demartine<Zunino.
Scanlon<Dante.
Friedman<Langer.
Stone<Donohue.
Dabour<Dabour.
Israel<Burke & Sons Co.
Clear.

PART III.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Colligan<E Rutzler Co.
Roswell<Beadleston & Woerz.
Gross<Weiss.
Amragas<Ruppert.
Theis<Ehret.
Israelson<Pepe.
Case on.

PART IV.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Hanlon<Nassau Elec RR.
Kelly<Fed Ptg Co.
Mulligan<CNY.
Slaviz<N Y C & H R RR.
H V Allier & Co<Post.
Fox<CNY.
Caroccio<Shults Bread Co.
Fey<Levy.
Heckel<Locke.
Miller<same.
Middleton<Whitridge.
Montana<McMullen, Snare & Trest.
Case on.

PART V.—Page, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Cohen<Baer, (2.)
Orlinsky<London.
A Barth<O'Keefe.
D. Barth<same.
Andreas<Roselinsky.
Gelyer<Nassau E RR.
Roddy<Yale Club.
Schultheiss<Snyder.
Bechtold<Nabsted.
Goldsmith<Von Zimmerman.
Hasselberg<Fargo.
Case on.

PART VI.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
S Schwartz<Ost Rty.
M Schwartz<same.
J Lyon<Belmont.
S Lyon<same.
P Fressiello<Linch.
L Fressiello<same.
Case on.

PART VII.—Recess. No further day calendar.

PART VIII.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Johnson<Nat Fireproof.
Paolino<Ludin Rty.
Castelloni<Rafferty.
Greenberg<Rosenfeld.
Hermanson<Ogden Co.
Vidler<Clark.
Olson<Baker, Smith & Co.
Zwicker<Santis & Co.
Weir<Eulert.
Schott<I R T.
Smith<Kelting Elec.
Nestler<I R T.
McGough<same.
C Schrier<I R T.
W Schrier<same.
Case on.

PART IX.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Washkowski<Bockhaus.
Cox<St Luke's Home.
Haggerty<O'Rourke Eng & Const Co.
Held<Mutnick.
Makoski<Reid.
Case on.

PART X.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Adjourned until April 19.

PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Costantino<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Helin<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Ebert<B H RR.
Teicher<Rongy.
Sweeney<McGovern.
Goodman<Kaminsky.
Brown<Degnon Cont.
Reidy<Iselin.
Mollan<NY NH & H RR.
Pascole<Teicher.
Pompeian Co<Roncallo.
Abrahams<Int R T Co
Rottenstreicher<Ehret
Hirschhorn<L I RR.
Esterkes<Lieb.
Kennedy<Reach,
Case on.

PART XII.—Recess.

PART XIII.—Sutherland, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Pollock<Bklyn Heights RR Co.
Wilson<Degnon Cont Co.
Roach<Hudson Nav Co.
Fay<Reynolds.
Weinstein<Robinson.
Williams<Glassheim.
Conlan<O'Brien.
Trewin<Lerder.
Mann<Kobre.
O'Connor<Loesch.
Baker<Jennings.
A Davis<Bradley Cont Co.
S Davis<same.
Light<Cons Tel & Elec Subway Co.
Williamson<Cons Tel & Elec Subway Co.
Greenberg<NY Piano Del Co.
Niles<Riley.
Sidransky<Bklyn Heights RR.
Kobbe<Am Art News Co.
Chillar<Goldstein.
Reilly<Earley.
Sabella<Kerry.
Clear.

PART XIV.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Honesdale Nat Bk<Fisher.
Levy & Nathan<Century Bank.
Van Norden<Van Norden (2).
Case on.

PART XV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Lambert<Bryan.
Case on—Brothers Val Coal<Garf'ld & P Coal.
No day calendar.

PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq—Patti<Filippi.
Carroll<Bradley.
Sherry<Federal Terra Cotta Co.
Natl Surety Co<Stallo.
Balleis Rty Co<London A & G Co.
Kirby<Spiegel.
Martin & Martin<Woodend.
Montgomery Bk & Trust Co<Jones.
Bank of Luverne<Jones.
Butler County Bk<Jones.
Murphy<NY C & H R RR.
Rhoades<Forest City S & L Co.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Sheffmann<Emp Liab Assn Corp.
Bloch<Miller.
Content<Robertson.
Doll<Williams.
White Co<CNY.
Paine Lumber Co<Ambrose Rty Co.
Macauley<Press Pub Co.
Hennessy<Schubert Piano Co.
Bridgeport Metal, &c, Co<Forsheim.
Schrieber<Levinson.
Fried<Morana.
Interborough Mfg Co<Archbald Sales Corp.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Shapiro<Goldstein.
Sockloss<Burstein.
Chanet<Smith.
Gramer<U S Drinking Cup Co.
Rural Pub Co<Beiser.
Imp Rubber, &c, Co<Miller.
Stanton<L V RR.
Seymour<Dininny.
Bullwinkel<Olsen.
Smallwood<Stand Accident Ins Co.
Same<Globe Indem Co
Kraschstart<Trippett.
O'Leary<CNY.
Boedicker<Sackett & Wilhelms Co.
Bryant<Pardee, Inc.
Security Title & Tr Co<Stewart.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Wills for probate.
Margaretha Schoenberger,
Sophie Casselius,
Jacob Fox,
Louis S Rosenthal,
Louis A Marks.
Catherine A Plimley,
Thomas Cleary,
John Fallon,
Charles E Orvis,
Harrison B Moore.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Smith, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Lee<McHenry.
Friedman<Fischlowitz.
Hershovitz<Smith.
Blum<Smith.
Spector<Nirenberg.
Reis<Plaut.
Angiulo<CNY.
Mingo<Levy (2.)
Sachs<N Y Rys.
Bickman<same.
Kaufman<same.
Eisenman<same.
Hickey<same.
Fine<same.
Petrie<same.
Epstein<same.
Bein<same.
Turkel<same.
Goldenberg<same.
Dokswell<same.
Andrews<same.
Maines<same.
Grohe<same.
Goodsett<same.
Schaff<same.
Manhart<same.
Weinstein<same.
Veglietta<same.
Arvay<same.
Veglietta<same.
Jaffee<same.
Haimowitz<same.
Eiser<same.
Mulrooney<same.
Jacques<Fabre.
Est Mtg Sec Co<Cohen.
Lepp<Levy.
Sanford<Shay Fert Co.
Rubins<Dinkelspiel.
Privitera<Tantillo.
Kennedy<Calvert.
Callery<Hilte Co.
Kaiserling<P Scherbner Iron Works.
Cornelisse<Surprise Store.
Glorius<Schanck.
Kasmir<L Bauer Co.
Fleming<Veitch.
Manns<Hyman.
Crivello<Hyman.
Atlas Eng Co<Dragon Features.
Rawle<Weil.
Keiser<Liebowitz.
Ball<Brandon.
Goldberg<Schnaer.
Sandusky<Dean Holding Co.
Lowenfeld<Side.
Kennelty<Wildhart Rty Co.
Litinitzky<Russian E A SS Co.
H Kupfer & Co<Golden.
Voron & Chait<Voron.
Rigolizzio<Int R T.
Rubins<Dinkelspiel.
Behlen & Bro<Kimball.
Krishkan<N Y Sav Bank.
Kuppens<Feldman.

PART II.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Goldmann<G J Schwazler Co.
Schachter<Int R T Co (2.)
Schwartz<Superior Nov Co (2.)
Circo<Bruder.
Sackman<Baum.
Cannon<Harman.
Flammer<Burghardt.
Heine<Cruickshank.
Pia Cafagna<Linch.
Seery<McCreery.
Scherman<L I RR
Prussak<J F Stevens Const Co.
Kriskan<NY Sav Bk.
Rogowski<NY Edison
Rosalind Rty Co<St Paul Fire & Mar Ins Co.
Same<Western Ins.
Diamond<Longo.
G Washington Coffee Sales Co<R M Winans Co.
Eckhaus<Reich.
Kugel<Ostro Const.
McGowan<Hart.
Burger<Agnew.
Satriani<Libman Con.
Haas<Fidelity & Deposit Co.
Brier<NY Rys.
Steigman<New Harlem, &c, Co.
Cogert<Chermorosky.
Uris Iron Works<Hamerdinger.
Siegel<Alva Rty Co.
Cohen<Levy.
Gotthelf<Underwood Type Co.
Blank<Ressler.
Eichen<Ottenberg (2.)
Sommet<Levy.
Hellenberg<Picariello.
Lefferts<Butler.
Mandelbaum<N Y Rys.
New Trading Co<Rubinstein.
Wolosemzick<Hudson Iron Co.
Frommel<Lyons.
Redmond<Duggan.
Jensen<Haas.
Cozier<Mandelbaum.
Levy<Wanamaker.
Leake<Am Multigraph Sales Co.
Quade<Bondecker.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Ruby<Windsor Land & Imp Co.
Stecher<Stecher.
Stoddard<Levy.
Stifter<Fersko.
Green<Tawler Co.
Borst<Bentz.
Cohan<Rubenstein.
McKay<Doe.
Levy<Ferguson.
McGovern<Bridgeport Textile Mfg Co.
Roselinsky<Kossoff.
Sloan<Lazarus.
Films Lloyds, Inc.,<NY Motion Pict Co.
Scott<Molostsowsky.
Durfey<Hardy.
Semmel<Graner.
Greenberg<Weisberg.
Steinman<Tully.
Donnelly<Gen. Fed. Magazine, Inc.
Walker<Jean Imp Inc
Lager<Knowles.
Goldberg<Zimmerman.
Krippins<Feldman.
Lindsay<Stuyvesant Ins Co.
Case on.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Cases to be sent from Short Cause Calendar for trial. Case on.

PART III.—Ransom, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial Calendar.
Hudson Wrecking & Lumber Co<Aldrich.
Osborn<Fish.
Stocking<Seed Filter, &c, Co.
Stein<Asner.
Live Stock Nat Bank of Chicago<Hoyt.

The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day as of course if counsel on either side so requests. Applications for adjournment for more than one day should be made by affidavit in strict compliance with the rules of the court:
Kandel<Gen'l Fire, &c, Corp.
Klee<Levinson Wrecking Co.
Stokes<Drew.
Ballard Adv Co<M. Achfeldt Co.
Case on.

PART IV.—Lynch, J.—Case on.

PART V.—Allen, J.—Case on.

PART VI.—Zeller, J.—Case on.

PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—Case on.

PART VIII.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Mordecai<Brande—Benn Barber. Re Strauss—Daniel B. Murphy. Re Tonegrosser—Arthur H. Townley. Re Witkind—Edw. J. Tinsdale. Re Sullivan—Orson A. Raynor. Hart<Gibson—J. Sidney Bernstein. McTurch<McOwen—Vincent Gilroy.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—Jarmulowsky<Initial Rty. & Const. Co.—Chas. H. Murray.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Haft & Horowitz<Lichtenberg.
Matter of Acker.
Title Guar & Tr Co<Janpole & Werner Hld Co.
McChesney<Colorado Realty Co.
Felberbaum<Felberbaum.
Braun<I R T.
O'Brien<CNY.
Greenwood Ceme<Brown.
Gross<Lebanon Hosp.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.
Hines<Deutsch.
Burke<N Y Rys.
Seidman<Advine Con.
Gervay<Battaglia.
Pedro<Crimmins Const Co.
Gottfried<Lefrien.
Barnett<Holbrook, C & R.
Reinig<A Bryant Co.
Maher<Fishel.
Schultz<McCrea.

Highest number reached in regular order, 173.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Motion calendar.
Estates of:
Antonio Rossulo,
Hyman Auerbach,
Charles Lowen.
Guardianship—Arthur Seekamp by John Henry Seekamp.
Wills for probate:
John Becker,
John A Maloney,
Marie Wittekind,
Minnie F Thornton,
Julius Lavine.
Marie Lischke,
Mary Kamner.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Rankin<Holstein—Emanuel B Cohen. Montegriffo<Walker—James O Farrell. Livingston<Roeder—W Stebbins Smith. Hallock<same—W Stebbins Smith. Woolf<Price—George B Hayes. Same<same—George B Hayes.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J.—Dorb<York Const Co—Harold A Straus.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Assets Liquidation Co<Henry B Hardenburg—Leo F McDermott.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Carr, Stapleton, Putnam, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar, at 1 P. M.
Union Bk<Fleitmann.
Boston Ry<Waldorf.
Jenkins<Jenkins.
Helgar<Warner.
Aiello<Rocco.
Kaplin<C I & B RR.
Shannon<Horton.
Zwarich<Bklyn Coop.
Allen<Whitney-Steen.
Kuntz<Peterson.
Mooney<Bkln Coop.
Goldberg<1st Nat Bk.
Lorenzen<Edison Co.
Kocius<Jamison.
Juvenile Asylum<Supervisors.
Pfluger<Int R T Co.
Ulster Brick Co<Murtha.
Fogler<Bensinger.
Colvin<Ramsdell.
Foster<Kenny.
Goldberg<Georgia Bldg Co.
Town of Cortlandt<N Y C R R.
McCorry<Welden.
Re Dole.
Jamison<Reynolds.
Schroeder<Marine Co.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Blackmar, J.—Motions.
Willman<Stevens.
Rubino<Hennessy.
De Kalb Co<Marvin Realty Co.
Matter of P S Com, (N Y & Q Co Ry.)
Quackenbos et al<S. Goaboys, Inc, et al.
Patten<Patten.
Loyd<Loyd.
Re West 37th St.
Yonker<Seely.
Markart<Woods et al.
Re Fetner, (Silverstein.)
Re 42d St.
Parshelsky Bros<Dhuy et al.
Lorck<Lair.
Lipschitz<Spillert et al.
Phillips, E. C.<Dessauer.
Phillips, A. H.<same, (2.)
O'Loughlin<Prendergast et al.
Rehbein<Ibert et al.
Electric Corp Co<Underwood.
Hanbury<Cuming et al.
Beckoff<Glass.
Re E. 19th St. (Lynch.)
Yoskowitz<Realty Associates.
Denton<Nat Biscuit Co.
Dollar Sav Bank<Backman-Bechtel Br Co.
Meissner<Atl Hyg Ice Co.
Hallisy<Carter & Weeks Steved Co.
Hervey<J M Palmer Co.
Monica<Mount.
Clark<Robbins Dry D & Repair Co.
Lewis<same.
Farrell<same.
Fry<same.
Re Matter of E. 13th St, (Byrne.)
Re same, (Rowe.)
Carr<Carr, (2.)
Goldberg<Weinberg.
Re Public Park at Coney Island.
Weed<Weed.
Dana<Dana.
Loyd<Loyd.
Wasserman<Homesborough Rty Co et al, (2.)
Hershkowitz<Rosenkrantz.
Met Trust Co<Island C Rty Co et al.
Haviland<Raynolds et al.
Gen Fire Ext Co<Bierschenk et al.
Cocchi<Francis.
Re Baron Printing Co<Calvert.
Usher<Callanan.
Cohen<Friedman et al.
Hagg<Hagg.
Wills<Shubert.
Re Luther.
Schneider<Krimko.
Schiff<Schiff.
Interboro Brew Co<Acme Furnace Co.
Stein<Stein.
Levi<Deitch.
Re Washington Av, (McCray.)
Blumberg<Watson & Pittinger et al.
Zick<Zick.
Independent Veal & Lamb Co<Yasbene.

PART II.—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Undefended divorce calendar.
Heines,
Miller,
Hein,
Sussman,
Wagner,
Wolf,
La Bale.
Hoff,
Leighton,
Duggan.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Crane, J.
Alden Corp<Doyle.
Friedman<Friedman.
Di Janni<Di Janni.
Gregory<Gregory.
Becker<Becker.
Smyth<Tomlinson.
Schiffman<Illions.
Burbaker<Am 5 & 10c Stores.
Bonanza<Bonanza.
Yates<Conrad Rty Co.
Davidson<Lippmann.
Wynberg<Lancaster.
Gaynor<Gartland.
Brockhagan<Brockhagan.
Samuels<Samuels.
De Lorme<De Lorme.
Williams<Kings Co Lodge.
Koeppel<Rudolph.
Storch<Storch.
Parascondola<Parascondola.
Gordon<Steinhard.
Serentino<Serentino.
Francis<Francis.
Schmerkowitz<Mayer.
Koster<Welsheit.
Kennedy<Kennedy.
Turnan<Turnan.
Hand<Highway Am Co
Hochman's Sons<Purdy Con Co.
Eilau<Eilau.
Miller<Mooney et al.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 1910.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelby, J.; Part II., Jaycox, J.; Part III., Benedict, J.; Part IV., Van Siclen, J.; Part V., Clark, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.

Causes, irrespective of the time required for trial thereof, will be assigned on Fridays. If not finished that day will be carried over to the following Monday.
Gibson<Scherz.
Hermanns<B H RR.
White<Bradley Con.
Williams<Nassau RR.
Sager<Nassau RR.
Kramer<Nassau RR.
Perry<B H RR.
Karga<B H RR.
Porter<Porter.
Lindeberg<Nas RR.
Sweeney<C I & G RR.
Collins<Nassau RR.
Brighton B Dev Co<Denyse.
Esposito<Martino.
O'Rourke<Haviland.
Barzilay<Tr Dev Co.
Matteo<Finkeldey et al.
Samsony<Nassau RR.
Washkewich<Uptegrove Cigar Box Co.
Lewis<Hermann & Grace Co.
McKeon<Lackner Co.
Sauter<Sterns.
Nappi<Ludwig.
Stern<Krott.
Owens<NY & Q Co Ry Co.
Napoli<Wisconsin Milk Co.
Svenson<B H RR.
Tarpey<NY Rys Co.
Griffin<B H RR.
Rooney<B H RR.
Mechanics Bk<Hendrickson et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day.

No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Friedman<Schlesinger
Liss<C I & B RR.
Labriola<Kings Co Li Co.
Halfpenny<F & D Co.
Guttieri<Bradley Cont Co.
Whipple<B H RR.
Gerwertz Co<Board of Educ et al.
Hayes<B H RR & ano.
Dushop<CNY.
Kroeger<Stommel.
Auer<Ruegamer-McBride.
Barry<Schaffer.
Boardman<Smith.
Hammerschlag<Uris Iron Wks & ano.
Alkoff<Greenfield.
Furlong<Nas RR.
Deramgian<B H RR.
Gordon<Nas RR.
Moore<Garbutt et al.
Marmur<Kaatze Milk Co.
Eagleston<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
McNally<B H RR.
Leder<same.
Robaey<N Y Consol RR.
Popielasz<Chelsea Fibre Mills.
Shea<N Y Consol RR.
Gundel<C I & B RR.
Van Allen<Arundel Rty Co.
Meyer<CNY.
Curtis Bros Lumber Co<Clarke.
Kratchman<B H RR.
Cook<O'Leary.
Ricolino<Auditore & Co.
Harley Plumbing Co<Board of Educ.
Hurley<B H RR.
Schuster<NY Consol RR.
Vergona<Boulton.
Nicoletti<Nat Licorice.
Zacamia<Boulton.
De Rosa<same.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6400.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Magdalene Pfuff,
Harry Herman,
Johanette Wolff,
R B Miller,
Margaret Hogan,
James Johnson,
Margaret Kedland,
Mary McNamee.
Acct. in ests. of:
Kenneth Southerland,
Christian Braun,
Frank Hogan,
J J Hayes,
Eleanor K Bader,
William H Loomis,
Henry Batterman,
Louis Hammell,
C Hammell,
Lottie Moore,
V Del Genovese,
William Mounsey,
Lippman Thorne,
William H Zell,
Jacob Ernest,
James Surpless,
Jacob Bausch,
Cora Lacom,
A Frank Wilson,
J H Beans,
Louis Berger,
Annie Ferris,
Francis Cottsberger (2.)
Estates of:
Adolph Pawel,
Elizabeth Glynn,
J Dikeman,
Joseph Stadler,
Eliza Meehan,
Edward Veihmann,
Alice M Bliss,
Mary McShane,
Agnes Bienert.
Contested calendar:
Will of Frederick Goede.

County Court.

PART IV.—Fawcett, J.; Part V., Dike, J.—Calendar called in Part IV., Room 6, at 10 o'clock.
Walker<Sohnon.
Broadwin<Fernshied.
Henry<Sheffield Farms.
Edelstein<B Un Gas.
Walker<McCauley.
White<McBride.
Wickes<Beaver Eng.
Goodbread<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Pruzansky<C I & BRR
Gross<Lasser & Co.
Ruvolo<B H RR.
Mulholland<NassauRR
Tarezzo<Nassau RR.
Newman<Tompkins.
McGinnis<B H RR.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Vail<B H RR.
Polin<same.
Feder<Edgar Imp Co.
Whitney, Jr<Preston.
Rouse<Miller Daybill Co.
Kerbel<Herschopf.
Lee<Vaughan.
Roth<Schepp.
Bueno<Auditnio.
Votino<Edison Co.
Doggett<B H RR.
Lotso<Nicholas.
Low<B H RR.
Mullin<same.
Perlman<Levine.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Springsteel<Horton.
Johnson<Merrill Bros.
Cortlandt Mtg Co<Vreeland.
Poellmitz<Benjamin.
Scully<NY C RR.
Yonkers Brewery<Gabil.
Ranft<Eisele.
Ruppert<Hall.
Burns<Rector Gas Lamp Co.
Schippeni<NY,NH RR
Austin<Prince.
Ross<Rogers & H.

The following causes may either be marked ready or marked over to another day.
Knowles<NY, NH RR.
Keller<Beach, (2.)
Michaelson<Ebling Brew Co.
Mazel<NY, N H RR.
Fast<Bugbee, (2.)
Schippeni<NY,NH RR.
Pagano<Webber.
Dunn<NY C RR.
Alexander<Chase.
McGinley<Spero.
Young<Keystone State Con Co.
Tobin<Yonkers E L & P Co.
Goldins<Mason & H.
Langford<Reynolds.
Durke<Holbrook, C & R.
Shields<NY, NH RR.
Keating<A Smith & Sons Carpet Co.
Thompson<Int R T, (4.)
Reilly<NY C RR.
Siedzenski<Dunwoodie
Country Club.
Imundi<Wright.
Bonngiovanni<Canavan Bros Co.
Butterworth<City of New Rochelle.
Montisione<same.
Klein<Delaphaine.
Harrison<Chester Hill Auto Serv Co.
Powers<Brewer, (2.)
Bister<Bister, (2.)
Pace<West St Ry.
Grogan<Maxwell-Briscoe Co.
Riddick<Jackson.
Schlesinger<Yonkers RR, (2.)
Hayden<City of New Rochelle.
Turnier<Kerbaugh, Inc
O'Brien<Stern Bros.
Farrell<Bradley Con.
Lach<Lipschitz.

Highest number reached on regular call, 1,050.

PART II.—Short Cause Calendar—Tompkins, J.—Monday, April 19.
Brown<Namus.
Ferguson<Van Schaick
Myer<Ericson.
Kohn<Breunn.
Kessler<Mahoney.
First Nat Bk of White Plains<VanWyck, (2)
Same<Hammond, (4.)
Rich<Kalck.
NY C & H R RR<Co of Westchester.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Garretson, J.—At 10 A. M.

No case will be set down for a day on the call of the day calendar.

Cases must be ready for trial when reached.
Engle<Morgenthaler-Pfeffer Rty Co.
Gotard<Gotard et al.
Brenner<Brenner et al.
Usbeck<Usbeck.
Bebell<Bebell.
Triebel et al<Gallucci et al.
Gallucci et al<Triebel et al.
Quent<Becker.
Hirsch<Mayer et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call.
Wilson<Wilson.
Lasher<Zaret et al.
Baggs<Hencken et al.
Schroeder<Elflein.
Cooper<Read Rty Co & Am Surety Co.
Pearsall, as com<Pearsall.
Kopf, as admr<Kopf.
Dinger<Dinger et al.
Reilly<Reilly.
Towner, as Admx<Babcock, as admx.

Cases will be added from day to day.

Highest number on the calendar, 573.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Kapper, J.—Calendar called in Part I. at 10 A. M. Held in the County Court House in Long Island City, N. Y.

It is required that the name of trial counsel be filed with the Clerk in Part I. before the calendar is made up.

No case will be held for the engagement of counsel unless his name has been filed with the Clerk.

Attention of the Bar is called to Rules 6, 7, and 8, Calendar Rules, Queens County.

Cases must be ready for trial when reached in their order.
Crawin<L I RR.
Whalen<same.
Stines<B, Q C & S RR
Flood, as admx<Weeks
Cush, as admr<NY & Q Co Ry.
Boyle<NY Rys.
G A Just Co<Guthy & Ttitle G & T Co.
Parrott<NY & L I Truck Co et al.
Milewski, as admx<Jamison et al.
McGuiness<Gilkinson.
Flynn<Swift & Co.
Yeandell<Woodside Hts Land Co.
Witte<NY & Q Co Ry.
Green<C I & B RR.
Galinski, as admr<B H RR.
Quinn, an inf<Am Drug Syndicate.
Lisens, as admx<J A Stevenson Co.
Genovam<Transit Dev.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call:
Kopp<Richey, Browne & Donald, Inc.
Duffy<B H RR.
Green<L I Elec Ry.
Robinson<Eon Eng & Con Co.
Heil<Gillmann.
Bradley<B H RR.
Hyatt<same.
Rae<Sibbell.
Kelly<PRyan Con Corp
Golden<B H RR.
Noreco<Bradley Con.
May, as admx<F & M Schaefer Brew Co.
Swenson<P Ryan Con Corp.
Heidelberg<Linch, as receiver.
Candis, as admr<Barrett, as President of Adams Express Co.
Brill<Kern.
Toth<Grunbaum.
Krysko<Richey, B & D, Inc.
Sturdgon<Thiede et al.
Larsen<CNY.
Magee<Magee.
Ambrosio<Meo.
Masters<Freid et al.
Biliski<Caponi.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1130.

County Court.

TRIAL TERM—Humphrey, J.—At 10 A. M.
Fischer<Weber.
Hawley<C I & B Ry.
Killen<B H RR.
Shomar<Straeber et al.
Coppola<B H RR.
Koster<C I & B RR.
Williams<NY & Q Co Ry.
Podicini<B, Q C & Sub Ry.
Scherer<B H RR.
Lucerallli<Kuebler etal
Deptulski<Gudeski.
De Bino<E E Smith Con Co, Inc.
J R Carpenter & Co<Wellbrock.
Gechmanski<J J Daly Iron Co.

Remainder of calendar passed for the day.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, APRIL 13.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, 460, n s, 237.5 ft e of Jackson St, 37x97.3; Leon Tuchmann to Fremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, B. & S., April 7; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$100

MINETTA ST, 4, w s, 131.4 ft n of Bleecker St, 22.1x75x21.11x75, (foreclosure tax lien, March 8;) Arthur M. Levy, referee, to Lavinia Leitch, 226 West 123d St, April 12; attorney, Jno. W. Suling, 258 Broadway.....$3,200

MONROE ST, 286, s s, 175.7 ft e of Jackson St, 25.5x97.3; Leon Tuchmann to Fremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, B. & S.; April 7; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$100

MONROE ST, 290-292, s s, 301.5 ft e of Corlears St, 37.2x97.10x37.1x97.10; Leon Tuchmann to Fremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, B. & S., April 7; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$100

MONROE ST, 294-296, s s, 264.2 ft w of Corlears St, 37.2x97.10x37.1x97.10; Leon Tuchmann to Fremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, B. & S., April 7; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$100

PERRY ST, 8, s s, 107.8 ft w of Greenwich Av, 22x95; Catherine McDermott to Anne E. McDermott, 8 Perry St, (mtg $10,000,) April 12.....$1

1ST AV, w s, 22 ft n of 56th St, 25x74; 1st Av, w s, 47 ft n of 56th St, 25x74; 1st Av, w s, 72 ft n of 56th St, 42.8x74; Albert Winternitz to Winternitz Realty Corporation, 103 Park Av, (mtg $60,000,) all liens, April 10; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row.....$100

1ST AV, n w corner of 74th St, 26.8x74; same to same, (mtg $30,000,) April 10; attorney, same.....$100

2D AV, 2,126, e s, 50.10 ft n of 25th St, 25x75; Elka Raskin to George Schor, 578 Cleveland St, Brooklyn, and Sadie Frankel, 543 West 146th St, April 13; attorney, Louis Rosenberg, 116 Nassau St.....$75

3D ST, n s, 60 ft e of Wooster St, 45x irregular x152.8; Frank E. Lonas to Ridgewood Park Realty Co., 1,566 Flatbush Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $106,750,) March 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

18TH ST, s s, 306 ft e of 2d Av, 21x92; Cecelia M. Harvier to Ernest Harvier, 29 West 10th St, (mtg $7,000,) Feb. 8, 1913; attorneys, Steiner & P., 309 Broadway....$1

19TH ST, s w corner of Irving Place, 25x97; Olivia B. Halsey to Ruby Halsey, her daughter, 1,190 Madison Av, all liens, April 12; attorney, Albert R. Lesinsky, 149 Broadway.....Gift

27TH ST, 132 to 142 West, s s, 380 ft w of 6th Av, 120x98.9; James McCreery Realty Corporation to 140 West 27th Street Corporation, 206 Broadway, (mtg $225,000,) April 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

72D ST, 316 East, s s, 150 ft e of 2d Av, 16.8x102.2; Albert Winternitz to Winternitz Realty Corporation, 103 Park Av, (mtg $8,000,) April 10; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row.....$100

74TH ST, 162 East, s s, 168.9 ft e of Lexington Av, 18.9x102.2; Frederick R. Swift to Eliza H., his wife, Oakland, N. J., all liens, April 10; attorneys, Byrne & Co., 24 Broad St.....Gift

75TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Irving Rosen to Charles Schwimbersky, 329 East 69th St, (mtg $15,000,) April 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

95TH ST, 303 and 305 East, n s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 37.6x100.8, (foreclosure, March 29;) Jno. G. Phell, referee, to N. Y. Produce Exchange, 2-8 Broadway; April 9; attorneys, Baldwin, F. & P., 31 Nassau St.....$30,000

111TH ST, 226-230, s s, 240 ft w of 2d Av, 60x100.11; Leon Tuchmann to Fremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, B. & S., April 7; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.$100

112TH ST, 224-226 East, s s, 255 ft e of 3d Av, 40x100.10; Herman I. Zagor to Jacob and Sarah G. Starkman, 9 East 106th St, (mtg $50,500,) all liens, Feb. 23; attorney, Nathan Kahn, 55 William St.....$1

116TH ST, s s, 80 ft w of Lexington Av, 25x100.11; Rosa Yesky to Philippina Sonnenburg, the younger, 1,855 Madison Av, (mtg $28,000,) April 12; attorney, Theodore Sattler, 147 4th Av.....$150

118TH ST, 5-7 East, n s, 110 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.10; Leon Tuchmann to Fremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, B. & S., April 7; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway, $100

126TH ST, 212 East, s s, 1,950 3d Av, 30x99.11; L. Tuchmann to Fremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, April 7; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$100

141ST ST, 271 and 273 West, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 50x99.11; Leon Tuchmann to Tremont Realty Corporation, 1,990 7th Av, B. & S., April 7; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$100

Bronx.

BRONX AND PELHAM PARKWAY, n s, at land of Harlem River & Port Chester R. R. Co., 779.9x216.2x163.5x902.2, contains 4 9-10 acres; Bernard J. Tinney, referee, to John T. McChesney, Everett, Wash., April 12; attorney, E. Berry, 258 Broadway..$35,000

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 257.3 ft n of 167th St, 50x100; William Sinnott Co. to Emma R. Wurm, 1,224 Vyse Av, (mtg $38,000,) April 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 135, map Harrington estate; Frank Stumpf to George Stumpf, Jr., 110 Norwood Av, Edgewood, Cranston, R. I., April 9; attorneys, Kiendl & Sons, 68 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn.....$1

LOTS 100 and 101, partition map of Lott G. Hunt Estate, Johanna E. Walter et al. to Michael Vesta, 1,936 Wallace Av, (mtg $1,000,) April 12; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.....$100

LOTS 119 and 120, map of Section A, Vyse estate; Patrick J. Tierney to Benenson Realty Co., 401 East 152d St, (mtg $12,000,) April 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

PARK AV, e s, 125 ft n of 181st St, 25x141; Margaret Haggerty to Antonio Giunta, 1,725 Fulton Av, et al., (mtg $4,600,) April 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

S ½ Lot 245, Map Washingtonville, 25x100; Ellsworth J. Healy, referee, to Francis A. Johnstone, trustee, Putnam, Conn., April 16; attorneys, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway.....$3,125

STARLING AV, 2,108, s s, 25x100; Violet E. Reeves to Macon Land Corporation, 60 Wall St, (mtg $4,000,) April 9; attorneys, Otis & O., 60 Wall St.....$1

VYSE AV, e s, 264.7 ft n of Home St, 50x100; Emma R. Wurm to William Sinnott, 967 East 165th St, April 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n w corner of 230th St, 115x80.6; Philip L. Sondheim to Isaac M. Witt, 201 West 117th St, April 10; attorneys, Schwartzman & G., 44 Court St, Brooklyn.....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, n w s, 60.8 ft n e of Tiffany St, 76.3x irregular; Adams Realty Co. to 140 West Twenty-seventh Street Corporation, 206 Broadway, (mtg $27,000,) April 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; 140 West Twenty-seventh Street Corporation to James McCreery Realty Co., 112 West 42d St, (mtg $90,000,) April 1; same attorney.....$100

WEBSTER AV, n e corner of 178th St, 34x110.3; Van Beuren Realty Co. to Clement H. Smith Co., 460 East Tremont Av, March 31, attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

5TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of White Plains Road, 20x100, Wakefield; John O'Brien to Alice M. Butler, 3,743 White Plains Av, Jan. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

173D ST, 452 and 454, s s, 50x100; Louis Wolf to Wolf Bread Co., 452 East 173d St, (mtg $1,750,) March 15; attorney, Wolf Bread Co., 452 East 173d St.....$100

213TH ST, 771 East; State Savings Bank to Giovanni Guercio et al., 768 East 213th St, (mtg $3,550,) April 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$10,100

242D ST, s s, 160 ft e of Katonah Av, 175x100; also 242d St, n s, 95 ft e of Mount Vernon Av, 175.2 ft to Duke Place, x220.6x242.6; also 238th St, n s, 175 ft e of Katonah Av, 75x irregular, also land in Yonkers; Herman Heideberg to Security Bank of N. Y., 1 East 14th St, April 7; attorney, Maxwell Davidson, 165 Broadway.....$50

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, w s, 25 ft n of 166th St, 19x65; Dennis F. Sheehan to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, April 13, 3 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St.....$4,000

AUDUBON AV, n w corner 183d St, 74.11x25; Value Realty Co. to New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, April 13, 3 years.....$16,500

CLINTON ST, 240 and 242, e s, 100.10 ft n of Cherry St, 40.4x72; Jennie and Etta Ginsburg to Leon and Rachel Arnowitt, 130 West 113th St, April 12, due April 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Alex. Bloch, 346 Broadway....$500

FRANKLIN ST, 96 and 98, n w corner of Church St, 63.2x irregular x78.8, prior mtg $22,800; Charles K. Billings to Margaret L. Billings and another, New Haven, Conn., Aug. 3, 1914, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Billings, at New Haven, Conn. $1,200

SAME PROPERTY, prior mtg $18,000; same to C. K. Billings, Jr., et al., of New Haven, Conn., Aug. 3, 1914, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, same.....$4,800

HAMILTON ST, s s, 79.6 ft w of Market St, 78.1x158.6; John E. Collins to Michael H. Rose, 1,139 45th St, Brooklyn, April 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 26 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1,250

LENOX AV, s w corner 116th St, 61x40; Gustav Wurzburger and another to Max Schwarz, 26 West 70th St, April 13; installments, as per notes.....$2,500

11TH AV, n w corner 49th St, —x—; Harry E. Magee to John Kerr, 465 West 49th St, April 10, installments, as per notes; attorney, Edward M. Burghard, 111 Broadway. $900

27TH ST, 132 to 142 West, s s, 380 ft w of 6th Av, 120x98.9; 140 West 27th Street Corporation to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, April 12, due Jan. 1, 1920; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$215,000

86TH ST, n s, 55 ft e of Park Av, 100x100.8; State Construction Co. to Hanover Mortgage Co., 49 Wall St, April 12, prior mtg $400,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway..$42,500

124TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x105.10; Thomas F. Scully to Percy G. Honeyman, New Providence, N. J., Jan. 15, due March 30, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorneys, McLaughlin & S., 15 William St.....$2,990

Bronx.

FRANKLIN AV, w s, 44 ft n of 170th St, 16.10x100; Adelia Jenkins to Samuel B. Ballou, 1,356 Pacific St, Brooklyn, April 7, demand 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. Reid, 345 Canal St.....$1,300

LONGFELLOW AV, w s, 257.3 ft w of 167th St, 50x100; Emma R. Wurm to William Sinnott Co., 967 East 165th St, April 12, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,000

LOTS 100 and 101, partition, map of Lot G. Hunt estate; Michael Vista to Johanna H. W. Kreinberg, 662 Morris Park Av, prior mtg $1,000, April 12, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. C. Roberts, 27 Cedar St...$400

SAME PROPERTY; Johanna E. Walter et al. to John H. Rehm, 1,653 Holland Av, April 12, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av.....$1,000

LOTS 443 and 444, amended map of Mapes estate; Dorothy Reutler to Mary E. Hastings, 530 West End Av, April 13, due July 1, 1918, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,500

PARK AV, e s, 125 ft n of 181st St, 25x141; Antonio Giunta and another to Margaret Haggerty, 4,424 Park Av, (prior mtg $4,600,) April 13, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,750

POE PLACE, w s, 203.9 ft n of Coles Place, 26.10x119; Julia O'Neill to Rafael Diez de la Cortina, Middletown, N. Y., April 12, due July 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Williamson & B., 364 Alexander Av.....$1,500

WEBSTER AV, n e corner 178th St, 34x110.3; Clement H. Smith to Eva Gold, Old South Road, Woodhaven, L. I., April 12, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,000

WESTCHESTER AV, n w s, 60.8 ft n e of Tiffany St, 76.3x irregular; 140 West Twenty-seventh Street Corporation to Adams Realty Co., 206 Broadway, (prior mtg $27,000,) April 1, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$63,000

213TH ST, 771 East; Giovannini Guerco et al. to Luigi De Luccia, 322 East 144th St, April 12, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $10,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

BEDFORD ST, 23-27, all; Rudolph Wallach Co. to Pauline Ciruzzi, 27 Bedford St, 5 years, from March 1, 1914; attorney, A. Waymann, 68 William St.....$2,880

CHAMBERS ST, 98, the lard; Rector, &c, Grace Church to Laura J. Wells, 24 East 63d St, 21 years, from May 1, 1915; attorneys, Wells & G., 34 Nassau St.....$2,450

MOTT ST, 69-71, store; Rebecca Ficken to Rae Piantieri, 396 Broome St, 5 years, from May 1, 1915; address 69 Mott St.....$1,320

NORFOLK ST, 138, n store and basement; Rose Weissberg to Frank Thau, 219 Forsyth St, 5 years, from May 1, 1915; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av.....$864

RUTGERS PLACE, 11 East, store; Nathan Armour to Mandie Alpenowitz, 11 Rutgers Place, 3 years, from May 1, 1914.....$480

12TH ST, 39 West, all; Centre-White Co. to Sarah L. Sheppard, 39 West 12th St, 3 5-12 years, from May 1, 1915.....$1,800

134TH ST, 523 West, all; Rosenthal Construction Co. to Samuel Berman, 506 West 134th St, 3 years, from Dec. 1, 1914; attorney, Samuel Sturtz, 198 Broadway....$4,800

123D ST, 519 West, all; Edward Mittenberger to Louise H. Sweet and another, 519 West 123d St, 15½ years, from March 15, 1915; attorney, George J. Mittenberger, 244 West 122d St.....$3,400

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, 311; Joseph H. Lowenstein against Allerton, 38th St. Co., Inc., owner and contractor.....$400

58TH ST, 316 East; Max Levine against Jeremiah F. Cotter, owner; Jacob Chesler, contractor.....$20

64TH ST, 241 to 245 West; S. H. Pomeroy Co., Inc., against Bournonville Realty Co., owner; F. J. Ashfield, contractor, (renewal). $350

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, 910; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. against Lena Schacht, owner; Joseph Solzman, contractor.....$20

LIEBIG AV, w s, 250 ft s of 261st St, 25x100; Davis Bros. against Hannah Nyden, owner; Louis J. Schoefer, contractor...$127

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 317; Murray Hill Sheet Metal Works against Society of the New York Hospital et al., Sept. 15, 1914.....$46

LEXINGTON AV, 571; Davis Brown, Inc., against Hammerstein Opera Co. et al., March 27, 1914.....$9,449

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 50.5 ft s of 51st St; John Jordis Iron Works against Hammerstein Opera Co. et al., June 30, 1914..$7,112

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 50.5 ft s of 51st St; Davis Brown, Inc., against same, May 26, 1914.....$9,449

2D AV, 1,207 to 1,215; John Viviani against Jane Sanders et al., Dec. 15, 1914.....$857

7TH AV, n w corner of 24th St; Johnson Service Co. against National Cloak and Suit Co. et al., April 2, 1915, (by bond)..$2,226

75TH ST, 507 and 509 East; J. L. Keating & Co. against Bernet C. Gerken et al., Aug. 17, 1914.....$158

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, w s, 50 ft s of 180th St, 50x100; Philip Kramer et al. against Alfred C. Bachman et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Gollmar, Smith & Froeb.

AVENUE A, n w corner of 22d St, 172.9x117.4; National Bridge Works against Auto Truck Storage & Exchange Co. et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Thompson & Fuller.

PARK ROW, 158; Frederick Prime et al. against Evarts Holding Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Dean, Tracy & McBarron.

WATER ST, 684; Aletta L. Tower et al. against Ernestine Schleicher et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Baldwin & May.

31ST ST, n s, 145.4 ft e of 7th Av, 19.11x66; Mary A. Williams et al. against William F. Donnelly et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

61ST ST, 235 West; Abraham Beller against Herbert Fischer et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. J. Foltz.

134TH ST, 318 West; James K. Holly, trustee, against Rudolph Newman et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Gay & Goddard.

174TH ST, n e corner of Wadsworth Av, 100x189.9; Adamo Ciccarono against West Park Presbyterian Church of New York City et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Menken Brothers.

Bronx.

ELSMERE PLACE, 871; Assets Liquidation Co. against Henry B. Hardenburg et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wing & Russell.

LOT 287, map of 329 lots, part of Schieffelin estate, 24th Ward; Benjamin F. Elgar against Giuseppe Bevacqua et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cook & Elgar.

LOTS 93 and 94, map of 131 building lots belonging to estate of Thomas O. Woolf, 24th Ward; Henrietta H. Woolf, as administratrix, against Carl H. Dittmar et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Deering & Deering.

MERRIAM AV, s w corner of University Av, 42.8x125; George Colon & Co. against Sarah B. Smith et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Menken Brothers.

MORRIS AV, 1,543; Rothblatt-Siegel Co., Inc., against Mollie E. Katzen et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, J. Glasser.

170TH ST, n s, 108.6 ft e of Crotona Av, 32.3x30.6; Amelia Smith against Eugene H. Hammond et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. W. Burr.

192D ST, s e corner of Valentine Av, 13.7x177.8; Ella S. Poor against Max Brand et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Roelker, Bailey & Stiger.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Broadway, s e corner of 215th St, for a five-story tenement and store, 81.7x85.3; Haven Construction Co., 215 Audubon Av, owner; Sass & Springsteen, 32 Union Square, architects; cost, $50,000.

Amsterdam Av, s w corner of 215th St, for a five-story tenement and store; same owner and architects; cost, $50,000.

150th St, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, for 2 six-story tenements; Maple Construction Co., 1 Wall St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; cost, $100,000.

Fox St, n s, 100 ft w of Avenue St. John, for five six-story brick tenements, 50x108.8 each; Bernhard Mayer, 5 Beekman St, owner; Charles B. Meyers, 1 Union Square, architect; cost.....$200,000

Commonwealth Av, s e corner 174th St, for a two-story brick store and dwelling, 20.2½x65; L. Einhorn, 1,533 Avenue A, owner; B. Ebeling, 2,400 Westchester Av, architect; cost.....$6,000

East Chester Bay, w s, 1,500 ft n of Pennyfield Road, for two one-story frame bungalows, 16x20; Charles J. Hackenberg, 1,868 Cruger Av, owner and architect; cost..$150

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Hellig Olav, at Kirkwall, April 11.
SS Frogner, at Gothenburg, April 13.
SS America, at Genoa, April 12.
SS Korona, at St. Thomas, April 12.
SS Kansas, at Bristol, April 13.
SS Highland Prince, at Rio Janeiro, April 11.
SS Scottish Prince, at Pernambuco, April 11.
SS Sorland, at Hartlepool, April 11.
SS Guatemala, at Havre, April 10.
SS Breiz Izel, at Marseilles, April 9.
SS J. L. Luckenbach, at Colon, April 13.
SS Stanley Dollar, at Colon, April 13.
SS Trokea, at London, April 13.
SS Highland Harris, at Buenos Aires, April 12.
SS Nora, at Montevideo, April 12.

Sailed.

SS Touraine, from Bordeaux, April 13.
SS Dardanas, from St. Vincent, C. V., April 11.
SS Kanawha, from Leghorn, April 8.
SS Tapajoz, from Barbados, April 10.
SS Modena, from Rotterdam, April 10.
SS Othello, from Hull, April 11.
SS Lombok, from Table Bay, April 10.
SS Caserta, from Genoa, April 6.
SS New York, (tank,) from Penarth, April 13.
SS Lewis K. Thurlow, from Colon, April 13.
SS Calamares, from Colon, April 13.
SS Rotterdam, from Rotterdam, April 13.
SS Tjisondari, from Rotterdam, April 13.
SS Bristol City, from Bristol, April 13.
SS Kirkoswald, from Dartmouth, April 9.

Passed.

SS Patris, New York for Piraeus, passed Gibraltar.
SS Suram, New York for Marseilles, passed Gibraltar.
SS Bala, New York for London, passed Dover.
SS Calypso, New York for Rotterdam, passed Prawle Point, April 9.

SHIPS REPORTED BY WIRELESS.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., APRIL 13.

SS Sant' Anna, Marseilles to New York; time and distance not given; due 14th, afternoon. Fabre Line.
SS United States, Copenhagen to New York, was 1,033 miles E. at noon; due 16th, forenoon. Scandinavian-American Line.
SS Taormina, Naples to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 14th, forenoon. Italian Lines.
SS Guantanamo, Rotterdam to New York, was 500 miles E. at 8 P. M.; due 16th, forenoon. Ward Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Lewis Luckenbach, San Francisco to New York, was 255 miles N. of Colon at 8 P. M. 12th.
SS Guantanamo, Rotterdam to New York, was 900 miles E. of Ambrose Lightship at 8 P. M. 11th.
SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 75 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Comet, New Orleans to New York, was 53 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Gulflight, Port Arthur to New York, was 11 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 50 miles N. of Key West at noon.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 267 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Perfection, Port Arthur to New York, was 265 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 229 miles S. at noon.
SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 50 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS J. D. Archbold, New Orleans to New York, was 215 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at noon.
SS Alamo, Mobile to New York, was 78 miles S. E. of Mobile Bar at 7 P. M.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 465 miles S. at noon.
SS El Cid, New Orleans to New York, was 149 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Millinocket, Stockton, Maine, to New York, was 104 miles E. of Ambrose Lightship at 7:30 P. M.
SS Colorado, Galveston to New York, was 48 miles S. of Lookout at 7 P. M.
SS Caracas, Laguayra to New York, was 440 miles S. at 8 P. M.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 520 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 205 miles S. at noon.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 167 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Northwestern, Matanzas to New York, was 87 miles S. at noon.
SS Concho, Galveston to New York, was 80 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. April 17, SS St. Louis.
France—Close at 11 A. M. April 14, SS Niagara, and at 11 A. M. April 17, SS Rochambeau.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. May 1, SS Canopic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. April 15, SS Thessaloniki.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. April 15, SS Baassam.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. April 22, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. April 17, SS Taormina.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..5:25|Sun sets..6:37|Moon sets..7:12

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:32	7:52	1:35	1:42
Governors Island	8:09	8:25	2:12	2:20
Hell Gate	9:59	10:15	3:52	4:00

Arrived—Tuesday, April 13.

SS Gorredyk, Rotterdam, March 31.
SS Walchern, Barry, March 26.
SS Metapan, Colon, April 9.
SS Bayamon, San Juan, April 6.
SS Santa Catalina, Balboa, April 6.
SS Ioanna, Genoa, March 30.
SS Hermine, Bermuda, March 26.
SS Alton, Huelva, March 8.
SS Wildrecht, Rotterdam, March 25.
SS Berwindvale, Progreso, April 6.
SS Henrik Ibsen, Balboa, April 6.
SS Saratoga, Havana, April 9.
SS Auchendale, St. Jago, April 6.
SS Marie, Tanamo, March 6.
SS Heredia, New Orleans, April 8.
SS Santiago, Brunswick, April 10.
SS Navahoe, Georgetown, April 8.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Sant' Anna	Naples	Mar. 29
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	April 4
Minnehaha	London	April 3
Norfolk	Rotterdam	Mar. 26
Larenburg	Rotterdam	Mar. 23
Lancastrian	London	Mar. 30
Vitalia	Rotterdam	Mar. 27
Bradford	Balboa	April 2
Ohioan	Cristobal	April 3
Ryndam	Rotterdam	April 3
Kroonland	San Juan	April 9
Orduna	Liverpool	April 6
Ryndyk	Port Talbot	Mar. 31
Kelbergen	Hull	Mar. 31
Dagland	Macoris	April 6
Mohawk	Jacksonville	April 11
El Mundo	Galveston	April 8
DUE TOMORROW.		
Adriatic	Liverpool	April 7
Ryswyck	Rotterdam	Mar. 30
Almirante	Kingston	April 10
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	April 12
City of St. Louis	Savannah	April 13
Creole	New Orleans	April 10
DUE FRIDAY.		
Themistocles	Piraeus	Mar. 31
Panama	Cristobal	April 10
Devon City	Shields	Mar. 31
Guantanamo	Rotterdam	Mar. 29
United States	Christiansand	April 3
Matura	Grenada	April 9
San Jacinto	Galveston	April 10
El Sud	Galveston	April 10
DUE SATURDAY.		
St. Paul	Liverpool	April 10
Ghazee	Hull	April 1
Den of Airlie	London	April 2
Grigorios Anghelatos	London	April 2
Vard	Rotterdam	April 1
Apache	Jacksonville	April 14
City of Montgomery	Savannah	April 14

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Maracaibo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Marta, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Stephano, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Santurce, Santo Domingo	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Olinda, Gibara	—	12:00 M.
Hamilton, Norfolk	—	3:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Arabic, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Niagara, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Advance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Maravel, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Terence, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	—	3:00 P.M.
El Oriente, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Esperanza, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prins Willem I., Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Madison, Norfolk	—	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
St. Louis, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rochambeau, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Juan, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hungarian Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Minnehaha, London	—	11:00 A.M.
Bayamon, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Colorado, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Munwood, Matanzas	—	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Jefferson, Norfolk	—	3:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
El Valle, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia	April 16
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Mexico Maru	April 18
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia	April 19
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	April 22
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Marama	April 23

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, March 15; Hongkong, March 17; Shanghai, March 20; Yokohama, March 27, and Honolulu, April 6—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Siberia, were dispatched east on April 12, and mails dated Hongkong, March 9; Shanghai, March 16; Kobe, March 24, and Yokohama, March 26, which arrived per steamer Mexico, were dispatched east from Seattle on April 12. These mails are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, April 17.

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MONDAY, APRIL 19, 5 P. M.
Spacious, Comfortable Rooms Beautifully Appointed
Tuscania......Sat., Apr. 24, NOON
LUSITANIA...Sat., May 1, 10 A.M.
Transylvania..Sat., May 8, NOON
Orduna......Sat., May 15, 10 A.M.
Tuscania......Sat., May 22, NOON
Azores—Gibraltar—Genoa—Naples—Piraeus
S.S.CARPATHIA, Sat.,May 15, Noon
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World.
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American Steamers Under the American Flag
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New York—London. Pier 58, N. R.
MINNEHAHA, APRIL 17, 11 A. M.
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool. Pier 60, N. R., Noon
†Arabic, Apr. 15, 10 A.M. | Adriatic, Apr. 21
†Cabin & 3rd Class Passengers only
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
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$110 Honolulu Round Trip First Class Sydney, $337.50
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T. S. S. SANT' ANNA (15,000 Tons.)
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Patria.......May 8 | Roma.........June 7
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FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for BORDEAUX
NIAGARA . . . Apr. 15, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Apr. 17, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Apr. 24, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . . May 1, 3 P. M.
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Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
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Calling at Liverpool
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Taormina, April 17. Caserta, April 29.
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Steamer leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., week days at 6:00 P. M.; W. 132d St., 6:30 P. M. Sundays at 9:45 A. M. and 10 P. M.
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Hudson Navigation Co.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5 P. M. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P.M.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
First Up-trip, May 14; Down, May 15.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Builders Buy Two Block Fronts in the Bronx for Immediate Improvement—Justice John J. Brady Sells Fordham Club Property to Investor—Brooklyn and Suburban Deals.

If any indications were wanting of a renewal of realty and building activity in the Borough of the Bronx, they were given with clearness yesterday in several deals of more than average importance in the sections which are showing substantial improvement.

The Fordham district on and near the Concourse supplied two sales of interest, and the Lower Tremont section east of Crotona Park furnished one of the largest transactions in that vicinity that has been closed for some time.

This deal involved the purchase by builders, the Normal Construction Company, (Brown & Lapin,) of the block front on the east side of Boston Road, between 172d Street and Wilkins Avenue, on block east of the park. The frontage is 264 feet by about 111 deep, containing about eight lots.

The property was sold by William S. Baker for the Lawyers' Title Insurance and Trust Company. The broker has obtained for the new owners a building and permanent loan of $170,000 for the construction of three five-story apartment houses which will be started at once. With the projected improvements the total investment will aggregate close to $300,000.

Builders Buy Block Front in Melrose Section.

The second block-front deal was in the Melrose section, where the Broadway Savings Institution disposed of twenty lots on the east side of Mott Avenue, between 157th and 158th Streets, to the Crest Holding Company.

The property, which is directly opposite the Franz Siegel Park, will be improved at once by the buyers with five-story non-elevator flats. William A. White & Sons, in conjunction with Walter A. Stephens, Inc., negotiated the sale.

Sales on Fordham Heights.

The Fordham Heights section which has been the centre of exceptional realty and building activity, also furnished two good deals. One was on the south side of Field Place, between Creston and Morris Avenues, where a plot 62.06 by 100 feet has been purchased by the builders, A. Hamilton & Son, from the estate of Edward Handy. Richard H. Scobie was the broker. The plot is opposite the block on which the new Bronx High School is being erected. The same buyers are improving the adjoining plot on the southwest corner of Creston Avenue and Field Place, 58 by 100 feet, with two five-story apartments, recently acquired through the same broker.

A few blocks to the north, a plot 25 by 81 feet, at 2,423 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, being 215 feet south of 188th Street, was purchased by Harry J. Douglas from the Murray estate. He recently acquired the adjoining parcel of 2,425, giving him a frontage of fifty feet. H. A. Douglas & Co. and McLernon Brothers were the brokers. The Murray estate owned the property since 1864, when it is said to have been purchased for $20. It is now assessed at $4,100.

Investor Buys Fordham Club Property.

Mark L. Kelly has purchased for investment from Supreme Court Justice John J. Brady, the Fordham Club property at the southwest corner of Morris Avenue and Fordham Road.

The property consists of a three-story brick and frame structure of Colonial design on a plot 69 by 121 by 75 by 129 feet. It has been held at $50,000.

The future plans of the club have not yet been decided upon, but it is understood that the property will be leased from the new owner for at least one year. B. H. Weisker negotiated the sale.

Deal in the East Bronx.

An investor has purchased from the Turek Realty Company the southeast corner of Tiffany Street and Whitlock Avenue, a five-story flat, on plot 55 by 100 feet.

Sale on West Fifty-sixth Street.

Patrick J. McMahon has sold to an investing client of Carman, Voorhees & Floyd, 238 and 240 West Fifty-sixth Street, a five-story flat with stores on a plot 45 by 100 located between Broadway and Eighth Avenue.

Carnegie Hill—Harlem Trade.

John J. Kavanagh sold for Mrs. Palmer Coolidge, 12 and 14 East 110th Street, near Fifth Avenue, two five-story double apartments on a plot 52 by 100 to Joseph M. Daggert.

The buyer gave in part payment, 1,296 Madison Avenue, northwest corner of Ninety-second Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 73, recently reported sold by the same broker. Mrs. Coolidge will occupy the Madison Avenue house.

Tenement Property Sales.

Paul A. McGolrick has sold to an investor 271 West 140th Street, a five-story double flat on a plot 25 by 99.10.

Moritz Greenstein has resold 117-119 East 109th Street, a six-story flat, with stores, on a plot 50 by 100.11, located 155 feet east of Park Avenue. The seller acquired the property a few weeks ago at a foreclosure sale.

Private Dwellings Traded.

Mrs. Henry Meyers has purchased from Mrs. Robert B. Reese, 259 West Ninetieth Street, a four and five-story dwelling, with a three-story extension, on lot 18 by 100.8, adjoining the Cornwall apartment house at the northwest corner of Broadway.

In exchange the buyer gave the three-story dwelling, at 160 East Sixty-third Street, on lot 16 by 100, near Lexington Avenue.

Acreage in Part Payment for the Brixton.

In part payment for the Brixton apartment house at 140 West Seventy-ninth Street sold Monday, Clarence Payne gave the Brixton Realty Company, Edwin S. Brickner, President, about forty-five acres of waterfront at Woodmere, L. I. The property runs along the deep waters of Woodmere Bay for about 2,500 feet. It stretches east to the new Hewlett development.

It is understood that the intention of the new owners is to lay out this land in a co-operative park and erect Summer residences on plots of from two to three acres each, and dispose of the balance.

Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickerson has sold 203 St. John's Place, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling, for a client to John Thomson and Delia C. Thomson for occupancy.

The G. X Mathew's Company has sold in the Ridgewood section to Bernhard F. Thiele 1,827 Woodbine Street and to William Moser 1,825 Woodbine Street, three-story model flats, 27.6 by 100 feet, for $11,500 each.

$75,000 Brooklyn Apartments.

Shampan & Shampan have completed plans for two high-class apartment houses to be erected on the northeast corner of East Twenty-first Street and Dorchester Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn, on a plot 122 by 88, for the Lancastershire Realty Company, as owners, to cost $75,000.

Long Island City.

Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc., have sold for Steinway & Sons, the piano manufacturers, the lot, 25 by 100, on Orchard Street, Long Island City, near the Queensboro Bridge Plaza to Jacob Freeman of New York City, who has leased same to a large manufacturing concern for twenty-one years. The lot adjoins the McClure factory building that was leased last August by Goodale, Perry & Dwight, Inc., for the Eastern Warehouse and Realty Company.

Westchester County.

Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., in conjunction with the American Real Estate Company, has purchased for Arthur D. Geissler of 435 Riverside Drive the residence of Charles Edwin Hunt, located at Edgecliff Terrace, Park Hill, Yonkers. This house is a large Colonial frame dwelling, which the purchaser proposes to remodel and enlarge.

Edward M. West, Inc., have sold for James E. Haines the house and plot, 11 Chestnut Hill Avenue, White Plains, to Henry C. Lamb. The same brokers have sold a lot on Central Avenue for Mrs. Flora Rice Shanahan of New York City; also a lot for Cooley & West, Inc., on Chatterton Avenue, corner of Central Avenue.

Colgate & Co. to Build.

Colgate & Co., Jersey City, N. J., have awarded the contract to the Turner Construction Company for the construction of a warehouse and manufacturing building, eight stories, 96 by 200, located at Greene and York Streets, Jersey City, N. J. This building is reinforced concrete construction throughout and work will be undertaken at once. Warren Davey is the architect.

Tenement Property Leased.

G. Seide & Son have leased for George Schuster, 1,323 Park Avenue, northeast corner Park Avenue and 100th Street, a six-story tenement, for a term of years.

Polizzi & Co., Inc., have leased for P. Fiumefreddo and another to Rocco Riccobono the five-story tenement 181 First Avenue for a term of five years from May 1, 1915, at the aggregate rental of about $20,000.

New Dyckman Flats.

Plans have been filed in the Tenement House Department for a five-story apartment house, to contain forty families, situated on the north side of Vermilyea Avenue, 159 feet east of Academy Street, for the Bondheim Construction Company, by George and Edward Blum.

$463,000 for Queens Buildings.

The revival in building operations which is reported from every borough of the city has shown its high-water mark in Queens, where during last week permits were issued for operations to cost $463,000.

There were sixty-seven applications for new buildings at an estimated cost of $407,000; forty-one applications for alterations of an estimated cost of $30,000.

There were sixty-seven applications for plumbing at a cost of $26,000.

Every line of building activity is represented in the Queens operations from the small bungalow on the seashore to big tenements, two-family brick dwellings, frame dwellings and improvements to industrial plants.

Commercial Leases.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased for Robert Goelet the store at 58 and 60 West Sixty-fifth Street to the Hood Tire Company and for the Burnol Fuel Company the store and basement at 207 West Fiftieth Street to the Goodyear Rubber and Tire Company.

Porter & Co. have leased to Samuel and Harry Blank for the estate of Adolph Brussel the store located at 129 East 125th Street.

Folsom Brothers, Inc., have leased for Robert Christie the four-story building 122 West Twenty-ninth Street for six years to Joseph Schild.

Rice & Hill have leased for a term of years for the Mansbach-Froehlich Realty Company to Jacob Braunstein the store and basement 1,708 Broadway.

Harvey Bloomer has leased for the estate of G. Sidenberg, in the Hotel Theresa, the store located at 204 West 125th Street to the Wolff Shirt Company; the store located at 2,084 Seventh Avenue to Lichenstien Bros., opticians, and 2,086 Seventh Avenue to S. Spyros, shoes and hats; also the three-story building located at 242 Sixth Avenue for the Barrett estate to J. Bishop, cloaks and suits.

Shaw & Co. have leased to E. von Minden the four-story and basement dwelling 200 Lenox Avenue to the Central Republican Club.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for the Phelps Stokes estates underwriting premises on the ground floor of the Woodbridge Building, 100 William Street, for a long term of years to the General Accident, Fire, and Life Assurance Corporation, from May 1, and similar space in the same building to the Norwich Union Fire Company, whose executive offices are in the immediate neighborhood.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Charles A. Berrian.

132d St, 122 West, s s, 250 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; Metropolitan Savings Bank against M. E. Napier et al.; A. S. & W. Hutchins, attorneys; H. D. Patton, referee; due, $8,124.80; taxes, &c., $313; to the plaintiff for $6,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

2d Av, 2,118, s e corner of 109th St, 17x66, three-story tenement and stores; City Real Estate Co. against R. M. Coyle et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; Irving Washburn, referee; due, $5,446.29; taxes, &c., $168.30; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By John J. Donovan.

Kepler Av, 4,205, w s, 75 ft s of 235th St, 25x100, two-story dwelling; City Real Estate Co. against E. A. Wilhelm et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; Edward D. Bolton, referee; due, $2,698.98; taxes, &c., $68.15; to Carrie Fisher for $2,951.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Greene St, 78, e s, 101.2 ft s of Spring St, 25x100.1, six-story loft building; Grenville L. W. Einthrop et al., executors, against Sol Cohen et al.; Chalmers Wood, attorney; Lafayette B. Gleason, referee; due, $47,177.02; taxes, &c., $313.

Broadway, 1,744 to 1,748, s e corner of 56th St, 131.9x122.7x120x88.7, seven-story tenement; Edmund L. Mooney et al. against David W. Harkness et al.; Blandy, Mooney & Shipman, attorneys; Charles L. Hoffman, referee; partition.

Amsterdam Av, 2,107, e s, 5 ft n of 164th St, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores; Mary J. Mondorf against Arthur Otten et al.; William F. Clare, attorney; Hal Bell, referee; due, $11,152.31; taxes, &c., $612.75.

Suffolk St, 12, e s, 75 ft n of Hester St, 25x50, five-story tenement and stores; William M. Martin, executor, against Morris Simon et al.; Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft, attorneys; Horace E. Deming, referee; due, $19,065; taxes, &c., $50.50.

East 60th St, 210, s s, 142.2 ft e of 3d Av, 19.2x100.5, three-story dwelling; James A. Trowbridge against Rose Abrahams et al.; Thomas H. Baskerville, attorney; Enos S. Booth, referee; due, $9,269.92; taxes, &c., $863.10.

West 125th St, 29, n s, 350 ft w of 5th Av, 20x99.11, five-story loft building; Bartow S. Weeks, trustee, against James Dailey et al.; Charles J. McDermott, attorney; Meyer M. Friend, referee; due, $38,608.84; taxes, &c., $2,372.27.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

East 82d St, 518, s s, 273 ft e of Avenue A, 18.9x102.2, four-story tenement and stores; Ernst Zipse et al., executors, against Joseph Scher et al.; George H. Hyde, attorney; Isidore D. Morrison, referee; due, $7,796.78; taxes, &c., $353.55.

East 84th St, 507, n s, 117.6 ft e of Avenue A, 19.6x102.2, three-story dwelling; Arnold J. D. Heins against Mary A. Smith et al.; Salter & Steinkamp, attorneys; James Dunne, referee; due, $13,457.08; taxes, &c., $400.16.

By D. Phoenix Ingraham.

East 118th St, 63 and 65, n s, 140 ft w of Park Av, 50x100.11, six-story tenement; Baron de Hirsch Fund against Annie Koplik et al.; M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, attorneys; Wilbur Larremore, referee; due, $47,378.66; taxes, &c., $705.90.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Rockwood St, s s, 84.2 ft e of Walton Av, 30.9x45x25x55, vacant; Anna B. Crossin against James A. Woolf et al., (Action 3;) Harold Swain, attorney; Charles H. Murray, referee; due, $1,498.58; taxes, &c., $75.

Katonah Av, 4,311, n w corner of 237th St, 25x85, two-story dwelling; Mary E. Lowry against Hibbert C. Simmonds et al.; Dean, Tracy & McBarron, attorneys; N. Taylor Phillips, referee; due, $5,486; taxes, &c., $354.24.

Katonah Av, 4,315, w s, 50 ft n of 237th St, 25x85, two-story dwelling; same against same, (Action 2;) same attorneys; same referee; due, $5,827.78; taxes, &c., $744.22.

By Joseph P. Day.

Katonah Av, 4,313, w s, 25 ft n of 237th St, 25x85, two-story dwelling; Rebecca B. Gourlie et al., executrices, against Stanley L. Marran et al., (Action 2;) Dean, Tracy & McBarron, attorneys; Francis S. McAvoy, referee; due, $5,827.78; taxes, &c., $744.22.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Morris Av, 1,046, e s, 130 ft n of 165th St, 20x92.6, three-story tenement; Imogene Whittlesey et al., executors, against Meyer Harrison et al.; Daniel Burke, attorney; Isidor Weis, referee; due, $8,249.12; taxes, &c., $750.

By Jacob H. Mayers.

East 148th St, 368, s s, 121.5 ft w of 3d Av, 25x112.11x irregular, seven-story loft building; Lincoln Manufacturing Co. against Bronx Publishing Co. et al.; Henry A. Blumenthal, attorney; Joseph R. Truesdale, referee; due, $9,001.51; taxes, &c., $1,250.85; subject to first mortgage of $48,000.

Monticello Av, s e corner of Edenwald Av, 175x100, vacant; John C. Eidt et al. against Charles S. Terrett et al.; Coller & Coller, attorneys; Clarence Y. Palitz, referee; due, $6,527.07; taxes, &c., $1,277.42.

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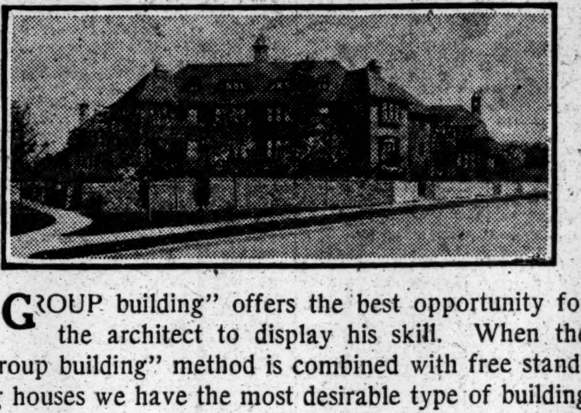

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Offices
Single or in suites.

Cruikshank Company
141 Broadway

OFFICES for RENT
We have a few desirable
Rooms & Suites
AT LOW PRICES
In the following properties:
SIXTY WALL ST.
(Privilege of Law Library.)
BANK OF COMMERCE BLDG.
31 Nassau St.
CORN EX. BANK BLDG.,
15 William St.
27-29 PINE ST.
TAYLOR BLDG.,
39-41 Cortlandt St.
MORRIS BLDG.,
68 Broad St.
FRUIT TRADE BLDG.,
Franklin & Washington Sts.
MATTLAGE BLDG.,
97 Warren St.
HOME LIFE BLDG.,
256 Broadway.
Efficient Management and Service and a Desire to Please the Tenants.
GEO. R. READ & CO.
Agent
30 Nassau St.

FOUR BARGAINS IN OFFICE SPACE

42d Street Building, 30 East 42d Street—12th floor, Madison Avenue side; 640 square feet; choice space. Lease from May 1, 1915, to May 1, 1916.

Charles Building, 43d Street and Madison Avenue—About ⅓ of a floor, 528 square feet; from May 1, 1915, to January 1, 1916. Exceptional light and floor plan.

U. S. Express Building, 2 Rector Street—Corner suite, 5th floor, about 650 square feet. Lease from May 1, 1915, to January 1, 1916. Fine offices for Lawyer.

St. James Building, 1,133 Broadway—9th floor, north light, 420 square feet. Lease May 1 to January 1, 1916.

Can arrange longer term lease on any of the above where desired.

Submit all offers to
DEAN WIDNER, 52 Vanderbilt Avenue,
—OR—
'Phone, Murray Hill—4496.

634 FIFTH AVENUE
OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL.
AN UPPER FLOOR
(25x110 FEET)
For High-Class Retail Trade.

Ready for immediate occupancy, as decorations, dressing rooms, lighting fixtures, carpets and portieres are already installed.

APPLY ON PREMISES.

Stores To Let
NEW BUILDINGS, JUST COMPLETED.
MYRTLE ° PUTNAM AVS.
RIDGEWOOD
Good Chance for Any Business
Busiest Thoroughfare in Brooklyn.
LOUIS GOLD,
44 Court Street. Tel. Main 7050.

138 BEEKMAN ST.
ENTIRE BUILDING TO LET.
Four-story and cellar.
Rent only $720 per year.
Possession May 1, 1915.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

246 FIFTH AV.,
SOUTHWEST CORNER 28TH ST.,
entire third and fourth floors to let, containing 5,000 sq. ft. each; steam heat; elevator; rents low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

A.—HARLEM DWELLINGS.
BEST WEST SIDE LOCATION.
Largest selections; all descriptions.
$720, $800, $840, $900, $1,000, $1,200, $1,300, $1,400, $1,500, to $3,000.
SHAW & CO., 1 West 125th St.

Bronx.

TO LET
3-Story Brick Dwelling
16 Fordham Road West, suitable for Doctor, Dentist, Dressmaker, etc.
RENT $50 PER MONTH
B. H. WEISKER
Jerome Avenue, near Fordham Road.

We've something new and superior in office lighting—the new Nitrogen Electric Lamp combined with indirect lighting. Call and see what it means to you.

41 Park Row &
147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts., Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open to 3 streets.
Modern Building Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

LOFTS.
Modern buildings; steam power; elevator; all light; shipping centre; 25c-30c square foot; will build special building to suit tenant.
SHAW & CO.,
1 WEST 125TH ST.

BROOKLYN.

FACTORY TO LET
Easy Terms
25,000 sq. feet. All Light.
Four stories, brick.
Finest section for reliable help.
P. J. MENAHAN, Owner,
965 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn.

NEW JERSEY.

FACTORY BUILDING

For Rent—Beginning May 1, 1915.

MAGNIFICENT FACTORY, now occupied by the National Casket Company, Third and Grand Sts., Hoboken, New Jersey.

This is a large and commodious factory, containing engine, boiler, and fully equipped as a woodworking plant.

The factory building is now thoroughly equipped with shafting and pulleys and two complete dry kilns, making it especially adapted for a woodworking concern. The shafting, pulleys and kilns are now owned by the present tenant, but can be bought cheaply.

The above property is also for sale, and can be bought on very reasonable terms.

Apply to **PEIRCE & HOOVER,**
Prudential Bldg., Newark, N. J.
Attys. for the Estate of John McLaren, Dec'd.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Cleburne
WEST END AVE.-BROADWAY,
AT 105TH ST.
New Apartments Ready for Occupancy
Enclosed Driveway—Roof Garden
8-9-10 LARGE ROOMS,
3 AND 4 BATHS.
Apply on premises or
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
158 BROADWAY.
72D. ST. & COLUMBUS AVE.

IRVINGTON HALL
355 West 51st St.

Just completed, handsomely finished, modern fireproof elevator apartment house, consisting of two, three, and four room apartments, with bath, kitchens and kitchenettes; block to Subway and "L"; rent, $35 to $55.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Desirable Apartments Offered by
DUFF & CONGER Madison Avenue, Corner 86th St.

62 E. 96th St.	Single Flats, steam heat, hot water.	7 rooms & bath	$35-$45
1246 Madison Ave.	Single Flats, steam heat, hot water.	7 rooms & bath	$50-$60
127 & 129 E. 86th St.	hot water supply.	6 rooms & bath	$30-$31
131 East 86th St.	steam heat, hot water.	8 rooms & bath	$50
120-122 E. 85th St.	Elevator, steam heat, hot water.	7 rooms & bath	$55-$60

Janitors in charge will show premises.

145 East 35th Street
THE SOUTHFIELD.
Heart of exclusive Murray Hill. Large living room, foyer and dining room, arranged EN SUITE.
7 Rooms and 2 Baths,
$2,200-$2,400.
Extra maid's rooms if desired.
Chas. P. L. Huston Co., Inc.
15 EAST 40TH ST.

Rutherford, 206 E. 17th St.
High class elevator apartments, adjoining Rutherford Park, every modern improvement.
4 Rooms, parlor floor, $40,
Suitable Doctor or Dentist.
5 Rooms, $45.
Berlin Renting Agency, 141 E. 17th St.

No. 1261 Madison Avenue Cor. 90th St.
A Handsome 7-Story House. Finest Corner Apartments North of 86th St. ONE SUITE OF 9 ROOMS & 2 BATHS. ONE SUITE OF 8 ROOMS & 2 BATHS. High-class service. Low rents. FAVORABLE TERMS.
DUFF & CONGER, Madison Ave. Cor. 86th St.

City Property.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

We sell improved subdivision quickly, accessible populated districts. Bliss, 7 East 42d.

MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7843.

140th St.—Four lots, cheap. Owner, Room 907, 95 William St.

Rents Collected; Property Managed. Firm of L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty St.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Claremont Av.—Vacant corner plot ready for improvement will be sold at a slaughtering price to settle estate. Address Estate, 83 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

An Ocean Parkway Bargain.—Eleven rooms, 2 baths; stone tile roof; 30 by 150 fireproof garage; mortgage to suit; price, $17,000. Attorney, 123 Times Downtown.

Plots along new Sea Beach Subway; $600-$750-$1,000-$1,500; near station. Brooklyn Realty Sellers, 215 Montague St., Room 605.

No. 272 East 19th St., corner Cortelyou Road; fine residence; 11 rooms and 2 baths; every improvement. Apply on premises.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Three-room furnished bungalows at seashore to let, $100 per season; commutation, $5.25; less than one hour from Battery; also lots for sale. Address Fox, 205 East 9th St. Phone Orchard 3767 or New Dorp 449 W.

City Houses to Let—Furnished

For Rent.—Furnished or unfurnished; seven rooms, inclosed porch; choice residence; conveniently located. Inquire Sage Foundation Homes Co., Forest Hills Gardens, Bor. Queens, N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

GOOD LOTS WANTED.

Well located, suitable for immediate improvement for a 10-story apartment house, 40 feet front; choice location; price $230,000; mortgage $145,000, at 5 per cent., held by savings bank; no vacancies. Desirable, Box 63, Times Downtown.

Wanted, furnished house, 6-7 rooms, all improvements; Westchester County preferred; $200 for season. N 51 Times.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Lofts up to 20,000 square feet, each; separate buildings, one to four stories; low rentals; excellent shipping; all classes of help; can fill practically any demand for factory space, large or small. J. B. Fisher, 242 Broadway, Brooklyn. 'Phone 3564 Wms.

Large, well-lighted loft to let; 16,500 square feet; sprinklered; lowest rate of fire and liability insurance; eighth floor; 387 4th Av., New York.
Apply Manufacturers' Building Co.

The Sub-Leasing Co., 1,472 Broadway. Offices and lofts to sublet at attractive rentals, all parts of city; put it up to us. 'Phone 5785-5786 Bryant.

Lexington Av., n w cor. 86th St.
Fine business location; stores, $50-$55.
Duff & Conger, cor. Madison Av., 86th St.

Sublet—Splendid outside office mahogany furniture; telephone and stenographer optional. Suite 1,208, 110 West 40th. Tel. 3632 Bryant.

40th St., 8 West, new 20-story building.
OFFICES 229 SQ. FT. TO 4,600 SQ. FT.
Ewing Bacon & Henry, 101 Park Av.

Sublet, part of office or desk room; Wilson Bldg; write or call. Room 515, 1,270 B'way.

Light, parlor floor store, 23x85; high-class business location. 924 Madison Av.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Real Estate Wanted.

Persons contemplating erection of a manufactory on Long Island, at Jamaica or Westbury, would like to obtain a building site on low terms; workmen to be employed probably 2,500. N 81 Times.

Wanted—Summer hotels, 50 to 150 rooms; seashore or mountains.
Louis Carreau, 796 6th Av., (45th St.)

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
234 W. 21st St.
HUNTINGTON.
All improvements; elevator service; 4, 5, 6 Room Apartments, $42.50, $50.00 and $60.00.
Apply on premises, or
CUSHMAN, 240 W. 23d St.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

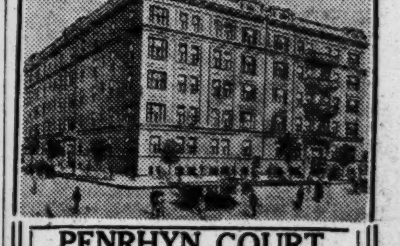
ONE
APARTMENT
TO SUBLET.
Six rooms and bath, with sunny exposure; elevator and telephone service day and night.
THE PLYMOUTH
537-541 WEST 149TH ST
A street of private houses.
Rent $50.
Agents on premises.
DU BOIS & TAYLOR,
3,551 Broadway
(146th St.)

The West Point & Annapolis Court,
575 Riverside Drive—634 W. 135th.
Five, six, seven, eight large rooms.
New high class elevator Buildings.
Most beautiful view and location, best services guaranteed, $60-$80. Concessions. Supt.

1492 UNIVERSITY AVE.
At easterly end of Washington Bridge
4 large rooms & bath, 26.00
6 large rooms & bath, 38.00
Steam heat, hot water, telephone service.

QUEENS.

$21 to $45
a Month
3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms & Bath
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.



PENRHYN COURT and OBAN COURT
20 MINUTES FROM MANHATTAN
AT HAYES AV. AND 25TH ST.
ONE BLOCK SOUTH of JACKSON AV.
Steam heat, hot water, electric light, Janitor service, telephone in each apt.
HOW TO GO: From Manhattan end of Queensboro Bridge at 59th St. & 2d Av., take Jackson Ave., Flushing, or College Point Trolley direct to 25th St. and Jackson Ave.
THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
Bridge Plaza, North, Long Island City.
Telephone Astoria 801.
Renting Office, Jackson Av. & 25th St.
Telephone Newtown 1214.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT—County of New York.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Plaintiff, against JAMES E. TROY and MARGARET J. T. CANNON, as Executors of the last will and testament of Mary A. Troy, deceased; Margaret J. T. Cannon, individually; Emma A. Mayhew, The People of the State of New York, Bronx Security and Brokerage Company, Fannie Catz, Joseph H. Pollard, and Mattie J. Pollard, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, December 30, 1914.

FREDERICK L. ALLEN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

To the defendant Emma A. Mayhew:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 11th day of March, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the City and County of New York.

Dated New York, March 15, 1915.

FREDERICK L. ALLEN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Well-furnished, modern home, Pelham Heights, 15 rooms, 4 tiled baths; gas, electricity, sleeping porch, garage, one-third acre, shaded lawn; May 1 to Oct. 1, $950; or June 1 to Oct. 15, $750. Phone 1611 Pelham, or Mulliken, 103 Park Av.

Rye, N. Y. — Furnished 10-room, modern house; 1 acre, garden, garage, tennis court. Address 119 Grandview Av.

Hudson River.
KENNETH IVES & CO., Westchester, 7 E. 42.

New Rochelle.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
Fine, large house; plot; garage; fruit; fine section; bargain; must sell; $6,000 equity. J. D. McCann, Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

YOUR RENT MONEY CAN BE MADE TO pay for a beautiful Colonial brick home in JAMAICA—18 minutes from N. Y.; hundreds of trains a day. See Samuel Knopf, 220 West 42d St., or representative on premises, 55 Middletown St., two blocks north L. I. R. R. Station, Jamaica.

DO YOU WANT to move right into a pretty bungalow of 5 rooms and bath, located in picturesque spot, near bay and town; 50 minutes out? If so investigate at once; will sell on very easy terms. For particulars write to C. JOHNSON, 171 Flatbush Av., Bklyn.

GREAT NECK.—Beautiful furnished cottage, 9 bedrooms, 4 baths; garage for 2 cars; magnificent view of Sound and water rights; bath house and private dock; $2,000 for season. Box 8, or 'phone 280 Great Neck.

AT NORTH FREEPORT.
New house, 6 rooms, bath, laundry, pantry, reception hall; all modern improvements, steam heat; fine shade; near trolley; $2,600; $100 cash, $20 monthly. C. Behr, Roosevelt, L. I.

FREEPORT WATER FRONT.
Bungalows and houses, $3,000 up; also building lots on Randall Bay and Woodcleft Bay; low prices; easy terms. Send for particulars. John J. Randall Co., Freeport, L. I.

Will sell two bungalows in best water resort, Long Island; price $2,800; terms $300 cash, balance $20 monthly; or will rent at $350 for the season. Apply Samuel Eichen, 243 West 34th St., New York.

For Rent.—Modern cottage, 8 rooms and bath, large grounds, in residential section; rent $650 per year. Apply to Schwab, 26 Oak Place, Far Rockaway.

All the houses to rent at Edgemere and Far Rockaway. Write for full particulars. Andrew McTigue Co., Far Rockaway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY
THE BANKING DEPARTMENT
State of New York
Offers at private sale over 1,000 parcels of real estate located at Grantwood, Morsemere, Leonia, Hudson Heights, Palisade, and Edgewater, New Jersey, (about opposite Grant's Tomb,) consisting of modern houses and bungalows and high-class building lots.
BARGAIN PRICES PREVAIL
The above properties are owned by two corporations in process of liquidation, and the extremely low prices are calculated to bring quick sales and hasten the closing of the companies' business. Liberal terms. Title guarantee policies furnished free with all sales. Now is the time to purchase, while the range of choice is greatest. For full information address Benj. D. Haight, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, 601 Times Bldg., N. Y. City.

$3,000 ON EASY TERMS
and permanent mortgage $6,000 buys year round
Colonial Home;
plot 160x175; three minutes to express station Lackawanna Railroad, 51 minutes out;
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS;
Craftsman interior, paneled walls, beamed ceilings, parquet floors; 850 feet elevation; above mosquito zone; boating, bathing, fishing, stores, schools, climate; purchaser to select interior decorations and exterior colors;
$49.50 MONTHLY
pays total cost on entire investment, including interest, taxes, insurance, and water. For full information, photographs, &c., address Owner, Box 421 Times Downtown.

AT RIDGEWOOD.—The "All-Home" Village on wide residential street, best section, elevation, view; splendid house, spacious piazzas, 10 large rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, hardwood floors, every improvement; perfect condition, on a plot 100x200; immediate possession; write for photo and particulars; for sale, $11,000; mortgage $7,500; consider trade, Brooklyn. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 555.

Furnished house on North Shrewsbury River; 10 minutes by auto from Red Bank station or Sandy Hook boat; 13 rooms, 3 baths; large stable, gas, electric light, and steam heat; 200-foot waterfront on bluff overlooking river and ocean; dock, boathouse, and boats. Y 322 Times Annex.

Summit Home, sacrifice, house 12 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat, electricity; perfect order, immediate possession; barn and chicken house, large cor. plot; asking $18,000; want offer. Apply H. R. Maccaffil, 30 Church St., N. Y.

Cranford.—New, attractive Colonial house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; $6,800; select residential district; also lot; all improvements; terms. Free transportation any day. Call or write Droescher, 77 Warren St., New York.

Nutley.—Just finished, 7-room, tiled bath, vestibule, hardwood trim, parquet floors, all improvements; large lot; price $5,000, at your own terms. Meyerholz & Dressig, 111 Center St., Nutley, N. J.

Sacrifice $1,200 plot $625, 50x125, high in Orange Mountains, near Lackawanna Station; 35 minutes to New York City; select residential neighborhood. Room 802, 41 Park Row, New York.

Bungalows and cottages; all modern improvements; large plots; excellent location; exceptional quality and price; would rent to intending buyers. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Seashore Cottage.—Belmar, N. J.; let furnished; all improvements; fine location; 2 blocks from ocean; private bathhouse. Address C. N. Moore, 55 Chester Av., Newark.

Forty acres, between Ridgewood and Westwood, N. J.; free, clear; want other property or cash. Owner, Room 907, 95 William Street.

Fine sixteen-room house, opposite Grant's Tomb, overlooking Hudson River, on bluff; sale or lease. C. Stack, 406 Lafayette St.

"NUTLEY IN A NUTSHELL."
All about the "Ideal Home Town."
Secretary, Box 314, Nutley, N. J.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

To rent for the Summer season, Maple Grove, Cape Vincent, N. Y., a Colonial house, furnished or unfurnished, 12 rooms and bath, 2 verandas, large lawn and grove, waterfront; located on the St. Lawrence River, 10 minutes' walk from the village. C. E. Dezengremel, 147-149 Court St., Watertown, N. Y.

Pennsylvania—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT.
Bungalows; private lake; all conveniences; close to railroad and supplies. Norman Hoffman, Marshalls Creek, Pa. Post Office East Stroudsburg, Pa., R. F. D. No. 2.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

FURNISHED COTTAGES
to rent or sell in North Conway, Kearsarge, and Chocorua, White Mountains, N. H. For information address H. H. Randall, North Conway, N. H.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—2 farms. Write L. W. Hopkins, Scotland, Conn.

Real Estate—Out of City.

Apple and cherry orchard, 8,000 trees full bearing; located at station with storage warehouse; sale or exchange for income property or first mortgages; equity, $35,000. Allomont Orchard, Lo Lo, Montana.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage; fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

112 Cathedral Parkway.—7 rooms, 2 baths, all outside rooms, furnished, from June 1 to Sept. 15, $125 per month. Telephone 6830 Riverside. Apt. 93.

Wellsmore, 77th St. and Broadway.—6 large rooms, 2 baths, 9th floor; all outside rooms; concession in rent for balance of two years; lease. Greenwood.

Four all outside; southern exposure; expensively furnished apartment; seventy-five per month; best of references required. 536 West 111th, Apartment 34.

Attractively furnished bachelor apartment on 59th St., overlooking Central Park, three rooms and bath. S. Osgood Pell & Co., 542 5th Av., N. Y. Telephone Bryant 5610.

21 West 46th.—Large, handsomely furnished studio apartment, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; baby grand piano; May to November. Clark.

Handsomely furnished suites, with bath kitchenette, in doctor's private residence; perfect appointments; reasonable. 449 West 23d St., London Terrace.

To Sublet.—Well-Furnished Hotel Apartment, 3 large rooms and bath; Park view; from May 1. Apartment 11F, THE SEVILLIA, 117 West 58th St.

Riverside Drive, 464.—6 rooms and 2 baths; beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. Morningside 8455. Apt. 2.

Fully furnished 7 rooms, 3 baths; linen and silver; piano; immediate possession; 85th St. and West End Av. W 108 Times.

GRANT COURT,
610 W. 113th, near Riverside Drive, 5-6 room, beautifully furnished; high class. Fischer.

106th, 238 West.—Six outside, airy rooms; piano; complete; modern; reasonable. Young.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Col. Av. } 2 & 3 ROOMS SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE
with private bath and kitchenette, nicely furnished, $40-$55 up monthly.
Complete outfit—Dishes, silver, cooking utensils.
SPECIAL CONCESSIONS
on lease and unfurnished to October 1st.
Near Subway and "L"; must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River. 3970.

A.—A.— THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
1 room and bath, $25 up.
2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $40 up. | By month
3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $45 up. | or year.
Exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable tenants.
Phone, elevator service; maid service optional.
Near Subway, "L," and Surface Cars.
REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.
Superintendent on premises. Phone 9920 Col.

THE CAPITOL, 107 WEST 109TH ST.
Elegantly furnished 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; high-class elevator building; near "L," Subway, Central Park; rent, $30 monthly, up; references essential; restaurant in building. Phone 9481 Riverside. Open evenings.

Entire floor; private house, two large, beautifully furnished rooms, bath, kitchen; splendid colored cook available. 237 West End Av., near Riverside Drive, 72d St. Subway.

BRYANT PARK STUDIOS,
80 WEST 40TH STREET.
Very attractive studio apartment, 2 rooms and bath, furnished, May to October; renewal of lease (unfurnished) after Oct. 1, optional.

SUBLET.
Three rooms and bath.
HOTEL WALTON, 104 West 70th St.

94th, 319 West, (between West End and Riverside.)—4 or 5 rooms; every modern convenience; high class. See Supt.

Attractive apartment on Morningside Heights to rent, furnished, for Summer; 7 rooms; all outside. N 66 Times.

Attractive six room and two bath corner apartment; elevator; fireproof building. 225 West 80th St.

113th, 507 West.—Sublet spacious 4-room apartment, completely furnished. Inquire office.

Completely furnished elevator apartment, 4 and 6 rooms and bath. 3 and 5 West 104th.

Riverside Drive, 244.—Five rooms; piano; long lease; $75; immediate possession. Meek.

119th, 430 West, (opposite Columbia.)—5 rooms; housekeeping; all transits; Apt. 2.

Attractive four-room; reasonable. Aljomor, 828 7th Av., 53d. Apply hallboy.

East Side.

Apartments to let, furnished or unfurnished; high-class hotel service; Summer prices now in effect; restaurant; two rooms and bath, furnished, $40 monthly and up.
Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.
Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

SUBLET.
ATTRACTIVE APARTMENT, upper west side; new and modern building; six large, outside, light and airy rooms, three baths; will SUBLET until October; can be leased thereafter; rent VERY REASONABLE. See this apartment before renting elsewhere. Phone or write.
MR. COWAN,
6250 Gramercy. 52 East 19th St.

Sublease six-room apartment until September, 1916; annual rental $1,500; will take $1,300; two bedrooms, sitting room, dining room, kitchen, servant's room, two baths; 89th, near West End; highest references. 2882 Riverside, 9 till 12 for appointment; no agents; vacate any time.

To Sublet, May 1 to Oct. 1.—Elegant 7 room and bath corner elevator apartment, all outside rooms; rent, $75 per month. The Alta Crest, 158th St. and Broadway. Tel. 2940 Audubon, Apt. 47.

70th, 104 West.—Unfurnished apt. to sublet; 4 rooms and 2 baths; could be divided into 2 apts., 2 rooms each; southwestern exposure. Hotel Walton. Tel. 2934 Columbus.

To sublet, very desirable 6-room apartment in West 90's; convenient to all transportation lines; all outside rooms; high-class residential section. W 153 Times.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
308-310 West 15th St.
2 rooms and bath, $32.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

Rio Grande, 15 Fort Washington Av., near 157th St. Subway station, a step from Broadway; 2, 3, 4 rooms; every improvement; $32 to $50.

St. James Place, 224, (near Fulton.)
Exceptional 6-room apartment; $42; two flights; resident Superintendent. Golden Realty Co.

92d St., 214 West.—7 rooms; $1,100 up; also corner apartment. Lewis B. Preston, Inc., 165 Broadway.

Just one apartment, exceptional location; 9 rooms; reasonable. 126 Riverside Drive, (84th.)

180th, 804 West, Corner Pinehurst Av.—Beautiful 5, 6, 7 room elevator apartments.

153d, 262 West.—A1 three, four room apartment; latest improvements; reasonable.

Fine apartments. Apply to 10 East 45th St. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co.

Non-housekeeping apartments, "Spencer Arms," southeast cor. Broadway & 69th St.

Five large rooms; select elevator apartment house; rent $50. 608 West 139th.

East Side.

129th, 42-44 East.—Six and seven large rooms; all improvements. Agent.

Madison Av., 924.—2-3 rooms, high-class, light housekeeping, $40-$50.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH, 26 EAST, (Adjoining 5th Av.)—Handsome single rooms; superior table; moderate.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Exceptionally bright, attractive rooms; unexcelled cuisine; best accommodations. Stuyvesant 4275.

37 EAST 53D ST.
References.

MADISON AV., 165.—Large, small rooms; private bath; one block 34th Subway.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, nicely furnished rooms; hot water; home cooking.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; unexcelled board; telephone; table guests.

53D, 64 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; electricity.

57TH, 325 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table, southern exposure; best accommodations; references.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large room; suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; $7-$14 up; Southerners accommodated, families.

71ST ST., 62 WEST. — DOUBLE, SINGLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; SUMMER RATES.

72D ST., (between B'way and West End.)—A high-class private residence will accommodate a few people; also table guests. Phone 8350 Columbus.

73D, 112 WEST.—Rooms, with board; elevated and Subway express; references.

76TH, 127 AND 129 WEST.
Rooms; exceptional table; reasonable.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select home; double rooms, exquisitely furnished; superior table; electricity.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Uunsual and attractive pensions, with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones. Booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; private bath; electricity; excellent table; references.

80TH, 106-108-110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous well-balanced meals; references.

82D, 124 WEST.—(Graycourt) now opened for transients and permanent residents; attractive; modern; references; write for booklet.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; permanent; transients; table boarders.

86TH, 114 WEST.—After April 17, large and small room; references.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate couple or gentlemen; references.

102D ST., 316 WEST.—Small family, owning beautiful home near Riverside Drive, will rent to couple or gentleman large room, with board; home cooking; private bath; electric light; for those appreciating refined surroundings. Phone 6427 Riverside.

137TH, 296 WEST.—Attractive rooms, unexcelled Vienna table; reasonable; telephone.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; electricity, closets; unexcelled cuisine; reference.

143D, 515 WEST.—Single room; gentleman; private family; refined home, surroundings; excellent table; references. Apply elevator boy.

CENTRAL LOCATION.—Large living room, bedroom, bathroom; superior board; $30 couple; references. Apply Claremont Morris, 30 East 42d.

THE WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive.—Two blocks north 157th Subway; wonderful grounds.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Ford landaulette, 1914 model, just like new in both condition and appearance; equipped with Gray & Davis electric starting and lighting system; will sell reasonably. J. Diuguid, 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Chalmers six-cylinder 1912 seven-passenger touring car. Excellent mechanical condition; will demonstrate. Reasonable; no dealers. New York Secret Service Bureau, 1777 Broadway.

Studebaker touring car, 1913 model, in excellent condition throughout; any demonstration; $400. Diuguid Bros., 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—White, 30 horse power, 1914 roadster; special body; rumble; driven 1,700 miles; $1,500, or will exchange for touring car. Phone 7986 Plaza.

Hupmobile (1913) touring car in excellent condition throughout and fully equipped; no reasonable offer refused. J. Diuguid, 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1913, 48-5 PASS.
PACKARD 1914, 38-5 PASS.
Ran less than 3,000 miles; cars good as new. KARP, 1,790 BROADWAY. 9869 Col.

Simplex (1915) Limousine, 38 H. P.
Packard (1913) Phaeton, 48; like new.
Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Rebuilt and guaranteed White trucks and taxicabs. The White Company, 1,877 Broadway. C. A. Smith, used car dept.

1910 Pierce-Arrow, 7-passenger, foredoor, 6-48; fully equipped; A1 condition. Sullivan, 266 W. 58th St.

Locomobile, 40, touring; electric lights, starter; reasonable. Saunders, 1,382 Prospect Av., Bronx.

Automobiles for Rent.

EGIDI AUTO SERVICE
Pierce-Arrows, Packards, Renaults,
By Hour, Day or Week.
Special Rates Monthly and Yearly Contracts.
Phone 774 Circle. 123 West 52nd St.

Elegant Renault Landaulet for rent to responsible parties; monthly or season; owner drives; best of references. Address, Zula, 234 E. 58th St., City.

For Rent—Packard landaulette or touring car; monthly, weekly, or daily; owner drives. Gilbert 1780 Circle.

Beautiful Stevens, six, seven pass., car for rent, hour, day, weekly; with my own chauffeur. Tel. Stevens 947 Murray Hill.

Packard, Pierce Arrow, 1915 cars, to rent by month and year. Karp, 1790 Broadway. 9869 Col.

NEW PACKARD, BERLIN or Touring, very reasonable. Ray Mead, 212 West 89th St.

Elegant Renault 7-passenger landaulet. Garnier, 211 West 82d. Phone 4360 Schuyler.

Automobiles Wanted.

Franklin Sedan, first-class condition; state age, mileage run, price wanted, etc. C 54 Times Annex.

Packard wanted, 7-pass. touring, 1914; good condition; give particulars. A 268 Times Downtown.

Chevrolet 1914 wanted; full particulars; must be bargain for cash. D 213 Times Downtown.

Automobile Storage.

P. BRADY & SON CO.
Dead storage of Automobiles. Automobiles boxed for export, 552-556 W. 58th St. Col. 8440.

Automobiles Wanted.

Will pay highest prices for Packard, Pierce-Arrow cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. 9869 Col.

Automobile Instruction.

Owners' and Chauffeurs' Courses.
Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL,
Largest and Best in Brooklyn.
BOOKLET AND VISITOR'S PASS FREE.
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., Bedford Av., B'klyn.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. — Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. — Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers—Spring and Summer engagements now made; spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson, 2161 Yonkers.

Beautiful country place, overlooking Hudson; spacious, wooded grounds; large, airy rooms; exceptional board. Miss Rolfe, 211 North Broadway, Yonkers.

Yonkers, 90 Locust Hill Av.—Excellent cuisine, refined boarding house; convenient to trolley or station; moderate. Telephone 2636.

PEPPERDAY INN, New Rochelle, N. Y., (Phone 2065.)—Notable as most comfortable family house; moderate rates.

New York State.

I am a doctor and physical trainer; let me take you in hand in my country home, build up your health, and get you in first-class shape; judicious and scientific exercises, baths, wholesome fruit, advice, etc., will add years to your life and energy to all your activities. Dr. J. B. Knipe, Sparkill, N. Y., and 85 Franklin St., City.

Adirondacks, McAveigh House, Loon Lake, open June 10; particulars; views. 154 W. 121st.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
EAST ORANGE, NEW JERSEY.
"30 Minutes from Broadway."
You can secure a Parlor, Bedroom, and Private Bath, with unexcelled table service in a dining room seating 150, in an exclusive, beautifully furnished, and homelike apartment hotel for less than you are paying now. Rate for two persons only $25 per week. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken, and get off at the East Orange Station. Hotel only one block away. Write for booklet. *W. T. READE, Prop.*

THE WALDORF,
132-134 Crescent Av., Plainfield, N. J.
35 Minutes from New York.
A home that combines pleasing service and genuine hospitality; excellent table, special diet if required, golf links convenient; automobiles furnished free for pleasure rides 3 times per week; lunches put up for picnic parties; no mosquitoes.

THE RAMBLEWOOD, MONTCLAIR.
Beautiful country home; all city conveniences; high elevation; large lawn; 2 min. trolley, 45 min. to N. Y. C., via D., L. & W.; suitable for commuters; moderate; references exchanged. Adults only. H. F. von Ohlen, 2 Sunset Av.

In private family, three connecting corner rooms, with running water, electric lights, large piazza; choice location; permanent guests desired; no children. Address A. B. C., Cranford, N. J. Telephone 331.

Physician will give home and professional care to nervous invalid or aged patient; happiness considered; beautiful surroundings; easy distance from New York; references exchanged for interview. Address Y 305 Times Annex.

Widow, owning modern home, nicely furnished, restricted neighborhood, convenient station, would take man and wife or two gentlemen. Address Box 138, East Orange.

Hotel Francis, 65 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J.—A quiet, restful family hotel, in most desirable section; rates moderate; tennis courts free; eight minutes to station.

Ladies' home for refined children, every privilege, instruction in gardening, piano, dancing; sleeping in or out optional. Y 324 Times Annex.

211 Lincoln Av., Orange, N. J.—Six minutes from Highland Station; high, excellent location; a satisfactory home for refined people; rates moderate.

South Orange.—Handsomely furnished rooms with board; unsurpassed location; near station, excellent table. 151 Scotland Road. Telephone 817.

The Ellsworth accommodates 35; verandas, lawns, tennis, near lake, station; $8-$9. Mrs. G. S. Smith, Dunellen. Telephone 1255.

TRUELL INN, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
A quiet, restful FAMILY HOTEL in most exclusive section. RATES MODERATE.

Nurse's country home; quiet, homelike; convalescing, invalid, elderly guests. S. Straley, Newton, N. J.

Connecticut.

SHIPPAN POINT, STAMFORD, CONN.
The Chesterfield, open for accommodation of permanent and transient guests; reasonable; excellent cuisine; rooms single, en suite; references required.

New Canaan, Conn.—The Ardsley and cottages; high elevation; five minutes' walk to station; excellent table; tourists accommodated; open year round. Tel. No. 292.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

At Nortons Point, Sea Gate, June 15 to Sept. 15; two adults, three children and nurse. Y 339 Times Annex.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST, (Near 5th Av.)—One double and one single room; reasonable.

15TH, 105 EAST, (opposite Union Sq. Hotel, Subway express, Apt. 94.)—Parlor, bedroom, tiled bath, piano, electricity, elevator, telephone; handsome fireproof building; bachelor; $10.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

27TH ST., (Cor. Madison Av.) — Fireproof; telephone in every room; rooms with hot and cold running water; $6 and $7 weekly; with private bath, $8, $9, and $10 weekly, Hotel Madison.

38TH, 10 EAST.—Large, small rooms and suites, with bath; elevator.

45TH ST, 22 EAST.—Rooms, small and large, with bath; private.

55TH, 83 EAST.—LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; ALL CONVENIENCES.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Elegant rooms, bright, modern. Greatly reduced prices. French teacher's house.

"ALLERTON HOUSE," 138 E. 38TH ST.
FOR BACHELORS.
The delightful comforts of the home and the genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new 12-story building; roof garden, private showers, billiard room, library, and lounge; no tipping; running water in every room; single rooms, $4 to $8 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $4 weekly each.

DISTINCTIVE bachelor apartments in private house, East 63d, near Madison Av. Address Exclusive, Y 338 Times Annex.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, nicely furnished rooms; hot water; home cooking.

12TH, 61 WEST.—Attractive front, alcove room; also single and connecting rooms; telephone.

12TH, 124 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room, telephone; references.

32D ST., (Off Broadway, New Hotel Strand.)—Large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, $12 per week; same rate for one or two people in room; some rooms at $7 per week.

32D, (Bet. B'way and 5th Av.,) Hotel Aberdeen.—Rooms with private bath, $10 per week; same rate for 1 or 2 persons in room.

47TH, 31 WEST.—Beautiful front room; elegant bathroom; steam; electricity; elevator; select.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Elegant room; private bath; electricity, steam; select.

47TH, 11 WEST.—Unusually attractive parlor floor; other rooms; all modern conveniences.

47TH, 31 WEST.—Elegant, large, front room; splendid bath; steam, electricity, elevator.

53D, 62 WEST.—Attractive double room; private bath; medium and small rooms.

55TH, 329 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; kept clean; quiet house; references; telephone.

55TH, 101 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; heat, running water. Collins.

57TH, 264 WEST.—Southern mother and adult son would rent well-furnished, large corner room; splendid outlook; adjoining bath; modern apartment; with refined home surroundings; meals if desired. Martin.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Large, light rooms; modern conveniences; Subway, elevated; references. Hammond.

69TH ST., (near Broadway.) — To business woman, large, light, newly furnished; housekeeping, kitchen privileges; $3; references.

71ST, 282 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; hot, cold water; references; suitable physician.

71ST, 221 WEST.—Either of two attractive rooms, each having private bath; moderate.

72D, 248 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; also parlor floor; table guests. Tel. Columbus 1894. References.

72D, (West End, 257.)—Private house, large rooms; $6 up; gentlemen. Columbus 806.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room, private bath; kitchenette; single rooms; select house.

73D, 183 WEST.—Desirable rooms; all conveniences; pleasant location; Subway; first apartment.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Private residence; comfortable rooms; private lavatories; bath; telephone; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath, electricity; board optional.

75TH, 104 WEST.—Two exceptionally pleasant rooms; kitchenette optional; other rooms; all conveniences.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Quiet, homelike, sunny rooms; continuous hot water; electricity; references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive, sunny front room; all conveniences; superior house; references; reasonable.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room, private bath, every convenience; reasonable.

79TH, 213 WEST. — Delightful, large room, private bath; opposite Subway, small room.

80TH ST., 126 WEST.—One large, one medium room; every convenience; see and appreciate.

82D, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms; permanent or transient rates; Summer rates.

83D, 11 WEST. — Comfortably furnished rooms, overlooking Central Park; quiet; special rates.

93D, 253 WEST. — Attractive large, small rooms, baths; singly, en suite; private residence.

93D, (2,491 Broadway.)—Double, sunny rooms; running water; elevator; private family. Purdy.

93D, 303 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms; private baths; board optional. Phone 9095 Riverside.

94TH, 152 WEST.—Large front room; running water; high-class private house; convenient Subway, "L"; board optional; references.

94TH, 315 WEST.—Business woman to share apartment or rent room with business woman. Call 6-7 evenings. Apartment 3B.

94TH, 315 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment; excellent location. Gill.

110TH ST., 207 WEST.—Beautiful large, sunny room; private family. White.

112TH, 511 WEST.—Attractive room in modern apartment of refined, congenial couple; reasonable; references. Apartment 15.

112TH, 536 WEST.—Large, sunny room, in high-class elevator apartment. Bridges.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Desirable room; private family; southern exposure; reference; meals. Apartment 7.

118TH ST., 155 West.—Desirable room, private house, refined Jewish family; gentlemen.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Heights; two beautiful large corner rooms, overlooking Park; great view; Summer rates. Inquire Apartment 5.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Suite, double, single rooms; elevator; shower; reasonable. Apartment 32.

119TH, 420 WEST, (Apt. 21.) — Pleasant, sunny room, overlooking Morningside Drive; reasonable.

120TH ST., 157 WEST.—Large double and single rooms; hot and cold water; bath; scrupulously clean; references.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; near Subway, parks, and Drive; Columbia grounds opposite; beautiful kitchenette room; single room also; roof garden. See Yetman.

122D, 514 WEST.—Exceptional room; near Columbia; private family; after 8. Ogden.

124TH, 505 WEST.—Large single rooms, well furnished; reasonable rent; elevator. 2 E.

136TH, 530 WEST.—Large, light, comfortable; elevator; private family; moderate. Apt. 64.

BROADWAY—214 West 92d.—Light, well-furnished; elevator; refined home. Mack.

CLAREMONT AV., 200, (Apt. 37.)—Pleasant room for lady; kitchen privileges.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th St.) — Large room; private residence; references; telephone. Owner.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 10).—Delightful outside rooms, overlooking Hudson, Morningside Park. Apartment 92.

ONE AND TWO ROOMS,
each with bath, at 420 West 116th St., furnished; rentals at $25 per month and upward, including service. Phone 5800 Morning.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Attractive front room; delightful view, overlooking Hudson; gentleman; $5.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (137th Subway.)—Rooms; best accommodations; hotel service. Apartment 4D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Large front room; Hebrew family; suitable couple. Audubon 4570. 6B.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

68TH, 250 EAST.—Large front and small rooms, with range, gas free; references; private Protestant family; $30 monthly. Phone 1830 Plaza.

Rooms Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

TWO single rooms wanted upper west side; refined private family; reasonable. State price; references exchanged. M 311 Times.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

E. W. CARPENTER EXCHANGE,
SINGER BUILDING.
Stenographer—$18 per week.
Stenographer and Bookkeeper—$18 per week.
Order Clerk—Exceptional opportunity; $15 per week.
Stenographer—$12 per week.

Situations Wanted Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent young lady; 8 years' experience; takes full charge, controlling accounts, trial balance, knowledge of typewriting, stenography; good penman, correspondent. Perlman, 830 Dawson St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, stenographer, few months' experience; excellent penman; quick at figures; American; $8. Miss Kennedy, M 249 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; typist, experienced cost accounting, corporation controlling accounts; age 25; Christian; $15. M 293 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — American; thoroughly experienced; high school graduate; $12. Miss, M 248 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S Assistant.—Good figurer; five years' experience; best references; needy. Y 331 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S Assistant and Stenographer.—Several years experience, mfg. lines; references. N 78 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Entire responsibilities; corporation, controlling accounts; stenographer. Miss King, 157 East 47th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, as assistant or clerk; competent; $8. N 76 Times.

CASHIER.—Young woman, American; experienced, responsible; under bond; salary $12. N 97 Times.

COMPANION - HOUSEKEEPER. — Capable, middle-aged; educated; refined; thoroughly competent; trained nurse; children; resident position; country preferred; references. E 55 Times Annex.

COMPANION, &c.—English young lady, lately arrived, desires position, companion, governess to little girl; highest reference. Bowden. Telephone Audubon 3610.

COMPANION.—Refined, middle-aged lady as useful companion to lady. M 326 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER. — Capable, fashionable; all goods; remodeling exceptional. Broadway, 562 West 144th St. 1630 Audubon.

DRESSMAKER. — Competent dressmaker, street, evening, Summer gowns, coats; home or out. N 83 Times.

GOVERNESS, with three years' city reference, wants re-engagement; French, English, German, music; cheerful disposition; country life preferred. Address Competent, 235 East 60th St.

GOVERNESS.—North German, long experience, highest references, good sewer, fond of children, desires position. G. K., 235 E. 60.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Employer of reliable maids wants for her position as housekeeper for business couple or general housework in family of two; no agents. M 310 Times Downtown.

MOTHER'S HELPER-COMPANION.—Position wanted by refined Swiss woman; willing to assist in light housework; best of references. Telephone 3218 Flatbush. C. H., 1,205 Avenue G, Brooklyn.

NURSE.—Young lady, educated, refined, graduate; desires position, nurse, invalid or ladies' companion; temporary or permanent; city, country; highest references. J. D. C., 304 Times Downtown.

NURSE, &c.—Girl, light colored, nursemaid; good seamstress, manicurist; obliging. Grumhut, 30 West 132d St.

NURSE.—Speaking Spanish and English; one, two children; experienced; exceptional references. N 84 Times.

OFFICE CLEANER, &c.—Strong, Irish woman would like position as office cleaner or any permanent day work of that type. Phone Harlem 4731.

RELIABLE COLORED GIRL wishes half-time place; reference. Bailley, 28 West 140th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $7. Miss D., 36 West 123d St. 'Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER. — Refined, businesslike girl, 20; two years' technical experience; good speller, punctuate, paragraph intelligently; Christian; neat appearing; good references; $8. M 287 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; good English education; neat typist; take dictation rapidly, pleasant personality; willing worker; $10 per week. Miss F. E. Bingham, 220 West 42d, Room 1,605. Bryant 1,318.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; seven years' engineering, manufacturing, academic education; reliable; good correspondent; no clock watcher; $15. M 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping; good writer; one year's experience; excellent grammarian, speller, $6. M 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; refined American; six months' experience; familiar with switchboard; $8. Tienken, 71 North Oxford St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; double-entry bookkeeper; reference from employer several years; reasonable salary. M 225 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; highly educated; efficient; 6 years' experience; handle any kind technical dictation; rapid; $12. M 284 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; not afraid of hard work; excellent qualifications. Mabel Renker, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPEWRITER.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy, quick apprehension; charge correspondence, office; good grammarian; $10-$12. N 59 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (23,) five years' experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; $11. M 277 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean cut, obliging, common sense, accurate, quick transcriber; $8-$10. N 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; thoroughly competent; rapid, accurate, neat; $7. M 325 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; neat; familiar all office detail; $12. M 324 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; neat; rapid and accurate worker. M 320 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Reliable, good grammarian, charge correspondence; reference; $8. M 285 Times Downtown.

TEACHER, experienced; college graduate; all branches; public school methods; coaching. Progress, Times Harlem.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Competent telephone operator, young woman, desires responsible position. M 222 Times Downtown.

TYPEWRITER. — Six months' experience; bright, neat American girl; understand shorthand; no agency; $7. Miss M., 247 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, colored, day's work, any kind; best references. Care of Williams, 582 Lenox Av.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

CAPABLE HOUSEWORKER. — Experienced colored girl; good cook; city references. Telephone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COLORED HELP, well recommended, obtainable. Collins Agency, 101 West 138th. Audubon 7259.

COOKS, first class, $30-$35; waitresses, chambermaids, $25-$30; houseworkers, $18-$25; laundresses, nurses, $30. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

HOUSEWORKERS. — English-speaking girls, seeking positions. Polish-American Agency, 299 East 11th. Orchard 5607.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

AN EDUCATED, ENTERPRISING WOMAN, over 25, a position of trust in extended educational movement; salary; rapid advancement if competent. Call Wednesday, Room 1,014, 225 5th Av.

MAID.—An experienced lady's maid; must be good seamstress and have city references. Call Wednesday morning between 10-12. Carfare paid. 47 West 86th St.

NURSE wanted; white, for 3-year-old girl; must have personal city references. Apply before 10:30 A. M. this morning or between 5:30 and 8:30 o'clock this evening, 318 West 100th St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—One who prefers good home. Write Box 467, Advertising Office, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three Months' Course. Students Subject to Probation. Graduates Registered.
AEOLIAN HALL, 35 WEST 42D ST.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE, also stenography, bookkeeping, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; penmanship lessons by appointment, and improvement guaranteed; civil service; see catalogue. WALWORTH INSTITUTE,
(Founded 1858.) Broadway, at 72d St.

Situations Wanted Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert; installs simplified systems, opens, closes, audits, systematizes books; financial statements; investigation; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2351.

A CAPABLE EXECUTIVE can put "biz" into your business; is qualified to manage office, store, or factory; can straighten out difficulties; liberal education and highest character; efficient. N 69 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits; simplified systems installed that show earnings and expenses in detail; leaks stopped; keeps you informed of results; charges reasonable; interview solicited. Fleming, 35 Nassau St.; phone, Cortlandt 1330.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, closes, systematizes books; makes periodical audits; prepares financial statements; terms reasonable. Rogers, 131 West 31st St. Madison Square 3780.

ACCOUNTANT—CERTIFIED.
Audits; systems installed; superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Cortlandt 6970.

AM OPEN for good $9 line of ladies' waists; travel Pennsylvania, New York; have good following. W 157 Times.

ART EDITOR, with wide experience, formerly with high-class English publication, requires position; highest credentials. M 312 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Well versed modern methods; spotless record; excellent references; trial balance, controlling accounts, &c.; age 23; 5 years' valuable experience; salary absolutely no object. Kahn, 1,892 Franklin Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, stenographer, (28;) thoroughly familiar all branches accounting; 10 years' experience; capable filling executive position; references. Charles Gelbert, 1,270 New York Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, (23;) 6 years' thorough experience; double entry, controlling accounts, monthly trial balances; unquestionable references. M 296 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—27, ten years' experience; hustling, conscientious worker; can take complete charge of office and correspondence. N 90 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c. — Young man desires work of any sort; specialist in bookkeeping. M 327 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER. — (20;) thoroughly experienced; able, clean-cut American; $15. M 274 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 10 years' experience; best reference; salary, $18, $20. Accountant, 1,855 Park Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 27; excellent ability; thoroughly capable, reliable, trustworthy. M 295 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CORRESPONDENT.—28, ten years' practical experience, seeks situation; moderate. N 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—(20;) 2½ years' experience. Maurice Feigenson, 3,394 Boulevard, Jersey City.

Boy, office assistant, assistant bookkeeper; 1½ years' experience; exceptionally good figurer; neat personally; $7; best references. M 289 Times Downtown.

BOY, neat, ambitious, for office; one year's experience. M 319 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, &c.—COOK.—Couple, French; butler, valet; good cook; wish position country, city; two years' personal references. Louis, care Garree, 417 West 35th St.

CARPENTER, good mechanic, sober and reliable, wishes work. Carpenter, 307 E. 23d.

CARETAKERS.—Man and wife to care for house during Summer months; references; security. Address Americans, 950 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, COLORED.
American, desires position, with private family; honest, trustworthy and reliable; 6 years in operating foreign and domestic autos; personal city references. John T. Boyd, 366 Lexington Av., city.

CHAUFFEUR, married, (30,) ten years' experience, competent to repair or overhaul any car, desires steady position on country estate where a careful driver, sober and honest man, will be appreciated; best of reference. N 57 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—German, 28, sober, careful driver, married, no children; good mechanic; long experience; alone or with wife, good cook; good reference; city or country. Blasy, 261 West 121st St.

CHAUFFEUR, COACHMAN.—Italian, Rome; long private service; experience; city or country; best references. Address Louis Rezzi, care Di Stefano, 427 West 54th St., N. Y. C.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, (Westerner,) 25; single; best references; 4 years city; also acquainted with Lincoln Highway. S. Wood Schuyler, 7,140; 7 P. M., 114 W. 79th.

CHAUFFEUR; expert mechanic; competent driver; nine years' excellent references; strictly sober, honest, reliable; single; 38. Michael, 342 West 55th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, 7 years' experience, own repairs, wages moderate, wishes private position; city or country. N 61 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 35, single, Belgian; experienced abroad; speaks four languages; best cars; experience 8 years; city references; not below $30. 300 West 68th. Columbus 3597.

CHAUFFEUR, 27; married; four years last position; own repairs; city or country; wages moderate. Smith, 554 West 181st St.

CHAUFFEUR.—English; experienced; careful driver; city, country; references. Chauffeur, 2,629 8th Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position on private or commercial car; does all repairs; moderate wages. Sam Sladofsky, 53 Monroe St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; 6 years' references; city or country; wages moderate. N 75 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced; five years' references last employer; city, country. N 42 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, single, 31; any car; city, country. Russit, 448 West 163d.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 7 years' experience, best references. Brown, 472 Central Pk. W.

CLERK.—Stock Exchange telephone clerk desires position; ten years' experience. M 258 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Real estate collector, with great experience in repairs; highest references; bond furnished. N 86 Times.

COLLEGE MAN.—A college man, with literary and commercial experience, widely traveled, speaking several languages, desires position; location anywhere; highest credentials. M 313 Times Downtown.

DOORMAN.—Wanted, position as doorman; references. David McMullen, McClellan House, Perth Amboy, N. J.

DRAUGHTSMAN, 31 years, technical graduate, 7 years' experience in electrical, mechanical and industrial building lines, also shop and construction work experience, quick, neat tracer and letterer, good figurer, desires position. C. W. Brown, 112 East 41st.

GARDENER, whom I can highly recommend every way worthy your service; can be trusted perform duties required. N 55 Times.

MAN, married, age 31, wishes to represent responsible house in city or surrounding towns; salary; references. N 80 Times Downtown.

MAN, 32, married, seven years' army service, ten years' experienced building line, desires work; city, country. N 71 Times.

MR. EMPLOYER: I am twenty-one years of age, American, have year's college education, know nothing, realize it, but have brains enough to learn. Have natural business ability; ripe for business training. Have you an opening? Will be in New York April 16, 17. Write for an interview. G. D., Yale Station, New Haven, Conn.

PLUMBER.—Junior, experienced, steady position; jobbing shop; best references. N 91 Times.

PRODUCTION follow up, office practice, systematizer; 25; married; distinctive qualities; employment metal products. Jacobell, 25 15th St., College Point.

REAL ESTATE COLLECTOR, (25,) five years' experience managing tenement and apartment houses; excellent references; thoroughly competent. L 355 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced office man, 24, seven years' previous employer; fully qualified for responsible position; highest references. M 323 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man; 10 years last employer; honest. Lester, 63 W. 109th.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert; young man, good appearance and education; desires to connect with good concern where his ability and industry will lead to advancement; at present employed. M 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, telephone operator; three years' insurance brokerage experience; (20;) neat, conscientious; Christian; $10. M 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; able to handle any work; operates standard machines; neat personally, neat worker. M 288 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; familiar bookkeeping; practical and varied business experience; educated American; good address; $12. M 300 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Secretary; age 30; fifteen years' general office experience; seeks steady position; salary, $20. Gensler, 40 W. 128th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 28, experienced clerk, stenographer, desires position; reference. M 273 Times Downtown.

STEWARD, first-class assistant, capable of taking entire charge; best of references; disengaged May 1; country club or golf club preferred. L. D., Y 330 Times.

UNIVERSITY GRADUATE, (26,) going to business in New York, wishes room and breakfast for tutoring, secretarial, or other work; references. N 88 Times.

Situations Wanted Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, good appearance, wishes position in theatrical office or assist manager in theatre; thoroughly experienced. W. K., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) just out of commercial school and high school graduate, wants position with mercantile house; best references. N 50 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24;) bright, reliable; good education; business experience; hard worker for advancement; will start at bottom if necessary. Address M 294 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, three years' clerical experience, at present employed, desires to better position at anything. N 85 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) desires position with chance for advancement; educated, reliable, hustler; best references. I. S., 925 Prospect Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, (20;) office work, bookkeeper; knowledge typewriting, stenography; experienced. N 79 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT capable taking charge important audits; manufacturing cost experience desirable; opportunity to make permanent connection with certified public accountants of high standing; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. M 309 Times Downtown.

AN EFFICIENCY and mechanical man for light electric manufacturing plant; one familiar with modern factory methods, general efficiency, and cost system; must be an American, married, and not over 40; steady position for right man; state experience, salary, and furnish references. Apply by letter only. Y 333 Times Annex.

BOY WANTED.—Bright and neat young boy in office, wholesale house; salary $4; advancement. H., P. O. Box 294 New York.

CHEMICALS.—Wanted, office manager, buyer, salesman, and correspondent; must thoroughly understand the business; state experience, salary, and references. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

COMMERCIAL REPORTER for market publication; write fully education, experience, and references; mention salary. Markets, M 322 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
High-class producer (25 to 30 years) in filing cabinet, office equipment field by well-established manufacturer, for New York City territory; must have clean record and indisputable evidence of ability; drawing account above the ordinary and splendid commission arrangement to experienced man with red blood, gray matter, and capacity for intensive work; outline experience in detail and present connection and salary, which will be held in strict confidence until after interview. Sales Manager, R 11 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Energetic young bond salesman wanted, on small salary and liberal commission basis, by an investment house dealing in highest-grade securities; experience unnecessary; describe fully, in own handwriting, education, training, connections, qualifications, and expectations; confidential. Address Wall Street, M 317 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, between 24 and 34 years of age, to represent the International Correspondence School on Long Island, in Brooklyn, and North Jersey; must have good character; night work essential; has-beens and floaters not wanted; advance against commissions. Apply after 5 o'clock Wednesday, and not before, 307 Temple Bar Building, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN of proved ability wanted for city and outside territory on "Winston's Cumulative Encyclopedia," the reference work that is perpetually up to date; selling plan that gets orders; circularizing; highest commissions; big money for experienced solicitors. Mr. Mansfield, 501 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—A live salesman to handle drug trade in Pennsylvania and Ohio; want man between 25 and 45, who has been selling drug trade regularly; preferably candy man; salary; will not accept any one except those complying with these specifications. Address W 156 Times.

SALESMAN for tarpaulins and tents for New York and vicinity; salary; splendid opportunity for man able to develop managerial capacity; experience in canvas line required. Apply in writing, stating experience, Fulton Bag Co., 330 Wythe Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A young man as salesman to carry a line of diamond mountings; only one who has had experience; when answering give full particulars; reference required; salary or commission. M 308 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, a salesman with a trade in the printing business; will pay better salary than you are getting now; our plant is fully equipped. D 214 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Roofing and sheet metal salesman; experienced; must be well known among owners and agents; commission, salary. M 316 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 18 to 20 years old, as salesman for skirts; office trade; salary and commission. Fishman & Levine, 8 East 17th St.

SALESMAN. — Experienced salesman on dresses wanted; drawing account to right party: for jobbers and office trade only; references required. W 159 Times.

SALESMEN.—A large corporation desires several high-grade salesmen for city work on a commission basis. See Mr. Fry, 470 Woolworth Building.

SALESMAN wanted to handle a popular line of cloth and wash skirts as a side line; on commission basis only. W 160 Times.

SALESMEN.—Experienced in plumbing supply line; with good references. Apply W 147 Times.

SPLENDID OPENING for energetic men; big money while being instructed and taught how to sell bungalow sites on Long Island; commission. Edwards, 41 Park Row.

$10,000 MAN WANTED
as district representative by manufacturer of national reputation. Must have some knowledge of factory equipment and costs; man able to finance himself preferred, although this is not necessarily a bar to the right man; type required is one who is accustomed to meeting big men in business, preferably one who is employed or one actively seeking lucrative business in which to engage; only those embodying above qualifications will find it worth while to reply, as mere job seekers will only waste their time and ours; in writing please give complete summary of past experiences; all replies held confidential and returned to applicant if requested. Address W 152 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

E. W. CARPENTER EXCHANGE,
SINGER BUILDING.
ASSISTANT to manager of publishing house, $30 per week.
SALESMAN, experienced in paper trade, $75 per month.
PAYROLL AUDITOR, $75 per month.
STENOGRAPHER, $80 per month.

Instruction.

Thirty-five Cents per agate line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three Months' Course. Students Subject to Probation. Graduates Registered.
AEOLIAN HALL, 35 WEST 42D ST.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

A. THE UNITED STATES SCHOOL, 405 Lexington Av., at 42d St., N. Y. The only Secretarial School conducted by College Professors. Individual instruction. Positions for efficients. Prof. MEAGHER, M. A., (London Univ.,) Dir. Apply for catalogue.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Fire Escapes; fireproof windows; approved fire alarm systems. J. Gescheidt, 212 E. 52.

Jewelry.

Diamonds; jewels at wholesale prices; resetting, repairing quickly and reasonable. E. J. Feitel, 7 W. 45th St.—Sells, Buys, Appraises.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Business Loans.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

High-class commercial papers, all manufacturers' outstanding accounts discounted; reasonable terms. Y 336 Times Annex.

Printing and Multigraphing

Forty-five cents an agate line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000 $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5850. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,005.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Will sell very cheap, all or a part of the contents of an elegantly furnished Directors' room, long table, handsome rug, large leather sofa and chairs, pictures, &c. Address N 56 Times.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Cash paid immediately for pawntickets, diamonds, pearls, gold, silver, platinum. Bank references, established 1895. Bryant 4684. BENJAMIN'S, 1,584 Broadway, bet. 47th and 48th Sts. Opposite the Strand Theatre.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Going or coming from 82d St. and Columbus Av. to Candler Theatre, and Columbus Av. car or theatre, a cluster diamond lavalliere and $4 cash; finder will be liberally rewarded. Mrs. Strouse, 45 West 82d.

LOST—Black wallet containing diamonds and papers, between West Shore Ferry and Grand Central, or Grand Central subway station and 72d St.; reward. Presburg, 34 7th St., West New York, N. J.

LOST—In Della Robbia room of Hotel Vanderbilt, on evening of April 9, lady's diamond fleur-de-lis pin; suitable reward if returned to Howard & Co., 5th Av. and 50th St. No questions asked.

LOST—Gold monogram brooch, letters "F. R. Q.," set with diamonds, Monday night, between Rector's, Fulton Theatre, and Charlidge's; reward. K. O. Smith, 170 Nassau St.

LOST—Diamond circle brooch, 86th St. crosstown car, between 3d and Madison Avs., or Madison Av., 86th and 89th; $15 reward. 1,239 Madison Av. Phone 4130 Lenox.

LOST—Between 225th and 80th Sts., lady's gold watch, open face, held by a coral hand; reward. Mrs. R. Moore, 669 East 225th St.

LOST—Lady's toque bag on 125th St., containing commutation ticket, glasses, and money; reward. Diefenderfer, 21 West 62d St., New York.

LOST.—Between Union Square and 23d St., on 4th Av., lady's blue fox neckpiece, on Saturday night, April 10; reward. J. W., 30 Broad St.

LOST.—Monogram, "A. D. K." from fob, Monday afternoon; reward. A. D. Kuble, 128 Broadway.

LOST.—Sunday evening, Broadway Subway, uptown, topaz bar pin; reward. 7th floor, 8 Maiden Lane.

LOST.—Round pearl brooch, four diamonds, at Flower Ball at Plaza, April 8 or taxi; suitable reward. Ropp, 112 East 61st St.

LOST.—8 A. M., April 11, East 49th to Cathedral, ancient silk pocketbook; reward. Logan, Buckingham Hotel.

LOST—Gold watch and pin, monogram "M. E. S.," Monday morning. Steuerwalt, 162 West 144th.

LOST—Sunday morning, black velvet belt, Chinese gold buckle; reward. 121 E. 17th.

LOST—Necklace, platinum chain, set with eight diamonds; reward. N 95 Times.

LOST—Leather cigar case; monogram "F. K. S."; reward. Grocer, 323 West 42d St.

REWARD.—April 10, heavy gold ring, plain green jade stone, 34th, Pennsylvania station, or Long Island Railroad, 9 o'clock Wading River train; name engraved inside. 1008 John.

REWARD.—Round pearl diamond pin, with small amethyst. Kohn, 271 Central Park West.

$100 REWARD
for diamond and platinum bracelet lost Thursday evening April 1, between St. Charles Borromeo Church, 141st, bet. 7th and 8th Avs.; St. Vincent Ferrer's, Lexington Av. and Cathedral, 51st and 5th Av., or Lexington Av. cars or 5th Av. bus. Return to M. S. Mayer, 319 West 139th St. or 5 East 17th St.

$25 REWARD.—Gold cigarette case, circular monogram, "J. T. R.," blue enamel upper left-hand corner; no questions asked. Room 732, 30 Church St. Telephone Cortlandt 8650.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—On 46th, west 6th Av., Airedale dog, white spot chest, round leather collar; reward; no questions. Gotham Garage Co.

LOST—White fox terrier, brown head, red collar; liberal reward. Hoag, 201 W. 117th.

LOST—Saturday, black Boston bull, female, sore eye; $5 reward. Dangel, 318 W. 135th.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

INFORMATION WANTED.
Thompson, George H.—I am informed that an estate or fund is awaiting my claim therefor. I am the only heir of David and Ann Cox Thompson, both deceased, who formerly lived in New York City. Whoever has charge of this estate or fund please address Geo. E. Greene, Hoosick Falls, N. Y.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—I HEREby give notice that I am not responsible and will not recognize or honor any debts or liabilities of any nature contracted by my wife, Beulah Mae Hawes, henceforth.
GEO. B. HAWES,
302 West 22d St., New York.

NOTICE.—Grocery business Marcus, 337 Beekman Av., Bronx, sold to George Friedman.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

OPPORTUNITY FOR
A BIG MAN.
$25,000 can be invested to excellent advantage in a fully developed local business enterprise; profits very large, constantly repeat, and absolutely secured in advance; business is permanent and can be rapidly extended to other cities. Full particulars by calling at suite 1,303 42d St. Bldg., New York City.

A BARGAIN IN A MAN.—Some business needs my services as much as I require to market them; any individual, firm, corporation, or commercial undertaking desiring publicity may secure the services of a very active middle-aged writer of attractive and convincing matter, with the knowledge acquired in thirty years' continuous success of how best to use it. Address M 307 Times Downtown.

Would be pleased to hear from any dress or waist manufacturing concern that needs the services of a man with executive ability; am discontinuing my own business; shipments last year, $188,000; have been attending to the buying, manufacturing, designing, selling, and office. Address W. W., Box 121 Times Downtown.

Moving picture theatre for lease, located heart of Brooklyn; combined Winter and Summer theatres; beautiful auditorium, 600 seats, same number in comfortable airdome; recently built, investment purpose; splendid opportunity for those desiring to enter business. Y 269 Times Annex.

I HAVE CAPITAL TO
invest and with it many years' successful executive and selling experience; the business must be established and bear rigid investigation; location need not be confined to New York; only principals will receive attention. N 94 Times.

Promoter to sell stock of an established, refined business of national reputation, or will sell half interest to first-class business man of means; only men of strictest integrity need reply; correspondences confidential. N 40 Times.

Foreign corporation, doing large import business, desires young, active gentleman as representative for United States; must have capital; references exchanged. Y 303 Times Annex.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS furnished to manufacturers and wholesalers; advances on accounts and merchandise. Confidential. Principals only. Wormser & Co., Commercial Bankers, 95 5th Av., N. Y. City.

MOVING PICTURE THEATRE, 600 seats, Broadway, Brooklyn; doing fine business; reasonable quick buyer; satisfactory reasons selling. N 82 Times.

Business opportunity for party with cash capital of $10,000 to invest in manufacturing plant, with active part in management. Address Y 298 Times.

PARTNER, clean cut; legitimate local enterprise; investigation courted; exceptional returns; money secured; no brokers. Expansion, W 155 Times.

PARTNER in growing detective business; must be active, alert, and executive; college man preferred. M 297 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted; one who can invest about $500 in an established cloak and suit business. W 158 Times.

Motion-Picture Theatre.—600 seats, with 800-seat Summer garden attached; conservative investment. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 B'way.

Business man will invest few thousand dollars and service in successful jobbing or manufacturing business. N 89 Times.

SUCCESSFUL manufacturing business desires active partner; investment required; references exchanged. Y 297 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted as active partner; prosperous manufacturing business; investment required. Y 296 Times Annex.

Waist house, up to date, would consider partner to buy interests of member retiring for age. N 92 Times.

MAN to invest in composition floor business with services. M 129 Times.

2 young men walking to Frisco would advertise for reputable concern. N 98 Times.

THREATEN ARNOLD, BACKER OF SUNDAY

Unknown Men Menace Life of Millionaire Who Brought Evangelist to Paterson.

HINTS THEY WERE I. W. W.

Keeps Close to Revivalist's Party, Which Is Well Guarded, but Says He Is Not Afraid.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., April 13.—George Arnold, the retired millionaire silk manufacturer, who brought Billy Sunday to Paterson, had his life threatened late tonight. Although he is always in te Sunday party, which is guarded by several policemen and two plain clothesmen, Mr. Arnold said that a threat upon his life had been made. He would give no details, however.

"Why that's nothing," h esaid. "It's probably the I. W. W. crowd, but I'm not the least bit afraid. Will I take any extra precautions in the matter of personal guard or protection of my home? Certainly not, I'm not a bit nervous about the matter, think of it, threatened because I brought the man to Paterson that's going to do it the greatest amount of good it ever experienced."

Ptaerson is almost ready to "hit the trail." There were 16,000 persons at the two Tabernacle services today to hear Sunday preach. Afternoon sunshine brought out nearly 6,000, and the evening audience was estimated to be more than 9,500. Sunday was in fine form and "lashed the Devil" with renewed vigor, following his rather strenuous day of rest in New York City yesterday.

That he is being assisted in his work of converting the people of Paterson was demonstrated when Recorder James F. Carroll sentenced two women arrested for drunkenness to one Tabernacle service. They were arrested in a raid on a saloon Sunday night, and when before the Recorder he offered to discharge them if they would go to the Tabernacle and hear Sunday.

"If I find that you did not attend," he Recorder told them in passing sentence, "you'll get the limit the next time you are brought before me."

Newsboy Driven from City.

Another incident of the signs of a "clean-up" was the action of Chief of Police John Bimson in sending out of town Charles Haas, a newspaper peddler who was distributing The Lid-Lifter, a Philadelphia publication attacking the Philadelphia committee that managed the Sunday campaign there. In it the committee is charged with misappropriating $23,000 campaign funds. Mr. Sunday is also charged with stealing some of Bob Ingersoll's "thunder" in his sermons. Chief Bimson said that as a printed paragraph in the publication stated that it was not a newspaper, its sale was not legal without a license, which he would not grant. Haas gave his address as 1113 Market Street, Philadelphia.

Despite the fact that the Unitarians claim Rabbi Stephen M. Wise of New York as a prospective speaker for the meetings which they will hold, starting the last Wednesday of April, Sunday received a letter from the distinguished rabbi today, asking for a ticket of admission to the taberncale for some future meeting. He was informed that no ticket was necessary, and that he would be made welcome at any time.

The Sunday "fever" is even penetrating the walls of the county jail. Today Herbert Jensen and George Martin, two prisoners, became engaged in an argument on Sunday, the former taking the side of the evangelist. He proved himself an ardent backer of the evangelist when he inflicted a kick upon Martin which fractured two ribs and necessitated Martin's removal to the hospital. Asked his reason, Jensen said, "The Lord made me do it."

Sunday received a letter today signed "John Alexander, Elijar Hhihd," intimating that the evangelist is making much money from his work.

Lashes the Devil.

In his afternoon sermon Billy preached on the subject "Cacting Oue the Devil."

"If there is anything the matter with you, ask God," he shouted to a rather unresponsive audience.—"If I'm not the kind of an evangelist you happen to like and God is satisfied with my methods, why, I don't give three whoope for your opinion.

"There may be some 'pillars of the Church' here, and yet they may be only 'pillow shams,'" he laughed, and the audience laughed with him.

"Ask Jesus why," he said. "Ask him why you'd rather attend the card party or the theatre, where there is a girl without clothes enough to make the tail of a kite, than go to church or prayer meeting."

Sunday said the mission of the Church was to cast out devils, but that owing to the fact that there was too much formality, it was failing in its mission.

"There isn't a chance for you in the world, you old materialists," he shouted, "you've got your head in the wrong swill barrel."

Another time he said: "Bill Shakespeare was right when he said: 'What fools ye mortals be.' If you're a fool don't fuss about it, just ask the Lord why."

In the evening Sunday preached on the subject, "Work, the Secret of Success."

"It is downright hpocrisy to pray for a thing and not be willing to work for it," he said. "Your prayers are worth no more than you are willing to redeem them at in works.

"The most successful preachers against Christianity are not the saloon-keepers but the inconsistent professors of Christianity. The bad sermons you preach with your life are more powerful than the most overmastering sermon that any man can preach with his lips. You pray with your lips and cheat in a horse trade. You kneel at a communion table, and then you oppress the poor and make them live below the hunger line. You sing for the glorification of God and then you put the wrong figures in the day book.

"There are more pure blooded Americans south of the Mason and Dixon line than anywhere else in the country. That's why Christianity is so strong there. The South has the North beaten to a frazzle when it comes to religion."

There are three kinds of people in the church, according to Sunday. They are the "I wills," who try to do something, the "I won'ts," who oppose everything, and the "I cants, who never do anything.

WILSON'S ASSAILANT FREED.

Sentence Suspended on Frederick Schultz, Who Shot at Whip.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., April 13.—Frederick Schultz, a former New York detective, who recently was acquitted of a charge of assault in the first degree, it being alleged that he fired five shots at Charles H. Wilson, whip for Alfred G. Vanderbilt, last September, was arraigned today before Justice Morschauser, in the Supreme Court, on a charge of carrying a revolver. He had been locked up in the White Plains Jail ever since the shooting, and is said to be on the verge of tuberculosis.

Lee Davis made a plea for clemency for Schultz, saying that the prisoner would die if he was kept confined any longer. Justice Morschauser said:

"The jury acquitted him of the shooting. Of course, he had no right to possess the revolver. I am going to give him the benefit of the doubt, however, and will suspend sentence for one year. Owing to the serious condition of his health, I think he will profit by it."

PRISONER SPURNS LIBERTY.

Prefers "Three Squares a Day," No Worry, and Free Clothes.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWTON, N. J., April 13.—Refusing to leave the County Jail here, although he has been asked to do so, James Fox says, "It's a pretty good home. You get three squares a day, you don't have to worry about the weather, and when your clothes wear out they get you new ones. If I worked twenty hours a day I couldn't do better. Me for jail."

Fox has been in jail for four months, although never committed there. The Board of Freeholders offered to take him to Poor Farm, but he refused.

"They call me trusty, and they make me run errands down at the jail," he replied. "Some of the guys on the outside think I'm an official. No Poor Farm for mine."

The man says he won't go to the farm and if put out of jail he will be arrested again for sleeping in hallways. So the authorities think it the best thing to leave him where he is.

BRIBERY TALK A JOKE.

Investigation of Osteopath Bill's Passage Develops Little.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 13.—The Special Assembly Committee today investigated the rumors that money had something to do with the passage of the Osteopath bill. Nothing tangible developed.

Ex-Assemblyman Harvey S. Moore of this city said Dr. Charles F. Haverin, a Newark osteopath, had pointed to the Republican side of the Assembly and declared there were some "low down grafters there, and it cost a lot of money to put the bill over."

Dr. Haverin swore that Moore had pointed to the Democratic side and made the remark, to which Haverin jokingly replied that the grafters were on the Republican side. Moore is a Republican. Some reporters testified.

The committee will report to the Assembly, and the matter will be dropped, probably.

KEEPS GUMMERE ON BENCH.

Chief Justice's Friends Aggrieved at Delay in Reappointment.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 13.—Having delayed the appointment until what is expected to be the last week of the Legislature, Gov. Fielder today renamed Chief Justice William S. Gummere, Republican, for a full term of seven years. The salary is $13,000 annually.

It had been generally believed that the Chief Justice would be reappointed. Justice Gummere's friends feel aggrieved that the Governor by his delay opened the way for public criticism by persons who did not desire him to be retained on the bench.

THREE ANTI-TRUST VETOES.

Gov. Fielder Refuses to Change "Seven Sisters" Laws.

TRENTON, N. J., April 13.—Gov. Fielder today vetoed the three Reed bills amending the anti-trust laws enacted in Gov. Wilson's administration and known as the "Seven Sisters."

Gov. Fielder said in his veto message that the Reed bills would in effect destroy competition and restore the old condition of affairs which Gov. Wilson sought to remedy. It is believed that the Legislature will override the veto as it has already done with the bill repealing the county branch bank law.

Appointments by Gov. Fielder.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 13.—Appointments announced by Gov. Fielder today included Abram P. Morris of Union to succeed Erwin E. Marshall of this city, resigned, as a Riparian Commissioner; Prosecutor Rulif V. Lawrence of Monmouth, to be Judge of the Common Pleas Court in place of John W. Slocum, who is the new Public Utility Commissioner; Oliver I. Blackwell of Wildwood, renamed to the Cape May County Tax Board; and William J. Tyler of Cape May, to be a member of the same body, succeeding the late Michael H. Kearns; Samuel A. Reeves of Asbury Park, to succeed T. Frank Appleby as member at large on the Board of Managers of the Geographical Survey; F. A. Canfield of Morris County, renamed to the board from the Fifth Congressional District, and C. G. Weeks of Washington, renamed from the Eleventh; Edwin H. Baldwin of Newark, Alexander Marcy, Jr., of Riverton, and John J. Mooney of Jersey City, reappointed to the State Board of Medical Examiners.

IN NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK.—The Preebytery of Newark yesterday discovered that for a number of years it had taken luncheon on session days in a hotel where liquor was sold. The ministers voted to seek another place.

N7WARK.—John B. Scarlett, one of the Directors of the Rosevolle Trust Company, who participated in the overdrawing of accounts by the officers which wrecked that institution, was yesterday found guilty of conspiracy to commit larceny. Harry W. Foster, a Director and Vice President, will be placed on trial next.

NEWARK.—Five thousand people urned out yesterday for the funeral of Morris Rnbin and Abraham Nowak, who were killed on Sunday in the riot at the factory of A. Hollender & Sons. W. J. Abrams, 9,162 Livingston Street, was held without bail yesterday on the charge of murdering Rugin and Nowak.

HACKENSACK.—Joseph Glode of Paterson was killed yesterday when he became tangled in the machinery for reloading coal near Rochelle Park.

HACKENSACK.—William Kaufold confessed yesterday that he was responsible for the fire in the Hackensack Hay and Grain Company's plant last Sunday. He went to sleep in the building and ashes from his pipe set fire to the hay.

PATERSON.—Robert A. Burke, 35 years old, chief of the special police force at the Haskell's mill of the E. I. du Pont Powder Company, and Leonard Ellis, a special officer, were arrested yesterday, charged with the abduction of Lizzie Warner and Mary Irwin, both 14 years old, of Pompton Lakes. Both men are in the county jail here.

MONTCLAIR.—Notice has been served by George B. Astley, counsel for the State Firemen's Association, that the tenure of office law forbidding removal without cause, will prohibit the town authorities from abolishing the paid Fire Department.

WEST ORANGE.—Because Elmer Lloyd, a sixteen-year-old pupil of St. Mark's School who also acts as janitor, threatened to leave, the Board of Education has voted him an increase of $3 a month in salary.

ORANGE.—The Rev. Dr. Herman C. Gruhnert, pastor of the First German Presbyterian Church of this place, was yesterday elected moderator of the Presbytery of Morris and Orange.

LONG BRANCH.—John G. Costello, a freight brakeman on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was killed at Oceanport yesterday when he lost his balance while making a flying switch.

NEWTON.—The will of Oscar Edsall, who died March 28, directs that if any of the beneficiaries contest the instrument, their share shall go to those who are satisfied.

PHILLIPSBURG.—Andre Conaly, who had several times been warned on account of recklessness while working at the Vulcanite Cement Works, was killed yesterday by a slide of rock.

ADVERTISEMENT.

"RADNOR" THE NEW ARROW COLLAR
2 for 25 Cents

NEW JERSEY CUTS ITS DEFICIT IN TWO

Legislative Appropriation Bills Total $1,191,907 Less Than Last Year.

MAY AVOID BOND ISSUE

Regulation of Big Business Denounced as Assembly Kills Bill Affecting 90-Cent Gas Rate Case.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., April 13.—In explanation of the annual appropriation and supplemental bills which were presented in the Senate last night, Senator William W. Smalley, Chairman of the Joint Appropriations Committee, today gave out a statement saying that the two bills, the first carrying a total of $6,902,829.62 and the other $374,353.16, were a reduction from last year's grand total of $1,191,907.31, and thereby cut the State's deficit in half.

He said that rigid economy had been practiced without being parsimonious or unbusinesslike; that all State institutions were amply maintained and funds provided for the completion of buildings in course of construction and their equipment. He declared a like economical distribution of the State's resources in the coming year should wipe out the deficit, and that, with the expected increased revenues under the amended corporation laws, neither a State tax nor a bond issue would be necessary.

The Senate today passed the Colgate bill creating a workmen's compensation bureau in the Department of Labor. It provides that there shall be two members of the bureau who shall investigate the compensation laws of other States and receive copies of agreements made between employers and employes as to compensation in accident cases. The Senate also pasesd the Pancoast bills allowing $600,000 bond issues for the Camden County Asylum Almshouse.

The Assembly passed Speaker Godfrey's repealer for the Senate bill that abolishes dower and courtesy in this State. The Senate bill was signed by the Governor without its importance being realized, and it is now to be repealed after having been a law for only a few weeks. The Senate passed the Ackerson bill providing for an inland waterway survey from Manasquan to Shark River and the bill introduced by Senator Read of Camden to permit connection of steam and trolley lines.

Assemblyman Agnew, of Bergen County, tonight characterized P. Sanford Ross, a wealthy contractor, of Newark and Jersey City, as a modern Shylock. Agnew was supporting a bill to allow the Interstate Palisades Park Commission to resort to condemnation proceedings to obtain land at Fort Lee as a part of the park. Negotiations between the commission and Ross have failed.

Mr. Agnew said the land owned by Ross and wanted for park purposes was assessed at $40,000 and Ross was instrumental in having this assessment reduced to $26,000. George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Park Commission, offered Ross $150,000 for the land. Ross refused to accept this amount and is holding out for $300,000.

The Assembly defeated the Randall bill, which would have had the effect of practically abolishing the Hudson County Boulevard. In the debate for this bill, Assemblyman O. H. Hammond presented figures showing that in sixteen years the Commission has spent $5,659,000 in salaries and repairs incident to the upkeep of the nineteen and one-half miles of road constituting the boulevard.

By a vote of 28 in the negative to 22 in the affirmative, the Assembly defeated Senator Pierce's bill providing that in determining charges for rates of service by public utility corporations, no consideration shall be given by the Public Utility Commission to franchises as a part of the value of the corporation's property. The main object of this bill was to prevent in the future any court decision similar to that of the Court of Errors and Appeals by which the 90-cent gas rate order of the Public Utility Commission was set aside.

In the debate on this measure, Assemblyman Pilgrom of Essex County denounced regulation of big business and said "this regulation will continue until the inevitable reacton comes about, and it will surely come."

He characterized the Pierce bill as an act to coerce the Court of Errors and Appeals into a decision reversing the former decision of this court in the gas rate case. He said that in view of the fact that the gas rate case, having been rearranged and still pending in the Court of Errors, the legislature ought to wait until the decision is announced before legislating one way or another.

Effects of the War in Palestine.

Though Turkey and its dominions have not yet entered into the war, there is a general mobilization of the Turkish Army. A letter from an English Churchman in that land states that men from 19 to 45 have been drafted into the army and no excuses were accepted, though Jews and Christians were allowed to pay $40 each to escape serving. No attempt has been made to feed or clothe those who were left in the thousands of homes from which the bread winners had been taken, and the Government has commandeered flour, oil, meat, clothing, bread, &c., from the shops. At Haifa, on one day they took 415 sheep from the shepherds; and the next they commandeered all the meat from the butchers' shops. This will entail suffering almost beyond belief.—The Living Church.

Mean Man.

Says Paul Bourget: "Literature is not life."

For the matter of that, neither is the drama.

Nor music.
Nor soldiering.
Nor politics.

It's the whole blooming mess taken together that makes life, friend Paul.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

War Note.

"Pa, what's a siege gun?"

"It's a mechanical device used for altering maps, my son."—Boston Transcript.

ROBERTS STILL IN JAIL.

Terre Haute Mayor Fails to Get $60,000 Bail Pending Appeal.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 13.—Despairing of giving bond for an appeal, four more of the men sentenced yesterday to the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., by Judge Anderson, following their conviction in the Terre Haute election fraud case, withdrew their appeals today. Four stopped proceedings for an appeal in their behalf yesterday, leaving twelve who are still seeking appeal bonds.

Among those who decided today to withdraw from the appeal were Thomas Smith, City Judge; Edward Driscoll, Assistant City Engineer and Secretary of the Democratic County Committee, and Joseph O'Mara, Street Superintendent.

Driscoll and Smith, each of whom were sentenced to three years and fined $500, were ordered back to the Marion County jail after they had informed the court that they would not prosecute the appeal. Smith will be permitted to go to Terre Haute on Thursday, under a guard, to arrange his business affairs. He will be brought back to Indianapolis, and with Driscoll and any other who may withdraw from the appeal or fail to give bond will be taken to prison.

This means that Mayor Donn M. Roberts, who was termed the "arch-conspirator" by Judge Anderson and who received the heaviest sentence of all—six years' imprisonment and a fine of $2,000—will have at least two more days in which to further his efforts to obtain his appeal bond of $60,000.

Three of those who received sentences to the jail here have been released. William Doyle, Dan Alban, and Nick Burson, who were sentenced to one day in jail and to pay fines of $100 each, served their time, paid their fines, and have returned to their home in Terre Haute.

A. H. FREDERICK INDICTED.

Successful St. Louis Politician Must Answer Charge of Forgery.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.—August H. Frederick, who last Tuesday was elected President of the St. Louis Board of Aldermen, was indicted today for forgery in the first degree. He was the Republican nominee for the office, and went in on the Republican landslide by 22,000 majority, though his plurality was 16,000 below the high man of the Republican ticket. In a formal statement last night he said he would resign.

Frederick, who was technically arrested last night at the direction of the Circuit Attorney, was formally taken in charge on a bench warrant today. He made arrangement for a $10,000 bond. The minimum penalty for forgery in the first degree is ten years' imprisonment.

Frederick is charged with giving fraudulent deeds of trust in return for loans. The first case, which it is understood was related to the Grand Jury, concerned a fraudulent security which he gave to the Mechanics-American National Bank in 1910.

The situation was brought to a climax last Friday afternoon when Mrs. Anna Weinheimer, a widow, took to the Recorder's office for examination two deeds of trust which she had bought from Frederick. She was informed that the deeds were probably fraudulent.

A. H. Frederick long has been prominent in the business and political life of St. Louis. He was a Director of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, formerly was President of the St. Louis Real Estate Exchange, and for a time was head of the National Association of Real Estate Exchanges.

If Germany Is Victorious.

The mind is appalled merely in thinking about it. The darkest prophecies seem legitimate. Oppressions, new wars, revolutions, a terrible crisis, economic, political, moral, in which a great part of European civilization will perish, this is what one may predict. For however great may be the qualities of the Germans and the services they have rendered to civilization, Europe can never and will never be dominated entirely by them. As it rebelled a century ago against the French supremacy, so it would revolt today against the German supremacy. Europe is and will continue to be a mosaic of cultures and of diverse languages. Therefore for real success there is need of a certain equilibrium among the diverse races which inhabit it. If this equilibrium is destroyed Europe will no longer be Europe; and to denaturalize her in this way, to change the course of her history, the European war would not suffice. The democratic, humanitarian, pacificist tendencies are now too strong and rooted in too large a part of the continent. Victorious Germany could impose herself on Europe only by a systematic oppression which would provoke the most terrible reactions and the greatest disasters.—Guglielmo Ferrero in the November Atlantic.

Killing Men by Machinery.

Those who care about facts will find food for thought in the official reports of a recent naval victory (or disaster) in the North Sea. A submarine with a crew of eight or nine men attacks and sinks three cruisers carrying about 2,200 men. Of these latter some 1,400 are drowned. These men were not challenged to fight; they were not summoned to surrender; they are murdered wholesale while asleep in their bunks—cheaply, expeditiously, and with a minimum of risk to those who destroyed them. That is modern war. The affair described is discussed at great length by naval experts, who argue whether battleships are obsolete. The "victors" are lauded and decorated, and take their place in the world's news. Blackbeard would understand that victory and approve it, so would Attila, so would Nero, but we should like to see a board of naval strategists trying to explain these modern methods to Sir Philip Sidney or Nelson or Bayard. The modern world is more practical than chivalrous.—Collier's Weekly.

Taken All Together.

"Let me see," said Mrs. Dilleigh, "how shall I dress for the theatre this evening?"

"In time for the first act, please," responded her husband.—Boston Transcript.

Big Difference in Mules.

A Marion (Ky.) mule caught sight of a steam engine for the first time and fell dead from fright. If that had been one of the Missouri breed there would have been no engine left to tell the tale.—Memphis News Scimitar.

Varsity 55

Let your Spring Suit be the Hart Schaffner & Marx newest and best model—Varsity 55.

Men who value a good appearance will appreciate this style—

And the values they offer at $18, $25 and more will appeal strongly to shrewd buyers.

Wallach Bros.

Two Broadway Stores:
Broadway, Corner 29th St.
Broadway, below Chambers St.

Two Harlem Stores:
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

THREE LIVES SOUGHT IN POLITICAL FEUD

Indictments Found for Tammany Captain's Murder in Foley's District.

ROFRANO'S MAN ACCUSED

Carnivale Ordered False Accusations Against Two Brothers and Killing of a Third Is Charge.

Rocco Carnivale, who has been under $25,000 bail for alleged subornation of perjury at the trial of John and Albert Giamari for murder, as a result of which the Giamaris might have been sent to the electric chair, was indicted yesterday charged with the murder of Michael Giamari, a brother of the others. With him were indicted Frank Fennimore and Gaetano Mentimagno, both members with Carnivale of the political faction in the Second Assembly District, of which Michael A. Rofrano, Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner, is the head.

Carnivale's arrest on March 19 on the subornation of perjury charge was the result of an a½davit made by James Baldo, a witness against John and Albert Giamari at their trial for the murder of Vincenzo Cardello. Baldo identified them as the slayers. Later he confessed that he did so at the direction of Carnivale in the presence of Rofrano.

The Giamaris are adherents of Thomas F. Foley's faction. Michael Giamari, for whose murder Carnivale stands indicted, was a Tammany captain in the Second Assembly District. Montimagno was arrested, charged with killing him. According to information which came to the District Attorney's office, he was the paid assassin who actually fired the shots, and there were others who instigated the crime. The District Attorney learned of several conferences which were held in Brooklyn previous to the murder at which Montimagno and others were said to have been present. He also learned that Frank Fennimore was seen talking with Montimagno a few minutes before the shooting of Giamari.

A connection between the killing of Giamari and the murder of James Minott, who, like him, was a Foley man, was indicated by the appearance yesterday as witnesses before the Grand Jury of Joseph and Antonio La Salle, who have been sentenced to Sing Sing for from twenty years to life for the murder of Minot. On Monday Joseph La Salle, who testified for his brother, pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree, and immediately afterward had a long conference with District Attorney Perkins.

Joseph La Salle at the trial of his brother told in detail of the turbulent conditions in the Second Assembly District after Rofrano seceded from the Foley club and started a rivad political machine in the district.

Beside the La Salle brothers, the witnesses before the Grand Jury yesterday were Dora La Salle, Joseph's wife; James Cirifino, who was brought here from Sing Sing to testify; Joseph Rose and two policemen.

CANAL DEFENSES ADEQUATE

And Are in Good Condition, Too, Says General Wood.

NEW ORLEANS, April 13.—Defenses at the Panama Canal are "adequate for all purposes and in good condition," according to Major General Leonard Wood, who arrived here from Panama today. He left soon after for Washington, where, it is understood, he will make a full report on military conditions on the Isthmus.

Major General Wood declined to make any statement regarding the recent trouble between American soldiers and civilians in Panama.

T. W. POOLE A SUICIDE.

Retired Broker Dies on Maryland Estate in Drug-Filled Room.

Special to The New York Times.

LA PLATA, Md., April 13.—Thomas W. Poole, formerly of Jersey City, 48 years of age, a retired stock broker, was found dead last evening on his estate, near Ironside, about ten miles from here, with a bullet wound in his temple. Police who searched his room found 1,000 tablets of morphine.

Poole had spent much time in England. He married an Englishwoman, and is said to have amassed a fortune in the stock brokerage business. Three years ago he came to Ironside, and had been practically living the life of a recluse. He was separated from his wife and daughter, and last week received a cablegram that they would visit him the latter part of the month.

Shortly before the shooting a neighbor was talking with Poole, who told him to go away and return in three-quarters of an hour. Some time later Herbert Key, employed by Poole, went to the house and found his employer dead. No writing of any kind that would throw any light on the cause of the shooting was found in the house.

THESE NEW YORK LEADING THEATRES HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH THE TYSON CO.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN & DAVID BELASCO'S
All ★ Cast A CELEBRATED CASE
Seats for the entire engagement terminating May 29, now on sale.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15.
"MISS ANGLIN'S expert performance part of the pleasure of BEVERLY'S BALANCE —N. Y. TIMES.
"NEW LAURELS FOR MISS ANGLIN."—HERALD.
"SPARKLING."—WORLD. "CHARMING."—SUN
"DELIGHTFUL."—EV. WORLD. "TRIUMPH."—AMERICAN.
"THE MOST CHARMING COMEDY SEEN THIS YEAR, AND THIS CAN BE SAID WHEN TWO OF BERNARD SHAW'S MOST AMUSING PIECES ARE BEING PLAYED IN THIS CITY." —PRESS.
Seats 4 Weeks Ahead.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat.
WATCH YOUR STEP
Mr. & Mrs. Vernon Castle, Frank Tinney.
DANSE DE FOLLIES Atop New Amsterdam.
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic
Reserve Tables at Box Office. Tel. 3093 Bryant.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th Street. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S ENTERTAINERS In the New Mirthful Musical Medley,
Fads and Fancies
NEXT MONDAY AT 8:15. Seats Thursday 9 A. M.
"GERMANS I KNOW; AMERICANS I KNOW; GERMAN-AMERICANS I DO NOT KNOW."
From a famous speech of the EMPEROR WILLIAM.
CHARLES FROHMAN presents
A PLAY OF AMERICAN PATRIOTISM
THE Hyphen
BY JUSTUS MILES FORMAN
"I STAND FOR THE AMERICAN CITIZEN OF GERMAN BIRTH OR DESCENT," DECLARES MR. ROOSEVELT, "PRECISELY AS I STAND FOR ANY OTHER AMERICAN, BUT I DO NOT STAND AT ALL FOR THE GERMAN-AMERICAN OR ANY OTHER KIND OF HYPHENATED AMERICAN."
Matinees Wednesday & Saturday

GAIETY THEATRE, B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat. 2:15.
RUTH CHATTERTON in Jean Webster's Charming Comedy, DADDY LONG-LEGS

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'way & 43d. Ev. 8:20. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat.
"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE" A LAUGHING RIOT.

BELASCO West 44th Street. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Saturday 2:20
"Miss Starr Wonderful."—Sun.
FRANCES STARR IN MARIE-ODILE

LIBERTY 42d St., West of Broadway.
Evs. & Sat. Mats. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1 & $2. Other Mats. 25, 50, $1. Twice Daily, 2:15, 8:05
D. W. Griffith's Gigantic Spectacle.
Seats 4 Weeks Ahead. Symphony orch. of 40.
Auspices Mutual Film Corp. H. E. Aitken, Pres.

HUDSON West 44th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
THE SHOW SHOP DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

FULTON 46th St. W. of B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today (POPULAR) & Sat. 2:20.
TWIN BEDS

WALLACK'S LILLAH McCARTHY GRANVILLE BARKER
BERNARD SHAW'S The Doctor's Dilemma
BERNARD SHAW'S Androcles and The Lion
MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

HARRIS 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
ILLINGTON IN THE LIE BY HENRY ARTHUR JONES.

HUDSON THEATRE SPECIAL
LAST 3 TIMES ALICE IN WONDERLAND

ELTINGE 42d St., nr. Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15.
The Song of Songs

Garrick 35th St., nr. B'way.
Arnold DALY YOU NEVER CAN TELL

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat.
THE NATURAL LAW

GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN
SUNDAY NIGHT Elbert Hubbard

B. F. Keith's PALACE
COLONIAL
ALHAMBRA
NAZIMOVA

BASE BALL—GIANTS vs. B'KLYN.

IRVING PL. THEATRE

HAMMERSTEIN'S—JESS WILLARD

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th St. BURLESQUE WINNING WIDOWS

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
NOW TWICE DAILY, 2:15 and 8:15. (SHORT ENGAGEMENT)
CIRCUS BARNUM & BAILEY
and THE NEW SPECTACULAR PAGEANT LALLA ROOKH
1000 WONDERS FILLING 3 RINGS, TWO STAGES and THE HIPPODROME and THE ENTIRE DOME OF MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.
A NEWLY GATHERED CIRCUS OF ALL NATIONS presenting A VAST ARRAY OF FOREIGN FEATURES NEW TO AMERICA.
MONSTER ZOO—FREAK CONGRESS.
Admission to Everything 25c & 50c Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50.
Private box seats, $2.50. Children under 10, half price to afternoon performances.
BRANCH TICKET OFFICES:
Lehigh Valley Ticket Office, B'way & 42d St.; Gimbel Bros.; R. H. Macy's; Wanamaker's; N. Y. Central Ticket Office, 125th St., 7th Ave.

Everything for Women and the Home.
Fourth Annual
WOMAN'S EXPOSITION
Grand Central Palace
ALL THIS WEEK
11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Daily
Admission 50c.

LONGACRE WEST 48TH. Evenings 8:30. Pop. 50c to $1.50 Mat. Today.
INSIDE THE LINES
LONGACRE SPECIAL THURS. & TUES. MATS. BEGINNING TOMORROW (Apr. 15) 2:20 Seats on Sale. ROBERT WHITTIER presents IBSEN'S GHOSTS

CANDLER West 42d Street. Evening 8:20. Popular 50c to $1.50 Mat. Today
ON TRIAL 500 Good Seats in 1st Balcony 50c., 75c., $1.00.

PARK Col. Circle, 59th. Phone 9590 Col. Evgs. 8:15. MATINEE TODAY 25c to $1.
POLYGAMY LAST WEEK

Bronx Opera House 149th St., nr. 3d Av. Mat. Today 25 & 50c
"THE PRINCE OF PILSEN"

LITTLE THEATRE, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
A PAIR OF SILK STOCKINGS
ALL SEATS $2. 26th WEEK.

CORT 48th, East of Broadway. Eve. 8:20. Matinee Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
Under Cover

STANDARD B'y & 90 St. Evs. Pop. Prices Mat. Tomorrow 25c & 50c
MUTT & JEFF in MEXICO

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Tonight at 8:15. Iris. Bori, Delaunois; Botta, Scotti, Didur, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. at 8:15. Trovatore. Destinn, Ober; Martinelli, Amato, Rothier. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8:15. Fidelio. Kurt, Schumann; Sembach, Whitehill, Braun, Reiss, Schlegel. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 1:45. (Double Bill.) L'Oracolo. Bori; Botta, Scotti, Didur. Boheme. Farrar, Schumann; Botta, Scotti, Segurola, Tegani. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 8 (75c to $3.) Gioconda. Destinn, Duchene, Robeson; Martin, Amato, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.
Next Mon. at 8:15. Iris. (Same Cast as above.)
Wed. at 8:15. Traviata. Hempel; Botta, Amato, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

DIONYSION CENTURY OPERA HOUSE Every Evening, 8:30. Sat. Matinee, 3.
FAREWELL WEEK
At the Century Opera House, ISADORA DUNCAN
To-night, Iphigenia. To-morrow Evg., Orpheus. Fri. Evg., First Performance Oedipus & Beethoven's 5th Symphony.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Apr. 17, at 2:30, In Aid of American Polish Relief Fund.
Sembrich—Gluck Hofmann—Zimbalist

AEOLIAN HALL
BAUER & GABRILOWITSCH

MARGARET HUSTON GEORGE COPELAND

THE MASQUE OF PANDORA

THE HORACE MANN AUDITORIUM.

THEATRE FRANCAIS

PUNCH & JUDY
CLEVER ONES

CARNEGIE HALL—NEXT SUNDAY EVE.
War Talk ARCHIBALD

569 LAUGHS BROADWAY THEATRE at 41st St.
CHARLES CHAPLIN IN "THE TRAMP."

81st

VITAGRAPH PAWNS OF MARS

OPERA TICKETS

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

MAJESTIC The Law of the Land

Astor THEATRE, BROADWAY & 45TH ST. TEL. 287 BRYANT. TWICE DAILY, (Including SUNDAY,) 2:30 AND 8:30.
Matinees 25 & 50c. NIGHTS 25 & 50c. CHOICE SEATS 75c-$1. SAT. & SUN. MATS. EVENING PRICES.
An Instantaneous Success!
DANIEL FROHMAN PRESENTS
FAMOUS PLAYERS FILM CO.'S SUPERB PHOTO-SPECTACLE
The Eternal City
By HALL CAINE, with PAULINE FREDERICK
ACCLAIMED BY PRESS and PUBLIC the SUPREME DRAMATIC TRIUMPH of the SCREEN!
"POWERFUL—THE SUPREME ACHIEVEMENT IN 'STRAIGHT' PHOTO-DRAMA."—Eve. Sun.
"INCOMPARABLE."—Eve. Journal.
"FULL OF INTENSEST DRAMA, WITH ROMANCE OF WONDROUS APPEAL."—American.
"A SIGNAL DRAMATIC TRIUMPH—ELECTRIFIED THE AUDIENCE."—Telegraph.
"NOTHING LACKING TO MAKE THE PICTURE A FINANCIAL AND ARTISTIC SUCCESS."—Press.
"EXCEPTIONAL APPEAL—STIRRING, FASCINATING VISUALIZATION OF A RICHLY ROMANTIC STORY."—Eve. World.
COMPLETE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.
Perfection in Food and Service, Inimitable Entertainment
Famous for Dinners and Suppers
Cabaret Extraordinaire Twenty Acts Every Evening 7 to 1
Superior Seven-Course Luncheon, 75c (Music)

REISENWEBER'S Columbus Circle and 58th Street Phone 9640 Columbus
A Miniature Broadway Show "TOO MUCH MUSTARD"
With EDNA WHISTLER, MARIE LAVARRE, SAM ASH and a Host of BEAUTIFUL GIRLS in a musical revue
Two Performances Nightly, 7:30 and 11:30
NO ADMISSION CHARGED. Sundays, 7:30 and 10:30.
An Exceptional Table d'Hote Dinner $1.00
Dine and Dance Between Courses. A la Carte Portions.
THE RIGHT QUINTETTE, Wonderful Singing and Playing Minstrels.
In Main Dining Room Every Evening Five to Ten & Sunday Noon to Ten

In Philadelphia, Chestnut & 13th. Hotel Adelphia 400 Rooms 400 Baths

Prince George Hotel Fifth Ave. and 28th Street.
One of the most beautifully appointed hotels in New York.
500 Rooms with Bath Rates, $3 and up.

Hotel Bretton Hall BROADWAY, 85 to 86 St.
BEST HOTELS at or under $2.00

THOMAS HEALY'S
UNIVERSAL FROLIC
"THE WITCHING HOUR WITCHES" (IN TWO ACTS)
By FORSYTHE & PHILLIPS. Staged by Edward Hutchinson.
With a Bevy of Bewildering Girls and an All Star Cast.
Unique Singing and Dancing Specialties.
In Main Dining Room, Every Evening at 11:45 P. M.

Luchow's 14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

MODERN DANCES TAUGHT IN 5 LESSONS, $5.
3½ Hours Dancing, 25c
THE REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING

MODERN DANCES
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